



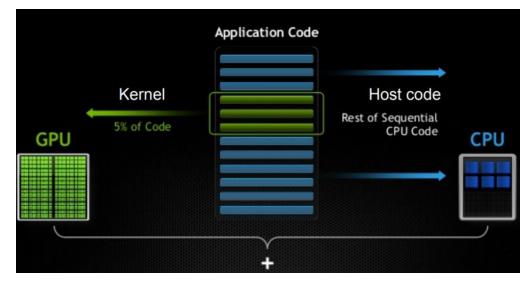
CUDA并行计算基础

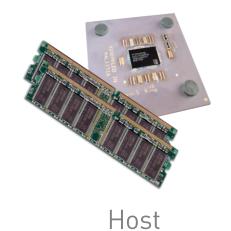
- 异构计算
- CUDA 安装
- CUDA程序的编写
- CUDA程序编译
- 利用NVProf查看程序执行情况

异构计算

术语:

- Host CPU和内存(host memory)
- Device GPU和显存(device memory)



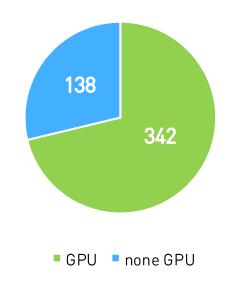




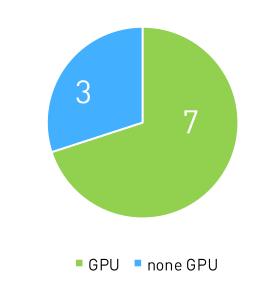
Device

异构计算

高性能计算大会ISCTOP 500



高性能计算大会ISC TOP10



CUDA安装

- 适用设备:
 - 所有包含NVIDIA GPU的服务器,工作站,个人电脑,嵌入式设备等电子设备
- 软件安装:
 - Windows: https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-installation-guide-microsoft-windows/index.html
 只需安装一个.exe的可执行程序
 - Linux: https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-installation-guide-linux/index.html
 按照上面的教程,需要6/7个步骤即可
 - Jetson: https://developer.nvidia.com/embedded/jetpack
 直接利用NVIDIA SDK Manager 或者 SD image进行刷机即可

CUDA安装

■ 软件安装:

■ 查看当前设备中GPU状态:

服务器,工作站,个人电脑: nvidia-smi

Jetson等设备: Jtop

其他工具。

- 查看当前设备参数:
- 在CUDA sample中1_Utilities/deviceQuery文件夹下的deviceQuery程序。以Ubuntu为例,deviceQuery程序在: /usr/local/cuda/samples/1_Utilities/deviceQuery



