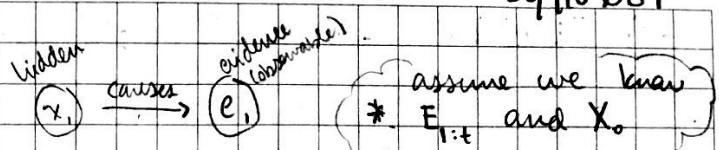


① Filtering

$$1.1) P(x_1 | e_1 = \text{"not flooded"}) = ?$$



* Recursive Definition : $P(x_t | e_{1:t}) = \alpha P(e_t | x_t) \sum_{x_{t-1}} (P(x_t | x_{t-1}) P(x_{t-1} | e_{1:t-1}))$

@ $e_1 = \text{"not flooded"} :$

$$P(x_1 | e_1) = \alpha P(x_1, e_1) \rightarrow \text{"alpha trick"}$$

$$= \alpha \sum_{x_0} P(x_0, x_1, e_1)$$

$$= \alpha \sum_{x_0} P(x_0) P(x_1 | x_0) P(e_1 | x_1) \rightarrow \text{Bayes Net! } P(x | \text{Parents}(x))$$

$$= \alpha P(e_1 | x_1) \sum_{x_0=\text{low,med,high}} P(x_0) P(x_1 | x_0)$$

@ $x_0 = \text{low} : \rightarrow P(x_0 = \text{low}) = P(x_0 = \text{med}) = P(x_0 = \text{high}) = \frac{1}{3}$
 $\therefore \text{all same values}$

$\rightarrow @ x_1 = \text{low} :$

$$P(\text{low} | e_1) = \alpha (1) \left[(\frac{1}{3})(0.6) + (\frac{1}{3})(0.2) + (\frac{1}{3})(0) \right] = \underline{\underline{\alpha(0.2667)}}$$

$\rightarrow @ x_1 = \text{med} :$

$$P(\text{med} | e_1) = \alpha (0.95) \left[(\frac{1}{3})(0.35) + (\frac{1}{3})(0.6) + (\frac{1}{3})(0.5) \right] = \underline{\underline{\alpha(0.4592)}}$$

$\rightarrow @ x_1 = \text{high} :$

$$P(\text{high} | e_1) = \alpha (0.6) \left[(\frac{1}{3})(0.05) + (\frac{1}{3})(0.2) + (\frac{1}{3})(0.5) \right] = \underline{\underline{\alpha(0.15)}}$$

* find α * solve w/ α *

$$\sum_{x_1} P(x_1 | e_1) = 1 = \alpha \sum_{x_1} P(x_1, e_1)$$

$$\alpha < 0.2667, 0.4592, 0.15 > = 1$$

$$\underline{\underline{\alpha = 1.1417}} \rightarrow P(x_1 = \text{low} | e_1) = 0.3045$$

$$P(x_1 = \text{med} | e_1) = 0.5243$$

$$P(x_1 = \text{high} | e_1) = 0.1713$$

1.2) $P(x_2 | e_1 = \text{"not flooded"}, e_2 = \text{"not flooded"}) = ?$

@ $e_1 = e_2 = \text{"not flooded"}$:

$$P(x_t | e_{1:t}) = P(x_t | e_1, e_{1:t-1}) \rightarrow t=2$$

$$P(x_2 | e_1, e_2) = \alpha P(e_2 | x_2) \sum_{x_2=\text{low,med,high}} P(x_2 | x_1) P(x_1 | e_1)$$

\star from 1.1

@ $x_2 = \text{low}$:

$$P(x_2=\text{low} | e_1, e_2) = \alpha(1) [(0.6)(0.3045) + (0.2)(0.5243) + (0)] = \underline{\alpha(0.2876)}$$

@ $x_2 = \text{med}$:

$$P(x_2=\text{med} | e_1, e_2) = \alpha(0.95) [(0.35)(0.3045) + (0.6)(0.5243) + (0.5)(0.1713)] = \underline{\alpha(0.4815)}$$

@ $x_2 = \text{high}$:

$$P(x_2=\text{high} | e_1, e_2) = \alpha(0.6) [(0.05)(0.3045) + (0.2)(0.5243) + (0.5)(0.1713)] = \underline{\alpha(0.1234)}$$

