

# mu0 user manual

<b>Title</b>	mu0 (HDL models and programming tools for the educational MU0 processor)
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<b>v0.0.0</b>	2014-11-14 Initial release.

## 1. Introduction

The `mu0` is an educational computer taught at the University of Manchester ([CS1011\\_MU0](#) and [\[Furber\]](#)). It is based on the [SSEM](#) computer which was one of the first computers every built - at the University (and is considered, along with the Harvard Mark 1 to be the first real computer).

The MU0 is used to illustrate basic programming concepts, and encourages thorough design due to the fact it only has 8 useful instructions (including a halting/stop instruction), albeit there is available opcode space for an additional eight instructions.

The processor can directly address 4096 words, each 16 bits long. Each word is capable of storing one fixed length command, which consists of 4 bits of opcode and 12 bits of operand, in all cases except the STOP command which takes no operand.

The only internal register is known as the accumulator (ACC) and this is where all processing must take place. It is 16 bits long, and is where both inputs to calculations and results must be stored. In total, an MU0 processor has three registers:

- ACC: the accumulator
- PC: the program counter
- IR: the instruction register.

The following table illustrates the instruction set of the MU0.

Opcode	Instruction	Effect	Syntax variant (tools)
0000	LDA S	ACC = mem[S]	ACC<= [S]
0001	STO S	mem[S] = ACC	ACC>= [S]

0010	ADD S	ACC += mem[S]	ACC+ [S]
0011	SUB S	ACC -= mem[S]	ACC- [S]
0100	JMP S	pc = S	PC<= S
0101	JGE S	if ACC>=0 pc = S	IF+VE PC<= S
0110	STO S	if ACC!=0 pc = S	IF!=0 PC<= S
0111	STP	stop	STP

This distribution provides the following:

- Behavioral VHDL and Verilog HDL models for the `mu0`.
- Compiler (assembler) and simulator/debugger for the `mu0` based on the original work of user `benjy`: <http://everything2.com/title/MU0>
- Scripts for running VHDL simulations with GHDL or Modelsim.
- Scripts for running Verilog HDL simulations with Icarus Verilog or Modelsim.

Future releases will contain adapted synthesizable models, synthesis scripts for Xilinx ISE/Vivado and [YOSYS](#) and more.

The original documentation as written by `benjy` can be found in the `/doc` subdirectory in plain text, HTML and PDF formats.

## 2. File listing

The `mu0` distribution includes the following files:

<code>/mu0</code>	Top-level directory
<code>AUTHORS</code>	List of authors.
<code>LICENSE</code>	The license agreement for using <code>mu0</code> .
<code>README.rst</code>	This file.
<code>README.html</code>	HTML version of README.
<code>README.pdf</code>	PDF version of README.
<code>VERSION</code>	Current version of the <code>mu0</code> project.
<code>rst2docs.sh</code>	Bash script for generating the HTML and PDF versions.
<code>/bench/verilog</code>	Verilog HDL testbench directory
<code>mu0_tb.v</code>	Testbench for exercising the Verilog HDL model.
<code>/bench/vhdl</code>	VHDL testbench directory
<code>mu0_tb.vhd</code>	Testbench for exercising the VHDL model.
<code>/doc</code>	Documentation directory
<code>mu0-compiler-sim.rst</code>	Detailed documentation on the MU0 assembler and simulator (authored by user <code>benjy</code> ).
<code>mu0-compiler-sim.html</code>	HTML version of the above.
<code>mu0-compiler-sim.pdf</code>	PDF version of the above.
<code>rst2docs.sh</code>	Bash script for generating the HTML and PDF versions.

