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pymwp: A Static Analyzer Determining Polynomial Growth Bounds

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```
void main(int X1, int X2, int x3)
 while (X1 < 10) {
     X1 = X2 + X3;
  // X1' X2'
```

For input variables of an imperative program:

Does there exist a polynomially bounded data-flow relation between variables' **initial** values and **final** values?

That is, \forall n, is $X_n \rightsquigarrow X'_n$ polynomially bounded?

```
void main(int X1, int X2, int x3)
{
    while(X1 < 10){
        X1 = X2 + X3;
}</pre>
```

// X1' X2' X3'

Yes. Here is a bound:

$$X1' \leq \max(X1, X2+X3)$$

$$\land X2' \leq X2$$

$$\wedge X3' \leq X3$$

mwp-flow analysis¹

Calculus for resource analysis of imperative programs.

while(X1 < 10) X1 = X2 + X3

0 – no dependency

m – maximal (of linear)

w – weak polynomial

p - polynomial

¹Neil D. Jones and Lars Kristiansen. "A flow calculus of mwp-bounds for complexity analysis". In: ACM Trans. Comput. Log. 10.4 (Aug. 2009), 28:1–28:41. doi: 10.1145/1555746.1555752.

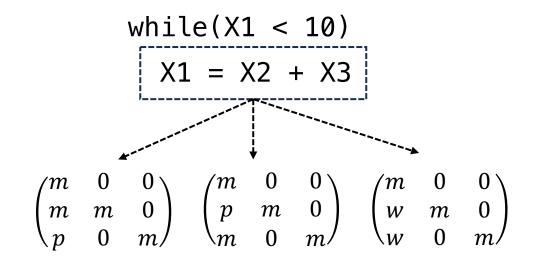
mwp-flow analysis¹

Many nice properties

- Sound syntactic calculus
- Compositional ...

Challenges

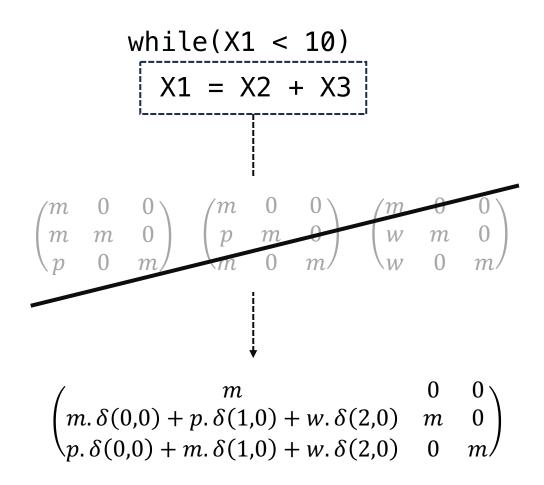
- Non-determinism
- Derivation failure



¹Neil D. Jones and Lars Kristiansen. "A flow calculus of mwp-bounds for complexity analysis". In: ACM Trans. Comput. Log. 10.4 (Aug. 2009), 28:1–28:41. doi: 10.1145/1555746.1555752.

Automating mwp

Handling non-determinism



Automating mwp

Handling derivation failure

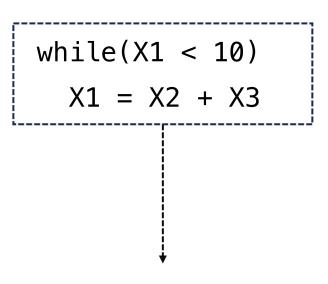
0 – no dependency

m – maximal (of linear)

w – weak polynomial

p - polynomial

∞ - non-polynomial (failure)



$$\begin{pmatrix} m + \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) & 0 & 0 \\ \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) + w \cdot \delta(2,0) & m & 0 \\ \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) + w \cdot \delta(2,0) & 0 & m \end{pmatrix}$$

Aubert, Clément, et. al. "mwp-Analysis Improvement and Implementation: Realizing Implicit Computational Complexity". In: FSCD 2022. Vol. 228. LIPIcs, 2022, 26:1–26:23. doi: 10.4230/LIPIcs.FSCD.2022.26.

```
void main(int X1, int X2, int x3)
 while(X1 < 10){
    X1 = X2 + X3;
        X2'
```

We were here

$$\begin{pmatrix} m + \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) & 0 & 0 \\ \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) + w \cdot \delta(2,0) & m & 0 \\ \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) + w \cdot \delta(2,0) & 0 & m \end{pmatrix}$$

But we actually want

$$X1' \le max(X1, X2+X3)$$

 $\land X2' \le X2 \land X3' \le X3$

Obtaining bounds compactly and efficiently

$$\begin{pmatrix} m + \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) & 0 & 0 \\ \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) + w \cdot \delta(2,0) & m & 0 \\ \infty \cdot \delta(0,0) + \infty \cdot \delta(1,0) + w \cdot \delta(2,0) & 0 & m \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the derivation paths that lead to ∞ , then simplify.

 $[\{\emptyset,1,2\},\{0,1,2\},\{0,1,2\}]$



[{2}, {0,1,2}, {0,1,2}]

Build "choice vectors".

```
void main(int X1)
{
    while(X1 < 10){
        X1 = X1 * X1;
    }
}</pre>
```

When derivation fails

Problematic flows: X1 → X1

pymwp is an automatic static analyzer for C code, to determine if inputs' value growth is polynomially-bounded.

run in terminal

run in browser

pip install pymwp

pymwp file.c [ARGS]

statycc.github.io/pymwp/demo



source code + docs: statycc/pymwp