

Relation Properties

1 Why

Often relations are defined over a single set. These have a few simple properties.

2 Definitions

- A relation is *reflexive* if every element is related to itself.
- A relation is *symmetric* if two objects are related regardless of their order.
- A relation is *antisymmetric* if two different objects are related only in one order, and never both.
- A relation is *transitive* if a first element is related to a second element and the second element is related to the third element, then the first and third element are related

2.1 Notation

Let R be a relation on a non-empty set A. R is reflexive if

$$(a,a) \in R$$

for all $a \in A$. R is transitive if

$$(a,b) \in R \land (b,c) \in R \implies (a,c) \in R$$

for all $a,b,c\in A.$ R is symmetric if

$$(a,b) \in R \implies (b,a) \in R$$

for all $a,b\in A.$ R is anti-symmetric if

$$(a,b) \in R \implies (b,a) \not \in R$$

for all $a, b \in A$.