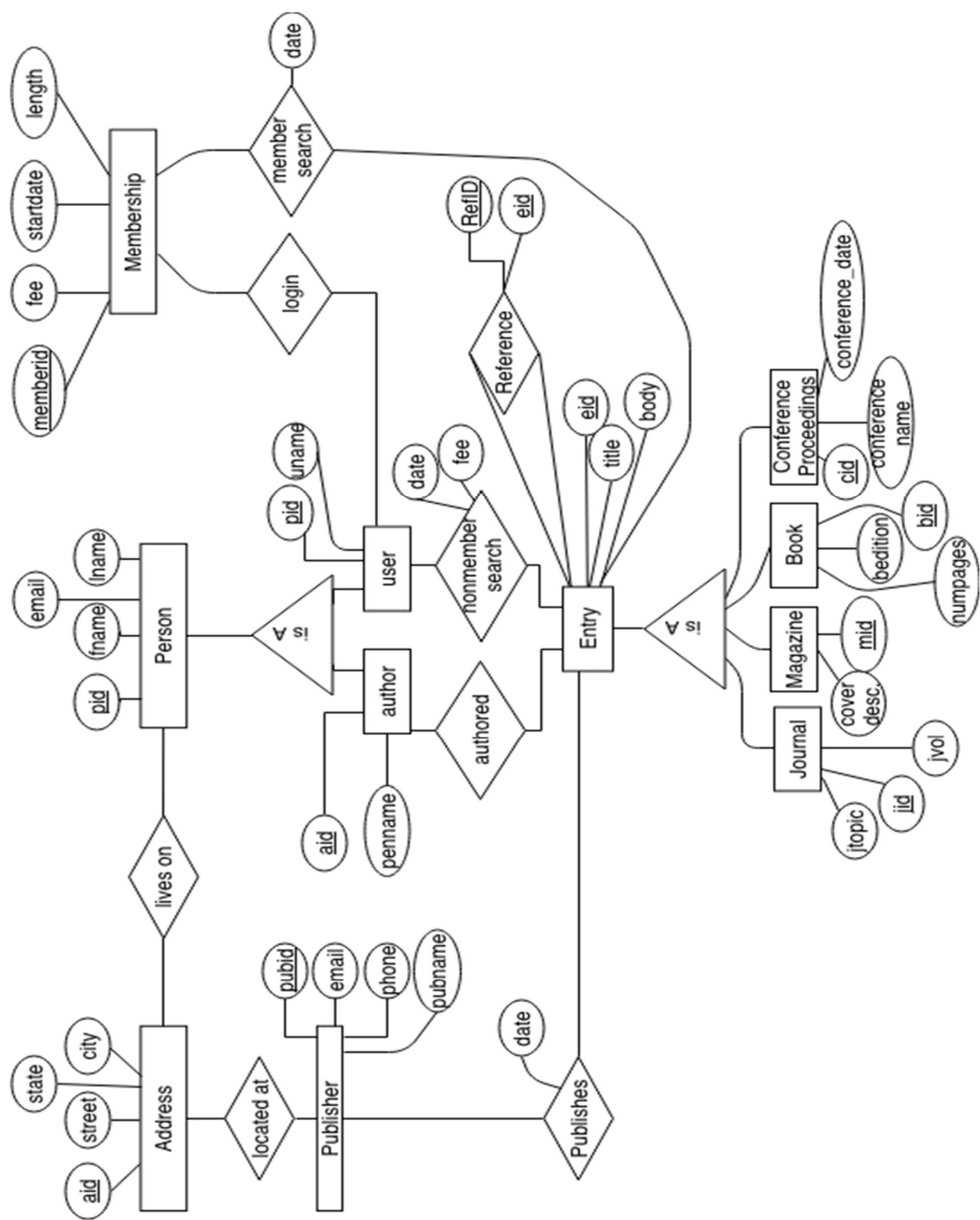


CSCI 411

Project 2

Group V

## ER Diagram



## Table creation SQL and Contents

```
CREATE TABLE Person (  
    pid number default NULL,  
    fname varchar2(255) default NULL,  
    lname varchar2(255) default NULL,  
    Email varchar2(255) default NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY (pid)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Author (  
    pid number NOT NULL references person(pid),  
    penname varchar2(255),  
    PRIMARY KEY (pid)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Publisher(  
    pubid number default NULL,  
    pubname varchar2(255) default NULL,  
    phone varchar2(255) default NULL,  
    email varchar2(255) default NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY (pubid)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Address (  
    aid number NOT NULL,  
    street varchar2(255) NOT NULL,  
    city varchar2(255) NOT NULL,  
    state varchar2(255) NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY(aid)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Membership(  
    memberid varchar2(255),  
    length number,  
    start_date date,  
    fee real NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY (memberid)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Users (  
    pid number NOT NULL references person(pid),  
    uname varchar2(255),  
    PRIMARY KEY (pid)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Entry (  
    eid varchar2(255),  
    title varchar2(255),  
    body varchar2(255),  
    PRIMARY KEY (eid)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE book (  
    bid varchar2(255),  
    bedition integer,  
    numpages integer,  
    Primary key(bid),  
    FOREIGN KEY(bid) REFERENCES Entry(eid) ON DELETE CASCADE  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Journal (  
    jid varchar2(255),  
    jtopic varchar2(255),  
    jvol integer,  
    PRIMARY KEY (jid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (jid) references Entry(eid) ON DELETE CASCADE  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Magazine (  
    mid varchar2(255),  
    cover_description varchar2(255),  
    PRIMARY KEY (mid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (mid) references Entry(eid) ON DELETE CASCADE  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Conference_proceedings (  
    cid varchar2(255),
```

```
conference_name varchar2(255),
conference_date date,
PRIMARY KEY (cid),
FOREIGN KEY (cid) references Entry(eid) ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE References (
  eid varchar2(255),
  refid varchar2(255),
  PRIMARY KEY (eid, refid),
  FOREIGN KEY (eid) references Entry ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE login(
  pid number,
  memberid varchar2(255) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (memberid, pid),
  FOREIGN KEY (memberid) references Membership,
  FOREIGN KEY (pid) references Users
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Member_Search (
  memberid varchar2(255),
  eid varchar2(255),
  retrieved date,
  PRIMARY KEY (memberid, eid, retrieved),
  FOREIGN KEY (memberid) references Membership,
  FOREIGN KEY (eid) references Entry ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Non_Member_Search (
  pid number,
  eid varchar2(255),
  search_date date,
  fee real,
  PRIMARY KEY (pid, eid, search_date),
  FOREIGN KEY (pid) references Users,
  FOREIGN KEY (eid) references Entry ON DELETE CASCADE
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Authored(  
    eid varchar2(255) NOT NULL,  
    pid number NOT NULL,  
    PRIMARY KEY (eid, pid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (eid) references Entry ON DELETE CASCADE,  
    FOREIGN KEY (pid) references Author  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Publishes (  
    eid varchar2(255) NOT NULL,  
    pubid number NOT NULL,  
    published date,  
    PRIMARY KEY (eid, pubid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (eid) references Entry ON DELETE CASCADE,  
    FOREIGN KEY (pubid) references Publisher  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Located_at (  
    aid number NOT NULL references Address(aid),  
    pubid number NOT NULL references Publisher(pubid),  
    PRIMARY KEY (aid, pubid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (aid) references Address,  
    FOREIGN KEY (pubid) references Publisher  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Lives_At (  
    aid number NOT NULL references Address(aid),  
    pid number NOT NULL references Person(pid),  
    PRIMARY KEY (aid, pid),  
    FOREIGN KEY (aid) references Address,  
    FOREIGN KEY (pid) references Person  
);
```