* find α values ; solve *

$$\sum_{x_2} P(x_2 | e_1, e_2) = 1 = \alpha \sum_{x_2} P(x_2, e_1, e_2)$$

$$\alpha < 0.2876, 0.4815, 0.1234 > = 1$$

$$\underline{\alpha = 1.1205} \longrightarrow$$

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} P(x_2=\text{low} | e_1, e_2) &= 0.3223 \\ P(x_2=\text{med} | e_1, e_2) &= 0.5395 \\ P(x_2=\text{high} | e_1, e_2) &= 0.1383 \end{aligned}}$$

1.3) $P(x_3 | e_1 = \text{"not flooded"}, e_2 = \text{"not flooded"}, e_3 = \text{"flooded"}) = ?$

@ $e_1 = e_2 = \text{"not flooded"}, e_3 = \text{"flooded"}:$

$$P(x_3 | e_1, e_2, e_3) = \alpha P(e_3 | x_3) \sum_{x_2=\text{low, med, high}} P(x_2 | x_3) P(x_2 | e_1, e_2)$$

★ from 1.2

@ $x_3 = \text{low}:$

$$P(x_3 = \text{low} | e_{1,2,3}) = \alpha(0) = \boxed{0}$$

@ $x_3 = \text{med}:$

$$P(x_3 = \text{med} | e_{1,2,3}) = \alpha(0.05)[(0.35)(0.3223) + (0.6)(0.5395) + (0.5)(0.1383)] \\ = \underline{\underline{\alpha(0.0253)}}$$

@ $x_3 = \text{high}:$

$$P(x_3 = \text{high} | e_{1,2,3}) = \alpha(0.4)[(0.05)(0.3223) + (0.2)(0.5395) + (0.5)(0.1383)] \\ = \underline{\underline{\alpha(0.0773)}}$$

* find α and solve *

$$\sum_{x_3} P(x_3 | e_1, e_2, e_3) = 1 = \alpha \sum_{x_3} P(x_3, e_1, e_2, e_3)$$

$$\alpha < 0, 0.0253, 0.0773 > = 1$$

$$\underline{\underline{\alpha = 9.7479}} \rightarrow \boxed{P(x_3 = \text{low} | e_{1,2,3}) = 0}$$

$$\boxed{P(x_3 = \text{med} | e_{1,2,3}) = 0.2466}$$

$$\boxed{P(x_3 = \text{high} | e_{1,2,3}) = 0.7534}$$

(2) Smoothing: $e_1 = e_2 = \text{"not flooded"}$, $e_3 = \text{"flooded"}$

$P(x_k | e_{1:t})$, $k < t$ → smooth the function / fill in the holes using what we've observed ($e_{1:t}$)

* Definition using Filtering: $P(x_k | e_{1:t}) = \alpha \underbrace{P(e_{k+1:t} | x_k)}_{\star \text{backwards message}}, \underbrace{P(x_k | e_{1:k})}_{\star \text{filtering!}}$

* $P(x_1 | e_{1:3}) \rightarrow k=1, t=3$

$$= \alpha P(e_2, e_3 | x_1) P(x_1 | e_1)$$

* $P(x_2 | e_{1:3}) \rightarrow k=2, t=3$

$$= \alpha P(e_3 | x_2) P(x_2 | e_1, e_2)$$

* $P(x_3 | e_{1:3}) \rightarrow k=3, t=3$

$$= \alpha P(e_4 | x_3), P(x_3 | e_1, e_2, e_3)$$

$\times b/t \quad k \leq t$

} filtering, not smoothing :-

$$P(x_3 = \text{low} | e_{1:3}) = 0$$

$$P(x_3 = \text{med} | e_{1:3}) = 0.24666$$

$$P(x_3 = \text{high} | e_{1:3}) = 0.7534$$

* Final Smoothing: $P(x_2 | e_{1:t}) = \alpha f(k) * \underline{h(k)}$
Recursive definition

$$\Rightarrow \underline{h(k)} = \sum_{x_{k+1}} P(e_{k+1} | x_{k+1}) \underline{h(k+1)} P(x_{k+1} | x_k)$$

} backwards message!

