

Backup, Restore and Disaster Recovery

Agenda

- DR Overview
- Backup
- Restore
- Replication
- MongoDB Backup Service

Disaster Recovery Overview



Disasters do happen



Sometimes they are our fault

Recovery Point Objective

- How much data can you afford to lose?

Recovery Time Objective

- How long can you afford to be off-line?

DR vs. HA

- Don't confuse the two
- Distinctly different business requirements
- Technical solutions may converge

DR Solution Tradeoffs

- Strict RPO = more \$
- Strict RTO = more \$

Backup

**What's the most important thing
about creating backups?**

Restoring Them

If you don't ensure that your backups can be restored, there's no point in doing backups

Backup Options

- mongodump
- Copy Files
- Snapshot disk

mongodump

- Dumps collections to *.bson files
- Mirrors your structure
- Can be run in live or offline mode
- *--dbpath* for direct file access
- *--oplog* to record oplog while backing up
- *--query/filter* selective dump

mongodump

```
$ mongodump --help
Export MongoDB data to BSON files.
```

options:

<code>--help</code>	produce help message
<code>-v [--verbose]</code>	be more verbose (include multiple times for more
	verbosity e.g. <code>-vvvvv</code>)
<code>--version</code>	print the program's version and exit
<code>-h [--host] arg</code>	mongo host to connect to (/s1,s2 for
<code>--port arg</code>	server port. Can also use <code>--host hostname</code>
<code>-u [--username] arg</code>	username
<code>-p [--password] arg</code>	password
<code>--dbpath arg</code>	directly access mongod database files in path, instead of connecting to a mongod needs to lock the data directory, so can if a mongod is currently accessing the s database to use
<code>-d [--db] arg</code>	collection to use (some commands)
<code>-c [--collection] arg</code>	output directory or "-" for stdout
<code>-o [--out] arg (=dump)</code>	json query
<code>-q [--query] arg</code>	Use oplog for point-in-time snapshotting
<code>--oplog</code>	

File System Backups

- **Must use journaling**
- Copy */data/db* files
- Snapshot
- Seriously, always use journaling

Ensure Consistency

- *fsyncLock* - flush and stop accepting writes
- Don't forget to *fsyncUnlock*

File System Backups: Pros and Cons

- Entire database
- Backup files will be large
- Fastest way to create a backup
- Fastest way to restore a backup

Restore

mongorestore

- *mongorestore*
- *--oplogReplay* replay oplog to point-in-time

File System Restores

- All database files
- Selected databases or collections
- Replay Oplog

Backup and Restore Examples

Backup Example: Sharded Cluster

1. Stop Balancer (and wait)
2. or no balancing window
3. Stop one config server (data R/O)
4. Backup Data (shards, config)
5. Restart config server
6. Resume Balancer

Restore Example: Sharded Cluster

1. Dissimilar #shards to restore to
2. Different shard keys?
3. Selective restores
4. Consolidate shards
5. Changing addresses of config/shards

