# CS114 (Spring 2016) Homework 4 Statistical Parser: CKY Algorithm\*

Due April 12, 2015

### Introduction

The starter code consists of several Python files, some of which you will need to read and understand in order to complete the assignment, and some of which you can ignore. All code is available from the github repo.

Files you will edit:

• parser.py The place where you'll put your code

Files you might want to look at:

- grammar.py The place where we put the grammar
- tree.py The tree data structure we'll use. (same as nltk tree)
- util.py A handful of useful utility functions.

Your code will be autograded for technical correctness. Please do not change the names of any provided functions or classes within the code, or you will wreak havoc on the grading script.

# 1 Probabilistic CKY algorithm

For this problem, you will be running the CKY algorithm by hand in 1.1 and implementing it in 1.2. If you think you already understand CKY, do 1.2 first and then use your code to do 1.1. If you are still shaky, do 1.1 first and 1.2 should be quite straightforward.

<sup>\*</sup>This assignment is adapted from Hal Daume's

#### 1.1 By hand

You are given a small grammar. Your task is to write down all of the possible subtrees for "time flies like an arrow." The CKY algorithm will help you do this efficiently, and it is really not painful to do by hand. The grammar can be obtained from the starter code.

```
>>> from grammar import timeFliesPCFG
>>> print str(timeFliesPCFG)
Noun \Rightarrow flies | 0.4
Noun => arrow | 0.4
Noun \Rightarrow time | 0.2
TOP => S | 1.0
Det => an | 1.0
VP => Verb PP | 0.2
VP => Verb NP_PP | 0.1
VP => Verb NP | 0.6
VP => Verb | 0.1
S \Rightarrow VP \mid 0.2
S \Rightarrow VP PP \mid 0.1
S \Rightarrow NP VP_{PP} \mid 0.2
S \Rightarrow NP VP \mid 0.5
VP_PP => VP PP | 1.0
NP_PP \Rightarrow NP_PP \mid 1.0
Prep => like | 1.0
PP => Prep NP | 1.0
Verb \Rightarrow flies | 0.5
Verb \Rightarrow time | 0.3
Verb => like | 0.2
NP \Rightarrow Noun \mid 0.3
NP => Det Noun | 0.7
```

- 1. (Base case) Write down all of the possible subtrees and their probability that span over just one word. Don't forget the unary rules. In CKY terms, write down the subtrees and their probabilities in the cell (0,1), (1,2), (2,3), (3,4), and (4,5).
- 2. (Recursive case) Write down all of the possible subtrees and their probability that span over 2 words. In CKY terms, write down the subtrees and their probabilities in the cell (0,2), (1,3), (2,4), (3,5).

For example, for cell (0,2), you will find the rules that can combine subtrees in (0,1) with the subtrees in (1,2), which you have derived in the previous step. Then apply all of those rules to generate bigger subtrees.

- 3. (Recursive case) Write down all of the possible subtrees and their probability that span over 3 words. In CKY terms, write down the subtrees and their probabilities in the cell (0,3), (1,4), (2,5).
  - For example, for cell (1,4), you will find the rules that can combine subtrees from (1, 2) and (2, 4) and the rules that can combine subtrees from (1, 3) and (3, 4). Then apply all of those rules to generate bigger subtrees.
- 4. (Recursive case) In CKY terms, write down the subtrees (spanning 4 words) and their probabilities in the cell (0,4), (1,5)
- 5. (Termination) Write down the trees (and their probabilities) that span the entire sentence i.e. apply rules that can combine (0,1) & (1,5), (0,2) & (2,5), (0,3) & (3,5), and (0,4) & (4,5). The complete tree must have TOP as the root.

## 1.2 By machine

You have a nearly-complete implementation of CKY in parser.py. You only have to fill in a blank. The provided implementation initializes the bottom cells of the chart, then applies unary rules there, and applies binary rules in the entire chart. All is left for you to do is apply unary rules in the recursive case, but that requires you to understand the whole algorithm and the data structures involved. (Hint: the solution only needs around 7 lines of code, so it is not crazy.) If you've correctly implemented this, and loaded all the relevant files, you should be able to run:

Note that you cannot get this output without correctly handling unary rules, because you'll never be able to get the TOP=>S at the top.

### **Submission**

Submit your solution from 1.1 and your version of parser.py on Latte. If you draw trees by hand for 1.1, scan the solutions and convert into pdf.

# Grading

Grades will be determined as follows:

- 50% for a complete and correct list of all possible subtrees for "time flies like an arrow". Points will be deducted for omissions or errors.
- 50% for a working implementation of CKY in parser.py that produces the correct parse. Points will be deducted for errors. No credit will be given on this part if your code doesn't run.
- Within these parameters, partial credit will be assigned where possible.