

Predicting Concrete Strength

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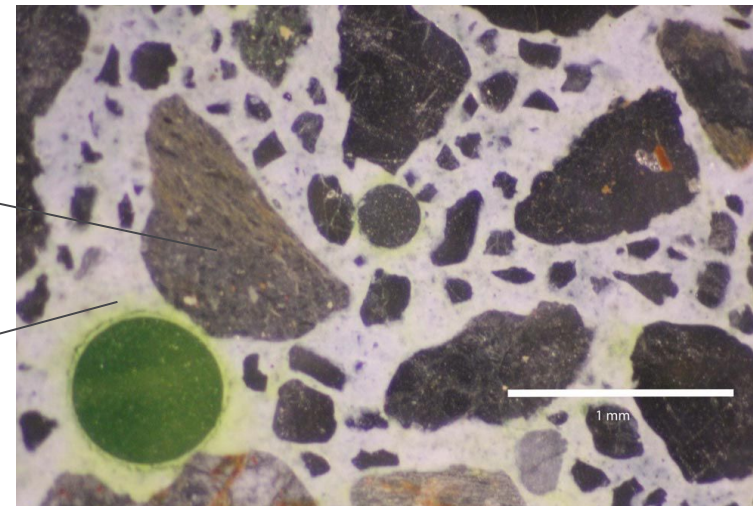
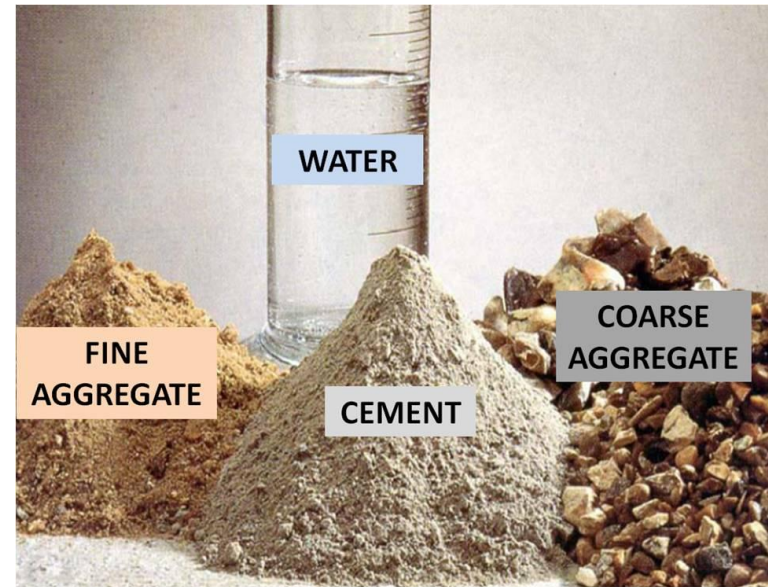
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Overview

What is Concrete?

$$\text{concrete} = \underbrace{(\text{cement} + \text{water})}_{\text{binder}} + \underbrace{\text{aggregate}}_{\text{filler}}$$


Thin section showing concrete microstructure

Research Question

Concrete strength is controlled by the Water-Cement (WC) ratio and curing conditions

