

## DISTRIBUTIONS AS VECTORS

## Why

We can identify probability distributions with vectors.

## **Definition**

Let  $p:A\to \mathbb{R}$  be a probability distribution on a set finite A of n elements. Given a numbering  $a:\{1,\ldots,n\}\to A$  of A, we can associate p with the vector  $z\in \mathbb{R}^n$  defined by  $z_i=p(a_i)$ . We call this vector z the *probability vector* associated with p.

