

## REAL NUMBERS

## Why

We want a set which corresponds to our notion of points on a line.<sup>1</sup>

## **Definition**

First, call a subset R of  $\mathbf{Q}$  a rational cut if  $R \neq \emptyset$ ,  $R \neq \mathbf{Q}$ , for all  $q \in R$ ,  $r \leq q \longrightarrow r \in R$ , and R has no greatest element. Briefly, the intuition is that the point is the set of all rationals to the left.<sup>2</sup>

The set of real numbers is the set of all rational cuts. This set exists by an application of the principle of selection (see Sect Selection to the power set (see Set Powers) of **Q**. We call an element of the set of real numbers a real number or a real. We call the set of real numbers the set of reals or reals for short.

## **Notation**

We follow tradition and denote the set of real numbers by R, likely a mnemonic for "real."

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Future editions will modify and expand this justification.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>This brief intuition will be expanded upon in future sheets.