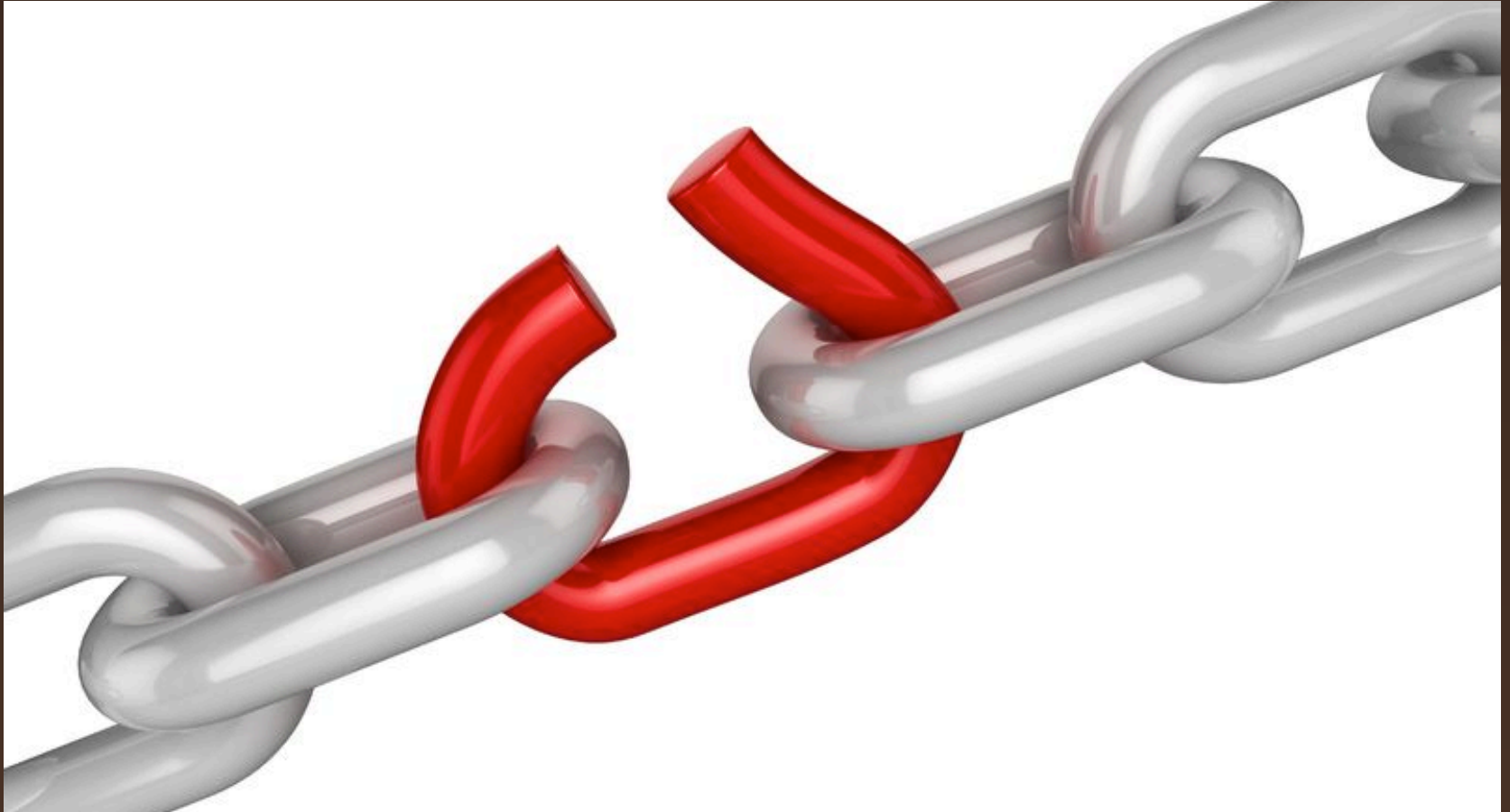
Tips and Tricks

- mongodump/mongorestore
 - --oplog[Replay]
 - --objcheck/--repair
 - --dbpath
 - --query/--filter
- bsondump
 - inspect data at console
- lvm snapshot time/space trade-off
 - Multi ESB backup
 - clean up snapshots

