React Native for Flutter Developers

Building mobile apps with React and JavaScript

What is React Native?

- Framework for building **native mobile apps** using React
- Write once, run on iOS, Android, and Web
- Uses native components (not WebView)
- JavaScript runtime + Native rendering

Flutter equivalent: Cross-platform mobile framework

JavaScript Engine + Native UI Rendering

The JavaScript Engine

React Native uses **different JavaScript engines** depending on the platform:

```
iOS → JavaScriptCore (JSC)

Android → Hermes (optimized for RN) or JSC

(V8 is NOT used by default)

Web/Node → V8
```

Hermes is now the recommended engine for Android - it's optimized specifically for React Native with faster startup and lower memory usage.

Architecture Diagram

```
JavaScript Thread (Hermes/JSC)
- Your React code
Business logic
State management
                 Bridge/JSI
                 (Serialized Messages)
Native Thread (iOS/Android)
- UIKit (iOS) / Android Views
Actual rendering
Native modules (Camera, GPS, etc.)
```

React vs React Native

React (Web)	React Native (Mobile)
<div></div>	<view></view>
 ,	<text></text>
<input/>	<textinput></textinput>
<button></button>	<touchableopacity></touchableopacity>
	<image/>

All text must be in <Text> components!

Core Components

```
import { View, Text, StyleSheet } from 'react-native';
function HelloWorld() {
  return (
    <View style={styles.container}>
      <Text style={styles.text}>Hello, React Native!</Text>
   </View>
const styles = StyleSheet.create({
 container: { flex: 1, justifyContent: 'center' },
 text: { fontSize: 20, color: 'blue' }
});
```

View Component

```
<View style={styles.container}>
    <Text>Content here</Text>
    </View>
```

Flutter equivalent:

```
Container(
  child: Text('Content here'),
)
```

View is like Container - the basic building block

Text Component

```
// Correct
<Text>Hello World</Text>

// X Wrong - text must be in Text component
<View>Hello World</View>
```

Flutter equivalent:

```
Text('Hello World')
```

Styling in React Native

No CSS! Use JavaScript objects

```
const styles = StyleSheet.create({
  container: {
    backgroundColor: 'lightblue',
    padding: 20,
    borderRadius: 10,
    marginTop: 50
  },
 text: {
    fontSize: 18,
    fontWeight: 'bold',
    color: '#333'
});
```

Flutter equivalent: Widget properties or TextStyle

Flexbox Layout

```
<View style={{
   flex: 1,
   flexDirection: 'column', // or 'row'
   justifyContent: 'center',
   alignItems: 'center'
}}>
   <Text>Centered!</Text>
</View>
```

Flutter equivalent: Column/Row with MainAxisAlignment and CrossAxisAlignment

Inline vs StyleSheet

```
// Inline (okay for quick tests)
<View style={{ padding: 10, backgroundColor: 'red' }}>
// StyleSheet (better performance, reusable)
const styles = StyleSheet.create({
   container: { padding: 10, backgroundColor: 'red' }
});
<View style={styles.container}>
```

Use StyleSheet.create() for production code!

Button and Touchables

```
import { TouchableOpacity, Text } from 'react-native';
function MyButton() {
  return (
    <TouchableOpacity
      onPress={() => console.log('Pressed')}
      style={styles.button}
    >
      <Text style={styles.buttonText}>Click me</Text>
   </TouchableOpacity>
```

Flutter equivalent: TextButton, ElevatedButton, or InkWell

Touchable Components

- TouchableOpacity Fades on press
- TouchableHighlight Darkens on press
- Pressable Modern, customizable (recommended)

```
<Pressable
  onPress={() => {}}
  style={({ pressed }) => [
    styles.button,
    pressed && styles.pressed
  ]}
>
  <Text>Press me</Text>
  </Pressable>
```

TextInput Component

```
import { TextInput } from 'react-native';
function LoginForm() {
  const [email, setEmail] = useState('');
  return (
    <TextInput
      value={email}
      onChangeText={setEmail}
      placeholder="Enter email"
      keyboardType="email-address"
      style={styles.input}
   />
```

Flutter equivalent: TextField

ScrollView

Flutter equivalent: SingleChildScrollView

For long lists: Use FlatList instead!

FlatList: Efficient Lists

```
import { FlatList } from 'react-native';
function UserList({ users }) {
  return (
    <FlatList
      data={users}
      keyExtractor={item => item.id}
      renderItem={({ item }) => (
        <Text>{item.name}</Text>
      ) }
```

Flutter equivalent: ListView.builder

Only renders visible items!