/rtl/verilog	RTL Verilog source code directory for mu0
mu0_behav.v	Behavioral Verilog HDL model.
/rtl/vhdl	RTL VHDL source code directory for mu0
mu0_behav.vhd	Behavioral VHDL model.
/sim/rtl_sim	RTL simulation files directory
/sim/rtl_sim/bin	RTL simulation scripts directory
mu0_behav.mk	Unix/Cygwin makefile for running a GHDL simulation.
mu0_behav_verilog.do	Modelsim do macro for running a Verilog simulation.
mu0_behav_vhdl.do	Modelsim do macro for running a VHDL simulation.
/sim/rtl_sim/out	Dumps and other useful output from RTL simulation
mu0_behavioral.vcd	VCD (Value Change Dump) file from the last simulation run.
/sim/rtl_sim/run	Files for running RTL simulations
ghdl.sh	Bash shell script for running a GHDL simulation.
iverilog.sh	Bash shell script for running an Icarus Verilog simulation.
load-program.sh	Bash shell script for loading a new program to the HDL processor model (either Verilog HDL or VHDL).
mti-verilog.sh	Bash shell script for running a Modelsim simulation of the Verilog HDL model.
mti-vhdl.sh	Bash shell script for running a Modelsim simulation of the VHDL model.
multiply.lst	Hexadecimal listing/program generated from multiply.mu0 using the mu0 compiler.
multiply.mu0	Multiplication test program.
odd_even.lst	Hexadecimal listing/program generated from odd_even.mu0 using the mu0 compiler.
odd_even.mu0	Test program for finding even numbers in a list.
prog.lst	The listing/program file currently visible to the processor models.
test1.lst	Sample test listing/program.
test2.lst	Another sample test listing/program.
/sim/rtl_sim/run	Verilog HDL sources for running RTL simulations
/sim/rtl_sim/vhdl	VHDL source files used for running RTL simulations
std_logic_textio.vhd	Modified version of a testbench-related package.
/sw	Software utilities
Makefile	GNU Makefile for building the compiler and debugger.
compile_mu0.c	The MU0 compiler (assembler) developed by benjy.
execute_mu0.c	The MU0 debugger developed by benjy.

### 3. Usage

#### Build the MU0 compiler and debugger

Here we assume that the /mu0 distribution directory is a subdirectory of the working directory.

```
$ cd mu0
$ cd sw
$ make clean ; make ; make tidy
```

Now the compiler (compile\_mu0.exe) and debugger/simulator (execute\_mu0.exe) have been generated.

#### Compile an MU0 application

```
$ cd ../sim/rtl_sim/run
$ ../../../../sw/compile_mu0.exe
```

A command-prompt appears which looks like this:

```
COMPILE_MU0 - companion program to EXECUTE_MU0
(C) 1994 Benjy
```

```
Please enter source filename >
```

The user can enter the file name of an existing \*.mu0 assembly program such as multiply.mu0:

```
Please enter source filename > multiply.mu0
```

In the subsequent prompt, the user should enter the preferred filename for the listing (hexadecimal file) to be produced:

```
Please enter destination filename > multiply.lst
```

By hitting enter again, two-pass assembly will take place and the produced listing will be available for loading to the processor model(s).

#### Load the program

```
$ ./load-program multiply.lst
```

The above command copies the produced listing, multiply.lst to prog.lst which is the name of the listing that both the Verilog HDL and VHDL models expect to read and load to the processor's memory.

#### Run Verilog HDL simulation using Icarus Verilog

To run a Verilog HDL simulation using Icarus Verilog, the following script can be used. As with all simulation scripts, the user will have to edit it in order to provide the correct path to the tools (Icarus Verilog, GHDL, Modelsim) for his/her setup.

```
$ ./iverilog.sh
```

## Run Verilog HDL simulation using Modelsim

```
$ ./mti-verilog.sh
```

## Run VHDL simulation using GHDL

```
$ ./ghdl.sh
```

## Run VHDL simulation using Modelsim

```
$ ./mti-vhdl.sh
```

## Visualize simulation waveforms

For both VHDL and Verilog HDL simulations, waveform data are produced in the VCD format. VCD waveforms can be easily viewed using GTKwave.

```
$ gtkwave ../out/mu0_behavioral.vcd
```

## 4. Prerequisites

- Standard UNIX-based tools (tested with gcc-4.8.1 on MinGW/x86) [optional if you use Modelsim].
  - make
  - bash (shell)

For this reason, MinGW (<http://www.mingw.org>) or Cygwin (<http://sources.redhat.com/cygwin>) are suggested, since POSIX emulation environments of sufficient completeness.

- Icarus Verilog simulator (<http://iverilog.icarus.com/>). The Windows version can be downloaded from: <http://bleyer.org/icarus/>
- GHDL simulator (<http://ghdl.free.fr>) [optional if you use Modelsim]. Provides the `ghdl` executable (has several Windows versions, with 0.29.1 and 0.31 being the latest). It also installs GTKwave on Windows. Note that the latest version (0.31) from <http://sourceforge.net/project/ghdl-updates/> does not include GTKwave.
- Alternatively, a commercial simulator like Mentor Modelsim (<http://www.model.com>) can be used.

## 5. Contact

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## **References**

[Furber] Steven Furber, ARM System-on-chip Architecture, 2nd edition, Pearson Education Limited, 2000.