

### COMPLEX CONJUGATES

# Why

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#### Definition

The complex conjugate (or conjugate) of a complex number z is the complex number whose real part matches z and whose imaginary part is the additive inverse of z. The complex conjugate of a purely real number is the same purely real number. In other words, the complex conjugate of a complex number with no imaginary part is the same complex number.

#### Notation

We denote the complex conjugate of the complex number  $z \in \mathbb{C}$  by  $z^*$ . Other common notation includes  $\bar{z}$ , read "z bar". If there exists  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$  so that z = (a, b), then  $z^* = (a, -b)$ .

### Geometric interpretation

Taking the conjugate of a complex numbers corresponds to a reflection across the real axis in the plane.

# **Properties**

A complex number z is real if and only if  $z=z^*$  and it is imaginar if and only if  $z=-z^*$ .

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Future editions will include.

Proposition 1. For  $z \in \mathbb{C}$ , we have

$$\operatorname{Re}(z) = \frac{z + z^*}{2}$$
 and  $\operatorname{Im}(z) = \frac{z - \bar{z}}{2i}$ .