Image Component

```
import { Image } from 'react-native';
// Local image
<Image
  source={require('./assets/logo.png')}
  style={{ width: 100, height: 100 }}
/>
// Network image
<Image
  source={{ uri: 'https://example.com/image.jpg' }}
  style={{ width: 100, height: 100 }}
/>
```

Flutter equivalent: Image.asset, Image.network

Platform-Specific Code

```
import { Platform } from 'react-native';

const styles = StyleSheet.create({
   container: {
    marginTop: Platform.OS === 'ios' ? 20 : 0,
    ...Platform.select({
      ios: { shadowColor: 'black' },
      android: { elevation: 5 }
    })
  });
```

Flutter equivalent: Platform.isIOS, Platform.isAndroid

Navigation: React Navigation

```
import { NavigationContainer } from '@react-navigation/native';
import { createStackNavigator } from '@react-navigation/stack';
const Stack = createStackNavigator();
function App() {
  return (
    <NavigationContainer>
      <Stack.Navigator>
        <Stack.Screen name="Home" component={HomeScreen} />
        <Stack.Screen name="Details" component={DetailsScreen} />
      </Stack.Navigator>
   </NavigationContainer>
```

Navigating Between Screens

```
function HomeScreen({ navigation }) {
  return (
   <View>
      <Button
        title="Go to Details"
        onPress={() => navigation.navigate('Details', {
          userId: 123
        })}
      />
   </View>
function DetailsScreen({ route }) {
  const { userId } = route.params;
  return <Text>User ID: {userId}</Text>;
```

SafeAreaView

Flutter equivalent: SafeArea widget

Important for iOS devices with notches!

StatusBar

Controls the status bar appearance

Example: Counter App

```
import { View, Text, Button, StyleSheet } from 'react-native';
import { useState } from 'react';
export default function CounterApp() {
  const [count, setCount] = useState(0);
  return (
    <View style={styles.container}>
     <Text style={styles.count}>{count}</Text>
     <Button title="+" onPress={() => setCount(count + 1)} />
     <Button title="-" onPress={() => setCount(count - 1)} />
   </View>
const styles = StyleSheet.create({
 container: { flex: 1, justifyContent: 'center', alignItems: 'center' },
 count: { fontSize: 48, marginBottom: 20 }
});
```

Example: Simple Todo App

```
function TodoApp() {
  const [todos, setTodos] = useState([]);
  const [text, setText] = useState('');
 const addTodo = () => {
    if (text.trim()) {
      setTodos([...todos, { id: Date.now(), text }]);
      setText('');
 };
  return (
    <View style={styles.container}>
      <TextInput value={text} onChangeText={setText} />
      <Button title="Add" onPress={addTodo} />
      <FlatList
        data={todos}
        keyExtractor={item => item.id.toString()}
        renderItem={({ item }) => <Text>{item.text}</Text>}
    </View>
```

React Native vs Flutter

Feature	React Native	Flutter
Language	JavaScript/TypeScript	Dart
UI Components	Native	Custom rendered
Hot Reload	✓ Fast Refresh	✓ Hot Reload
Styling	StyleSheet objects	Widget properties
Navigation	React Navigation	Navigator
State Management	Hooks, Context, Redux	setState, Provider, Riverpod

Popular Libraries

- Navigation: React Navigation
- State Management: Redux, MobX, Zustand
- **UI Libraries:** React Native Paper, Native Base
- Icons: React Native Vector Icons
- Forms: Formik, React Hook Form
- HTTP: Axios, Fetch API

Development Tools

- Expo: Managed workflow (easier start)
- React Native CLI: Full control
- Metro: JavaScript bundler
- Flipper: Debugging tool
- React DevTools: Component inspector

Key Differences from Flutter

- 1. JavaScript instead of Dart
- 2. **Styling** via objects, not widget properties
- 3. All text must be in <Text> tags
- 4. Flexbox by default (similar to Column/Row)
- 5. **Third-party** navigation library
- 6. Hot reload works similarly

Common Patterns

```
// Conditional rendering
{isLoading ? <Loader /> : <Content />}

// List rendering
{items.map(item => <Item key={item.id} {...item} />)}

// Event handling
<Button onPress={handlePress} />

// Styling composition
<View style={[styles.base, isActive && styles.active]} />
```

Project Structure

Getting Started

```
# Using Expo (recommended for beginners)
npx create-expo-app MyApp
cd MyApp
npm start

# Using React Native CLI
npx react-native init MyApp
cd MyApp
npm run android # or npm run ios
```

Key Takeaways

- 1. React Native uses **native components**
- 2. Styling is done with **JavaScript objects**
- 3. **Flexbox** for layouts (like Flutter's Row/Column)
- 4. FlatList for efficient lists
- 5. **React Navigation** for routing
- 6. All concepts from React apply here
- 7. Platform-specific code when needed

Resources

- React Native Docs: https://reactnative.dev
- React Navigation: https://reactnavigation.org
- Expo Docs: https://docs.expo.dev
- Awesome React Native:

https://github.com/jondot/awesome-react-native

Practice: Build small apps to solidify concepts!