

Lab-Report

Report No: 05

Course code: ICT- ICT-3110

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Experiment no: 05

Experiment Name: Connencting a database (MySQL) with linux.

Theory:

MySQL is the most popular open-source relational database management system. Many Linux distributions include a version of the MySQL server, client tools, and development components in their native software repositories and can be installed with the platforms' standard package management systems. On Linux, MySQL database and table names are case sensitive.

Working Process:

1) Install MySQL on Linux terminal:

```
jui@DESKTOP-1T35KU2:~$ sudo apt install mysql-server
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
mysql-server is already the newest version (8.0.21-0ubuntu0.20.04.4).
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 20 not upgraded.
2 not fully installed or removed.
After this operation, 0 B of additional disk space will be used.
Do you want to continue? [Y/n] y
Setting up mysql-server-8.0 (8.0.21-0ubuntu0.20.04.4) ...
invoke-rc.d: could not determine current runlevel
 * Stopping MySQL database server mysqld
                       [ OK ]
Renaming removed key buffer and myisam-recover options (if present)
Cannot open /proc/net/unix: No such file or directory
Cannot stat file /proc/1/fd/5: Operation not permitted
Cannot stat file /proc/1/fd/6: Operation not permitted
Cannot stat file /proc/3/fd/7: Operation not permitted
Cannot stat file /proc/3/fd/5: Operation not permitted
mysqld will log errors to /var/log/mysql/error.log
mysqld is running as pid 456
```

2) Log into MySQL by Linux:

Tables_in_jui |

1 row in set (0.04 sec)

STUDENT

```
jui@DESKTOP-1T35KU2: $ sudo mysql
[sudo] password for jui:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 14
Server version: 8.0.21-Oubuntu0.20.04.4 (Ubuntu)
Copyright (c) 2000, 2020, Oracle and/or its affiliates. All rights reserved.
Oracle is a registered trademark of Oracle Corporation and/or its
affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.
Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.
mysql> show databases;
mysql> use jui;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE STUDENT(
    -> ID VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    -> NAME VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    -> AGE INT(3) NOT NULL,
    -> DISTRICT VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL);
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (1.82 sec)
mysql> SHOW TABLES;
```

3) Create database table.

4)Describe table.

```
mysql> use jui;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE STUDENT(
    -> ID VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    -> NAME VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    -> AGE INT(3) NOT NULL,
    -> DISTRICT VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL);
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (1.82 sec)

mysql> SHOW TABLES;
+-----+
| Tables_in_jui |
+-----+
| STUDENT |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.04 sec)
```

mysql> describe STUDENT;					
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
ID NAME AGE DISTRICT		NO NO NO NO		NULL NULL NULL NULL	
4 rows in set (0.07 sec)					

5) Insert data into table.

```
mysql> describe STUDENT;
  Field
                            Null | Key | Default | Extra
            | Type
  ID
              varchar(50)
                            NO
                                           NULL
  NAME
              varchar(50)
                            NO
                                           NULL
              int
  AGE
                             NO
                                           NULL
  DISTRICT | varchar(50) |
                            NO
                                           NULL
4 rows in set (0.07 sec)
mysql> insert into STUDENT(ID,NAME,AGE,DISTRICT) values ('IT-18039','JUI',21,'NARAYANGONJ');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.23 sec)
mysql> insert into STUDENT(ID,NAME,AGE,DISTRICT) values('IT-18030','SUCHI','20','DHAKA');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.15 sec)
mysql> insert into STUDENT(ID,NAME,AGE,DISTRICT) values('IT-18020','PIA',21,'DHAKA');
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.07 sec)
mysql> select *from STUDENT;
             NAME | AGE | DISTRICT
  IT-18039
              JUI
                       21
                            NARAYANGONJ
 IT-18030 | SUCH
IT-18020 | PIA
  IT-18030
              SUCHI
                       20
                            DHAKA
                       21 DHAKA
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6) Alter table.

```
mysql> alter table STUDENT add HEALTH varchar(20);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.53 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> describe STUDENT;
 Field
                           Null | Key | Default | Extra
            Type
  ID
             varchar(50)
                           NO
                                         NULL
  NAME
             varchar(50)
                           NO
                                         NULL
  AGE
             int
                           NO
                                        NULL
  DISTRICT
             varchar(50)
                           NO
                                        NULL
           varchar(20)
  HEALTH
                           YES
                                        NULL
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7) Modify table.

```
mysql> alter table STUDENT modify HEALTH varchar(50);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> describe STUDENT;
                         Null | Key | Default | Extra
 Field
           Type
 ID
            varchar(50) | NO
                                       NULL
 NAME
           | varchar(50) | NO
                                      NULL
           int(3)
 AGE
                         NO
                                      NULL
 DISTRICT | varchar(50) | NO
                                     NULL
           | varchar(50) | YES
 HEALTH
                                      NULL
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

8) Drop data from table.

```
mysql> alter table STUDENT drop HEALTH;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (1.38 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0
                           Warnings: 0
mysql> describe STUDENT;
  Field
                                 Key | Default | Extra
                           Null
             Type
             varchar(50)
  ID
                           NO
                                         NULL
             varchar(50)
                           NO
  NAME
                                         NULL
                                        NULL
  AGE
             int
                           NO
             varchar(50)
  DISTRICT
                           NO
                                         NULL
 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9) Update data of table.

10) Where and delete operation.

Discussion:

Although it took me a while to install Mysql on linux because of some issues in the command line it was not difficult to solve the problem. We can work in Mysql through some command which is very easy in linux operating system. It manages memory very well.