

数字电子技术第十次作业

6.5解 对于74的TTL电路，取 $V_{OH} = 3V$, $V_{OL} = 0$, $V_{TH} = 1.3V$, $R_i = 4k\Omega$

易得 $R_i + R_S \gg R$. 则有

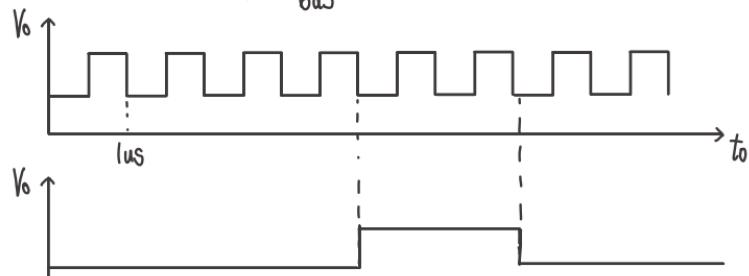
$$T_1 = RC \ln \frac{2V_{OH} - V_{TH}}{V_{OH} - V_{TH}} = 102 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$$

$$T_2 = RC \ln \frac{V_{OH} + V_{TH}}{V_{TH}} = 120 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}$$

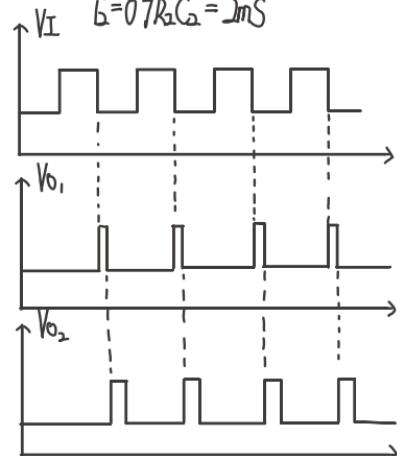
$$f = \frac{1}{T} = \frac{1}{T_1 + T_2} = 0.45 \text{ MHz}$$

6.6解 石英晶体谐振频率为 $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, 74LS90为下降沿计数, 由电路得 $Q_C = Q_B = 1$ 时
电路进行异步清零, 故74LS90芯片构成一个6进制计数器, 波形如下

$$f' = \frac{1}{6 \mu\text{s}} = 167 \times 10^5 \text{ Hz}$$



6.7解 $T_1 = 0.7R_1C_1 = 1 \text{ ms}$
 $T_2 = 0.7R_2C_2 = 2 \text{ ms}$



6.8解 输入、输出波形对应如下