Replication

Replica Sets

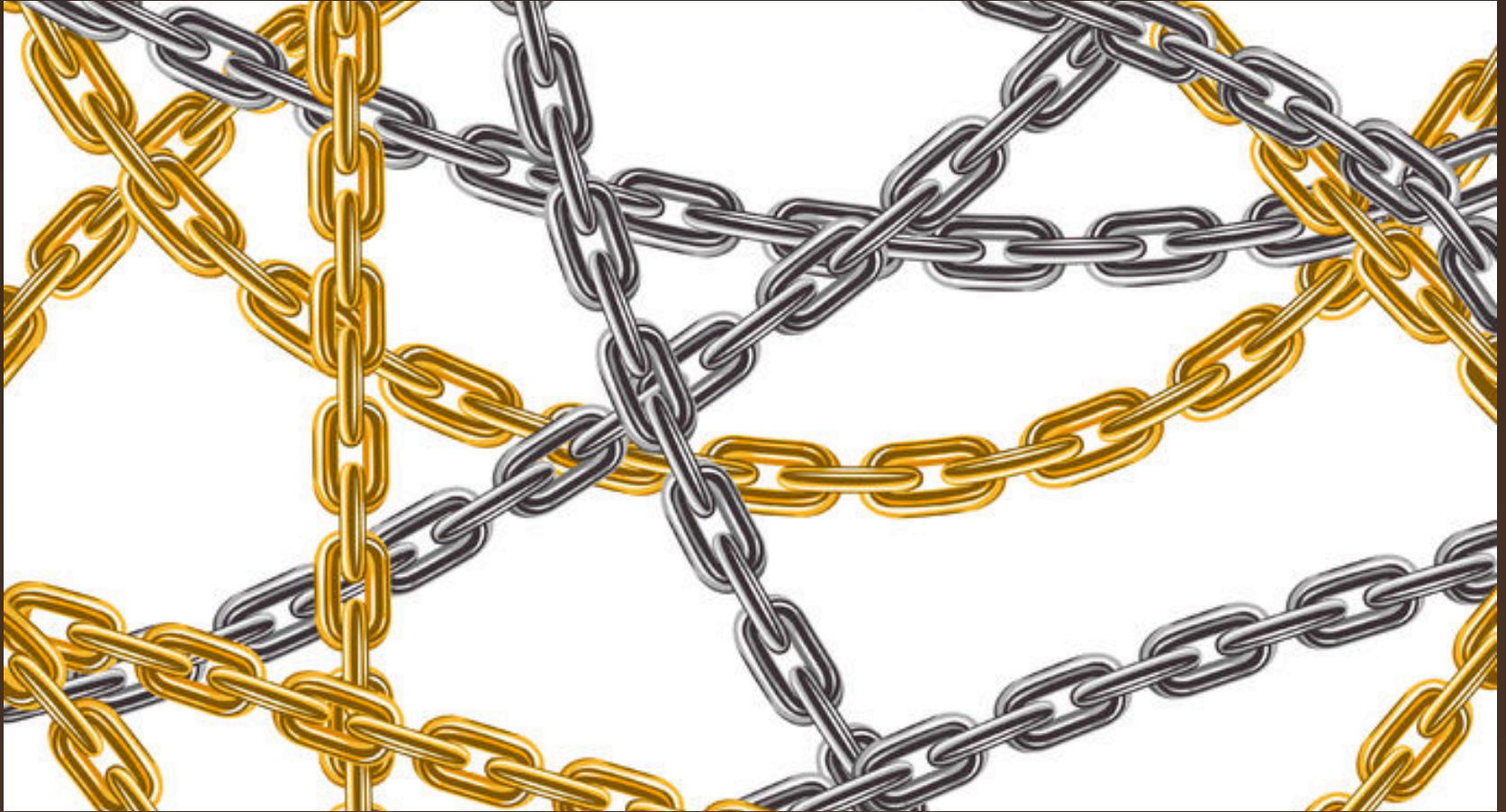
Disaster Avoidance



Avoid a single point of failure

Replica Set Configuration

```
> rs.conf() {
  "_id" : "replSetName",
  "version" : 3,
  "members" : [
    {
      "_id" : 0,
      "host" : "myhost1.dnsname.com:27017"
    },
    {
      "_id" : 1,
      "host" : "myhost2.dnsname.com:27017"
    },
    {
      "_id" : 2,
      "host" : "myhost3.dnsname.com:27017"
    }
  ]
}
```



Avoid single point of failure in replica sets

Deploy a Resilient Topology

- Redundancy
- Multiple Datacenters
- Multiple Regions
- Can support HA and DR requirements
 - HA by providing intra and inter datacenter failover
 - DR by providing geographically dispersed copies of data

MongoDB Management Service

You can do it yourself...
Or have the people who created
MongoDB run your backups

