main

November 12, 2022

```
[766]: import pandas as pd
import nltk
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.naive_bayes import BernoulliNB
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.neural_network import MLPClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
```

0.0.1 Step 1

```
[767]: df = pd.read_csv("federalist.csv")
    df["author"] = df.author.astype("category")
    print(df.head())
    print()
    df["author"].value_counts()
```

```
author tex

0 HAMILTON FEDERALIST. No. 1 General Introduction For the...

1 JAY FEDERALIST No. 2 Concerning Dangers from Forei...

2 JAY FEDERALIST No. 3 The Same Subject Continued (C...

3 JAY FEDERALIST No. 4 The Same Subject Continued (C...

4 JAY FEDERALIST No. 5 The Same Subject Continued (C...
```

```
[767]: HAMILTON 49

MADISON 15

HAMILTON OR MADISON 11

JAY 5

HAMILTON AND MADISON 3

Name: author, dtype: int64
```

0.0.2 Step 2

```
[768]: X, y = df.text, df.author
       X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,__
        ⇔train_size=0.8, random_state=1234)
       print(X_train.shape, y_train.shape)
       print(X_test.shape, y_test.shape)
      (66,) (66,)
      (17,) (17,)
      0.0.3 Step 3
[769]: stopwords = set(stopwords.words("english"))
       vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words=stopwords)
       X_train = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train)
       X_test = vectorizer.transform(X_test)
       print(X_train.shape)
       print(X_test.shape)
      (66, 7876)
      (17, 7876)
      0.0.4 Step 4
[770]: nb = BernoulliNB()
      nb.fit(X_train, y_train)
       pred = nb.predict(X_test)
       print("Accuracy Score:", accuracy_score(y_test, pred))
      Accuracy Score: 0.5882352941176471
      0.0.5 Step 5
[771]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2,__

→train_size=0.8, random_state=1234)
       vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(stop_words=stopwords, max_features=1000,__
        →ngram_range=(1, 2))
       X_train = vectorizer.fit_transform(X_train)
       X_test = vectorizer.transform(X_test)
      nb.fit(X_train, y_train)
       pred = nb.predict(X_test)
       print("Accuracy Score:", accuracy_score(y_test, pred))
```

Accuracy Score: 0.9411764705882353

0.0.6 Step 6

Accuracy Score: 0.8823529411764706

0.0.7 Step 6 - model param change

I changed bigrams -> trigrams, introduced a min_df, and increased the C value. But I did not see any improvements

Accuracy Score: 0.8823529411764706

0.0.8 Step 7

I tried a couple of layzer sizes but I couldn't find better results than a simple (15, 2) layer

Accuracy Score: 0.7058823529411765

[]: