

Assessment 2

# Context Free Grammars and Turing Machines

Norbert Logiewa  
nl253

December 2017

# Context Free Grammars

## 1. Consider the language

- (a) Give a word that is in the language and a word that is not in the language

**Answer:**

a word not in the language: kkk

a word in the language: aabbbbcc

- (b) Give a context-free grammar for the language above.

**Answer:**

$S \rightarrow B \mid aSc$

$B \rightarrow \epsilon \mid bBc$

- (c) Use the Cocke-Younger-Kasami algorithm to determine whether **abbaa** is a word of the language of the following grammar. Give the table. State in one sentence whether the word is a word of the language of the grammar and how you obtain this conclusion from the table.

$$S \Rightarrow AX \mid BY \mid SS \mid BA$$

$$X \Rightarrow AS$$

$$Y \Rightarrow BS$$

$$A \Rightarrow a$$

$$B \Rightarrow b$$

**Answer:**

5	—	—	—	—	—
4	—	—	—	—	—
3	—	Y	—	—	—
2	—	—	S	—	—
1	A	B	B	A	A
—	a	b	b	a	a

**Conclusion:**

It's not, there is no way to parse it as  $S$  doesn't appear in the top row.

- (d) Give a parse tree for the word abba with respect to the grammar above (for part c))

**Answer:**

—

- (e) What is  $FIRST(SS)$  with respect to the grammar above (for part c))

**Answer:**

$FIRST(SS) = \{a, b\}$

2. Consider the following two context-free grammars

**G2**

$$\begin{aligned} S &\Rightarrow DAd \\ A &\Rightarrow aS \mid \epsilon \\ B &\Rightarrow bD \mid \epsilon \\ D &\Rightarrow cB \end{aligned}$$

**G1**

$$S \Rightarrow SaS \mid SbS \mid c$$

- (a) Draw two different parse trees for the word *cacbc* and the grammar *G1*

**Answer:**

—

- (b) Give the *LOOKAHEAD* set for every rule of grammar *G2*

**Answer:**

rule	nullable	first set	lookahead set
$S \Rightarrow DAd$	0	$\{c\}$	$\{\}$
$A \Rightarrow aS \mid \epsilon$	1	$\{a, \epsilon\}$	$\{\}$
$B \Rightarrow bD \mid \epsilon$	1	$\{b, \epsilon\}$	$\{\}$
$D \Rightarrow cB$	0	$\{c\}$	$\{\}$

- (c) Is the grammar *G2* *LL*(1)?

**Answer:**

No it's not. It's ambiguous.

- (d) Give the set of nullable nonterminals for the grammar *G2*

**Answer:**

$\{A, B\}$

- (e) Give the context-free grammar that you obtain from replacing all  $\epsilon$ -rules in grammar *G2*

**Answer:**

$$S \Rightarrow DAd$$

$$A \Rightarrow aS$$

$$B \Rightarrow bD$$

$$D \Rightarrow cB$$

# Turing Machines

Consider the following Turing machine with input alphabet  $\{a, b\}$  and tape alphabet  $\{a, b, \_ \}$

- (a) Give computations for the words  $ab$  and  $bb$ . State for each word whether the machine accepts it, rejects it or loops. If the machine loops, then give the first five configurations of the computation.

**Answer:**

—

- (b) Draw a Turing machine that decides the language of all words over the alphabet  $\{a, b\}$  that have an odd number of  $a$ s and an odd number of  $b$ s.

**Answer:**

—