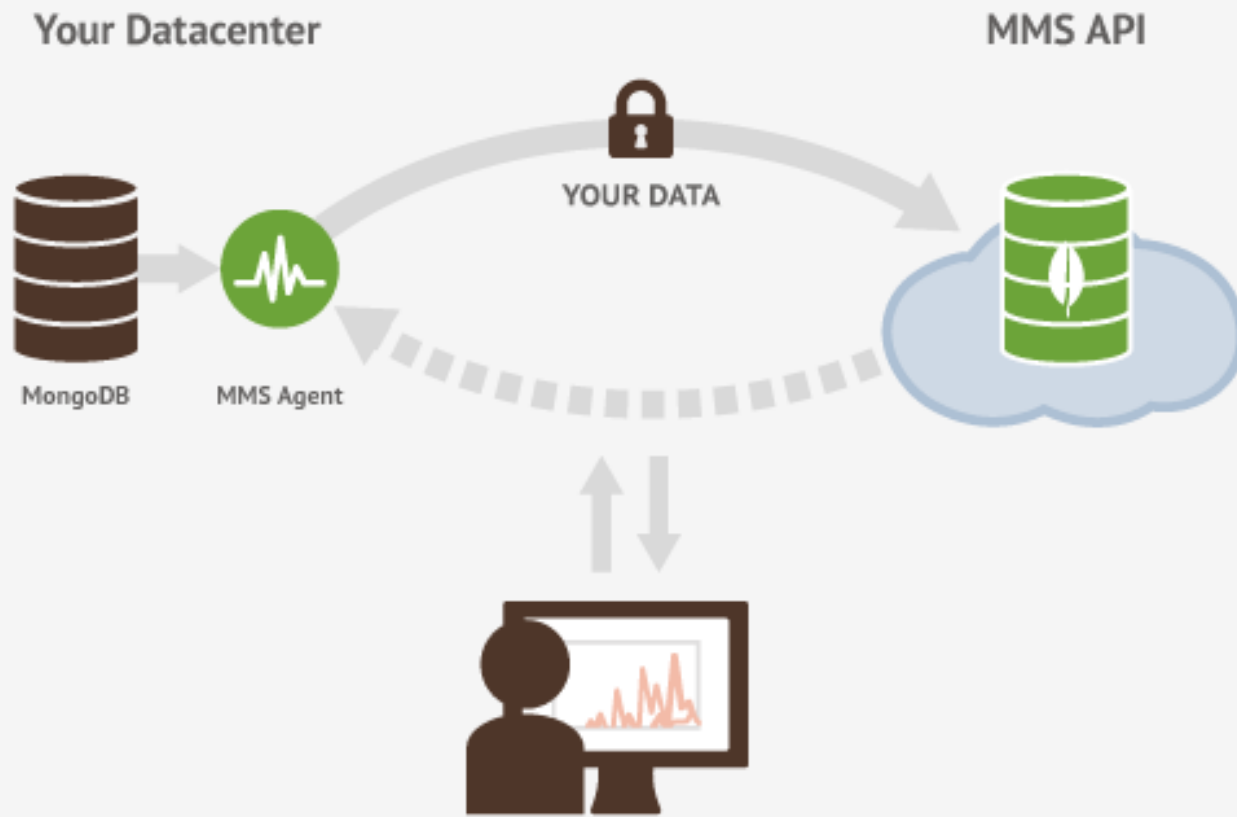
MongoDB Management Service

- Cloud-based backup and restore service
- Developed and monitored by 10gen engineers
- Point-in-time restore of replica sets
- Performance impact similar to adding a secondary
- Supports sharded clusters

Unlimited for restores

**To seed new secondary nodes,
build dev/QA systems, analytics
and send data to new
environments without impacting
production workloads**

Integrated into MMS UI



How it Works

Summary

Choose the Right Tool

- **RPO** on the order of seconds or minutes?
 - Use Replication
- **RPO** on the order of hours?
 - Maybe backups will suffice
- **RTO** on the order of seconds or minutes?
 - Use Replication
- **RTO** on the order of hours or days?
 - Use backups with warm/cold standby
- Need HA and DR?

Use Replica Sets

Design a topology to support both HA and DR

MongoDB Management Service
is a reliable and convenient way
to protect your data

