Table 11.2 Comparison of Disk Scheduling Algorithms

(a) FIFO (starting at track 100)		(b) SSTF (starting at track 100)		(c) SCAN (starting at track 100, in the direction of increasing track number)		(d) C-SCAN (starting at track 100, in the direction of increasing track number)	
Next track accessed	**Number of tracks traversed**	**Next track accessed**	**Number of tracks traversed**	**Next track accessed**	**Number of tracks traversed**	**Next track accessed**	**Number of tracks traversed**
55	45	90	10	150	50	150	50
58	3	58	32	160	10	160	10
39	19	55	3	184	24	184	24
18	21	39	16	90	94	18	166
90	72	38	1	58	32	38	20
160	70	18	20	55	3	39	1
150	10	150	132	39	16	55	16
38	112	160	10	38	1	58	3
184	146	184	24	18	20	90	32
Average seek length	55.3	**Average seek length**	27.5	**Average seek length**	27.8	**Average seek length**	35.8

Table 11.4 RAID Levels

Category	Level	Description	Disks required	Data availability	Large I/O data transfer capacity	Small I/O request rate
Striping	0	Nonredundant	N	Lower than single disk	Very high	Very high for both read and write
Mirroring	1	Mirrored	$2N$, $3N$, etc.	Higher than RAID 2, 3, 4, or 5; lower than RAID 6	Higher than single disk for read; similar to single disk for write	Up to twice that of a single disk for read; similar to single disk for write
Parallel access	2	Redundant via Hamming code	$N + m$	Much higher than single disk; higher than RAID 3, 4, or 5	Highest of all listed alternatives	Approximately twice that of a single disk
	3	Bit-interleaved parity	$N + 1$	Much higher than single disk; comparable to RAID 2, 4, or 5	Highest of all listed alternatives	Approximately twice that of a single disk
Independent access	4	Block-interleaved parity	$N + 1$	Much higher than single disk; comparable to RAID 2, 3, or 5	Similar to RAID 0 for read; significantly lower than single disk for write	Similar to RAID 0 for read; significantly lower than single disk for write
	5	Block-interleaved distributed parity	$N + 1$	Much higher than single disk; comparable to RAID 2, 3, or 4	Similar to RAID 0 for read; lower than single disk for write	Similar to RAID 0 for read; generally lower than single disk for write
	6	Block-interleaved dual distributed parity	$N + 2$	Highest of all listed alternatives	Similar to RAID 0 for read; lower than RAID 5 for write	Similar to RAID 0 for read; significantly lower than RAID 5 for write

Table 11.7 Typical Hard Disk Drive Parameters

Characteristics	Seagate Barracuda 180	Seagate Cheetah X15-36LP	Seagate Barracuda 36ES	Toshiba HDD1242	Hitachi Microdrive
Application	High-capacity server	High-performance server	Entry-level desktop	Portable	Handheld devices
Capacity	181.6 GB	36.7 GB	18.4 GB	5 GB	4 GB
Minimum track-to-track seek time	0.8 ms	0.3 ms	1.0 ms	—	1.0 ms
Average seek time	7.4 ms	3.6 ms	9.5 ms	15 ms	12 ms
Spindle speed	7200 rpm	15K rpm	7200	4200 rpm	3600 rpm
Average rotational delay	4.17 ms	2 ms	4.17 ms	7.14 ms	8.33 ms
Maximum transfer rate	160 MB/s	522 to 709 MB/s	25 MB/s	66 MB/s	7.2 MB/s
Bytes per sector	512	512	512	512	512
Sectors per track	793	485	600	63	—
Tracks per cylinder (number of platter surfaces)	24	8	2	2	2
Cylinders (number of tracks on one side of platter)	24,247	18,479	29,851	10,350	—