

## FINITE AUTOMATA

## **Definition**

A finite automaton (or machine, deterministic finite automaton)  $M = (Q, \Sigma, \delta, q_0, F)$  is a list where Q and  $\Sigma$  is are finite sets (alphabets),  $\delta : Q \times \Sigma \to Q$ ,  $q_0 \in Q$  and  $F \subset Q$ .

We call Q the states,  $\Sigma$  the alphabet,  $\delta$  the transition function,  $q_0$  the start state (initial state), and F the accept states (or final states). An input  $u \in \mathsf{str}(\Sigma)$  results in a state sequence  $x \in \mathsf{str}(Q)$  with  $x_1 = q_0$  and  $x_{i+1} = \delta(x_i, u_i)$  for  $i = 1, \ldots, |u|$ . M accepts x if  $x_{|x|+1} \in F$ . The set of all strings that M accepts is the language of the machine M. We say that M recognizes or accepts this set. Although a language may accept many different strings, it only ever accepts one language. For example, if the machine accepts no strings, then it accepts the language  $\varnothing$ .

A  $L \subset \mathsf{str}(\Sigma)$  is called *regular* if there exists a finite automaton that recognizes it.

