Marginalia

Write into the margins!

1 Setup

Put something akin to the following at the start of your .typ file:

```
#import "@preview/marginalia:0.1.4" as marginalia: note, wideblock
#let config = (
    // inner: ( far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm ),
    // outer: ( far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm ),
    // top: 2.5cm,
    // bottom: 2.5cm,
    // book: false,
    // clearance: 12pt,
    // flush-numbers: false,
    // numbering: /* numbering-function */,
)
#marginalia.configure(..config)
#set page(
    // setup margins:
    ..marginalia.page-setup(..config),
    /* other page setup */
```

Where you can then customize config to your preferences. Shown here (as comments) are the default values taken if the corresponding keys are unset.

See the appendix for a more detailed explanation of the configure()
and page-setup() functions.

2 Margin-Notes

By default, the #note[...] command places a note to the right/outer margin, like so:
. By giving the argument reverse: true, we obtain a note on the left/inner margin.o If config.book = true, the side will of course be adjusted automatically.

If • we ⋄ place ■ multiple □ notes ▲ in △ one ▼ line, ⋄ they automatically adjust their positions. Additionally, a dy argument can be passed to shift their initial position by that amount vertically. They may still get shifted around, unless configured otherwise via the shift parameter of #note().

Notes will shift vertically to avoid other notes, wideblocks, and the top page margin. It will attempt to move one note below a wide-block if there is not enough space above, but if there are multiple notes that would need to be rearranged you must assist by manually setting dy such that their initial position is below the wideblock.

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• This is a note.

They can contain any content, and will wrap within the note column.

- Note 1
- Note 2
- Note 3
- □ Note 4
- ▲ Note 5
- △ This note was given 15pt dy, but it was shifted more than that to avoid Notes 1–5.
- This note was given 10cm dy and was shifted less than that to stay on the page.

o Reversed.

This note was given 15pt dy. 27. April 2025 Marginalia Page 2 of 11

- Note from second column.
- Lorem ipsum dolor sit.
- Like so. The lorem-ipsum note was also placed with keeporder.
 - This note is sandwiched between two calls to configure().
- Unnumbered notes "avoid" being shifted if possible, preferring to shift other notes up.

Like this.

This is a note with a dotted stroke above.

So is this.

• This is a note with a green background and flush-numbers: true.

So is this.

This is a note with a wide green background.

So is this.

 Unless they are given a dy argument moving them above the block. Margin notes also work from within most containers such as blocks or #column()s.

Blah blah. To force the notes to appear in the margin in the same order as they appear in the text, use #note(keep-order: true)[] for all notes whose relative order is important.

2.1 Markers

The margin notes are decorated with little symbols, which by default hang into the gap. If this is not desired, set the configuration option flush-numbers: true.

Setting the argument numbered: **false**, we obtain notes without icon/number:

To change the markers, you can override config.numbering-function which is used to generate the markers.

2.2 Styling

Both <u>note()</u> and <u>notefigure()</u> accept a text-style and par-style parameter:

- text-style: (size: 5pt, font: ("Iosevka Extended")) gives □
 par-style: (spacing: 20pt, leading: -2pt) gives △
- The default options here are meant to be as close as possible to the stock footnote style.

To style the block containing the note body, use the block-style argument.

- block-style: (stroke: (top: (thickness: 0.5pt, dash: "dotted")), outset: (top: 6pt /* clearance is 12pt */), width: 100%) gives:△
- block-style: (fill: oklch(90%, 0.06, 140deg), outset: (left: 10pt, rest: 4pt), width: 100%, radius: 4pt) gives:
- block-style: (fill: oklch(90%, 0.06, 140deg), inset: (x: 4pt), outset: (y: 4pt), width: 100%, radius: 4pt) gives:♡

3 Wide Blocks

The command #wideblock[...] can be used to wrap content in a wide block which spans into the margin-note-column.

Note: when using an asyymetric page layout with book: true, wideblocks which span across pagebreaks are messy, because there is no way for the wideblock to detect the pagebreak and adjust ist position after it.

It is possible to use notes in a wide block: ••. They will automatically shift downwards to avoid colliding with the wideblock. •

• Voila.

Notes above a wideblock will shift upwards if necessary. #wideblock(reverse: true)[...]: The reverse option makes the block extend to the inside margin instead. This is analogous to the reverse option on notes and allows placing notes in their usual column.

In this manual, a reverse wideblock is used to set the appendix to make it take up fewer pages. This is also why the appendix is no longer using book: true.

