# Marginalia

Write into the margins!

# 1 Setup

Put something akin to the following at the start of your .typ file:

```
#import "@preview/marginalia:0.1.2" as marginalia: note, wideblock
#let config = (
    // inner: ( far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm ),
    // outer: ( far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm ),
    // top: 2.5cm,
    // bottom: 2.5cm,
    // book: false,
    // clearance: 8pt,
    // flush-numbers: false,
    // numbering: /* numbering-function */,
)
#marginalia.configure(..config)
#set page(
    // setup margins:
    ..marginalia.page-setup(..config),
    /* other page setup */
)
```

Where you can then customize config to your preferences. Shown here (as comments) are the default values taken if the corresponding keys are unset.

See the appendix for a more detailed explanation of the configure() and page-setup() functions.

# 2 Margin-Notes

By default, the #note[...] command places a note to the right/
outer margin, like so:

By giving the argument reverse: true,
we obtain a note on the left/inner margin.
If config.book = true, the side will of course be adjusted automatically.

If • we ⋄ place ■ multiple □ notes ▲ in △ one • line, ⋄ they automatically adjust their positions. Additionally, a dy argument can be passed to shift their initial position by that amount vertically. They may still get shifted around.

Notes will shift downwards to avoid previous notes, containing wideblocks, and the top page margin. Notes will shift upwards to avoid later notes and wideblocks, and the bottom page margin. However, if there is not enough space between two wideblocks or between wideblocks and the margins, there will be collisions.

Currently, notes (and wideblocks) are not reordered, so two #notes are placed in the same order vertically as they appear in

#### Contents

1 Setup
2 Margin-Notes
2.1 Markers
3 Wide Blocks
4 Figures
5 Headers and Background
6 Trobleshooting / Known Bugs
7 Thanks
A Detailed Documentation of all Ex
ported Symbols
A.1 configure
A.2 get-left
A.3 get-right
A.4 note
A.5 note-numbering
A.6 notefigure
A.7 page-setup
A.8 wideblock 1
A.9 notecounter 1
A.10 note-markers 1
A.11 note-markers-alternating . 1

• This is a note.

They can contain any content, and will wrap within the note column.

- Note 1
- Note 2
- Note 3
- □ Note 4
- ▲ Note 5
- △ This note was given 15pt dy, but it was shifted more than that to avoid Notes 1–5.
- This note was given 10cm dy.
- This note lands below the previous one!

• Reversed.

This note was given 15pt dy. 10. March 2025 Marginalia Page 2 of 11

the markup, even if the first is shifted with a dy such that the other would fit above it.

#### 2.1 Markers

The margin notes are decorated with little symbols, which by default hang into the gap. If this is not desired, set the configuration option flush-numbers: true. Setting the argument numbered: false, we obtain notes without icon/number.

To change the markers, you can override config.numberingfunction which is used to generate the markers.

It is recommended to reset the notecounter regularly, either per page:

```
#set page(header: { marginalia.notecounter.update(0) })
or per heading:
#show heading.where(level: 1): it =>
    { marginalia.notecounter.update(0); it }
```

## 3 Wide Blocks

The command <code>#wideblock[...]</code> can be used to wrap content in a wide block which spans into the margin-note-column. It is possible to use notes in a wide block:

o. They will automatically shift downwards to avoid colliding with the wideblock.

o Wow!

• Voila

Like this

 Notes above a wideblock will shift upwards if necessary. #wideblock(reverse: true)[...]: The reverse option makes the block extend to the inside margin instead.

This is analogous to the reverse option on notes.

#wideblock(double: true)[...]: The double option makes it extend both ways. Note that setting both reverse: true and double: true is disallowed and will panic.



Figure 1: A notefigure.



Figure 2: A marked notefigure.



 Figure 3: Aligned to top of figure with dy: Opt.

# 4 Figures

For small figures, you can place them in the margin with marginalia.notefigure. It accepts all arguments figure takes (except placement and scope), plus all arguments note takes. However, by default it has no marker, and to get a marker like other notes, you must pass numbered: true, it will get a marker like other notes:

Additionally, the dy argument now takes a relative length, where 100% is the height of the figure content + gap, but without the caption. By default, figures have a dy of 0pt - 100%, which results in the caption being aligned horizontally to the text.

A label can be attached to the figure using the label argument.

For larger figures, use the following set and show rules:

Page 3 of 11

Marginalia

10. March 2025

Figure 4: A figure.

For wide figures, simply place a figure in a wideblock. The Caption gets placed beneath the figure automatically, courtesy of regular wide-block-avoidance.

```
#wideblock[#figure(
   image(...),
   caption: [A figure in a wide block.]
)]
```

Figure 5: A figure in a wide block.

