

FAMILIES

Why

We often use functions to keep track of several objects by the objects of some well-known set with which they correspond. In this case, we use specific language and notation.

Definition

Let I and X denote sets. A family is a function from I to X. We call an element of I an index and we call I the index set. Of course, the letter I was picked here to be a mnemonic for "index". We call the range of the family the indexed set and we call the value of the family at an index i a term of the family at i or the ith term of the family.

Experience shows that it is useful to discuss sets using indices, especially when discussing a set of sets. If the values of the family are sets, we speak of a *family of sets*. Indeed, we often speak of a *family of* whatever object the values of the function are. So for instance, a family of subsets of X is understood to be a function from some index set into $\mathcal{P}(X)$.

Notation

Let $x: I \to X$ be a family. We denote the *i*th term of x by x_i . We sometimes denote the family by $\{x_i\}_{i \in I}$.