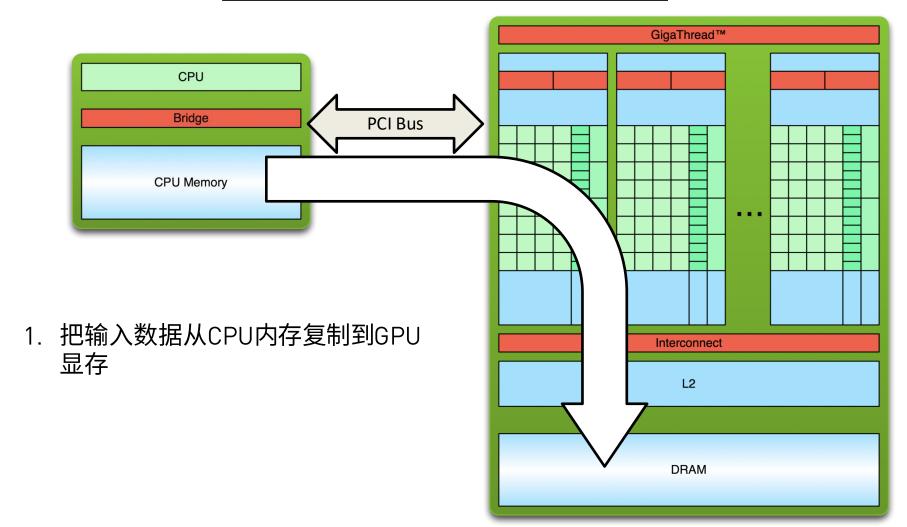
并行代码

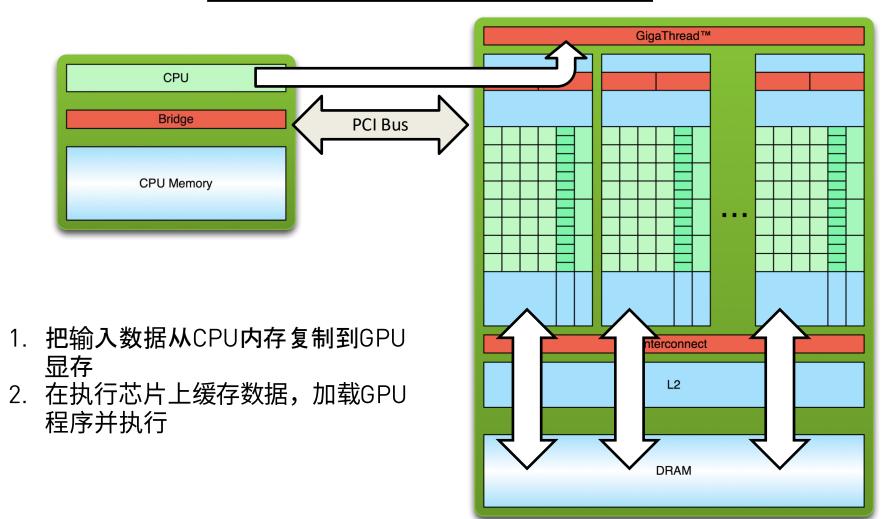
串行代码

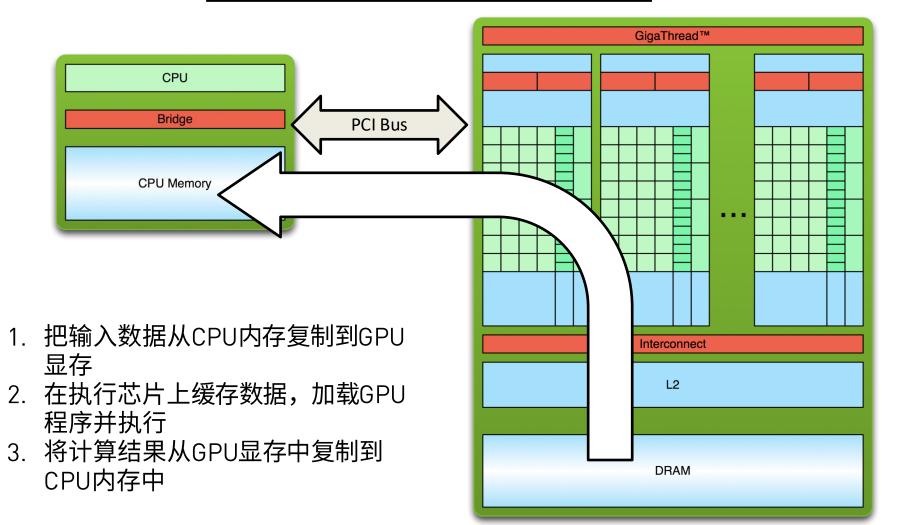
并行代码

串行代码

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std:
#define N 1024
#define RADIUS 3
#define BLOCK SIZE 16
__global__void stencil_1d|nt *in, int *out) {
    __shared__ int temp[BLOCK_SIZE + 2 * RADIUS];
          int gindex= thread ldxx+ block ldxx *block Dim.x;
          int lindex = threadIdxx+ RADIUS;
          // Read input elements into shared memory
          temp[lindex] = in[gindex];
          if [threadIdxx < RADIUS]
                   temp[lindex-RADIUS] = in[gindex-RADIUS];
temp[lindex+ BLOCK_SIZE] = in[gindex+ BLOCK_SIZE];
         // Synchronize [ensure all the data is available]
          __syncthreads];
          // Apply the stencil
          int result = 0.
         for(intoffset = -RADIUS; offset <= RADIUS; offset++)
result += temp(lindex+ offset):
          // Store the result
          out(aindex) = result:
void fill_ints[int *x, int n]{
         fill_n(x, n, 1);
         int fin, fout; // host copies of a, b, c
int fd_in, fd_out; // device copies of a, b, c
int size = [N + 2*RADIUS] *size of [int];
         // Alloc space for host copies and setup values in = Int *Imallodsize I; fill_ints(in, N + 2*RADIUS); out = (int *Imallodsize); fill_ints(out, N + 2*RADIUS);
         // Alloc space for device copies cuda Mallod[void **]&d_in, size]; cuda Mallod[void **]&d_out, size];
          cuda Memcpy(d_in, in, size, cuda MemcpyHostTo Device);
          cuda Memcpyld_out, out, size, cuda MemcpyHostToDevice);
          // Launch stencil_1d() kernelon GPU
          stencil_1d<<<N/BLOCK_SIZE,BLOCK_SIZE>>>bl_in+RADIUS, d_out