Figure 6: A figure in a reversed wide block.

# 5 Headers and Background

This is not (yet) a polished feature and requires to access marginalia.\_config.get().book to read the respective config option. In your documents, consider removing this check and simplifying the if a bit.

Here's how the headers in this document were made:

```
#set page(header: context {
 marginalia.notecounter.update(0)
 let book = marginalia._config.get().book
 let leftm = marginalia.get-left()
 let rightm = marginalia.get-right()
 if here().page() > 1 {
   wideblock(double: true, {
     box(width: leftm.width, {
       if not (book) or calc.odd(here().page()) [
         #counter(page).display("1 of 1", both: true)
          #datetime.today().display(/**/)
     h(leftm.sep)
     box(width: 1fr, smallcaps[Marginalia])
     h(rightm.sep)
     box(width: rightm.width, {
       if not (book) or calc.odd(here().page()) [
         #datetime.today().display(/**/)
          #counter(page).display("1 of 1", both: true)
     })
   })
```

Figure 7: A figure in a double-wide block.

 Also, please don't .update() the marginalia.\_config directly, this can easily break the notes. 10. March 2025 MARGINALIA Page 4 of 11

 Not that you should copy them, they're mostly here to showcase the columns and help me verify that everything gets placed in the right spot. } })

 This can happen for example with outlines which barely fit/don't fit onto the page.

- In this manual, for example, it works here, but not on the first page.
- ♦ I don't know why... :(

And here's the code for the lines in the background:

```
#set page(background: context {
 let leftm = marginalia.get-left()
  let rightm = marginalia.get-right()
 place(
   dx: leftm.far,
   rect(width: leftm.width, height: 100%,
     stroke: (x: luma(90%))))
   dx: leftm.far + leftm.width + leftm.sep,
   rect(width: 10pt, height: 100%,
     stroke: (left: luma(90%))))
 place(right,
   dx: -rightm.far,
    rect(width: rightm.width, height: 100%,
     stroke: (x: luma(90%))))
  place(right,
   dx: -rightm.far - rightm.width - rightm.sep,
    rect(width: 10pt, height: 100%,
      stroke: (right: luma(90%))))
```

# 6 Trobleshooting / Known Bugs

- If the document needs multiple passes to figure out pagebreaks, it can break the note positioning.
  - This can usually be resolved by placing a #pagebreak() or #pagebreak(weak: true) in an appropriat location.
- Nested notes may or may not work. In all cases, they seem to lead to a "layout did not converge within 5 attempts" warning, so it is probably best to avoid them if possible.
- If you encounter anything else which looks like a big to you, please <u>create an "issue" on Github</u> if noone else has done so already.

## 7 Thanks

Many thanks go to Nathan Jessurun for their <u>drafting</u> package, which has served as a starting point and was very helpful in figuring out how to position margin-notes.

The wideblock functionality was inspired by the one provided in the <u>tufte-memo</u> template.

Also shout-out to <u>tidy</u>, which was used to produce the appendix.

Page 5 of 11 March 2025

# A Detailed Documentation of all Exported Symbols

```
    configure()
```

- get-left()
- get-right()
- note()
- note-numbering()
- notefigure()
- page-setup()
- wideblock()

#### Variables:

- notecounter
- note-markers
- note-markers-alternating

## A.1 configure

This will update the marginalia config with the provided config options.

The default values for the margins have been chosen such that they match the default typst margins for a4. It is strongly recommended to change at least one of either inner or outer to be wide enough to actually contain text.

#### **Parameters**

```
configure(
  inner: dictionary,
  outer: dictionary,
  top: length,
  bottom: length,
  book: boolean,
  clearance: length,
  flush-numbers: boolean,
  numbering: function string
)
```

#### inner dictionary

Inside/left margins.

- far: Distance between edge of page and margin (note) column.
- width: Width of the margin column.
- sep: Distance between margin column and main text column.

The page inside/left margin should equal far + width + sep.

If partial dictionary is given, it will be filled up with defaults.

```
Default: (far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm)
```

```
outer dictionary
```

Outside/right margins. Analogous to inner.

```
Default: (far: 5mm, width: 15mm, sep: 5mm)
```

Page 6 of 11 March 2025

## top length

Top margin.

Default: 2.5cm

#### bottom length

Bottom margin.

Default: 2.5cm

#### book boolean

If true, will use inside/outside margins, alternating on each page. If false, will use left/right margins with all pages the same.

Default: false

#### clearance length

Minimal vertical distance between notes and to wide blocks.

Default: 8pt

#### flush-numbers boolean

Disallow note icons hanging into the whitespace.

Default: false

## numbering function or string

Function or numbering-string to generate the note markers from the notecounter.

