

ROTATE SCALE ROTATE DECOMPOSITION

Why

Definition

A rotate scale rotate decomposition (or rotate scale rotate factorization) of a matrix $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ is an ordered triple (U, S, V)where U and V are orthogonal and S is diagonal and

$$A = USV^{\top}$$

This is universally known as the singular value decomposition or SVD of A. We call diagonal elements of S the singular values of A. We call the column vectors of U the left singular vectors or output singular vectors. We call the column vectors of V the right singular vectors or input singular vectors. We refer to them collectively as the singular vectors.

$$Av_i = \sigma_i u_i$$
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