          // Copyresult back to host
          cuda Memcpylout, d_out, size, cuda MemcpyDeviceToHost);
          free(in); free(out);
          cudaFree(d_in);cudaFree(d_out);
          return0;
```







CUDA编程模式: Extended C

Declspecs

global, device, shared, local, constant



__global__ void convolve (float *image) {

__shared__ float region[M];

device float filter[N];

关键词

threadIdx, blockIdx

Intrinsics

syncthreads



region[threadIdx] = image[i];

__syncthreads()

...

image[j] = result;

▶ 运行期API

Memory, symbol, execution management



// Allocate GPU memory
void *myimage = cudaMalloc(bytes)

函数调用



// 100 blocks, 10 threads per block convolve<<<100, 10>>> (myimage);

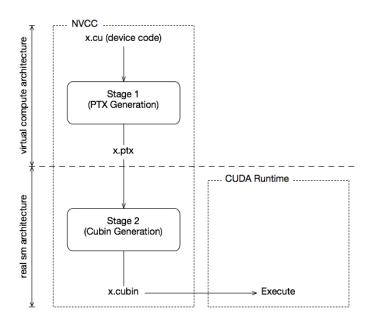
| | 执行 | 调用 |
|---------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| | 位置 | 位置 |
| device float DeviceFunc() | device | device |
| globalvoid KernelFunc() | device | host & device (arch>3.0) |
| host float HostFunc() | host | host |

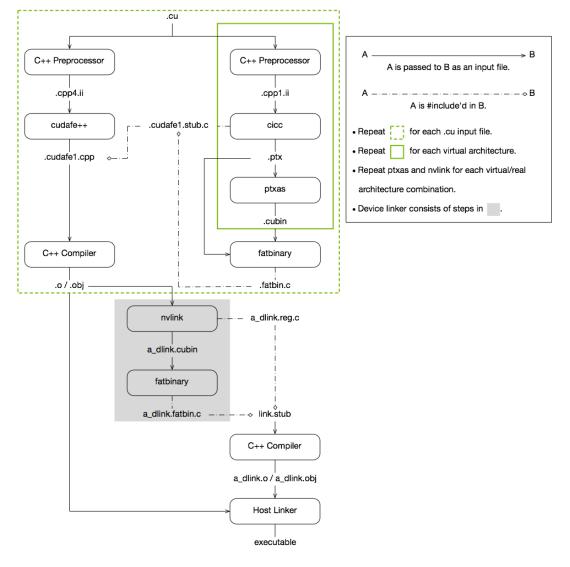
- ▶ __global__ 定义一个 kernel 函数
 - ▶ 入口函数,CPU上调用,GPU上执行
 - ▶ 必须返回void
- ___device__ and __host__ 可以同时使用

```
global void VecAdd(float* A, float* B, float* C)
                                                         核函数(Kernel function)
    int i = threadIdx.x;
   C[i] = A[i] + B[i];
int main()
    . . .
             invocation with
                                          调用核函数(Kernel function)
    VecAdd<<<1, N>>>(A, B, C);
    . . .
         执行设置(execution configuration)
         定义调用了多少个线程
```

离线编译(绿色虚线框内)

即时编译(图片绿色虚线框下方)





https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-compiler-driver-nvcc/index.html