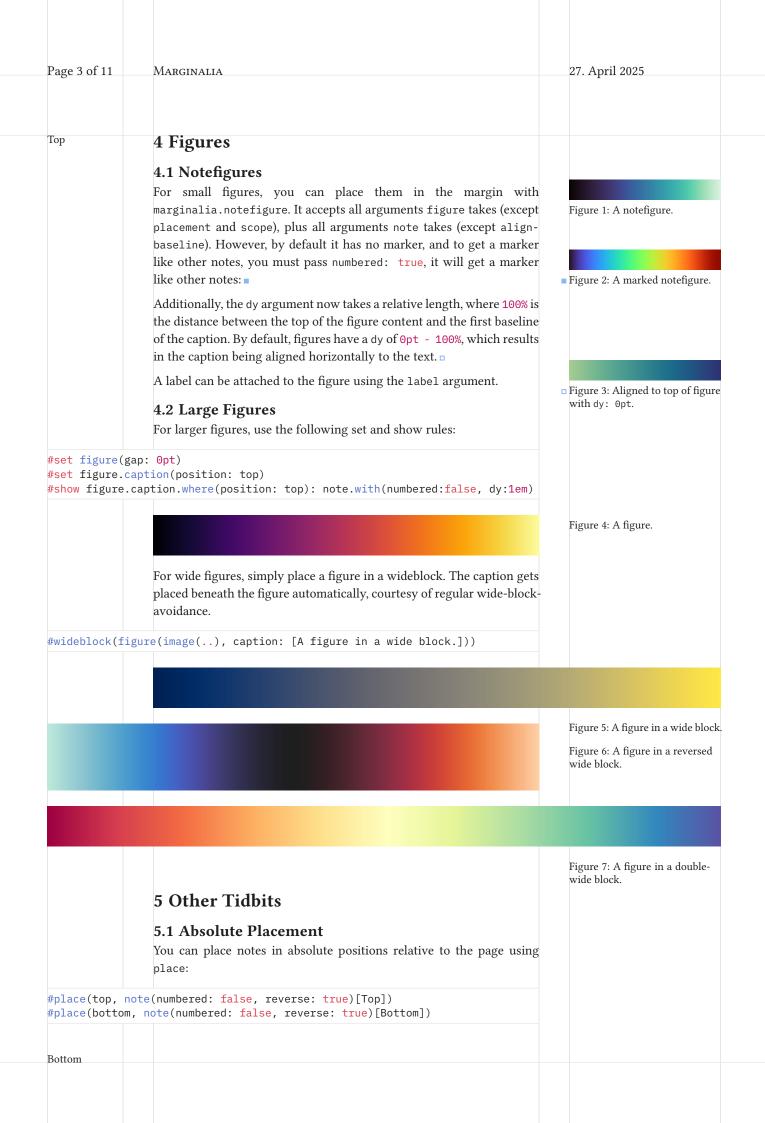
#wideblock(double: true) [...]: The double option makes it extend both ways. Note that setting both reverse: true and double: true is disallowed and will panic.

□ Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet.

▲ lastemsit. ipsum

Lorem ipsum

• Wow!



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Top (no shift) Top (no shift, no baseline align)

Also, please don't .update() the marginalia._config di-

rectly, this can easily break the

notes.

To avoid these notes moving about, use shift: false (or shift: "ignore" if you don't mind overlaps.)

```
#place(top, note(numbered: false, shift: false)[Top (no shift)])
#place(bottom, note(numbered: false, shift: false)[Bottom (no shift)])
```

By default, notes are aligned to their first baseline. To align the top of the note instead, set <u>align-baseline</u> to <u>false</u>.

5.2 Headers and Background

This is not (yet) a polished feature and requires to access marginalia._config.get().book to read the respective config option. In your documents, consider removing this check and simplifying the if a bit.

