

## Halfspaces

## 1 Why

TODO

## 2 Definition

For a nonzero  $b \in \mathbb{R}^n$  and  $\beta \in \mathbb{R}$  the sets

$$\{x \in \mathbf{R}^n \mid \langle x, b \rangle \le \beta\}, \quad \{x \in \mathbf{R}^n \mid \langle x, b \rangle \ge \beta\},$$

are closed halfspaces and the sets

$$\{x \in \mathbf{R}^n \mid \langle x, b \rangle \le \beta\}, \quad \{x \in \mathbf{R}^n \mid \langle x, b \rangle \ge \beta\},$$

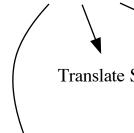
are open halfspaces.

Each of these is nonempty and convex. As with hyperplanes, the same four sets appear if one uses  $\lambda\beta$  and  $\lambda b$  above, so the halfspaces de-

Affine S



Affine Sets and Subsp



Affine Sets

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