

Definition

A continuous-time time-invariant linear dynamical system is a tuple (A, B, C, D) where $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$, $B \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$, $C \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times n}$ and $D \in \mathbb{R}^{k \times m}$. Given an input $u : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^m$, it models a state $x : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^n$ and output $y : \mathbb{R} \to \mathbb{R}^k$ by

$$\dot{x} = Ax + Bu,$$

$$y = Cx + Du.$$

Here Ax is called the *drift term* and Bu is called the input term (of \dot{x}).

