

# Structured Query Language

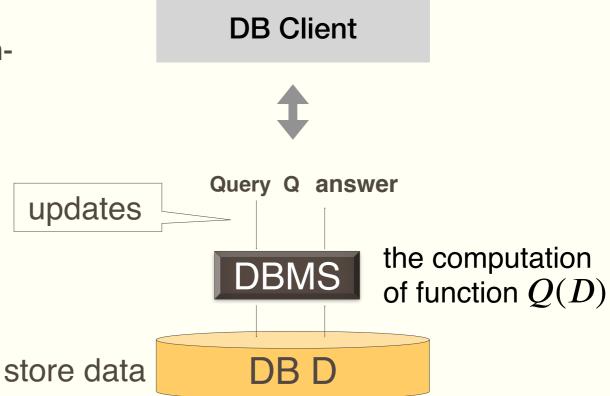
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# Structured Query Language (SQL)

#### SQL

- Simple language for perform "query" on relational database
- Query can contain statements for creating, deleting, updating databases and tables (relations)
- Supported by both relational and nonrelational database servers



### SQL Statement

- SQL Statement Syntax
  - Command <database or table name> <clause> ;
- Types of SQL Statements:
  - Database administration (user management, backup and restore, etc.)
  - Data management (adding, updating, deleting tables and records)
  - Transforming raw data to useful information

- Variation among DBMS Products:
  - Statements and Data Types vary slightly from vendor to vendor

## Data Types

- Integer data:
  - TINYINT, SMALLINT, INTEGER (INT), BIGINT
- Floating-point data:
  - DECIMAL, NUMERIC
  - FLOAT, DOUBLE
- Text data:
  - CHAR, VARCHAR, TEXT
- Binary data:
  - BIT
  - BINARY, VARBINARY, BLOB
- Date and time data:
  - DATE, TIME, DATETIME, TIMESTAMP
- Json data:
  - JSON

### SQL - Database Statements

- Create Database:
  - CREATE DATABASE <database\_name>;
- Switch Database:
  - USE <database\_name>;
- List Databases:
  - SHOW DATABASES;
- Delete Database:
  - DROP DATABASE <database\_name>
- Examples
  - CREATE DATABASE DemoDB;
  - SHOW DATABASES;
  - USE DemoDB;
  - DROP DATABASE DemoDB;

### SQL - Table (Relation) Statements

- Create Table:
  - CREATE TABLE <table\_name> ([<attribute> <data\_type> <attribute\_constraint>]);
- Update/Alter Table:
  - ALTER TABLE <table\_name> <constraint>;
- Drop Table:
  - DROP TABLE <table\_name>;
- Table Schema:
  - DESCRIBE TABLE <table\_name>;
- Table Constraints:
  - SHOW CREATE TABLE <table\_name>;

### SQL - Table (Relation) Statements

#### • Examples:

```
■ CREATE TABLE Job (

JOB_CODE SMALLINT PRIMARY KEY,

JOB_CLASS VARCHAR(30) NOT NULL,

CHG_HOUR DECIMAL(5, 2) NOT NULL

);
```

- DESCRIBE Job;
- DROP TABLE Job;
- SHOW CREATE TABLE job;

### SQL - INSERT Statement

#### Syntax

INSERT INTO <table\_name> ([<attribute\_names>])
 VALUES ([<attribute\_values>]);

#### Examples

■ INSERT INTO JOB VALUES (500, 'Programmer', 35.75);

INSERT INTO JOB (JOB\_CODE, JOB\_CLASS, CHG\_HOUR) VALUES (500, 'Programmer', 35.75);

### SQL - SELECT Statement

#### Syntax

- SELECT <Attributes>
   FROM <Relation>
   WHERE <Condition>;
- Examples
  - SELECT \* FROM PROJECT;
  - SELECT \* FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE JOB\_CODE = 501;
  - SELECT EMP\_LNAME, EMP\_FNAME FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE JOB\_CODE = 501;

### SQL - SELECT Statement (Multiple Conditions)

#### Syntax

SELECT <Attributes>
 FROM <Relation>
 WHERE <Condition 1> AND <Condition 2>;

#### Examples

 SELECT EMP\_LNAME, EMP\_FNAME FROM EMPLOYEE WHERE JOB\_CODE = 501 AND EMP\_HIREDATE > "2000-01-01";

### SQL - UPDATE Statement

#### Syntax

UPDATE <table\_name>SET <assignment>WHERE <condition>;

#### Examples

■ UPDATE JOB SET CHG\_HOUR = 55.00 WHERE JOB\_CODE=500;

### SQL - DELETE Statement

#### Syntax

- DELETE <Attributes>FROM <Relation>WHERE <Condition>;
- Examples
  - DELETE FROM JOB WHERE JOB\_CODE = 500;

### SQL - Reference

- Documents:
  - Refer to SQL statements documentation for the specific DBMS

- MySQL:
  - https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/8.0/en/sql-statements.html

- PostgreSQL:
  - https://www.postgresql.org/docs/9.5/sql.html

MySQL and SQL Demo



# MySQL - Community Server

- Download and Installation:
  - https://dev.mysql.com/downloads/
  - Choose appropriate version and download based on your OS
  - Follow installation step choose appropriate security level
- Setup:
  - update PATH variable eg. /usr/local/mysql/bin
- Verify Install:
  - Start MySQL Server
  - Launch Terminal or Command Prompt
  - Type 'mysql --version'

# MySQL - Community Server

- Connect:
  - mysql -h host -u user -p
  - mysql -u user -p

- Disconnect:
  - quit
  - ctrl-d in Mac / ctrl-z in Windows

# MySQL - Community Server

- Create Users:
  - CREATE USER 'demouser' IDENTIFIED BY 'demopwd';

- List Users:
  - SELECT USER, HOST FROM mysql.user;