

Nikhil Chakravarthy

10/17/2019

EECS 349

HW 2

Q2)

DATA SEGMENT

X DB 25

Y DB 32

Z DW ?

DATA ENDS

CODE SEGMENT

ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA

START:

```
MOV AX,DATA          ; data to ax
MOV DS,AX             ; ax (which is data) to ds
MOV AL,X              ; x to al
MUL AL                ; ax = al*al = x*x
MOV BX,0              ; bx=0
MOV BL,Y              ; bl=y
ADD BL,BL              ; bl = bl+bl = 2y
ADC BH,0               ; bh=bh+0+(CF value)
ADD BL,Y              ; bl = bl+y=3y
ADC BH,0               ; bh = bh+0=0
SUB AX,BX              ; ax = ax-bx = x*x-bx
SHR AX,1              ; shift ax right 1 bit, (ax div by 2)
```

```

MOV Z,AX          ; z = ax, finished,  $z = ax = (x*x - bx)/2$ ,  $bx = ?$ 
MOV AH,4CH
INT 21H           ; sys exit, result is  $z=(x*x - bx)/2$ 
CODE ENDS
END START

```

Q3) Bubble Sort in Assembly

.data

array dd 34, 12, 3, 18

szMsg db "%d",0ah,0

.code

start:

mov ecx,3 ; set ecx to 3

L2:

push ecx ; push ecx to stack (stack has (,3))

xor esi, esi ; zero esi

mov ecx,3 ; set ecx to 3

L0:

mov ebx,array[esi] ; ebx is array at esi

cmp ebx,array[esi 4] ;compare ebx (array at esi), and array at esi 4 shifted (next value)

jb L1 ; go to L1 if ebx (array at esi) < array at esi 4 shifted

xchg ebx,array[esi 4] ; exchange values of ebx and array at esi 4 shifted

mov array[esi],ebx ; moves the current value of ebx (array esi 4) to array esi, making this plus the line above a swap

add esi,4 ; shift esi value 4 (next value in array)

L1:

loop L0 ; jump to L0

pop ecx ; pop stack into ecx

loop L2 ; jump to L2

xor esi,esi ; reset esi

mov ecx,4 ; set ecx to 4

L3:

push ecx ; push ecx to stack

invoke printf,offset szMsg,array[esi] ; print at array esi

add esi,4 ; shift esi

pop ecx ; pop off stack to ecx

loop L3 ; recurse on L3

ret ; return when array fully printed

end start