Here's how the headers in this document were made:

box(width: 1fr, smallcaps[Marginalia])

#datetime.today().display(/**/)

if not (book) or calc.odd(here().page()) [

#counter(page).display("1 of 1", both: true)

box(width: rightm.width, {

h(leftm.sep)

h(rightm.sep)

] else [Page

})
}

And here's the code for the lines in the background:

```
Not that you should copy them, they're mostly here to showcase the columns and help me verify that everything gets placed in the right spot.
```

Bottom (no shift) Bottom (no shift, no baseline al.) Page 5 of 11 Marginalia 27. April 2025

6 Troubleshooting / Known Bugs

- If the document needs multiple passes to figure out page-breaks, it can break the note positioning.
 - This can usually be resolved by placing a #pagebreak() or #pagebreak(weak: true) in an appropriate location.
- Nested notes may or may not work. In nearly all cases, they seem to lead to a "layout did not converge within 5 attempts" warning, so it is probably best to avoid them if possible.
- Just use multiple paragraphs in one note, or place multiple notes in the main text instead.
- ▶ If really neccessary, use shift: "ignore" on the nested notes and manually set dy.
- notefigures ignore flush-numbers: true, because it is not easily
 possible for this package to insert the marker into the caption
 without a newline.
- If book is true, wideblocks that break across pages are broken. Sadly
 there doesn't seem to be a way to detect and react to page-breaks from
 within a block, so I don't know how to fix this.
- If you encounter anything else which looks like a bug to you, please create an "issue" on GitHub if no-one else has done so already.

7 Thanks

Many thanks go to Nathan Jessurun for their <u>drafting</u> package, which has served as a starting point and was very helpful in figuring out how to position margin-notes.

The wideblock functionality was inspired by the one provided in the <u>tufte-memo</u> template.

Also shout-out to tidy, which was used to produce the appendix.

- This can happen for example with outlines which barely fit/ don't fit onto the page.
- In this manual, for example, it works fine (with warnings) here,
 but not on the first page.
- Probably because there aren't many other notes around.
- ◆ Which is a block-level element

 Notes on the other side are usually fine though. Page 6 of 11 Marginalia 27. April 2025

A Detailed Documentation of all Exported Symbols

A.1 configure

This will update the marginalia config with the provided config options.

The default values for the margins have been chosen such that they match the default typst margins for a4. It is strongly recommended to change at least one of either inner or outer to be wide enough to actually contain text.

The shown default values are for the first usage of this function. On later calls, unspecified options are kept from the previous configuration state:

```
configure(clearance: 5pt)
configure(book: true)
is equivalent to configure(clearance: 5pt, book: true).
Parameters
  configure(
    inner: dictionary,
    outer: dictionary,
    top: length,
    bottom: length,
    book: boolean,
    clearance: length,
    flush-numbers: boolean,
    numbering: function string
inner: (far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm)
                                               dictionary
Inside/left margins.
• far: Distance between edge of page and margin (note) column.
• width: Width of the margin column.
• sep: Distance between margin column and main text column.
The page inside/left margin should equal far + width + sep.
If partial dictionary is given, it will be filled up with defaults.
outer: (far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm)
                                              dictionary
Outside/right margins. Analogous to inner.
top: 2.5cm
                         Top margin.
             length
bottom: 2.5cm
                 length
                            Bottom margin.
book: false
• If true, will use inside/outside margins, alternating on each page.
• If false, will use left/right margins with all pages the same.
clearance: 12pt
                   length
Minimal vertical distance between notes and to wide blocks.
flush-numbers: false
                       boolean
```

Disallow note markers hanging into the whitespace.

Functions:

- configure()
- get-left()
- get-right()
- note()
- note-numbering()
- notefigure()
- page-setup()
- wideblock()

Variables:

- notecounter
- <u>note-markers</u>
- note-markers-alternating

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```
numbering: note-numbering function or string
```

Function or numbering-string to generate the note markers from the notecounter.

Examples:

- (..i) => super(numbering("1", ..i)) for superscript numbers
- (..i) => super(numbering("a", ..i)) for superscript letters
- marginalia.note-numbering.with(repeat: false, markers: ()) for small blue numbers

A.2 get-left

Returns a dictionary with the keys far, width, sep containing the respective widths of the left margin on the current page. (On both even and odd pages.)

Mostly internal.

Requires context.

Parameters

```
get-left() → dictionary
```

A.3 get-right

Returns a dictionary with the keys far, width, sep containing the respective widths of the right margin on the current page. (On both even and odd pages.)

Mostly internal.

Requires context.

Parameters

```
get-right() → dictionary
```

A.4 note

Create a marginnote. Will adjust it's position downwards to avoid previously placed notes, and upwards to avoid extending past the bottom margin.

Parameters

```
note(
  numbered: boolean,
  reverse: boolean,
  dy: length,
  align-baseline: boolean,
  keep-order: boolean,
  shift: boolean auto "avoid" "ignore",
  text-style: dictionary,
  par-style: dictionary,
  block-style: dictionary,
  (body): content
)
```

numbered: true boolean Whether to put a mark.

reverse: false boolean Whether to put it in the opposite (inner/left) margin.

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```
dy: Opt length
```

Inital vertical offset of the note. Note may get shifted still to avoid other notes.

```
align-baseline: true boolean
```

Whether to align the baselines or not.

