# InclusiAbility: Phase 2

Group 05

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## **Purposes/Motivation:**

Our project strives to provide a detailed listing of disabilities and the diversity within this community. We also plan to include information about the various resources available for people in need, such as accessible places/events and technologies/services that can assist those with disabilities.

### **Website Architecture**

For the Project, our architecture consists of the Frontend, which was built using React, and Backend, which was built using Flask.

- Frontend (React)
  - Bootstrap:
    - Easy and consistent styling throughout
  - public folder:
    - contains images
    - people folder:
      - images of the team for about page
    - tools folder:
      - images of the tools we used for about page
  - Split src into:
    - components
      - contains the different custom components we used
      - i.e. navbar
    - data
      - contains json files with the website data
    - images
      - contains the images that are directly imported
    - pages
      - contains each page in the site
    - styles
      - contains the css styling for each page
- Backend (Flask)
  - o App
    - Contains the endpoints for model pages to get all the instances
  - Database

- Contains how the database is set up, including all variable names
- Scraping
  - Contains all the different websites we scraped
  - Contains the completed and filled in databases

## **User Stories (Phase 1)**

#### 1. Number of Instances

- a. Customer "I would like to see more instances as right now it seems you are planning to have 20, 30, 30. As a reminder, we need to have 50, 100, 150 instances."
- b. We handled this Customer request by expanding to the state of Texas, rather than limiting ourselves to Austin. This allowed us to get more information for the things to do as well as resources. In regards to disabilities, we are going to scrape more specific disabilities, rather than looking at a higher level.

#### 2. Media

- a. Customer "Looking at the media you want to provide I see you are providing pictures of disabilities. I would like to see a graphical representation of how many people have that disability instead."
- b. We handled this Customer request by implementing some basic graphical representations for now, but we will work on scraping better images in the next phase as we scrape APIs.

#### 3. Resources

- a. Customer "Right now it looks like you guys are leaning toward treatments as resources. Maybe also have help centers, hospitals, and organizations that provide support to disabled people as well."
- b. We handled this Customer request by expanding our reach for treatments, which also helped us get more instances for resources. We will scrape these other data points as we begin web scraping.

### 4. What the website will display

- a. Customer "You say you will provide an "overview of what disabilities are" in the project description but I would rather like to see detailed descriptions on different types of disabilities, like how it hinders the people affected and their struggles."
- b. We handled this Customer request by making our descriptions more specific for each instance, handling the specific request given above. For

our future instances, we will be sure to scrape specific information like those given above by our customer.

### 5. Sortable Topics

- a. Customer "Have more ways to sort and filter your attributes. So like for resources, maybe a distance attribute so people can see the resources closest to them."
- b. We handled this Customer request. We have manually sorted the instances, but as sorting features are not required to be implemented yet, we do not have the drop down yet. However, manually they are sorted. In future phases, we will have the sort and filter options, in which we will include other attributes like the distance example given.

## **User Stories (Phase 2)**

- 1. Add a video to the splash page
  - a. We handled this customer request by adding a link on the splash page directing to a general video about disabilities.
- 2. Get rid of the gray bar at the bottom of the cards
  - a. We handled this customer request by getting rid of the gray bar at the bottom of the cards. This was a simple CSS change that took the gray bar away.
- 3. Have a planner
  - a. Customer: "Lets users pick locations and it will output the distances from the events"
  - b. This is a great idea that we had planned to implement in Phase 3 of the project. Right now, we do not have sorting and searching implementations, so being able to complete this user story would be beyond the scope of this phase. We have contacted our developer group and have moved this implementation into phase 3 once we work on sorting and are able to ask our mentor for more help and guidance into this.
- 4. Need 5th attribute to sort by
  - a. Customer: "Needed for disabilities and resources models"
  - b. We handled this customer request by adding a 5th attribute to sort by for both the disabilities and resources models.
- 5. Types of events/locations
  - a. Customer: "Add volunteer events that are held on a schedule (like weekly or monthly) for disabled people to go to."
  - b. We handled this customer request by incorporating a wide variety of events, which also include regular volunteer events that occur.

#### **RESTful API Documentation**

Our RESTful API documentation can be found <a href="https://example.com/here">here</a>. The API will have endpoints to get ALL instances of disabilities, things to do, and resources stored in the database. Additionally, our API will have endpoints to get specific instances of disabilities, things to do, and resources based on various parameters.

For GET requests, we have not implemented authentication as there is no sensitive information stored in our database. However, for any PUT, POST, DEL requests, we will require higher privileges and keep them internal to the team of developers.