```
nvcc x.cu --gpu-architecture=compute_50 --gpu-code=sm_50,sm_52
```

nvcc x.cu --gpu-architecture=compute_50

nvcc x.cu \

- --generate-code arch=compute_50,code=sm_50\
- --generate-code arch=compute_50,code=sm_52\
- --generate-code arch=compute_53,code=sm_53

nvcc x.cu \

--generate-code

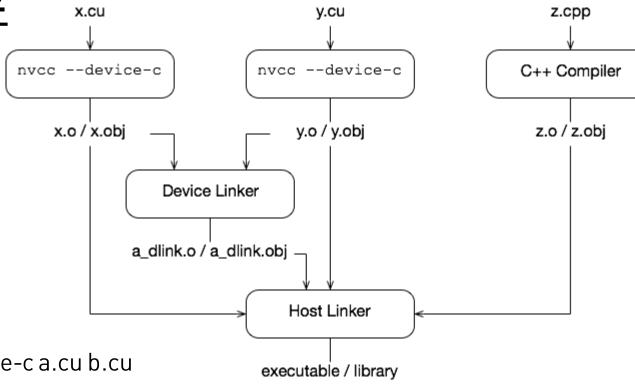
arch=compute_50,code=[sm_50,sm_52]\

--generate-code arch=compute_53,code=sm_53

https://developer.nvidia.com/cuda-gpus#compute

| sm_35 | Basic features | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | + Kepler support | |
| | + Unified memory programming | |
| | + Dynamic parallelism support | |
| sm_50, and sm_53 | + Maxwell support | |
| sm_60, sm_61, and sm_62 | + Pascal support | |
| sm_70 and sm_72 | + Volta support | |
| sm_75 | + Turing support | |
| sm_80 and sm_86 | + Ampere support | |

| compute_35, and compute_37 | Kepler support Unified memory programming Dynamic parallelism support |
|--|---|
| compute_50, compute_52, and compute_53 | + Maxwell support |
| compute_60, compute_61, and compute_62 | + Pascal support |
| compute_70 and compute_72 | + Volta support |
| compute_75 | + Turing support |
| compute_80 and compute_86 | + Ampere support |



nvcc --gpu-architecture=sm_50 --device-c a.cu b.cu

nvcc --gpu-architecture=sm_50 a.o b.o -o a.exe

hello_from_gpu.cuh文件

hello_from_gpu.cu 文件

hello_from_gpu_main.cu 文件

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio.h>

#include "hello_from_gpu.cuh"

__global__ void hello_from_gpu();

__global__ void hello_from_gpu()

{
    printf("Hello World from the GPU!\n");
}
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "hello_from_gpu.cuh"

int main(void)
{
    hello_from_gpu<<<1, 1>>>();
    cudaDeviceSynchronize();
    return 0;
}
```

nvcc --device-c hello_from_gpu.cu -o hello_from_gpu.o nvcc hello_from_gpu.o hello_cuda_main.cu -o hello_from_gpu

Kernel Timeline 输出的是以gpu kernel 为单位的一段时间的运行时间线,我们可以通过它观察GPU在什么时候有闲置或者利用不够充分的行为,更准确地定位优化问题。nvprof是nvidia提供的用于生成gpu timeline的工具,其为cuda toolkit的自带工具。

非常方便的分析工具!

nvprof -o out.nvvp a.exe

可以结合nvvp或者nsight进行可视化分析

https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/profiler-users-guide/index.html#nvprof-overview

nvprof a.exe

0.00%

990ns

990ns

990ns

```
==2189== NVPROF is profiling process 2189, command: ./test.exe
==2189== Warning: Unified Memory Profiling is not supported on the underlying platform. System requirements for unified memory can be found at: htt
p://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/index.html#um-requirements
Hello World from the GPU!
==2189== Profiling application: ./test.exe
==2189== Profiling result:
           Type Time(%)
                             Time
                                      Calls
                                                          Min
                                                                    Max Name
GPU activities: 100.00% 771.18us
                                         1 771.18us 771.18us 771.18us hello from gpu(void)
                 99.71% 348.59ms
                                         1 348.59ms 348.59ms 348.59ms cudaLaunchKernel
     API calls:
                                         1 854.14us 854.14us 854.14us cudaDeviceSynchronize
                   0.24% 854.14us
                   0.03% 119.17us
                                                         625ns 30.835us cuDeviceGetAttribute
                                         97 1.2280us
                                        1 12.709us 12.709us 12.709us cuDeviceTotalMem
                   0.00% 12.709us
                   0.00% 7.6550us
                                         3 2.5510us 1.4580us 3.3850us cuDeviceGetCount
                                         2 1.9530us 1.3550us 2.5520us cuDeviceGet
                   0.00% 3.9070us
                                         1 1.9270us 1.9270us 1.9270us cuDeviceGetName
                   0.00% 1.9270us
```