$$f(1): P(x_1 = \text{low} | e_1) = 0.3045$$

$$P(x_1 = \text{med} | e_1) = 0.5243$$

$$P(x_1 = \text{high} | e_1) = 0.1713$$

$$f(2): P(x_2 = \text{low} | e_{1:2}) = 0.3223$$

$$P(x_2 = \text{med} | e_{1:2}) = 0.5395$$

$$P(x_2 = \text{high} | e_{1:2}) = 0.1383$$

② $h(2) = \sum_{x_3 = \text{low}, \text{med}, \text{high}} P(e_3 | x_3) h(3) P(x_3 | x_2) \rightarrow \text{let } h(3) = \begin{pmatrix} \text{low} \\ \text{med} \\ \text{high} \end{pmatrix}$

$$= (0) + (0.05)(1)(0.35) + (0.4)(1)(0.05) = \underline{0.0375}$$

$$h(x_2 = \text{med}) = (0) + (0.05)(1)(0.6) + (0.4)(1)(0.2) = \underline{0.11}$$

$$h(x_2 = \text{high}) = (0) + (0.05)(1)(0.5) + (0.4)(1)(0.5) = \underline{0.225}$$

$$\overline{h(x_1 = \text{low})} = \sum_{x_2} P(e_2 | x_2) h(2) P(x_2 | x_1) = (1)(0.0375)(0.6) + (0.95)(0.11)(0.35) + (0.6)(0.225)(0.05) = \underline{0.0658}$$

$$h(x_1 = \text{med}) = (1)(0.0375)(0.2) + (0.95)(0.11)(0.6) + (0.6)(0.225)(0.2)$$

$$= \underline{0.0972}$$

$$h(x_1 = \text{high}) = (1)(0.0375)(0) + (0.95)(0.11)(0.5) + (0.6)(0.225)(0.5)$$

$$= \underline{0.11975}$$

* Point-wise product and solve: $P(x_1 | e_{1,::}) = \alpha f(k) * h(k)$

$$\alpha < f(x_1 = \text{low}) * h(x_1 = \text{low}), f(x_1 = \text{med}) * h(x_1 = \text{med}), f(x_1 = \text{high}) * h(x_1 = \text{high}) >$$

$$= 1 = \alpha < (0.3045)(0.0658), (0.5243)(0.0972), (0.1713)(0.11975) >$$

$$1 = \alpha < 0.0200, 0.05096, 0.02051 >$$

$$\alpha = \underline{0.9276} \rightarrow P(x_1 = \text{low} | e_{1,::}) = 0.2190$$

$$P(x_1 = \text{med} | e_{1,::}) = 0.5569$$

$$P(x_1 = \text{high} | e_{1,::}) = 0.2241$$

$$@ x_2: 1 = \alpha < (0.3223)(0.0375), (0.5395)(0.11), (0.1383)(0.225) >$$

$$= \alpha < 0.01209, 0.05935, 0.03112 >$$

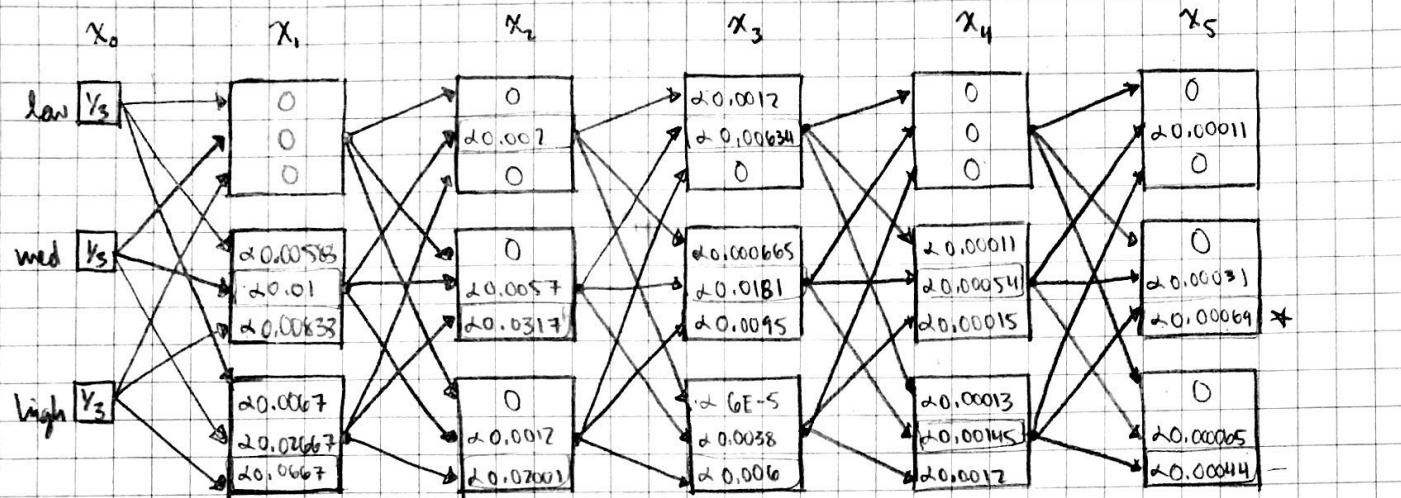
$$\alpha = \underline{0.7515} \rightarrow P(x_2 = \text{low} | e_{1,::}) = 0.1179$$