## Data Insertion

Insert into Person (pid, fname, lname, email) ->

pid,fname,lname,email

102,Serge,Meriel,smeriel0@nih.gov  
103,Pearle,Finley,pfinley1@domainmarket.com  
106,Harmonia,Alleburton,halleburton2@vinaora.com  
107,Archibaldo,Warnes,awarnes3@buzzfeed.com  
108,Margi,Grayston,mgrayston4@ezinearticles.com  
117,Trstram,Gear,tgear5@yelp.com  
118,Cindy,Dohmer,cdohmer6@hhs.gov  
119,Jackquelin,Dysert,jdysert7@reddit.com  
120,Aime,Sandcraft,asandcraft8@ucla.edu  
121,Reiko,Brettle,rbrettle9@1688.com  
122,Morton,Northern,mnorthern@so-net.ne.jp  
123,Aubrey,Lacroutz,alacroutzb@sbwire.com  
124,Paton,Tuxwell,ptuxwellc@eepurl.com  
125,Emmey,Spearman,espearmand@livejournal.com  
126,Shir,Hovell,shovelle@angelfire.com  
29,Thaxter,Winston,twinstonf@istockphoto.com  
131,Andee,Lecount,alecountg@unesco.org  
134,Kelley,Lewisham,klewishamh@edublogs.org  
135,Saxon,Garrard,sgarrardi@dell.com  
141,Isacco,Minocchi,iminocchij@tamu.edu  
142,Harmony,Darrell,hdarrellk@xrea.com  
145,Sanderson,Sperski,ssperskil@360.cn  
146,Korie,Richemont,krichemontm@ustream.tv  
147,Marcia,Fergusson,mfergussonn@quantcast.com  
150,Fidole,McCullogh,fmccullogho@apache.org  
151,Desirae,Stickens,dstickensp@cornell.edu  
152,Talya,Mor,tmorq@hubpages.com  
153,Mufinella,Goulbourne,mgoulbourn@typepad.com  
200,Tim,Jeffreys,tjeffreyss@yahoo.com  
201,Mahmud,McAuley,mmcauleyt@usa.gov  
202,Caroljean,Menichini,cmenichiniu@typepad.com  
203,Missie,Sutherland,msutherlandv@theatlantic.com

Insert into address(aid, street, city, state) ->

aid,street,city,state

1000,7671 Marcy Point,Oceanside,California  
1001,48974 Sunbrook Center,Lincoln,Nebraska  
1002,1 Stephen Point,Boulder,Colorado  
1003,49967 Lawn Junction,Worcester,Massachusetts  
1004,488 Oak Valley Junction,Boise,Idaho  
1005,1 Maywood Hill,Atlanta,Georgia  
1006,52979 Butterfield Place,Boston,Massachusetts  
1007,3 Starling Parkway,Monticello,Minnesota  
1008,9119 Village Green Terrace,Colorado Springs,Colorado



1009,4461 Carioca Point,Lansing,Michigan  
1010,17 Victoria Crossing,Fresno,California  
1011,08 Eliot Circle,Milwaukee,Wisconsin  
1012,96 Onsgard Drive,New York City,New York  
1013,1797 Grim Place,Schaumburg,Illinois  
1014,49775 Calypso Way,Redwood City,California  
1015,1 Charing Cross Alley,Santa Ana,California  
1016,282 Trailsway Circle,Indianapolis,Indiana  
1017,8 Northview Alley,Lawrenceville,Georgia  
1018,3323 Kingsford Drive,Seattle,Washington  
1019,8156 Ridgeview Crossing,New York City,New York  
1020,3810 Sutteridge Parkway,Redwood City,California  
1021,58990 Maywood Center,Tampa,Florida  
1022,38 Clove Avenue,Minneapolis,Minnesota  
1023,7456 Dunning Lane,Savannah,Georgia  
1024,2 Glacier Hill Avenue,Washington,District of Columbia  
1025,80730 Becker Circle,Charlotte,North Carolina  
1026,650 Superior Circle,Phoenix,Arizona  
1027,84 Crowley Center,Las Vegas,Nevada  
1028,211 Valley Edge Parkway,Minneapolis,Minnesota  
1029,335 Spohn Park,Springfield,Illinois  
1030,07628 Manley Avenue,Burbank,California  
1031,74162 Northport Circle,Oklahoma City,Oklahoma  
1032,01213 Blaine Crossing,Philadelphia,Pennsylvania  
1033,1 Schiller Trail,Boise,Idaho  
1034,6078 Northland Road,Alhambra,California  
1035,516 Thierer Lane,Odessa,Texas  
1036,12564 Tony Pass,Long Beach,California  
1037,68676 Butternut Way,Tucson,Arizona  
1038,995 Alpine Crossing,Spartanburg,South Carolina  
1039,35 Westend Place,Philadelphia,Pennsylvania  
1040,4 Dahle Circle,Portland,Oregon  
1041,326 Katie Trail,Des Moines,Iowa  
1042,61 Lakewood Alley,Tampa,Florida  
1043,11643 Sullivan Center,Schenectady,New York  
1044,651 Bobwhite Park,Valdosta,Georgia  
1045,85 Helena Street,Minneapolis,Minnesota  
1046,94 Miller Avenue,Richmond,Virginia  
1047,849 McCormick Junction,Watertown,Massachusetts  
1048,3825 Pawling Trail,San Francisco,California  
1049,296 Gale Terrace,Denver,Colorado  
1050,9595 Acker Court,Fort Lauderdale,Florida  
1051,38304 Crownhardt Hill,Atlanta,Georgia  
1052,571 Kenwood Crossing,Amarillo,Texas  
1053,479 Vidon Point,North Little Rock,Arkansas  
1054,369 Scott Avenue,Charleston,West Virginia  
1055,9079 Golf View Hill,Huntington,West Virginia  
1056,9607 Kennedy Road,Tucson,Arizona  
1057,88169 Bashford Street,Trenton,New Jersey

1058,50 Buhler Lane,Cincinnati,Ohio  
1059,689 Jenna Street,Amarillo,Texas

Insert into Entry(eid, title, body ) ->

eid,title,body  
IX3646,Data Structures,The content of the book is Data Structures and Algorithms  
IB2946,Robinhood ,The content of the book is life of Robinhood  
LH8542,Snowwhite,The content of the book is tales of Snowwhite  
NJ6977,Success,The content of the book is about success  
CE7059,Get Rich,The content of the book is about getting rich  
VM7843,Banking,The content of the book is about banking  
YZ6317,American Medical Society,Annual journal from American Medical Society (AMS)  
AB2755,American Computer Scientist ,Annual Journal of American Computer Scientist (ACS)  
OV3250,American Bankers Association ,Annual journal of American Bankers Association (ABA)  
ZL9928,Forbes,List of top 10 influencers in the world  
UE6668,Time,List of top 10 billionaires in the world  
RY2195,People,Most of most trending clothes in 2018  
KQ4175,AI for Healthcare ,Implementation of AI in hospitals  
VX8161,Deep Learning for Surgery ,Implementation of Deep Learning Neural Networks in Surgery  
IX8371,Computer Vision for Heart surgery ,Implementation of Computer Vision

Insert into Publisher ( eid, pubid, published) ->

eid,pubid,published  
IX3646,37270,20-Dec-2018  
IB2946,45671,30-Jan-2008  
LH8542,27542,15-Apr-2008  
NJ6977,27542,16-Apr-2008  
CE7059,27542,17-Apr-2008  
VM7843,27542,18-Apr-2008  
YZ6317,17588,17-May-2006  
AB2755,15470,8-Oct-2005  
OV3250,77523,20-Jun-2004  
ZL9928,32585,6-Jun-2005  
UE6668,79566,8-Mar-2006  
RY2195,32527,9-Feb-2002  
KQ4175,28954,16-Oct-2001  
VX8161,44641,4-May-2009  
IX8371,76522,7-May-2009

