



## Why

## Main Result

**Corollary 1.** *Let  $(b_i)_{i \in I}$  be a family in  $\mathbf{R}^n$  and  $(\beta_i)_{i \in I}$  be a family in  $\mathbf{R}$ . The set*

$$\{x \in \mathbf{R}^n \mid \langle x \rangle b_i \leq \beta_i \text{ for all } i \in I\}$$

*is convex.*

A *polyhedral* convex set is one which can be expressed as the intersection of a finite family of closed halfspaces.