• If false, the top of the note is aligned with the main-text baseline.

```
keep-order: false boolean
```

Notes with keep-order: true are not re-ordered relative to one another.

```
shift: auto boolean or auto or "avoid" or "ignore"
```

Whether the note may get shifted around to avoid other notes.

- true: The note may shift to avoid other notes, wide-blocks and the top/bottom margins.
- false: The note is placed exactly where it appears, and other notes may shift to avoid it.
- "avoid": The note is only shifted if shifting other notes is not sufficent to avoid a collision.
- "ignore": Like false, but other notes do not try to avoid it.
- auto: true if numbered, "avoid" otherwise.

```
text-style: (size: 0.85em, style: "normal", weight: "regular")
dictionary
```

Will be used to set the text style.

```
par-style:
dictionary
(spacing: 1.2em, leading: 0.5em, hanging-indent: 0pt)
```

Will be used to set the par style.

```
block-style: (
    width: 100%,
) dictionary Will be passed to the block containing the note body.
```

A.5 note-numbering

Format note marker

Parameters

```
note-numbering(
  markers: array(string),
  repeat: boolean,
  (..),
  (number): int
) → content
```

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```
markers: note-markers-alternating array(string)
```

```
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
    #note-numbering(markers: note-
markers, i)
]\
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
    #note-numbering(markers: note-
markers-alternating, i)
]
```

repeat: true boolean

Whether to (true) loop over the icons, or (false) continue with numbers after icons run out.

```
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
    #note-numbering(repeat: true, i)
]\
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
    #note-numbering(repeat: false, i)
]
```



A.6 notefigure

Creates a figure in the margin.

Parameters numbered, reverse, keep-order, shift, text-style and par-style work the same as for note().

Parameters

```
notefigure(
    numbered: boolean,
    reverse: boolean,
    dy: relative length,
    keep-order: boolean,
    shift: boolean auto "avoid" "ignore",
    text-style: dictionary,
    par-style: dictionary,
    gap: length,
    label: none (content): content,
    (..figureargs): arguments
) → content

dy: Opt - 100% relative length
```

How much to shift the note. 100% corresponds to the height of content + gap + the first baseline.

Thus dy: Opt - 100% aligns the text and caption baselines.

```
gap: 0.55em length
```

Pass-through to #figure(), but used to adjust the vertical position.

label: none or label A label to attach to the figure.

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```
(content) content Positional
```

The figure content, e.g. an image. Pass-through to #figure(), but used to adjust the vertical position.

```
(..figureargs) arguments Positional Pass-through to #figure().
(E.g. caption)
```

A.7 page-setup

Page setup helper

This will generate a dictionary (margin: ...) compatible with the passed config. This can then be spread into the page setup like so:

```
#set page( ..page-setup(..config) )
```

Takes the same options as configure().

Parameters

```
page-setup((..config): dictionary) → dictionary
(..config) dictionary Positional
```

Missing entries are filled with package defaults. Note: missing entries are *not* taken from the current marginalia config, as this would require context.

A.8 wideblock

Creates a block that extends into the outside/right margin.

Note: This does not handle page-breaks sensibly. If config.book = false, this is not a problem, as then the margins on all pages are the same. However, when using alternating page margins, a multi-page wideblock will not work properly. To be able to set this appendix in a many-page wideblock, this code was used:

```
#configure(..config, book: false)
#set page(..page setup(..config, book: false))
#wideblock(reverse: true)[...]

Parameters
wideblock(reverse: boolean, double: boolean, ⟨body⟩: content) → content

reverse: false boolean Whether to extend into the inside/left margin instead.

double: false boolean
```

Whether to extend into both margins. Cannot be combined with reverse.

A.9 notecounter counter

The counter used for the note icons.

Mostly internal.

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If you use <pre>note-numbering()</pre> without <pre>note-numbering.repeat</pre> , it is reccommended you reset this occasionally, e.g. per heading or per page.		
notecounter.update(1)		
A.10 note-markers		
Icons to use for note markers. ("◆", "●", "■", "★", "♥", "◇", "□", "△", "♡")		
A.11 note-markers-alternating		
Icons to use for note markers, alternating filled/outlined.		
("●", "○", "◆", "◆", "■", "□", "▲", "△", "♥", "♡")		