

## Symmetric Matrices

## Why

Matrices that have reflected values across their diagonals arise often.

## **Definition**

A square matrix is *symmetric* if its values do not depend on the order of the indices. In other words, a matrix is symmetric if the value above and below the diagonal are a mirror image.

## Notation

Let S be a nonempty set and  $A \in S^{n \times n}$ . Then A is symmetric if  $A_{ij} = A_{ji}$ . We denote the set of real-valued n by n symmetric matrices by  $\mathbf{S}^n$ .