$$P(x_2 = \text{med} | e_{1,::}) = 0.5787$$

$$P(x_2 = \text{high} | e_{1,::}) = 0.3034$$

③ Most Likely Explanation

$e_1 = \text{"flooded"} = e_{\text{u}}$ $e_2 = e_3 = e_5 = \text{"not flooded"} \rightarrow P(x_{1:5} | e_{1:5}) = ?$



* Filtering, but with a max function instead of summation *

$$P(x_t | e_{1:t}) = \alpha P(e_t | x_t) \max_{x_{t-1}} (P(x_t | x_{t-1}) P(x_{t-1} | e_{1:t-1}))$$

$$\begin{aligned} @ x_1 = \text{low}: P(x_1 = \text{low} | e_1) &= \alpha P(e_1 | x_1) \max_{x_0} (P(x_1 | x_0) P(x_0)) \\ &= \alpha(0) = \underline{0} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 & @ x_1 = \text{med}: P(x_1 = \text{med} | e_1) = \alpha(0.05) \max_{x_0} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (0.35)(\text{low}), (0.1)(\text{med}), (0.5)(\text{high}) \\ \alpha 0.00583, \alpha 0.01, \alpha 0.00833 \end{array} \right\} \\ &= \underline{\alpha(0.01)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} @ x_1 = \text{high}: P(x_1 = \text{high} | e_1) &= \alpha(0.4) \max_{x_0} \left\{ (0.05)(\text{low}), (0.2)(\text{med}), (0.5)(\text{high}) \right\} \\ &= \underline{\alpha(0.0667)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} @ x_2 = \text{low}: P(x_2 = \text{low} | e_{1:2}) &= \alpha P(e_2 | x_2) \max_{x_1} \left\{ P(x_2 | x_1) P(x_1 | e_1) \right\} \\ &= \alpha(1) \max_{x_1} \left\{ (0.6)(0), (0.2)(0.01), (0) \right\} \\ &= \underline{\alpha(0.002)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_2 & @ x_2 = \text{med}: P(x_2 = \text{med} | e_{1:2}) = \alpha(0.05) \max_{x_1} \left\{ (0.35)(0), (0.6)(0.01), (0.5)(0.0667) \right\} \\ &= \underline{\alpha(0.0317)} \end{aligned}$$

$$@ x_2 = \text{high}: P(x_2 = \text{high} | e_{1:2}) = \alpha(0.6) \max_{x_1} \left\{ (0.05)(0), (0.2)(0.01), (0.5)(0.0667) \right\}$$

$$\text{at } x_3 = \text{low} : P(x_3 = \text{low} | e_{1..3}) = \alpha P(e_3 | x_3) \max_{x_2} \left\{ P(x_3 | x_2) P(x_2 | e_{1..2}) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (1) \max \left\{ (0.6)(0.002), (0.2)(0.0317), (0) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.00634)$$

x_3

$$\text{at } x_3 = \text{med} : P(x_3 = \text{med} | e_{1..3}) = \alpha (0.95) \max \left\{ (0.35)(0.002), (0.6)(0.0317), (0.5)(0.02) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.0181)$$

$$\text{at } x_3 = \text{high} : P(x_3 = \text{high} | e_{1..3}) = \alpha (0.6) \max \left\{ (0.05)(0.002), (0.2)(0.0317), (0.5)(0.02) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.006)$$