$$WC = \text{mass of water} / \text{mass of cement}$$

Low WC ratio → High strength, low workability

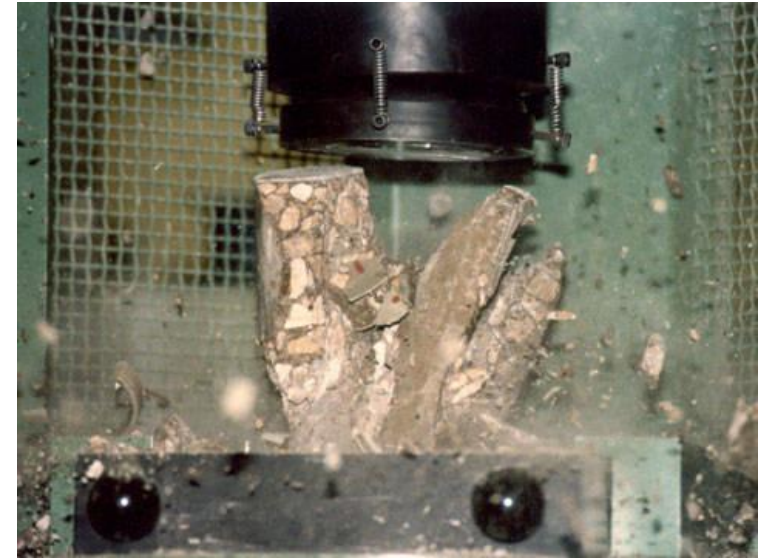
High WC ratio → Low strength, good workability

