

## RATIONAL ADDITIVE INVERSES

# Why

What is the additive inverse of [(a, b)] in the rationals?

## Result

**Proposition 1.** The additive inverse of  $[(a,b)] \in \mathbf{Q}$  is [(-a,b)].

## Notation

We denote the additive inverse of  $q \in \mathbf{Q}$  by -q. We denote a + (-b) by a - b.

## **Subtraction**

We call the operation  $(a, b) \mapsto a - b$  subtraction.