990ns cuDeviceGetUuid

nvprof --print-gpu-trace a.exe

==2382== NVPROF is profiling process 2382, command: ./vectorAdd.exe

```
==2382== Warning: Unified Memory Profiling is not supported on the underlying platform. System requirements for unified memory can be found at: htt
p://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/index.html#um-requirements
Pass
==2382== Profiling application: ./vectorAdd.exe
==2382== Profiling result:
  Start Duration
                             Grid Size
                                            Block Size
                                                                                         Size Throughput SrcMemType DstMemType
                                                           Regs*
                                                                   SSMem*
                                                                             DSMem*
                                                                                                                                            Device
Context
          Stream Name
7.21002s 2.71933s
                                                                                  - 762.94MB 280.56MB/s
                                                                                                             Pageable
                                                                                                                           Device NVIDIA Tegra X1
         7 [CUDA memcpy HtoD]
10.0718s 3.47225s
                                                                                  - 762.94MB 219.72MB/s
                                                                                                             Pageable
                                                                                                                           Device NVIDIA Tegra X1
         7 [CUDA memcpy HtoD]
13.7002s 145.77ms
                          (781250 1 1)
                                             (128 1 1)
                                                                                                                                  NVIDIA Tegra X1
                                                              10
         7 add(double const *, double const *, double*) [111]
                                                                                  - 762.94MB 253.78MB/s
                                                                                                                         Pageable NVIDIA Tegra X1
13.8460s 3.00630s
                                                                                                               Device
         7 [CUDA memcpy DtoH]
```

Regs: Number of registers used per CUDA thread. This number includes registers used internally by the CUDA driver and/or tools and can be more than what the compiler shows.

SSMem: Static shared memory allocated per CUDA block. DSMem: Dynamic shared memory allocated per CUDA block.

SrcMemType: The type of source memory accessed by memory operation/copy

DstMemType: The type of destination memory accessed by memory operation/copy

nvprof --print-api-trace a.exe

```
==2687== NVPROF is profiling process 2687, command: ./vectorAdd.exe
==2687== Warning: Unified Memory Profiling is not supported on the underlying platform. System
p://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cuda-c-programming-guide/index.html#um-requirements
==2687== Profiling application: ./vectorAdd.exe
==2687== Profiling result:
  Start Duration Name
157.92ms 2.9170us cuDeviceGetCount
157.92ms 1.5100us cuDeviceGetCount
158.00ms 2.1350us cuDeviceGet
158.00ms 1.7710us cuDeviceGetAttribute
158.02ms 1.5620us cuDeviceGetAttribute
158.02ms 1.3020us cuDeviceGetAttribute
158.15ms 2.4480us cuDeviceGetCount
158.16ms 1.2500us cuDeviceGet
158.16ms 2.3960us cuDeviceGetName
158.16ms 9.7920us cuDeviceTotalMem
158.17ms 1.3540us cuDeviceGetAttribute
158.18ms 1.0930us cuDeviceGetAttribute
```

