

## DATA MODELS

## Why

A distribution/density selector picks a probabilistic model for a dataset by using the maximum likelihood principle. We want to generalize this idea.  $^{1}$ 

## 1 Definition

An unsupervised data model is a function  $\ell: \mathbf{R}^d \to \mathbf{R}$  where  $\ell(x)$  is the suprise of the vector x.<sup>2</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Future editions probably include a genetic approach, which moves through clustering and mixtures of Gaussians to illustrate the point more fully.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Future editions will expand.