Insert into conference\_proceedings (cid, conferenc\_name, conference\_date) ->

cid,conference\_name,conference\_date  
KQ4175,AI for Healthcare ,31-May-2006  
VX8161,Deep Learning for Surgery ,25-Jan-2012

IX8371,Computer Vision for Heart surgery ,18-Apr-2016

Insert into Journal ( jid, jvol, jtopic) ->

jid,jvol,jtopic  
YZ6317,56,Annual research reports  
AB2755,40,Annual research reports  
OV3250,75,Annual research reports

Insert into Magazines (mid, cover\_description) ->

mid,cover\_description  
ZL9928,Forbes top 10 influencers  
UE6668,Times top 10 billionaires  
RY2195,People most trending clothes

Insert into Book

bid,bedition,numpages  
IX3646,1,900  
IB2946,2,200  
LH8542,1,750  
NJ6977,3,600  
CE7059,5,200  
VM7843,8,500

Insert into Author(pid, penname) ->

pid,penname  
102,Flo Riquet  
103,Gisela Tremayle  
106,  
107,Kirsten Ridgewell  
108,  
117,Lily Worsall  
118,  
119,  
120,Vladimir Ruperto

Insert into Authored ( eid, pid) ->

eid,pid  
IX3646,102  
IB2946,103  
LH8542,106  
NJ6977,107  
CE7059,108  
VM7843,117  
YZ6317,118  
AB2755,119  
OV3250,120  
ZL9928,117  
UE6668,118  
RY2195,119  
KQ4175,120  
VX8161,107  
IX8371,108

Insert into User ( pid, uname) ->

pid,uname  
121,kcard0  
122,jcisar1  
123,smccaskill2  
124,gpoulney3  
125,anewlove4  
126,pconnar5  
29,cofogerty6  
131,edurrell7  
134,mverrico8  
135,etheze9  
141,nspira  
142,bminnisb  
145,ksymsonc  
146,mhillandd  
147,sdrapere  
150,tannesleyf  
151,bchalcotg  
152,dmeuseh  
153,wsheeringtoni  
200,ggarlinge  
201,blugsdink  
202,lgopsalll  
203,gbaudassim

Insert into Reterive ( memebriid, eid, retrived) ->

memberid,eid,retrived

5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000000,IX3646,10-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000001,IB2946,11-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000002,LH8542,12-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000003,LH8542,13-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000004,LH8542,14-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000005,LH8542,15-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000006,LH8542,16-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000007,UE6668,17-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000008,RY2195,18-Jan-2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000009,KQ4175,19-Jan-2019

Insert into References (eid, refid) ->

eid,refid

IX3646,IB2946  
IB2946,LH8542  
LH8542,OV3250  
NJ6977,LH8542  
CE7059,LH8543  
VM7843,LH8544  
YZ6317,OV3250  
AB2755,OV3250  
OV3250,IX3646  
ZL9928,IB2946  
UE6668,IB2946  
RY2195,IB2946  
KQ4175,YZ6317  
VX8161,YZ6317  
IX8371,YZ6317

Insert into Publishes ( eid, pubid, published) ->

eid,pubid,published

IX3646,37270,20-Dec-2018  
IB2946,45671,30-Jan-2008  
LH8542,27542,15-Apr-2008  
NJ6977,27542,16-Apr-2008  
CE7059,27542,17-Apr-2008  
VM7843,27542,18-Apr-2008  
YZ6317,17588,17-May-2006  
AB2755,15470,8-Oct-2005  
OV3250,77523,20-Jun-2004  
ZL9928,32585,6-Jun-2005  
UE6668,79566,8-Mar-2006  
RY2195,32527,9-Feb-2002  
KQ4175,28954,16-Oct-2001  
VX8161,44641,4-May-2009

IX8371,76522,7-May-2009

Insert into located\_at (aid, pubid) ->

aid,pubid  
1032,37270  
1033,45671  
1034,27542  
1035,87623  
1036,12076  
1037,31677  
1038,17588  
1039,15470  
1040,77523  
1041,73864  
1042,32585  
1043,79566  
1044,32527  
1045,75892  
1046,85680  
1047,451  
1048,45762  
1049,73243  
1050,28954  
1051,44641  
1052,76522  
1053,14891  
1054,98567  
1055,25228  
1056,45629  
1057,12354  
1058,3485

Insert into lives\_at ( aid, pid) ->

aid,pid  
1000,102  
1001,103  
1002,106  
1003,107  
1004,108  
1005,117  
1006,118  
1007,119  
1008,120  
1009,121

1010,122  
1011,123  
1012,124  
1013,125  
1014,126  
1015,29  
1016,131  
1017,134  
1018,135  
1019,141  
1020,142  
1021,145  
1022,146  
1023,147  
1024,150  
1025,151  
1026,152  
1027,153  
1028,200  
1029,201  
1030,202  
1031,203

Insert into membership (memberid, length, start\_date, fee) ->

memberid,length,start\_date,fee  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000000,12,11/19/19,500  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000001,23,04/19/19,250  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000002,12,09/23/23,300  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000003,3,06/10/09,50  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000004,2,05/24/24,60  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000005,8,01/21/20,70  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000006,18,01/05/04,80  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000007,12,09/05/06,90  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000008,8,08/31/53,100  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000009,12,10/27/17,300

Insert into join (pid, mid) ->

pid,mid  
102,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000000  
108,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000001  
117,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000002  
118,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000003  
120,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000004

121,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000005  
124,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000006  
125,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000007  
126,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000008  
145,5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000009

Insert into member\_search (memberid, eid, retrived) ->

memberid,eid,retrieved  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000000,IX3646,1/10/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000001,IB2946,1/11/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000002,LH8542,1/12/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000003,LH8542,1/13/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000004,LH8542,1/14/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000005,LH8542,1/15/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000006,LH8542,1/16/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000007,UE6668,1/17/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000008,RY2195,1/18/2019  
5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000009,KQ4175,1/19/2019

Insert into nonmember\_search( pid, eid, fee, search\_date) ->

pid,eid,fee,search\_date  
141,IX3646,0.1,1/10/2019  
142,IB2946,0.2,2/11/2019  
145,LH8542,0.3,3/15/2019  
146,YZ6317,0.4,4/16/2019  
147,AB2755,0.5,5/18/2019  
150,OV3250,0.6,6/19/2019  
151,ZL9928,0.7,7/21/2019  
152,UE6668,0.8,8/22/2019  
153,RY2195,0.9,9/23/2019  
200,KQ4175,1,10/25/2019  
201,VX8161,1.1,11/26/2019  
202,IX8371,1.2,12/28/2019  
203,VX8161,1.3,1/29/2020

## Basic interactions and Additional Queries

### Queries

#### SQL query 1:

#### Description:



Get the first name, last name, and user name of everyone who lives in minnesota.

SQL:

```
select p.fname, p.lname, u.uname
from person p, lives_at l, address a, users u
where p.pid = l.pid AND
      l.aid = a.aid AND
      p.pid = u.pid AND
      a.state = 'Minnesota';
```

Output:

	FNAME	LNAME	UNAME
1	Korie	Richemont	mhillandd
2	Tim	Jeffreys	ggarlinge

Justification:

The username from the USERS table is found by equating the pid from the PERSON and USERS table. The LIVES\_AT table is used to connect a person's pid with an addresses aid. The line "a.state = 'Minnesota'" ensures that only persons living in Minnesota are found.

