

RING IDEALS

Definition

Given a ring $(R,+,\cdot)$ with additive group (R,+). A subset $I\subset R$ is called a $left\ ideal$ if

- 1. (I, +) is a subgroup of (R, +)
- 2. $r \cdot x \in I$ for every $r \in R$ and $x \in I$

Similarly, it is called a *left ideal* if (2) is replaced with $x \cdot r \in I$ for every $r \in R$ and $x \in I$. If I is an *ideal* if it is both a left and right ideal.