We need a model for compressive strength of concrete

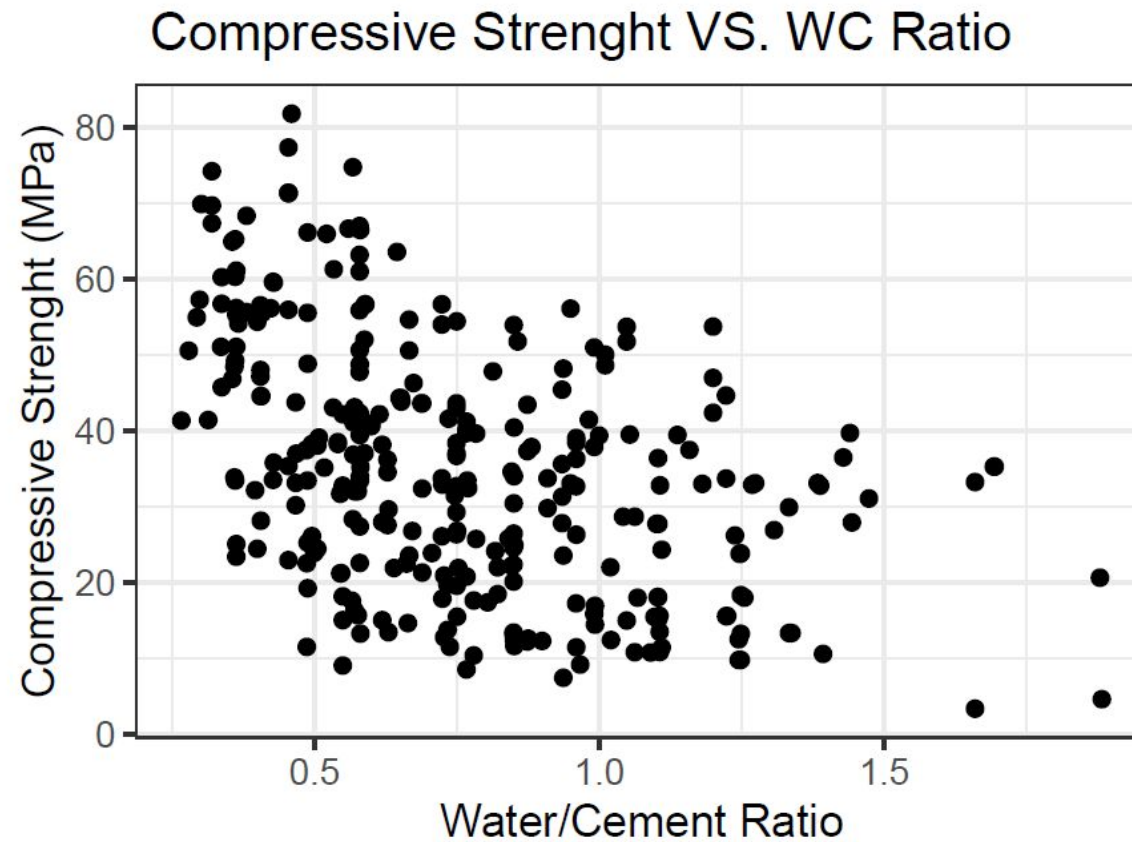


Dataset

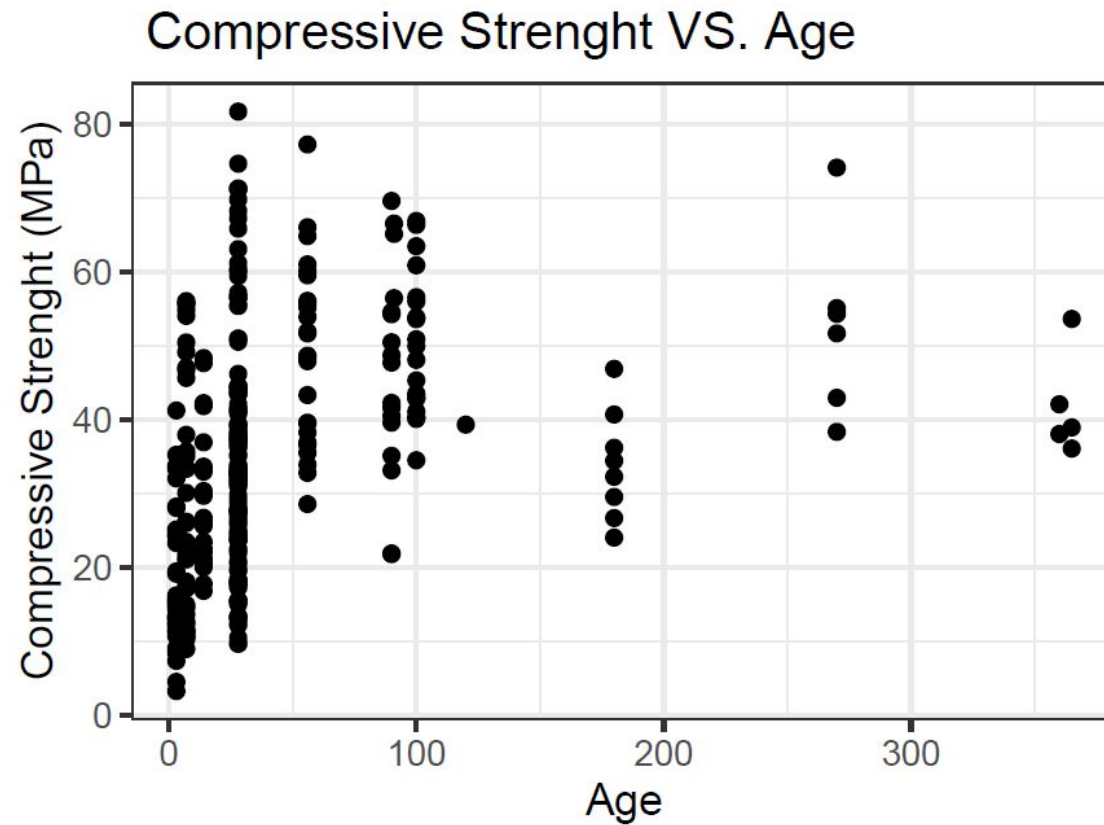
UC Irvine - 1030 observations



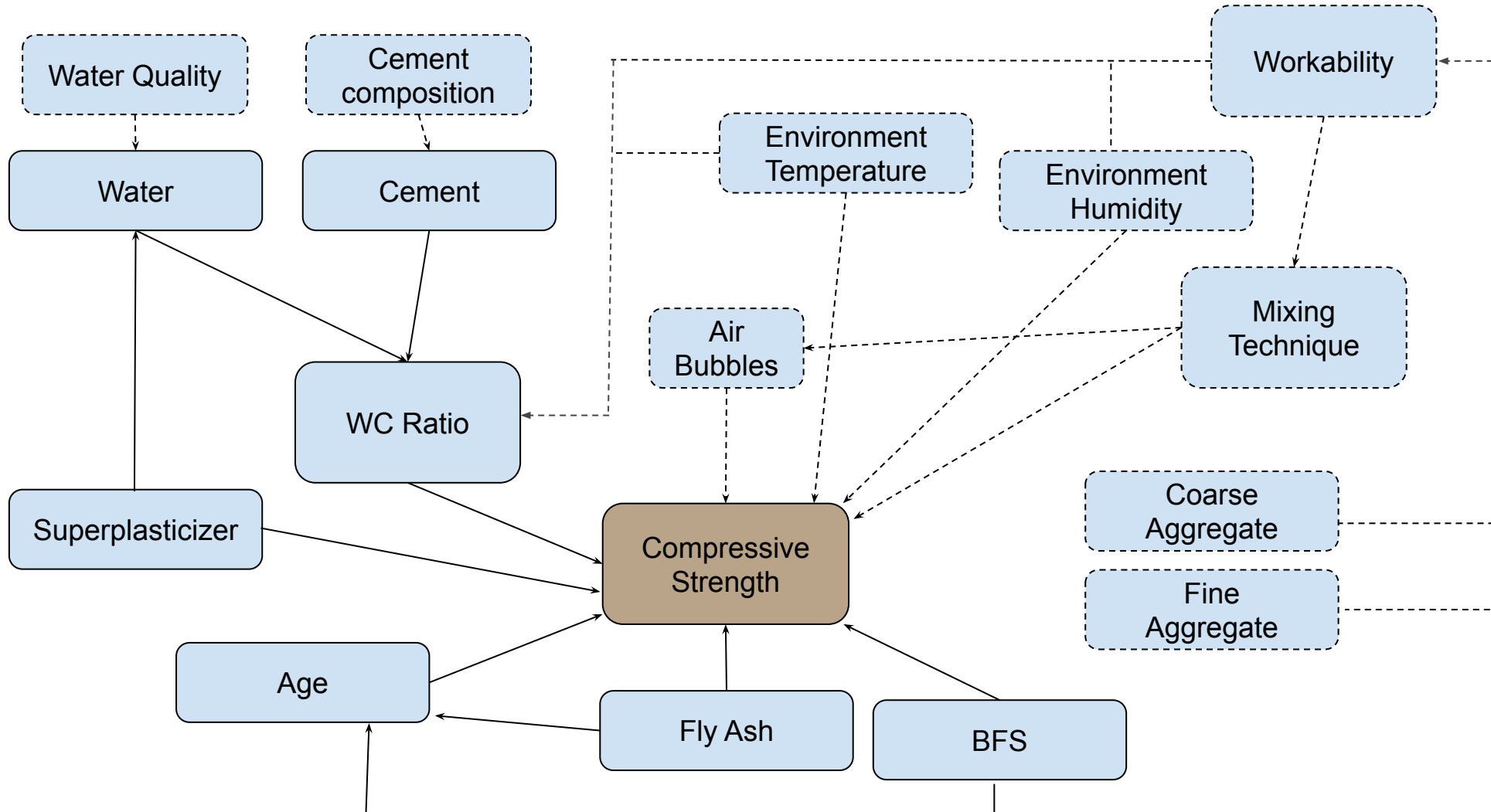
Water Content VS. Workability



Concrete Strengthens as it Dries