$$\text{at } x_4 = \text{low} : P(x_4 = \text{low} | e_{1..4}) = \alpha P(e_4 | x_4) \max_{x_3} \left\{ P(x_4 | x_3) P(x_3 | e_{1..3}) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0)$$

x_4

$$\text{at } x_4 = \text{med} : P(x_4 = \text{med} | e_{1..4}) = \alpha (0.05) \max \left\{ (0.35)(0.00634), (0.6)(0.0181), (0.5)(0.006) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.00054)$$

$$\text{at } x_4 = \text{high} : P(x_4 = \text{high} | e_{1..4}) = \alpha (0.1) \max \left\{ (0.05)(0.00634), (0.2)(0.0181), (0.5)(0.006) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.00145)$$

$$\text{at } x_5 = \text{low} : P(x_5 = \text{low} | e_{1..5}) = \alpha P(e_5 | x_5) \max_{x_4} \left\{ P(x_5 | x_4) P(x_4 | e_{1..4}) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (1) \max \left\{ (0.6)(0), (0.2)(0.00054), (0) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.00011)$$

x_5

$$\text{at } x_5 = \text{med} : P(x_5 = \text{med} | e_{1..5}) = \alpha (0.95) \max \left\{ (0.35)(0), (0.6)(0.00054), (0.5)(0.00145) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.00069)$$

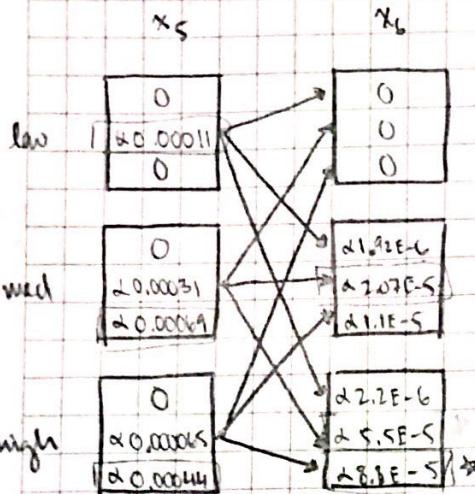
$$\text{at } x_5 = \text{high} : P(x_5 = \text{high} | e_{1..5}) = \alpha (0.6) \max \left\{ (0.05)(0), (0.2)(0.00054), (0.5)(0.00145) \right\}$$

$$= \alpha (0.00044)$$

* Trace path backwards, from largest value *

$x_5 = \text{med}, x_4 = \text{high}, x_3 = \text{med}, x_2 = \text{med}, x_1 = \text{high}, x_0 = \text{high}$

$e_6 = \text{"flooded"}$



$$\text{@ } x_6 = \text{low: } P(x_6 | e_{1..6}) = \alpha P(e_6 | x_6) \max_{x_5} \{ P(x_6 | x_5) P(x_5 | e_{1..5}) \} \\ = \underline{\alpha(0)}$$

$$\text{@ } x_6 = \text{med: } P(x_6 = \text{med} | e_{1..6}) = \alpha(0.05) \max \{ (0.35)(0.00011) + \\ \text{med } \times (0.6)(0.00069) + \\ (0.5)(0.00044) \}$$

$$\text{@ } x_6 = \text{high: } P(x_6 = \text{high} | e_{1..6}) = \alpha(0.4) \max \{ (0.05)(0.00011) + \\ \text{med } \times (0.2)(0.00069) + \\ (0.5)(0.00044) \}$$

* Trace path backwards, from largest value *

$x_6 = \text{high}, x_5 = \text{high}, x_4 = \text{high}, x_3 = \text{med}, x_2 = \text{med}, x_1 = \text{high}, x_0 = \text{high}$

④ Particle Filtering — see Particle-filter.py

\$ python3 particle-filter.py 1,000,000

State for x_{10} : low = 60,891 \rightarrow $P(x_{10} = \text{low} | e_{1..10}) = 0.060891$
 med = 621,035 \rightarrow $P(x_{10} = \text{med} | e_{1..10}) = 0.621035$
 high = 318,074 \rightarrow $P(x_{10} = \text{high} | e_{1..10}) = 0.318074$

with 1,000,000 particles

⑤ After 10 throws, variance $\sigma^2 \leq 10$

$$P(x_t) = N(0, 1) \quad P(e_t | x_t) = N(x_t | 0.75)$$