SQL query 2:

Description:

Most searched item in the library

SQL:

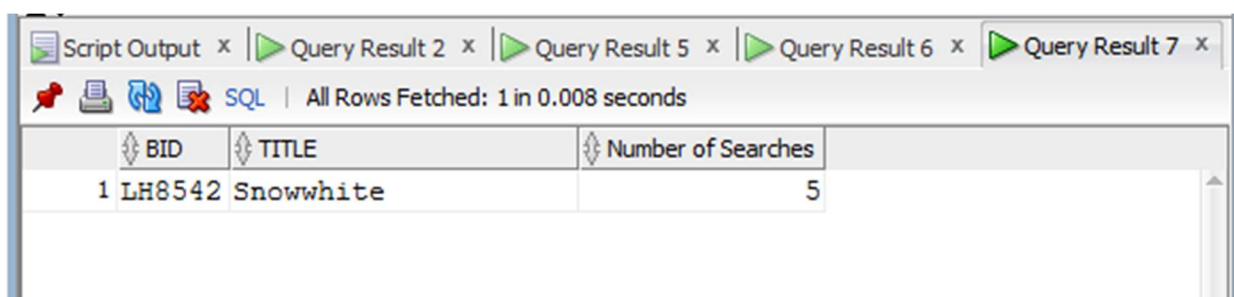
```
SELECT B.bid, E.title, temp.num as "Number of Searches"
FROM Entry E, Book B, (SELECT *
                        FROM (
                            SELECT S.eid, COUNT(S.eid) as num
                            FROM MEMBER_SEARCH S
                            GROUP BY S.eid
                            ORDER BY COUNT(S.eid) DESC )
                        WHERE ROWNUM = 1 ) temp
WHERE temp.eid = B.bid AND E.eid = B.bid
UNION
```

```

SELECT M.mid, E.title, temp.num as "Number of Searches"
From Entry E, Magazine M, (SELECT *
    FROM (
        SELECT S.eid, COUNT(S.eid) as num
        FROM MEMBER_SEARCH S
        Group BY S.eid
        ORDER BY COUNT (S.eid) DESC )
    WHERE ROWNUM = 1) temp
WHERE temp.eid = M.mid AND E.eid = M.mid
UNION
SELECT J.jid, E.title, temp.num as "Number of Searches"
From Entry E, Journal J, (SELECT *
    FROM (
        SELECT S.eid, COUNT(S.eid) as num
        FROM MEMBER_SEARCH S
        Group BY S.eid
        ORDER BY COUNT (S.eid) DESC )
    WHERE ROWNUM = 1) temp
WHERE temp.eid = J.jid AND E.eid = J.jid
UNION
SELECT C.cid, E.title, temp.num as "Number of Searches"
From Entry E, CONFERENCE_PROCEEDINGS C, (SELECT *
    FROM (
        SELECT S.eid, COUNT(S.eid) as num
        FROM MEMBER_SEARCH S
        Group BY S.eid
        ORDER BY COUNT (S.eid) DESC )
    WHERE ROWNUM = 1) temp
WHERE temp.eid = C.cid AND E.eid = C.cid;

```

Output:



	BID	TITLE	Number of Searches
1	LH8542	Snowwhite	5

#### Justification:

The four entry types (Journal, Magazine, Book, and Conference Proceedings) are grouped by entryID and a count is taken. The query selects the item with the highest count, which is the most number of searches.

#### SQL query 3:

##### Description:

2) Names, emails and fee paid by each member

##### SQL:

```
SELECT p.fname, p.lname, p.email, m.fee
FROM Login x, Person p, Membership m
WHERE x.pid = p.pid AND x.MEMBERID = m.MEMBERID;
```

##### Output:

	FNAME	LNAME	EMAIL	FEE
1	Reiko	Brettle	rbrettle9@1688.com	500
2	Morton	Northern	mnorthern@so-net.ne.jp	250
3	Aubrey	Lacroutz	alacroutzb@sbwire.com	300
4	Paton	Tuxwell	ptuxwellic@eepurl.com	50
5	Emmey	Spearman	espearmand@livejournal.com	60
6	Shir	Hovell	shovelle@angelfire.com	70
7	Thaxter	Winston	twinstonf@istockphoto.com	80
8	Andee	Lecount	alecountg@unesco.org	90
9	Kelley	Lewisham	klewishamh@edublogs.org	100
10	Saxon	Garrard	sgarrardi@dell.com	300

#### Justification:

All the person IDs from login table are matched with person IDs from person table and then member IDs from login table are matched with member IDs from membership table so that output shows the first name, last name , email and membership fee paid by each person.

#### SQL query 4:

#### Description:

Find the First name, Last name and email address for the author with the most authored pieces.

#### SQL and Output:

```
1 SELECT * FROM (  
2     SELECT x.fname, x.lname, x.email, a.pid  
3     FROM Person x, Authored a  
4     WHERE a.pid = x.pid  
5     GROUP BY (x.fname, x.lname, x.email, a.pid)  
6     ORDER BY COUNT(x.pid) DESC  
7 )  
8 WHERE ROWNUM=1;
```

Script Output x Query Result x

SQL | All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.029 seconds

	FNAME	LNAME	EMAIL	PID
1	Archibaldo	Warnes	awarnes3@buzzfeed.com	107

#### Justification:

Finds list of authors with the most authored pieces in descending order and chooses the first one from the list.

#### SQL query 5:

#### Description:

Give the age range between the oldest and newest book in the library.

## SQL and Output:

The screenshot shows a SQL query editor window with a 'Query Builder' tab. The query is as follows:

```
SELECT temp.oldest as "The Oldest Book", temp.newest as "The Newest Book", temp.newest - temp.oldest as "Range"
FROM
(
  SELECT MIN(EXTRACT(year FROM P.published)) as oldest, MAX(EXTRACT(year FROM P.published)) as newest
  FROM Book B, Entry E, Publishes P
  WHERE B.bid = E.eid
  AND E.eid = P.eid
) temp;
```

Below the query editor, the 'Query Result' tab is active, showing the output of the query. The status bar indicates 'All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.017 seconds'. The result is a single row with three columns: 'The Oldest Book', 'The Newest Book', and 'Range'.

	The Oldest Book	The Newest Book	Range
1	2008	2018	10

### Justification:

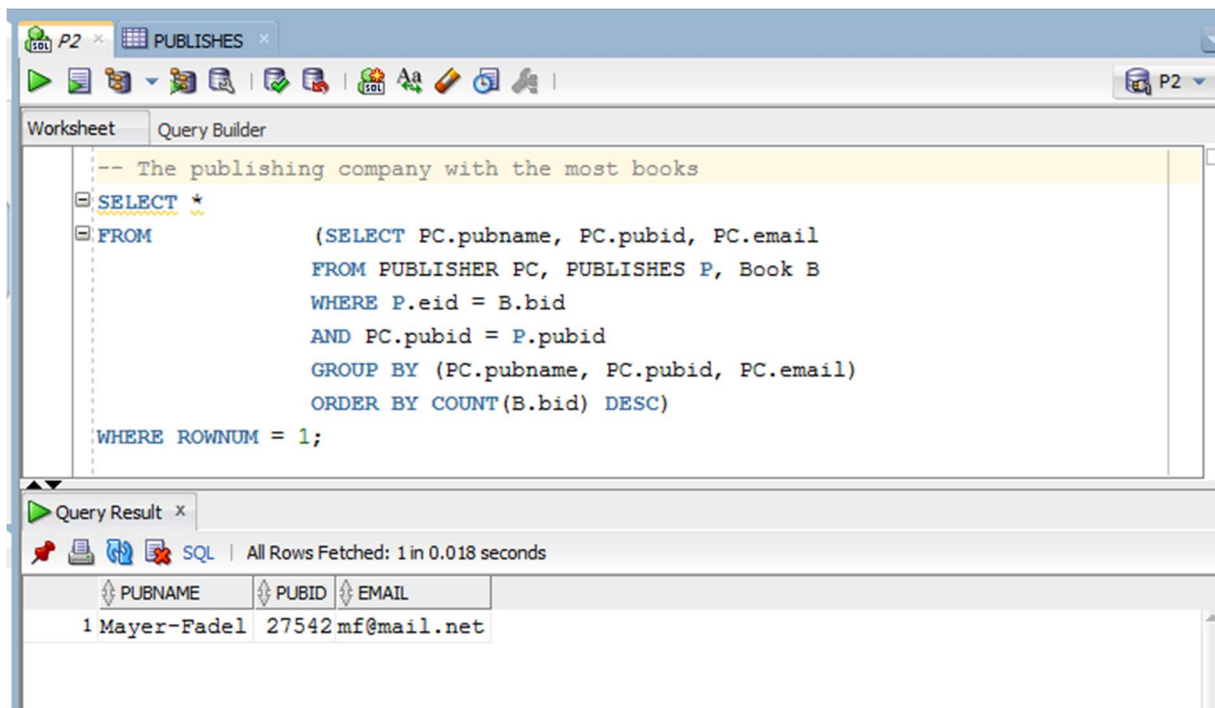
The oldest and newest books are selected by using equijoin between bid and eid. The range is calculated by extracting the date when the newest and oldest book were published and subtracting their values.