Here are the endpoints we created:

GET disability/all: Returns a list of all disabilities stored in the database.

GET locations/all: Returns a list of all things to do stored in the database.

GET resources/all: Returns a list of all resources stored in the database.

GET disability/<id>: Returns a specific instance of a disability, identified by its id number.

GET locations/<id>: Returns a specific instance of a thing to do, identified by its id number.

GET resources/<id>: Returns a specific instance of a resource, identified by its id number.

### **Data Sources**

RestfulAPI (YouTube): <a href="https://developers.google.com/youtube/v3">https://developers.google.com/youtube/v3</a>

Google Search: <a href="https://developers.google.com/custom-search/v1/overview">https://developers.google.com/custom-search/v1/overview</a>

Gemini: https://ai.google.dev/

Info on Disabilities: https://askjan.org/a-to-z.cfm

Info on Things to Do / Locations:

https://directory.dmagazine.com/search/?sections=Attractions&features=Pet+Friendly

Info on Resources: <a href="https://udservices.org/adaptive-devices-people-disabilities/">https://udservices.org/adaptive-devices-people-disabilities/</a>

#### **Models**

Our project is utilizing three models: disabilities, things to do, and resources. Each model has at least 5 attributes associated with it. The disabilities model will contain the name of the disability, the category of the disability, causes, population statistics, and a list of famous people with such disability. The things to do model will contain the name of the place, its address, its zip code, disabilities it is accessible for, rating from google,

In order to get the data for these attributes, we will scrape information from a series of API's. These scripts will upload data to our database after processing them. Then, we can access the information from our database and use it to regularly update our instances on our webpage.

### **Tools**

We are utilizing the following tools in our project so far:

### AWS Amplify

- Allowed us to easily build, ship, and host our full-stack website GitLab
  - Allowed us to store files related to full-stack website in a repository, and allowed us to plan out out project using the issue tracker and milestones

#### React

- Allowed us to build an interactive UI for our website dynamically
- Bootstrap
  - Provided us with a framework and design templates for our website's UI

#### Zoom

Allowed us to meet remotely to work on different aspects of the project

#### VS Code

Used as our IDE for support with coding, debugging, and Git

#### Postman

Allowed us to plan and document our API

#### Flask

- Micro web framework for Python that allows building web applications SQLAlchemy
  - Object-Relational Mapping library for Python that facilitates interaction with SQL databases

#### NameCheap

 NameCheap is a domain registrar and web hosting company that allowed us to get our domain name.

### AWS EC2

• A web service that provides resizable compute capacity in the cloud.

#### Selenium

• Used for automated testing of web applications, which allowed us to simulate user interactions and perform functional testing across various browsers.

## Hosting

We are hosting the website at <a href="https://www.inclusiability.me/">https://www.inclusiability.me/</a> via AWS Amplify. AWS does the majority of the cloud hosting for this project. This includes things such as IAM Identity Center, Route 53, and Amplify. The IAM Identity Center is used to maintain user accounts to manage the AWS Account. Our domain was registered through Route 53. Amplify connects our GitLab source repo to run the web application.

## **Challenges (Phase 1)**

- The first challenge we faced was general communication. Figuring out a time and place to meet and work for all 5 of the team members proved to be harder than expected. This made it harder to find time to meet up with my group and get things started efficiently. However, we figured out times nonetheless and met up virtually when needed so we could all work together.
- Another challenge we faced was having to learn React for the front end. Most of us had little to no experience with React, so we had to spend extra time really learning how it works.
- A third challenge we faced was with using the Postman interface. Designing the
  interface meant we needed to very carefully plan every possible parameter and
  return value we would be getting in the future. It was also hard to figure out how
  to publish the documentation to be able to view it in a documenter.getpostman.
  However, with researching through help articles on Postman, we were able to
  figure it out.
- A final challenge we faced was with the entire set up process, but more specifically with Amplify and getting the Namecheap linked to it properly.
   However, two team members worked closely through it, and after researching how to connect, were able to figure it out.

## **Challenges (Phase 2)**

- The first challenge we faced was the whole setting up of our backend with Flask. None of us had used Flask before, so we had to self-learn a lot and debug continuously to figure out how to set all the connections to the database up.
- Another challenge we faced was general web scraping. Each website had a very different structure for how to scrape, so writing the code for each website was very personalized and took a lot of time. Even after we would scrape the websites, a lot of information would still be missing, causing us problems.
- Finally, connecting our backend to the frontend, in terms of hosting, was a real struggle. We strictly followed the tutorial; however, we still ran into many bugs throughout the way, which caused us to struggle through the process. After we got it connected though, it was a lot smoother.