

## Dense Sets

## Why

## **Definition**

Consider a metric space. A subset of the base set is *dense*n the base set if every element of the base set is the limit of elements in the subset.

## **Notation**

Let (A, d) be a metric space. Let  $B \subset A$ . Then B is dense in A if for each  $a \in A$  there exists  $(b_n)_n$  in B so that  $b_n \to a$ .

