

Unique algorithm

1.

main:

val list = listOf(1, 3, 1, 4, 1, 3, 5, 4, 5)

val uniqueList = unique(list)

for (elem in uniqueList)
println(elem) → pode ser uma lista, array, range

for (i in 0 until 10)
println(i) // 0, 1, ..., 9 → devido ao until

for (i in 0..10)
println(i) // 0, 1, ..., 10 → inclusive

for (i in 10 downTo 0)
println(i) // 10, 9, 8, ..., 0 → inclusive

2.

```

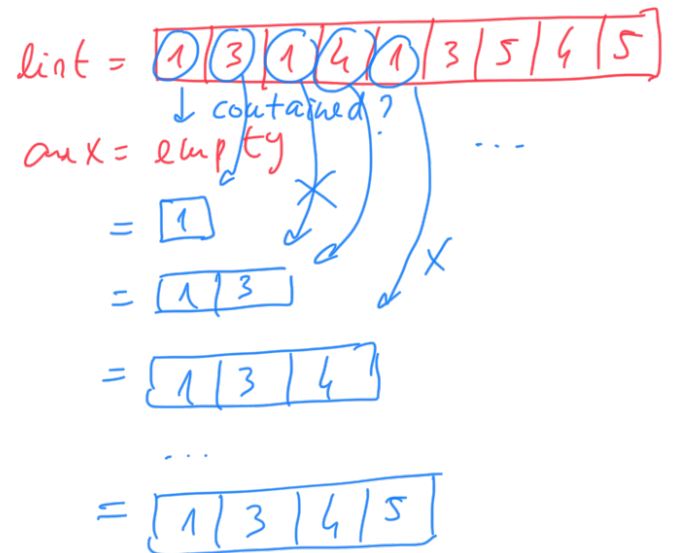
fun unique (list: List<Int>) {
    // #1 - Use auxiliary list
    // for repeated
    var aux = emptyList<Int>()

    var i = 0
    while (i < list.size()) {
        // check if repeated
        if (list[i] !in aux)
            aux += list[i]

        ++i
    }

    return aux
}

```

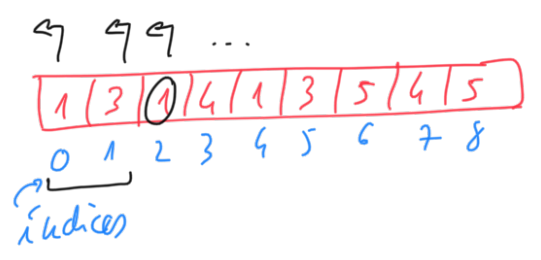


3.

fun unique (...) {
 // #2 - search in the name list

var aux = emptyList<Int> ()
 var i = 0; var found : Boolean
 while (i < list.size) {

// search repeated
 // in the
 // name list
 // from the
 // beginning to the
 // current index - 1



found = false

for (j in i-1 downTo 0)
 if (list[i] == list[j]) {
 found = true
 break // sai do ciclo correto
 }

⇔
 for (j in 0 until i)
 OR
 for (j in 0 .. i-1)

if (! found)
 aux += list[i]

↓ ou:

var j = i-1; found = false
 while (j >= 0 && ! found)
 {
 if (list[i] == list[j])
 {
 found = true
~~sai do~~ // not necessary
 }
 --j
 }

→ ...

++i
 return aux

}