1 Question 4

Due to linearity of the trace operation:

$$\operatorname{tr}(\mathcal{F}^{T}\mathcal{F} - \mathbf{I}_{2\times 2}) = \operatorname{tr}(\mathcal{F}^{T}\mathcal{F}) - \operatorname{tr}(\mathbf{I}_{2\times 2}) = \operatorname{tr}(\mathcal{F}^{T}\mathcal{F}) - 2 \tag{1}$$

With the definition of matrix multiplication:

$$\operatorname{tr}(\mathcal{F}^T \mathcal{F}) = \sum_{i} \left[\mathcal{F}^T \mathcal{F} \right]_{ii} = \sum_{i} \left(\sum_{j} \mathcal{F}_{ij}^T \mathcal{F}_{ji} \right) = \sum_{i,j} \mathcal{F}_{ij}^2$$
 (2)

And finally employing the definition of the Frobenius norm:

$$\sum_{i,j} \mathcal{F}_{ij}^2 = \|\mathcal{F}\|_F^2 \tag{3}$$

We arrive at the desired result

$$\operatorname{tr}(\mathcal{F}^T \mathcal{F} - \mathbf{I}_{2 \times 2}) = \|\mathcal{F}\|_F^2 - 2 \tag{4}$$