

Flipkart



Data Engineering Interview Questions



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Job Details

- **Position:** Senior Data Engineer
- **Experience:** 4+ years
- **Location:** Bangalore
- **Work mode:** Hybrid
- **Compensation:** ₹35+ LPA
- **Total Rounds:** 4
- **Top Required Skills:**
 - SQL
 - Big Data File Formats & Storage
 - Hive & Spark Fundamentals
 - Data Modeling
 - Query optimization

Round 1

Machine Coding / Spark Coding

1. Given 4 nested JSONs (players, teams, matches, scores), flatten them and write Spark code to join them into a single analytics-ready DataFrame.
2. How would you handle deeply nested arrays inside JSON fields? (e.g., players having multiple skills stored in arrays).
3. After joining, queries were asked such as:
 - a. Find the top 5 players by total runs.
 - b. Find the team with the highest win percentage.
 - c. Return the stadium where maximum matches were played.
4. What caching strategy would you apply if these DataFrames are reused multiple times in the job? Explain why `persist(MEMORY_ONLY)` vs `persist(MEMORY_AND_DISK)` vs `broadcast()` matters.
5. If your Spark job runs into OOM (Out of Memory) errors while joining large tables:
 - a. How would you debug the issue?
 - b. Which Spark configs would you tune (`spark.sql.shuffle.partitions`, `executor.memory`, `broadcastTimeout`)?

Round 2

Data Modeling

1. Draw an ER diagram for cricket tournament data.
 - a. Entities: Players, Teams, Matches, Scores, Stadiums.
 - b. Relationships: A player belongs to multiple teams, a team plays multiple matches, each match is in one stadium.
2. Implement 1-to-many and many-to-many relationships:
 - a. How will you design schema to capture a player playing in both IPL and National Team?
 - b. Where would you keep constraints? (junction table / association table).
3. Write SQL queries on top of the model:
 - a. Calculate cumulative runs scored by each player across the tournament.
 - b. List the top 3 bowlers by wickets taken per team.
 - c. Find the stadium that hosted the maximum matches.
 - d. Return the player with the highest batting average.
 - e. Identify teams with more than 2 consecutive wins.
4. Follow-up: If data volume grows to millions of matches and players, how would you partition/federate the schema for performance at scale?

Round 3

Data Pipeline Handling & Spark Utilization

1.Data Pipeline Scenarios

- How do you design an incremental data pipeline when only delta records arrive each day?
- What would you do if late-arriving records are ingested after SLA cut-off?
- How do you ensure idempotency of pipelines when reprocessing the same data multiple times?

2.Kafka & Streaming

- Explain how you would design a pipeline consuming events from Kafka topics (e.g., clickstream or order events).
- How do Kafka partitions, offsets, and consumer groups help scale throughput?
- How do you handle backpressure when consumer is slower than producer?
- How would you ensure exactly-once processing in Spark Structured Streaming with Kafka as source?

3. Spark Concepts

- What is dynamic allocation in Spark? How does it help in resource optimization?
- Explain scenarios where you'd use `cache()` vs `persist()` vs `checkpoint()`.
- Difference between shuffle join, broadcast join, sort-merge join – when do you use each?
- How do you handle data skewness in Spark jobs (salting, repartitioning, etc.)?

4. Project Discussion

- Walkthrough of a past end-to-end project: ingestion, transformations, warehousing.
- What challenges did you face (OOM, skew, schema evolution)?
- How did you optimize Spark pipelines to meet SLAs?

Round 4

Behavioral Interview

1. Past Experience & Role Fitment

- a. Walk me through your career so far.
- b. Which project are you most proud of, and why?
- c. What was the most challenging bug you solved in production?

2. Behavioral (STAR Method)

- a. Tell me about a time when you had a disagreement with your team on architecture. How did you resolve it?
- b. Share a situation where you worked under very tight deadlines. How did you manage stress?
- c. Describe a time when you introduced an optimization or improvement in a pipeline that had a measurable impact.

3. Collaboration & Stakeholder Management

- a. How do you handle conflicts between engineering teams and business stakeholders?
- b. If product demands real-time reporting but infra budget is limited, how would you negotiate trade-offs?

Thank You

Best of luck with your
upcoming interviews
— you've got this!