Causal Graph



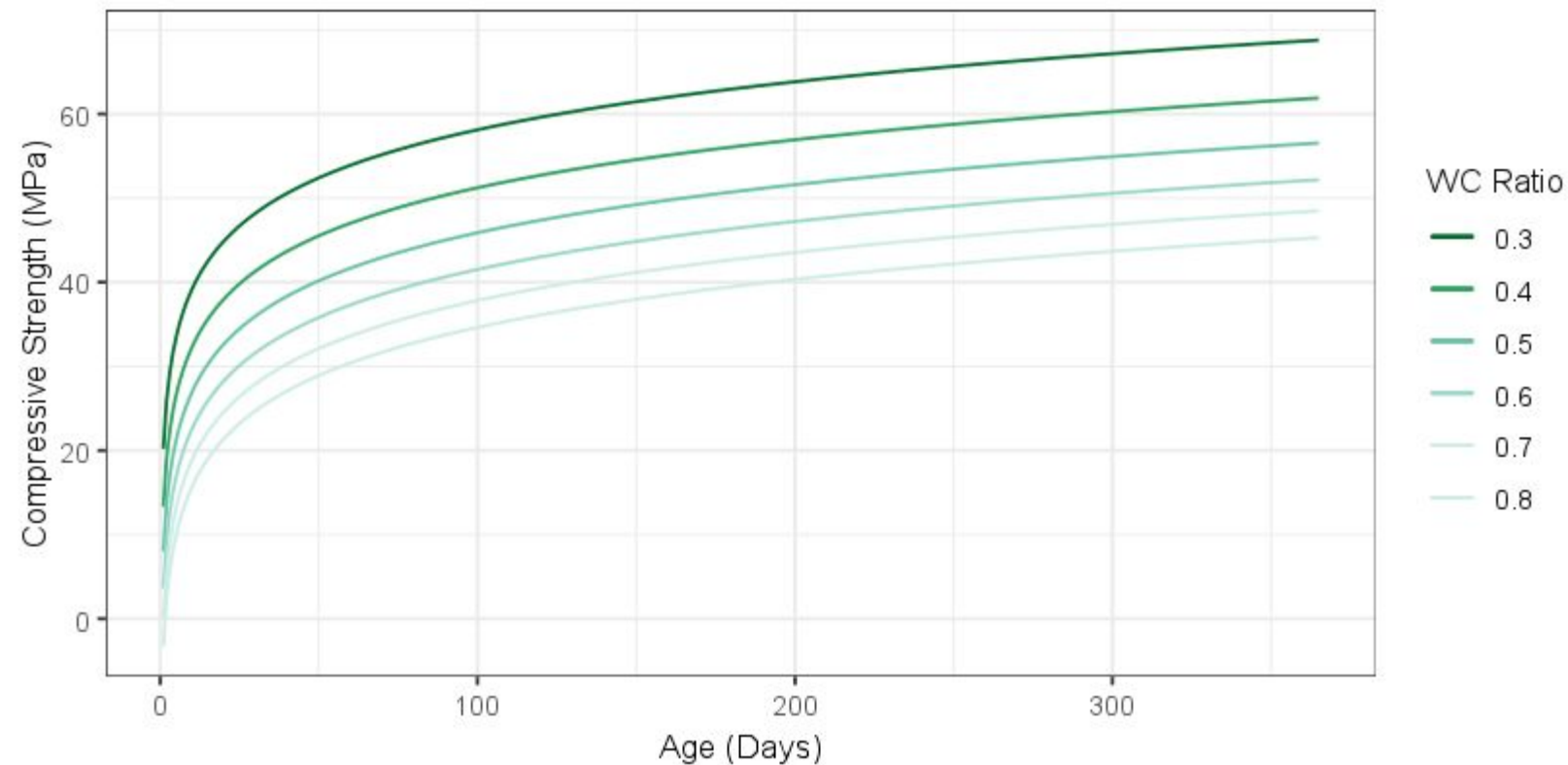
Best Model

- Practical ranges:
 $0.3 < \text{WC ratio} < 0.8$
- Categorical: Slag,
Superplasticizer, Ash

	Compressive Strength
log(WC ratio)	-23.948*** (0.922)
log(age)	8.233*** (0.240)
Slag	8.995*** (0.652)
Superplasticizer	9.267*** (1.135)
Ash	-2.354** (1.130)
Constant	-8.633*** (0.849)
Observations	721
R ²	0.798
Adjusted R ²	0.796
Residual Std. Error	7.596 (df = 715)
F Statistic	563.924*** (df = 5; 715)
<i>Note:</i>	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01

