```
#include <stdio.h>
 2 #include <stdlib.h>
 3
 4 #define NUM ROWS 5
 5 #define NUM COLUMNS 3
 6
 7
   int main(void)
 8
 9
        //variable declarations
10
        int *iArray[NUM_ROWS]; //A 2D Array which will have 5 rows and number of
          columns can be decided later on ...
11
        int i, j;
12
13
        //code
        printf("\n\n");
14
15
        for (i = 0; i < NUM ROWS; i++)
16
17
            iArray[i] = (int *)malloc(NUM_COLUMNS * sizeof(int));
18
            if (iArray[i] == NULL)
19
            {
                printf("FAILED TO ALLOCATE MEMORY TO ROW %d OF 2D INTEGER ARRAY !!! >
20
                   EXITTING NOW...\n\n", i);
21
                exit(0);
22
            }
23
            else
                printf("MEMORY ALLOCATION TO ROW %d OF 2D INTEGER ARRAY
24
                                                                                       P
                  SUCCEEDED !!!\n\n", i);
25
        }
26
27
        //ASSIGNING VALUES TO 2D ARRAY ...
        for (i = 0; i < NUM_ROWS; i++)</pre>
28
29
30
            for (j = 0; j < NUM_COLUMNS; j++)</pre>
31
            {
32
                iArray[i][j] = (i + 1) * (j + 1);
33
            }
34
        }
35
36
        //DISPLAYING 2D ARRAY ...
37
        printf("\n\n");
        printf("DISPLAYING 2D ARRAY : \n\n");
38
39
        for (i = 0; i < NUM ROWS; i++)
40
41
            for (j = 0; j < NUM_COLUMNS; j++)</pre>
42
            {
                printf("iArray[%d][%d] = %d\n", i, j, iArray[i][j]);
43
44
            printf("\n\n");
45
46
        printf("\n\n");
47
48
        //FREEING MEMORY ASSIGNED TO 2D ARRAY (MUST BE DONE IN REVERSE ORDER)
49
50
        for (i = (NUM ROWS - 1); i >= 0; i--)
51
52
            free(iArray[i]);
53
            iArray[i] = NULL;
```

```
printf("MEMORY ALLOCATED TO ROW %d Of 2D INTEGER ARRAY HAS BEEN
         SUCCESSFULLY FREED !!!\n\n", i);
55
     }
56
     return(0);
57
58 }
59
60
61
```