

## Convergence in Probability

## 1 Why

laws of large numbers

## 2 Definition

A sequence of random variables convergences in probability if it converges in measure.

## 2.1 Notation

Let  $(X, \mathcal{A}, \mu)$  be a measure space. Let  $\{f_n\}_n$  a sequence of realvalued measurable functions on X. Let  $f: X \to R$  be measurable function. If  $f_n$  converges in measure to f we write:  $f_n \longrightarrow f$ in probability, read aloud as "f n goes to f in probability."

Suppose  $f_n \longrightarrow f$  in probability. Then for every  $\epsilon > 0$ ,

$$\lim_{n \to \infty} \mu(\{x \in X \mid |f_n(x) - f(x)| > \epsilon\}) = 0.$$