

## Direct Products

## 1 Why

We generalize the idea of a produce of two sets to a product of n sets.

## 2 Direct Products

The direct product of a natural family is the set of ordered sequences of elements from each set in the family. We call the elements of the direct product n-tuples. We call the ith element in an n-tuple the ith coordinate. This language is meant to follow that used in defining ordered pairs. Two coordinates in a sequence are consecutive if their natural difference is 1.

## 2.1 Notation

Let  $A_1, \ldots, A_n$  be a natural family of sets. We denote its direct product by

$$\prod_{i=1}^{n} A_i.$$

We read this notation as "product over alpha in I of A sub-alpha." We denote an element of  $\prod_{i=1}^n A_i$  by  $(a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_n)$  with the understanding that  $a_1 \in A_1, a_2 \in A_2, \ldots, a_n \in A_n$ .

If  $A_i = A$  for i = 1, ..., n, then we denote  $\prod_{i=1}^n A_i$  by  $A^n$ .