

## TOTAL PROBABILITY

## Why

## Result

Proposition 1. Let  $A_1, \ldots, A_n$  be a partition of a set of outcomes A. Let  $\mathbf{P}$  be an event probability function for some probability mass function. Let  $B \subset A$  an event. Then

$$\mathbf{P}(B) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \mathbf{P}(B \cap A_i)$$

We call this result to law of total probability.

