

第十次作业参考答案

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1. 设 K 中 $C = \{c_1\}$, $f = \{f_1^2\}$, $R = \{R_1^2\}$, 解释域 Z 是整数集. $\overline{c_1} = 0$, $\overline{f_1^2}$ 是减法, $\overline{R_1^2}$ 是“ $<$ ”. 求 $|p|_Z$, 其中 p 为

1. $\forall x_1 R_1^2(f_1^2(c_1, x_1), c_1)$

答: 令 $q = R_1^2(f_1^2(c_1, x_1), c_1)$, 取 $\psi \in \Phi$ 的 x_1 变通 ψ' 使得 $\psi'(x_1) = -1$, 则 $\psi'(R_1^2(f_1^2(c_1, x_1), c_1)) = 0 + 1 < 0 = 0$, 故 $|q|(\psi') = 0$, 因为 x_1 是任意的, 则 $|p|_Z = 0$.

2. $\forall x_1 \forall x_2 \neg R_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_2), x_1)$

答: 令 $q = \neg R_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_2), x_1)$, 取 $\psi \in \Phi$ 的 x_2 变通 ψ' 使得 $\psi'(x_2) = 1$, 则 $\psi'(R_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_2), x_1)) = \neg(\overline{x_1} - 1 < \overline{x_1}) = 0$, 故 $|q|(\psi') = 0$, 因为 x_2 是任意的, 则 $|p|_Z = 0$.

3. $\forall x_1 \forall x_2 \forall x_3 (R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow R_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_3), f_1^2(x_2, x_3)))$

答: 令 $q = R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow R_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_3), f_1^2(x_2, x_3))$, 任取 $\psi \in \Phi$, 则当 $\psi'(R_1^2(x_1, x_2)) = 1$ 时, $\psi'(R_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_3), f_1^2(x_2, x_3))) = 1$, 故 $|q|(\psi) = 1$; 当 $\psi'(R_1^2(x_1, x_2)) = 0$ 时, $|q|(\psi) = 1$; 因为 ψ 是任意的, 则 $|p|_Z = 1$.

4. $\forall x_1 \exists x_2 R_1^2(x_1, f_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_2), x_2))$

答: 令 $q = R_1^2(x_1, f_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_2), x_2))$, 取 $\psi \in \Phi$ 的 x_2 变通 ψ' 使得 $\psi'(x_2) = -1$, 则 $\psi'(f_1^2(f_1^2(x_1, x_2), x_2)) = \overline{x_1} + 2$, $\psi'(q) = \overline{x_1} < \overline{x_1} + 2$, 故 $|q|(\psi') = 1$, 因为 x_2 是存在约束的, 则 $|p|_Z = 1$.

2. 试证 $|p|_M = 1 \Rightarrow |\exists x p|_M = 1$. 反向是否成立? 说明理由

证明:

$$\begin{aligned} & |p|_M = 1 \\ \Rightarrow & |\neg p|_M = 0 \\ \Rightarrow & |\forall x \neg p|_M = 0 & (\text{课本p90命题2}) \\ \Rightarrow & |\neg \forall x \neg p|_M = 1 \\ \Rightarrow & |\exists x p|_M = 1 \end{aligned}$$

反向不成立, 以书中2.2.1小节例1中的 K 和 N 为例, N 为 K 的解释域, $N = \{0, 1, 2, \dots\}$, $\overline{c_1} = 0$, $\overline{R_1^2}$: 相等(=)

有 $|\exists x_1 R_1^2(x_1, c_1)|_N = 1$, 但是 $|R_1^2(x_1, c_1)|_N$ 没有意义。(取 $\psi(x_1) = 0$ 时, $|R_1^2(x_1, c_1)|(\psi) = 1$, 而取 $\psi(x_1) = 1$ 时, $|R_1^2(x_1, c_1)|(\psi) = 1$,

3. 求与下列公式等价的前束范式, 并给出求解过程:

$$\forall x_1 R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow \forall x_1 \forall x_2 R_2^2(x_1, x_2)$$

答:

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall x_1 R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow \forall x_1 \forall x_2 R_2^2(x_1, x_2) \\ & \forall x_1 R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow \forall x_3 \forall x_4 R_2^2(x_3, x_4) & (\text{约束变元换名}) \\ & \exists x_1 (R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow \forall x_3 \forall x_4 R_2^2(x_3, x_4)) & (\text{课本p77命题2.3}) \\ & \exists x_1 \forall x_3 \forall x_4 (R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow R_2^2(x_3, x_4)) & (\text{课本p77命题2.2, 前束范式}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \forall x_1 R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \rightarrow \forall x_1 \forall x_2 R_2^2(x_1, x_2) \\ & \neg \forall x_1 R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \vee \forall x_1 \forall x_2 R_2^2(x_1, x_2) & (\text{蕴涵等值式}) \\ & \exists x_1 \neg R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \vee \forall x_1 \forall x_2 R_2^2(x_1, x_2) & (\text{量词否定等值式}) \\ & \exists x_1 \neg R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \vee \forall x_3 \forall x_4 R_2^2(x_3, x_4) & (\text{换名}) \\ & \exists x_1 \forall x_3 \forall x_4 (\neg R_1^2(x_1, x_2) \vee R_2^2(x_3, x_4)) & (\text{量词辖域调整}) \end{aligned}$$