## SQL query 6:

### Description:

The publishing company with the most books published.

## SQL and Output:



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor window with a toolbar and a 'Query Builder' tab. The query is written in SQL and is intended to find the publishing company with the most books. The query is as follows:

```
-- The publishing company with the most books
SELECT
FROM      (SELECT PC.pubname, PC.pubid, PC.email
           FROM PUBLISHER PC, PUBLISHES P, Book B
           WHERE P.eid = B.bid
           AND PC.pubid = P.pubid
           GROUP BY (PC.pubname, PC.pubid, PC.email)
           ORDER BY COUNT(B.bid) DESC)
WHERE ROWNUM = 1;
```

Below the query editor, the 'Query Result' tab is active, showing the results of the query. The results are displayed in a table with three columns: PUBNAME, PUBID, and EMAIL. The table contains one row of data:

	PUBNAME	PUBID	EMAIL
1	Mayer-Fadel	27542	mf@mail.net

## Justification:

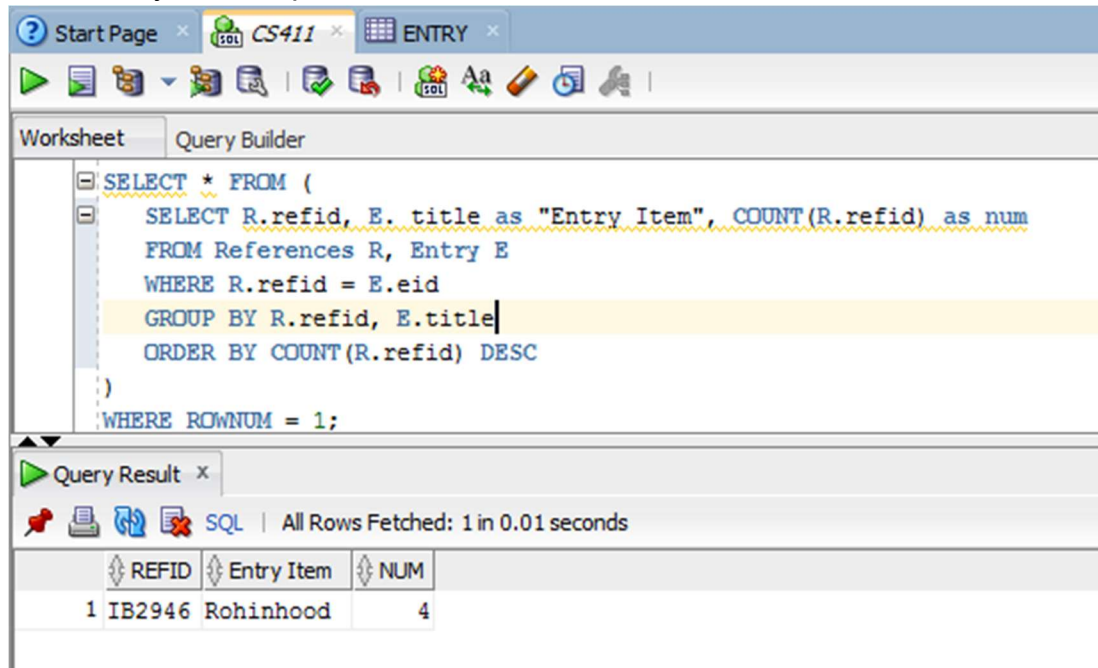
The Publishing Companies who published books are ordered by the highest count of books. The Publishing Company with the highest count of published books is selected. The query displays the Publishing Company's name, id and email.

## SQL Query 7:

### Description:

Find the entry item's reference ID and name for the item which has been referenced the most.

### SQL Query and Output



The screenshot shows a SQL query editor window with a toolbar at the top. The query is written in the main text area and is as follows:

```
SELECT * FROM (
    SELECT R.refid, E.title as "Entry Item", COUNT(R.refid) as num
    FROM References R, Entry E
    WHERE R.refid = E.eid
    GROUP BY R.refid, E.title
    ORDER BY COUNT(R.refid) DESC
)
WHERE ROWNUM = 1;
```

Below the query editor, the 'Query Result' window is open, showing the results of the query. It indicates 'All Rows Fetched: 1 in 0.01 seconds'. The results are displayed in a table with three columns: REFID, Entry Item, and NUM.

REFID	Entry Item	NUM
1 IB2946	Rohinhood	4

### Justification:

Orders the list of items referenced in a descending order and chooses the first tuple from the table.

## SQL query 8:

### Description:

Get the titles of entries in the library that have been searched for by non-members but not members.

### SQL:

```
select e.title
from entry e, non_member_search n
where e.eid = n.eid
minus
select e.title
```

from entry e, member\_search ms  
where e.eid = ms.eid;

Output:

	TITLE
1	American Bankers Association
2	American Computer Scientist
3	American Medical Soccity
4	Computer Vision for Heart surgery
5	Deep Learning for Surgery
6	Forbes

Justification:

The title of items in the library is found for both the member and non-member searches, the titles of books that members searched for is subtracted from the titles of books that non-members searched for.

SQL query 9:

Description:

Get the dates where both members and non-members have searched for something.

SQL:

```
select ms.retrieved
from users u, login l, membership m, member_search ms
where u.pid = l.pid AND
      l.memberid = m.memberid AND
      m.memberid = ms.memberid
intersect
select ns.search_date
from users u, non_member_search ns
where u.pid = ns.pid;
```

Output:



RETRIEVED
1 10-JAN-19

#### Justification:

The dates of searches in the NON\_MEMBER\_SEARCH and MEMBER\_SEARCH tables are found, and an intersection is used to find where they are in common. January 10th, 2019 is the only date in both tables.

#### SQL query 10:

#### Description:

Get the emails of all the authors who have authored something in the library.

#### SQL:

```
select distinct p.email
from person p, author a, authored au
where p.pid = a.pid AND
      a.pid = au.pid;
```

#### Output:

EMAIL
1 jdysert7@reddit.com
2 asandcraft8@ucla.edu
3 awarnes3@buzzfeed.com
4 smeriel0@nih.gov
5 mgrayston4@ezinearticles.com
6 pfinley1@domainmarket.com
7 halleburton2@vinaora.com
8 tgear5@yelp.com
9 cdohmer6@hhs.gov

#### Justification:

The emails from the PERSON table are found with the select statement. If a pid is found in the AUTHORED table, then the associated email is output.

## Stored procedures

### Stored procedure 1:

#### Description:

Add new users to the USERS table.

