

RATIONAL ADDITIVE INVERSES

Why

What is the additive inverse of [(a, b)] in the rationals?

Result

Proposition 1. The additive inverse of $[(a,b)] \in \mathbf{Q}$ is [(-a,b)].

Notation

We denote the additive inverse of $q \in \mathbf{Q}$ by -q. We denote a + (-b) by a - b.

Subtraction

We call the operation $(a, b) \mapsto a - b$ subtraction.

