

Grade Calculator Example in JavaScript

JavaScript + HTML Code

HTML

Grade Calculator (JavaScript Edition)

- Three inputs and one button

```
<h1>Grade Calculator (JavaScript Edition)</h1>

<div id="grade-form">
  <input type="text" id="assignment-name" placeholder="Assignment name">
  <input type="number" id="score" placeholder="Score" min="0" max="100">
  <input type="number" id="weight" placeholder="Weight %" min="0" max="100">
  <button onclick="addGrade()">Add Grade</button>
</div>

<div id="grades-list"></div>
<div id="result" class="result"></div>

<script src="app.js"></script>
```

With two grades, 100 (50%) and 80 (50%), the final value is calculated and displayed: $100 \cdot 0.5 + 80 \cdot 0.5 = 90$ (A)

Grade Calculator (JavaScript Edition)

Assignment name	Score	Weight	
			Add Grade
abc: 100% (Weight: 50%)			Delete
def: 80% (Weight: 50%)			Delete

Final Grade: 90.00% (A)

Total weight: 100%

Data Structure

```
// Grade Calculator Application  
let grades = [];
```

Business Logic

```
// Add a new grade
function addGrade() {
  // Get input values
  const nameInput = document.getElementById('assignment-name');
  const scoreInput = document.getElementById('score');
  const weightInput = document.getElementById('weight');

  const name = nameInput.value.trim();
  const score = parseFloat(scoreInput.value);
  const weight = parseFloat(weightInput.value);

  // Validation
  if (!name || isNaN(score) || isNaN(weight)) {
    alert('Please fill in all fields correctly');
    return;
  }
}
```

```
// Create grade object
const grade = {
  id: Date.now(),
  name: name,
  score: score,
  weight: weight
};

// Add to array
grades.push(grade);

// Clear inputs
nameInput.value = '';
scoreInput.value = '';
weightInput.value = '';

// Update display
displayGrades();
calculateFinalGrade();
}
```

```
// Delete a grade
function deleteGrade(id) {
  grades = grades.filter(grade => grade.id !== id);
  displayGrades();
  calculateFinalGrade();
}
```

```
// Convert percentage to letter grade
function getLetterGrade(percentage) {
    if (percentage >= 90) return 'A';
    if (percentage >= 80) return 'B';
    if (percentage >= 70) return 'C';
    if (percentage >= 60) return 'D';
    return 'F';
}
```


UI Logic + Business Logic

Displaying information logic is intermingled with Business Logic.

1. Access the information from HTML using ID.
2. Store the information back to the HTML.

```
// Display all grades
function displayGrades() {
  const gradesList = document.getElementById('grades-list');

  gradesList.innerHTML = grades.map(grade => `<div class="grade-item">
    <strong>${grade.name}</strong>:
    ${grade.score}% (Weight: ${grade.weight}%)
    <button onclick="deleteGrade(${grade.id})">Delete</button>
  </div>
  `).join('');
}
```

Calculate final grade: Business logic + UI logic combined

```
function calculateFinalGrade() {
  const resultDiv = document.getElementById('result');

  if (grades.length === 0) {
    resultDiv.innerHTML = 'No grades yet';
    return;
  }

  // Calculate weighted average
  const totalWeight = grades.reduce((sum, grade) => sum + grade.weight, 0);

  if (totalWeight === 0) {
    resultDiv.innerHTML = 'Total weight must be greater than 0';
    return;
  }

  const weightedSum = grades.reduce((sum, grade) => {
    return sum + (grade.score * grade.weight);
  }, 0);

  const finalGrade = weightedSum / totalWeight;
  const letterGrade = getLetterGrade(finalGrade);

  resultDiv.innerHTML = `
Final Grade: ${finalGrade.toFixed(2)}% (${letterGrade})
    <br>
    <small>Total weight: ${totalWeight}%</small>
  `;
}
```

Event Handler

Add grade when Enter is pressed:

```
// Keyboard support
document.addEventListener('DOMContentLoaded', () => {
  const inputs = document.querySelectorAll('input');
  inputs.forEach(input => {
    input.addEventListener('keypress', (e) => {
      if (e.key === 'Enter') {
        addGrade();
      }
    });
  });
});
```