#### SQL:

```
create or replace procedure adduser(pid in number, uname in varchar2, fname in
varchar2, lname in varchar2, email in varchar2) AS
begin
  insert into PERSON values(pid, fname, lname, email);
  insert into USERS values (pid, uname);
end;
```

#### Output:

```
exec adduser(999, 'newuser', 'firstname', 'lastname', 'newuser@gmail.com');
```

	PID	UNAME
1	121	kcard0
2	122	jcisar1
3	123	smccaskill2
4	124	gpoulney3
5	125	anewlove4
6	126	pconnar5
7	29	cofogerty6
8	131	edurrell7
9	134	mverrico8
10	135	etheze9
11	141	nspira
12	142	bminnisb
13	145	ksymsonc
14	146	mhillandd
15	147	sdrapere
16	150	tannesleyf
17	151	bchalcotg
18	152	dmeuseh
19	153	wsherringtoni
20	200	ggarlingej
21	201	blugsdink
22	202	lgopsalll
23	203	gbaudassim
24	555	jdoe
25	999	newuser

#### Justification:

The table in the output above shows the addition of a new user with uname of 'newuser' and pid of 999 into the USERS table.

A new entry in the PERSON table is created first to allow for the creation of a new user in the USERS table. The new user shows up in the USERS table and the PERSON table.

#### Stored procedure 2:

##### Description:

Delete a user from the USERS table.

##### SQL:

create or replace procedure deleteuser(deluser in varchar2) as

```
begin
delete from users where uname = deluser;
end;
```

Output:

```
exec deleteuser('newuser');
```

	PID	UNAME
1	121	kcard0
2	122	jcisar1
3	123	smccaskill2
4	124	gpoulney3
5	125	anewlove4
6	126	pconnar5
7	29	cofogerty6
8	131	edurrell7
9	134	mverrico8
10	135	etheze9
11	141	nspira
12	142	bminnisb
13	145	ksymsonc
14	146	mhillandd
15	147	sdrapere
16	150	tannesleyf
17	151	bchalcotg
18	152	dmeuseh
19	153	wsherringtoni
20	200	ggarlingej
21	201	blugsdink
22	202	lgopsalll
23	203	gbaudassim
24	555	jdoe

Justification:

The table in the output above shows the removal of a user, from the USERS table, with the uname of 'newuser'. This user was added during the demonstration of the previous stored procedure.

A delete statement is used to remove the record from the USERS table. The associated person record remains in the database as desired.

### Stored procedure 3:

#### Description:

Non-member search of the digital library.

#### SQL:

create or replace procedure nonmembersearch(searchedfor in varchar2, username in varchar2, searchdate in date default SYSTIMESTAMP, fee in float default .05) as

```
curs varchar2(255);  
pid number;  
eid varchar2(255);
```

```
cursor ref_out is  
select e.body  
from entry e  
where e.title = searchedfor;
```

```
begin  
select u.pid into pid from users u where u.uname = 'bugsdink';  
select e.eid into eid from entry e where e.title = 'Snowwhite';  
  
insert into non_member_search values(pid, eid, searchdate, fee);  
  
open ref_out;  
    fetch ref_out into curs;  
    dbms_output.put_line(searchedfor || ', ' || curs);  
close ref_out;
```

```
end;
```

#### Output:

```
set serveroutput on;  
exec nonmembersearch('Snowwhite', 'bugsdink');
```

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.
```

```
Snowwhite, The content of the book is tales of Snowwhite
```

	PID	EID	SEARCH_DATE	FEE
1	141	IX3646	10-JAN-19	0.1
2	142	IB2946	11-FEB-19	0.2
3	145	LH8542	15-MAR-19	0.3
4	146	YZ6317	16-APR-19	0.4
5	147	AB2755	18-MAY-19	0.5
6	150	OV3250	19-JUN-19	0.6
7	151	ZL9928	21-JUL-19	0.7
8	152	UE6668	22-AUG-19	0.8
9	153	RY2195	23-SEP-19	0.9
10	200	KQ4175	25-OCT-19	1
11	201	VX8161	26-NOV-19	1.1
12	202	IX8371	28-DEC-19	1.2
13	203	VX8161	29-JAN-20	1.3
14	201	LH8542	28-NOV-18	0.05

#### Justification:

The table in the output shows that a new search has been recorded in the NON\_MEMBER\_SEARCH table on the date of November 28, 2018.

A new entry is created to the NON\_MEMBER\_SEARCH table for the given user and entry title that is searched for; importantly, the time of the search is recorded and a default fee is charged for the search. Select statements are used to get the pid and eid of the user and the entry's title.

#### Stored procedure 4:

##### Description:

Who accessed \_\_\_\_\_?

##### SQL:

```
create or replace procedure whoaccessed(searchedfor in varchar2) as
  curs varchar2(255);
```

```
  cursor ref_out is
  select u.uname
  from USERS u, Entry e, NON_MEMBER_SEARCH n
  where e.title = searchedfor AND
        u.pid = n.pid AND
        n.eid = e.eid
  union
```

```

select u.uname
from Users u, Entry e, Login l, membership m, MEMBER_SEARCH ms
where e.title = searchedfor AND
      u.pid = l.pid AND
      l.memberid = m.memberid AND
      m.memberid = ms.memberid AND
      ms.eid = e.eid;
begin
  open ref_out;
  loop
    fetch ref_out into curs;
    if ref_out %NOTFOUND then exit; end if;
    dbms_output.put_line(curs);
  end loop;
end;

```

#### Output:

```

set serveroutput on;
exec whoaccessed('Snowwhite');
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

```

```

anewlove4
blugsdink
cofogerty6
gpoulney3
ksymsonc
pconnar5
smccaskill12

```

#### Justification:

This stored procedure uses a union to combine the results of the non-member search with the results of the member search.

In the NON\_MEMBER\_SEARCH table there is one entry with an eid of 'LH8542' and in the MEMBER\_SEARCH table there are five searches with that eid, for a total of six entries.

The output shows six usernames associated with each of the six entries as desired.

## Stored procedure 5:

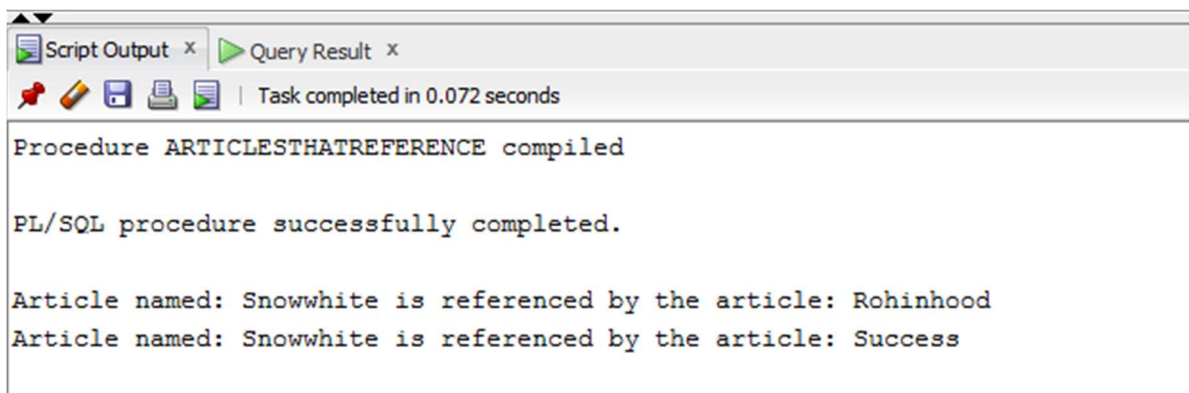
### Description:

What articles references article x?

### SQL:

