

## INNER PRODUCT NORMS

## Why

To every real-valued inner product there corresponds a norm, in a similar manner to the construction for  $\mathbb{R}^n$ .

## Definition

**Prop. 1.** Let  $(V, \mathsf{F})$  be a vector space. Let  $f: V \times V \to \mathsf{F}$  be an inner product with  $f(x, x) \in \mathsf{R}$ . Let  $g: V \to \mathsf{R}$  such that

$$g(x) = \sqrt{f(x,x)}.$$

Then g is a norm.

The *norm* of a vector in an inner product space is the square root of the inner product of the vector with itself.

## Notation