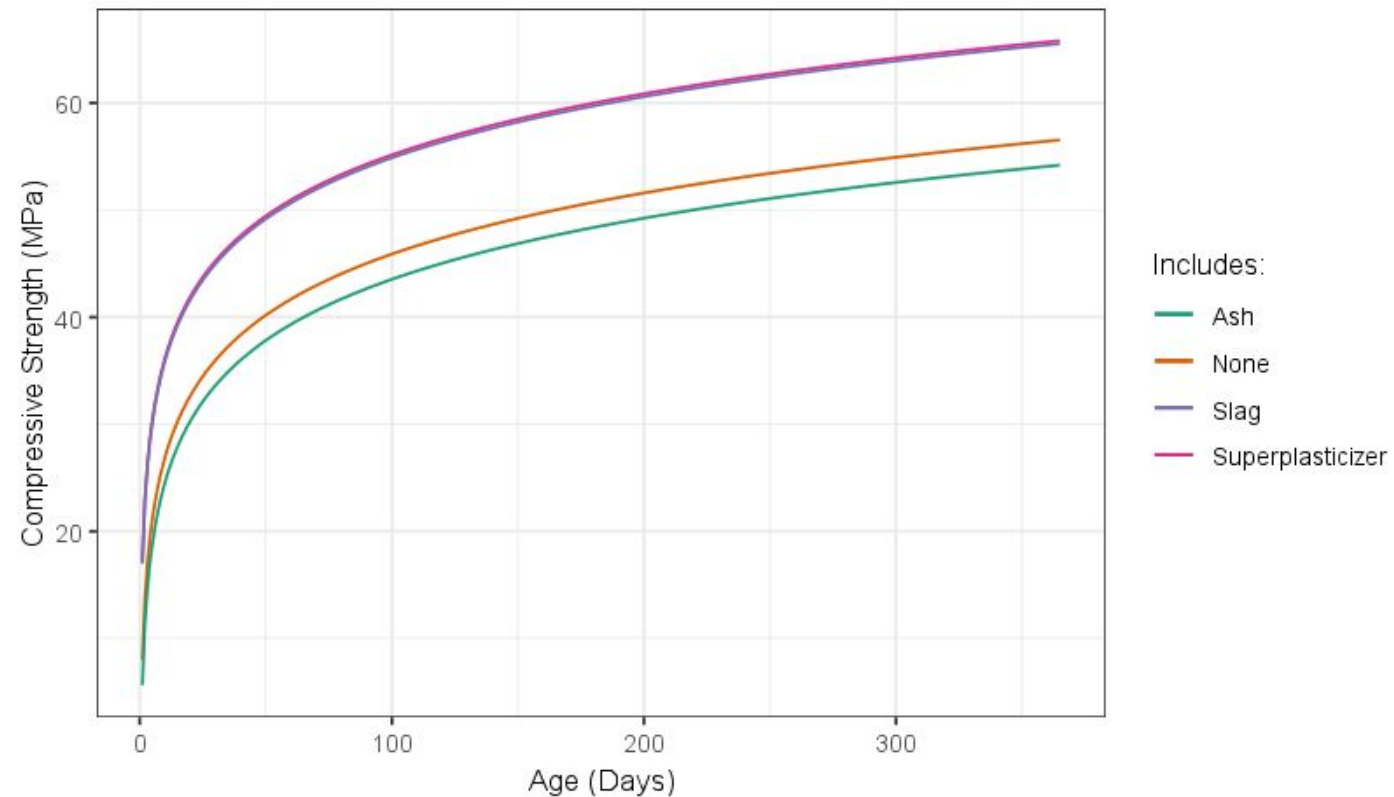
Application of the Model

Given a specific mixture, when can construction continue?



Application of the Model

How do additives affect compressive strength?



Conclusion

- **With our model we can design a concrete recipe to meet customer specifications, avoiding waste of materials.**
- Our model is consistent with the physics of concrete compressive strength within practical limits.
 - The compressive strength is controlled by the quality of the binder and age.
 - The use of admixtures show an impact on the compressive strength of the concrete
- Even though the key parameter controlling the strength of concrete has been known for over 100 years, there is still debate about the mechanisms for it.



Thanks for listening!