```
create or replace procedure articlesThatReference(X in VARCHAR2) as
articlesThatRef VARCHAR(100);
CURSOR  articlesCursor is
SELECT  E2.title
FROM      REFERENCES R, REFERENCES R2, Entry E, Entry E2
WHERE      E.title = X      AND
           R.eid = E.eid      AND
           R2.refid = R.eid      AND
           R2.eid = E2.eid;
begin
    open articlesCursor;
    loop
        fetch articlesCursor into articlesThatRef;
        if articlesCursor %NOTFOUND then exit; end if;
        dbms_output.put_line('Article named: ' || X ||
        ' is referenced by the article: ' || articlesThatRef);
    end loop;
    close articlesCursor;
end;
set serveroutput on;
EXEC articlesThatReference('Snowwhite');
```

### Output:





### Justification:

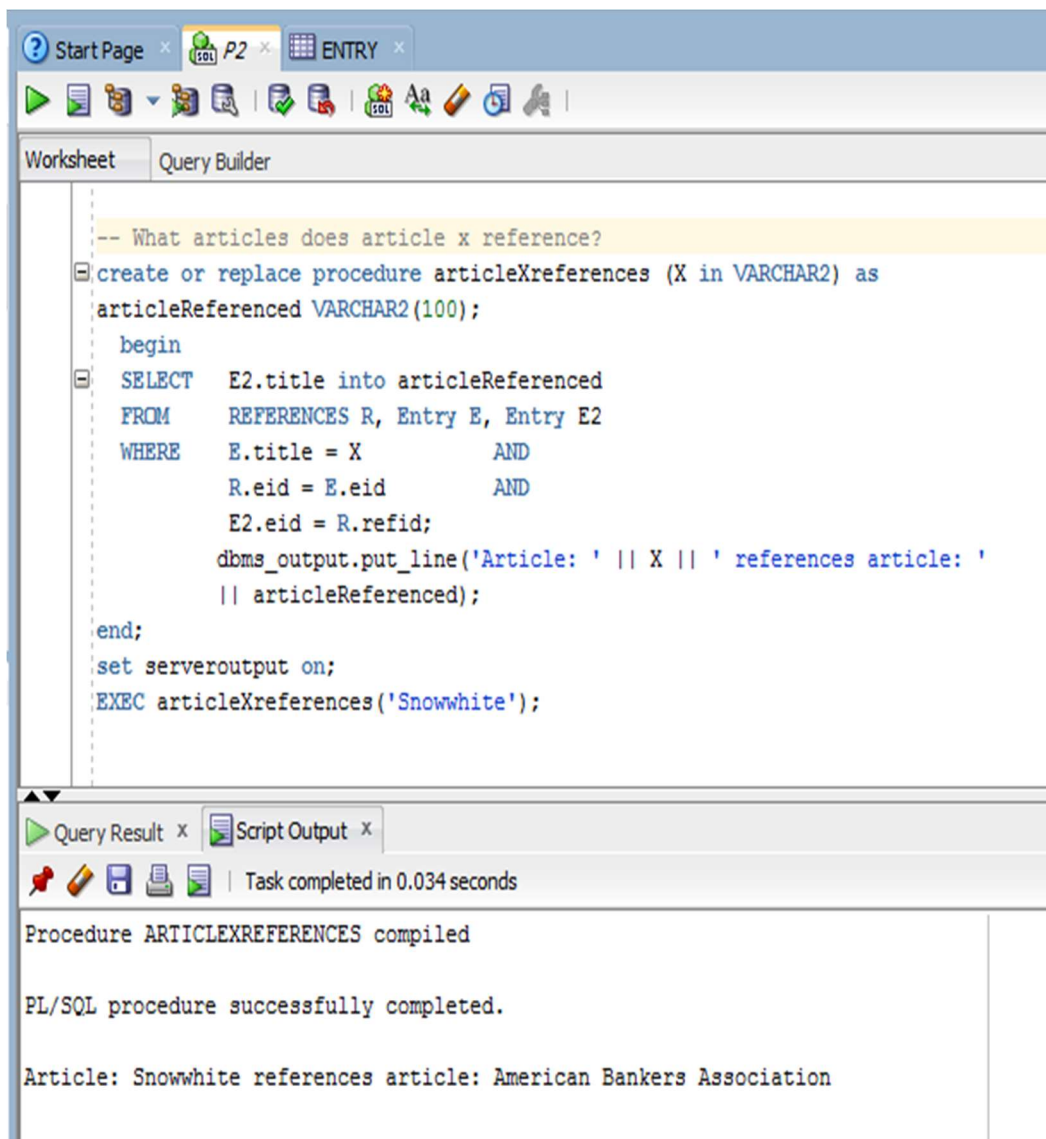
An article name is input. The reference table is scanned for articles that reference the user input article.

### Stored procedure 6:

### Description:

What articles does article x reference?

### SQL and Output:



The screenshot displays the Oracle SQL Developer environment. The top toolbar includes icons for Start Page, P2, and ENTRY. Below the toolbar, the 'Worksheet' tab is active, showing a PL/SQL procedure named 'articleXreferences'. The procedure takes an input parameter 'X' of type VARCHAR2 and returns the titles of articles referenced by the input article. The procedure body includes a SELECT statement that joins the REFERENCES, Entry, and Entry tables to find referenced articles. The output is displayed in the 'Script Output' tab, showing the procedure compiled successfully and the result for the input 'Snowwhite'.

```
-- What articles does article x reference?
create or replace procedure articleXreferences (X in VARCHAR2) as
articleReferenced VARCHAR2(100);
begin
SELECT E2.title into articleReferenced
FROM REFERENCES R, Entry E, Entry E2
WHERE E.title = X AND
      R.eid = E.eid AND
      E2.eid = R.refid;
  dbms_output.put_line('Article: ' || X || ' references article: '
|| articleReferenced);
end;
set serveroutput on;
EXEC articleXreferences('Snowwhite');
```

Task completed in 0.034 seconds

Procedure ARTICLEXREFERENCES compiled

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Article: Snowwhite references article: American Bankers Association

### Justification:

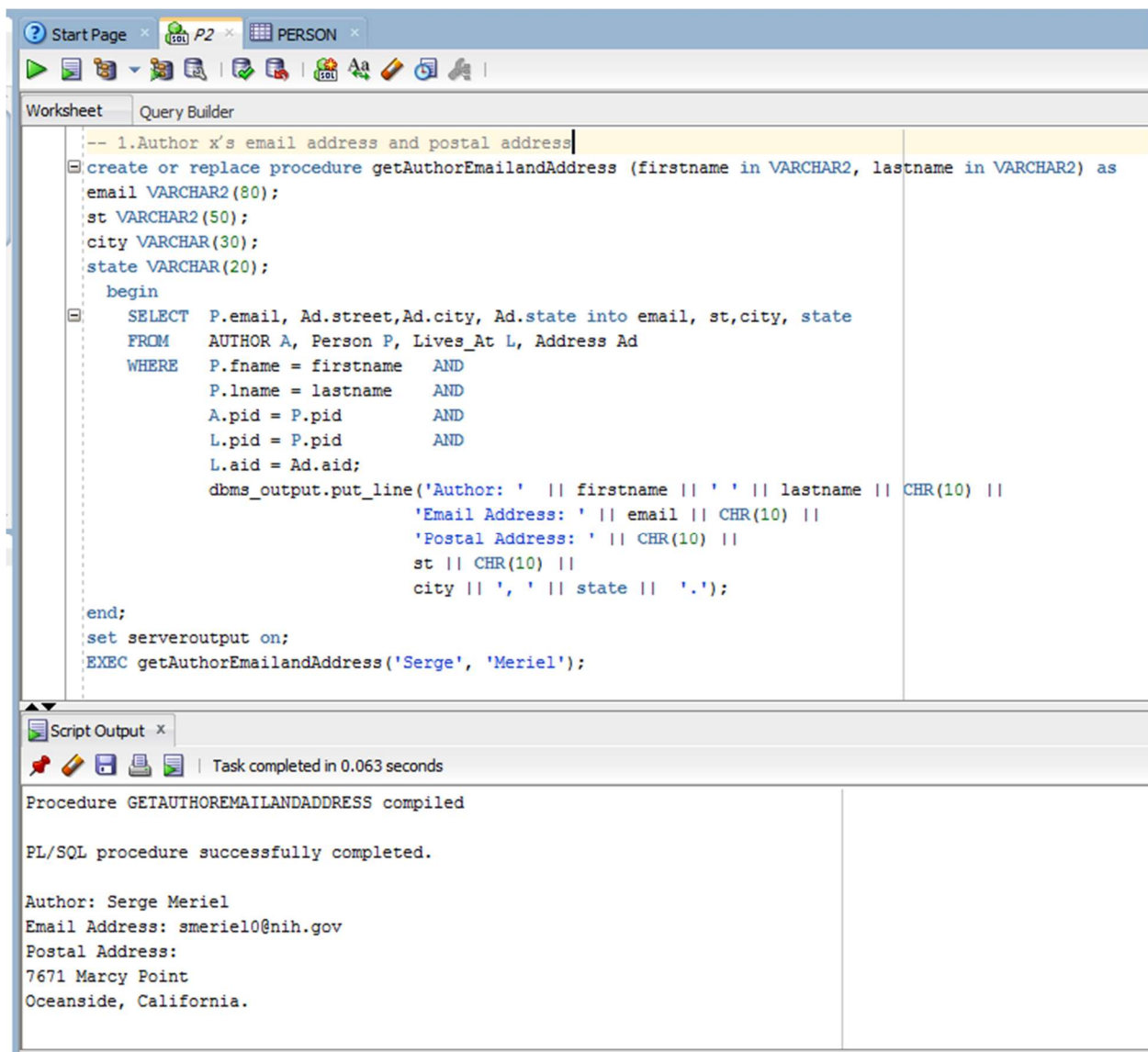
The user input entry title is compared with the reference table to find the articles it references. The referenced article is compared with the entry table to get the title.

### Stored procedure 7:

#### Description:

Get author X's email address and postal address.

#### SQL and Output:



The screenshot displays the Oracle SQL Developer environment. The top pane shows a PL/SQL procedure named `getAuthorEmailAndAddress` with parameters `firstname` and `lastname`. The procedure uses a `SELECT` statement to retrieve email, street, city, and state information for a given author, joining the `AUTHOR`, `PERSON`, `LIVES_AT`, and `ADDRESS` tables. The results are formatted and printed using `dbms_output.put_line`. The bottom pane shows the script output, indicating that the procedure was compiled successfully and executed for the author 'Serge Meriel', displaying their email and postal address.