Default: note-numbering

## A.2 get-left

Returns a dictionary with the keys far, width, sep containing the respective widths of the left margin on the current page. (On both even and odd pages.)

Requires context.

## **Parameters**

```
get-left() -> dictionary
```

Mostly internal.

Page 7 of 11 March 2025

## A.3 get-right

Returns a dictionary with the keys far, width, sep containing the respective widths of the right margin on the current page. (On both even and odd pages.)

Mostly internal.

Requires context.

```
Parameters
```

```
get-right() -> dictionary
```

## A.4 note

Create a marginnote. Will adjust it's position downwards to avoid previously placed notes, and upwards to avoid extending past the bottom margin.

#### **Parameters**

```
note(
  numbered: boolean,
  reverse: boolean,
  dy: length,
  body: content
)
```

#### numbered boolean

Whether to put a mark.

Default: true

#### reverse boolean

Whether to put it in the opposite (inner/left) margin.

Default: false

## dy length

Inital vertical offset of the note. Note may get shifted still to avoid other notes.

Default: Opt

## A.5 note-numbering

Format note marker

## **Parameters**

```
note-numbering(
  markers: array(string),
  repeat: boolean,
  ...,
```

Page 8 of 11 10. March 2025 Marginalia

```
number: int
) -> content
markers
           array(string)
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
                                    ◆ • ■ ▲ ♥ ♦ • □ △ ♥ ◆ • ■ ▲
  #note-numbering(markers: note-
                                    markers, i)
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
  #note-numbering(markers: note-
markers-alternating, i)
```

Default: note-markers-alternating

#### repeat boolean

Whether to (true) loop over the icons, or (false) continue with numbers after icons run out.

```
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
                                                                   \bullet \ \circ \ \diamond \ \diamond \ \blacksquare \ \Box \ \vartriangle \ \vartriangle \ \heartsuit \ \bullet \ \circ \ \diamond \ \diamondsuit
  #note-numbering(repeat: true, i)
                                                                   ● ○ ♦ ♦ ■ □ ▲ △ ♥ ♡ 1 2 3 4
#for i in array.range(1,15) [
   #note-numbering(repeat: false, i)
```

Default: true

## A.6 notefigure

Creates a figure in the margin.

## **Parameters**

```
notefigure(
  content: content,
  reverse: boolean,
  dy: relative length,
  numbered: boolean ,
  gap: length,
  label: none label,
  ..figureargs: arguments
) -> content
content
          content
```

The figure content, e.g. an image. Pass-through to #figure(), but used to adjust the vertical position.

Page 9 of 11 Marginalia 10. March 2025

reverse boolean

Put the notefigure in the opposite margin.

Default: false

dy relative length

How much to shift the note. 100% corresponds to the height of content + gap.

Default: Opt - 100%

numbered boolean

Whether to put a mark.

Default: false

gap length

Pass-through to #figure(), but used to adjust the vertical position.

Default: 0.55em

label none or label

A label to attach to the figure.

Default: none

..figureargs arguments

Pass-through to #figure().

## A.7 page-setup

Page setup helper

This will generate a dictionary ( margin: ...) compatible with the passed config. This can then be spread into the page setup like so:

```
#set page( ..page-setup(..config) )
```

Takes the same options as configure().

**Parameters** 

```
page-setup(..config: dictionary) -> dictionary
```

..config dictionary

Page 10 of 11 March 2025

Missing entries are filled with package defaults. Note: missing entries are *not* taken from the current marginalia config, as this would require context.

## A.8 wideblock

Creates a block that extends into the outside/right margin.

Note: This does not handle page-breaks sensibly. If config.book = false, this is not a problem, as then the margins on all pages are the same. However, when using alternating page margins, a multi-page wideblock will not work properly. To be able to set this appendix in a many-page wideblock, this code was used:

```
#configure(..config, book: false)
#set page(..page-setup(..config, book: false))
#wideblock(reverse: true)[...]
Parameters
 wideblock(
    reverse: boolean,
    double: boolean,
    body: content
  ) -> content
             boolean
  reverse
  Whether to extend into the inside/left margin instead.
 Default: false
  double
            boolean
 Whether to extend into both margins. Cannot be combined with reverse.
 Default: false
```

#### A.9 notecounter counter

The counter used for the note icons.

If you use note-numbering() without note-numbering.repeat, it is reccommended you reset this occasionally, e.g. per heading or per page.

notecounter.update(1)

#### A.10 note-markers

Mostly internal.

Page 11 of 11 Marginalia 10. March 2025

Icons to use for note markers.

# A.11 note-markers-alternating

Icons to use for note markers, alternating filled/outlined.