158.35ms 729ns cuDeviceGetAttribute 158.35ms 782ns cuDeviceGetAttribute 158.35ms 729ns cuDeviceGetAttribute 158.36ms 989ns cuDeviceGetUuid 158.38ms 990.63ms cudaMalloc 1.14902s 1.69008s cudaMalloc 2.83920s 2.72178s cudaMalloc 5.56107s 2.04745s cudaMemcpv 7.60853s 3.82079s cudaMemcpv 11.4296s 34.226ms cudaLaunchKernel (add(double const *, double const *, double*) [111]) 11.4639s 3.58150s cudaMemcpy 16.5855s 62.523ms cudaFree 16.6480s 75.109ms cudaFree 16.7231s 63.557ms cudaFree

```
CUdevice attribute attrib,
                             CUIdevice
Returns in *pi the integer value of the attribute attrib on device dev. The supported attributes are:
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX THREADS PER BLOCK: Maximum number of threads per block:
   • CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX_BLOCK_DIM_X: Maximum x-dimension of a block;
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX BLOCK DIM Y: Maximum v-dimension of a block:
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX BLOCK DIM Z: Maximum z-dimension of a block;
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX GRID DIM X: Maximum x-dimension of a grid:
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX GRID DIM Y: Maximum y-dimension of a grid;

    CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_MAX_GRID_DIM_Z: Maximum z-dimension of a grid;

   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX SHARED MEMORY PER BLOCK: Maximum amount of shared memory available to a thread b

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE TOTAL CONSTANT MEMORY: Memory available on device for constant variables in a CUDA CI

   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE WARP SIZE: Warp size in threads;
   · CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_MAX_PITCH: Maximum pitch in bytes allowed by the memory copy functions that involve memory region

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE1D WIDTH: Maximum 1D texture width:

   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE2D WIDTH: Maximum 2D texture width;
   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE2D HEIGHT: Maximum 2D texture height:

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE3D WIDTH: Maximum 3D texture width:

   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE3D HEIGHT: Maximum 3D texture height:
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE3D DEPTH: Maximum 3D texture depth:

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE1D LAYERED WIDTH: Maximum 1D layered texture width:

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE1D LAYERED LAYERS: Maximum layers in a 1D layered texture:

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE2D LAYERED WIDTH: Maximum 2D layered texture width;

   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE2D LAYERED HEIGHT: Maximum 2D layered texture height;
   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAXIMUM TEXTURE2D LAYERED LAYERS: Maximum layers in a 2D layered texture;
   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX REGISTERS PER BLOCK: Maximum number of 32-bit registers available to a thread block; this

    CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_CLOCK_RATE: Peak clock frequency in kilohertz;

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE TEXTURE ALIGNMENT: Alignment requirement: texture base addresses aligned to texture Align bytes

   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE GPU OVERLAP: 1 if the device can concurrently copy memory between host and device while executii
   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MULTIPROCESSOR COUNT: Number of multiprocessors on the device;
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE KERNEL EXEC TIMEOUT: 1 if there is a run time limit for kernels executed on the device, or 0 if not;
   · CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE INTEGRATED: 1 if the device is integrated with the memory subsystem, or 0 if not;
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE CAN MAP HOST MEMORY: 1 if the device can map host memory into the CUDA address space, or (
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE COMPUTE MODE: Compute mode that device is currently in, Available modes are as follows:
        CU COMPUTEMODE DEFAULT: Default mode - Device is not restricted and can have multiple CUDA contexts present at a

    CU COMPUTEMODE EXCLUSIVE: Compute-exclusive mode - Device can have only one CUDA context present on it at a t

    CU_COMPUTEMODE_PROHIBITED: Compute-prohibited mode - Device is prohibited from creating new CUDA contexts.

         · CU COMPUTEMODE EXCLUSIVE PROCESS: Compute-exclusive-process mode - Device can have only one context user

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE CONCURRENT KERNELS: 1 if the device supports executing multiple kernels within the same context.

     should not be relied upon for correctness:
   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE ECC ENABLED: 1 if error correction is enabled on the device, 0 if error correction is disabled or not su

    CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_PCI_BUS_ID: PCI bus identifier of the device;
    CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_PCI_DEVICE_ID: PCI device (also known as slot) identifier of the device;
   . CU_DEVICE_ATTRIBUTE_TCC_DRIVER: 1 if the device is using a TCC driver. TCC is only available on Tesla hardware running W

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MEMORY CLOCK RATE: Peak memory clock frequency in kilohertz:

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE GLOBAL MEMORY BUS WIDTH: Global memory bus width in bits;

   . CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE L2 CACHE SIZE: Size of L2 cache in bytes. 0 if the device doesn't have L2 cache:

    CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE MAX THREADS PER MULTIPROCESSOR: Maximum resident threads per multiprocessor:
```

. CU DEVICE ATTRIBUTE UNIFIED ADDRESSING: 1 if the device shares a unified address space with the host, or 0 if not:

Uresult cuDeviceGetAttribute (int *



更多资源:

https://developer.nvidia-china.com





https://www.nvidia.cn/developer/comm
unity-training/