```
-- 1.Author x's email address and postal address
create or replace procedure getAuthorEmailAndAddress (firstname in VARCHAR2, lastname in VARCHAR2) as
email VARCHAR2(80);
st VARCHAR2(50);
city VARCHAR(30);
state VARCHAR(20);
begin
    SELECT P.email, Ad.street,Ad.city, Ad.state into email, st,city, state
    FROM    AUTHOR A, Person P, Lives_At L, Address Ad
    WHERE   P.fname = firstname    AND
            P.lname = lastname    AND
            A.pid = P.pid         AND
            L.pid = P.pid         AND
            L.aid = Ad.aid;

    dbms_output.put_line('Author: ' || firstname || ' ' || lastname || CHR(10) ||
                        'Email Address: ' || email || CHR(10) ||
                        'Postal Address: ' || CHR(10) ||
                        st || CHR(10) ||
                        city || ', ' || state || '.');
end;
set serveroutput on;
EXEC getAuthorEmailAndAddress('Serge', 'Meriel');
```

Script Output x

Task completed in 0.063 seconds

Procedure GETAUTHOREMAILANDADDRESS compiled

PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

Author: Serge Meriel  
Email Address: smeriel0@nih.gov  
Postal Address:  
7671 Marcy Point  
Oceanside, California.

### Justification:

The author's first name and last name must be input to retrieve the author's email address and postal address. Variables were created to store the needed selected author information. The stored procedure verifies that the first name and last name are that of an author. Once the author is verified, the name, email address, and postal address are displayed.

### Stored procedure 8:

#### Description:

Register a new member.

#### SQL:

```
create or replace procedure registernewmember(pid in number, memberid in varchar2,
fname in varchar2, lname in varchar2, email in varchar2, uname varchar2, startdate in
date default SYSTIMESTAMP, length in number default 31, fee in float default 12.9) as
begin
```

```
    insert into person values(pid, fname, lname, email);
```

```
    insert into users values(pid, uname);
```

```
    insert into membership values(memberid, length, startdate, fee);
```

```
    insert into login values(pid, memberid);
```

```
end;
```

#### Output:

```
exec registernewmember(555, 'ad3qaf34af', 'John', 'Doe', 'jdoe@gmail.com', 'jdoe');
```

	MEMBERID	LENGTH	START_DATE	FEE
1	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000000	12	19-NOV-19	500
2	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000001	23	19-APR-19	250
3	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000002	12	23-SEP-23	300
4	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000003	3	10-JUN-09	50
5	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000004	2	24-MAY-24	60
6	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000005	8	21-JAN-20	70
7	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000006	18	05-JAN-04	80
8	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000007	12	05-SEP-06	90
9	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000008	8	31-AUG-53	100
10	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000009	12	27-OCT-17	300
11	ad3qaf34af	31	27-NOV-18	12.9

#### Justification:

The table in the output shows the addition of a new entry into the MEMBER table with the memberid of 'ad3qaf34af' as desired.

Registering a new member involves creating a new entry in the PERSON table, a new user in the USERS table, and a new member in the MEMBERSHIP table. As well as adding the memberid and pid from the MEMBERSHIP table and the USERS table into the login table. Insert statements are used to add these new entries, the cost and length of the membership have default values.

#### Stored procedure 9:

##### Description:

Remove a user's membership, keeping the user account in place.

##### SQL:

create or replace procedure deletemember(username in varchar2) as

```
    pid number;
    memid varchar2(255);
begin
    select u.pid into pid from users u where u.uname = username;
    select l.memberid into memid from login l, users u where u.uname = username AND
u.pid = l.pid;

    delete from member_search where memberid = memid;
    delete from login where memberid = memid;
    delete from membership where memberid = memid;
end;
```

##### Output:

```
exec deletemember('cofogerty6');
```

	MEMBERID	LENGTH	START_DATE	FEE
1	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000000	12	19-NOV-19	500
2	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000001	23	19-APR-19	250
3	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000002	12	23-SEP-23	300
4	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000003	3	10-JUN-09	50
5	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000004	2	24-MAY-24	60
6	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000005	8	21-JAN-20	70
7	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000007	12	05-SEP-06	90
8	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000008	8	31-AUG-53	100
9	5bfb0970fc13ae4b54000009	12	27-OCT-17	300

#### Justification:

The table in the output shows the removal of the entry with memberid of '5bfb0970fc13ae4b540000006' as desired.

The foreign key in the MEMBERSHIP table does not have a cascading delete so the entries in the LOGIN and MEMBER\_SEARCH tables must be deleted first. The USERS table is needed to make it possible to delete the entry in the MEMBERSHIP table without knowing the memberid.

#### Stored procedure 10:

##### Description:

Add a book to the library.

##### SQL:

create or replace procedure addbook(bid in varchar2, booktitle in varchar2, bookbody in varchar2, numpages in number, bedition in number default 1) as

```
begin
  insert into Entry(eid, title, body) values(bid, booktitle, bookbody);
  insert into book values(bid, bedition, numpages);
end;
```

##### Output:

```
exec addbook('HH3719', 'The Newest Book', 'This is the content of The Newest Book',
128);
```

	BID	BEDITION	NUMPAGES
1	IX3646	1	900
2	IB2946	2	200
3	LH8542	1	750
4	NJ6977	3	600
5	CE7059	5	200
6	VM7843	8	500
7	HH3719	1	128

Justification:

The table in the output shows the addition of 'HH3719' to the BOOK table.

A new entry in the Entry table must be made before the book can be made since a book is an entry. Both additions are made with the insert statement.