



Nicolas Lepage - @njblepage

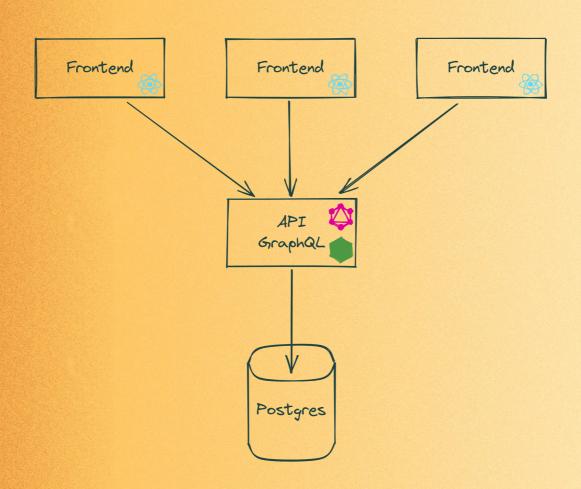




Le projet

- Développé par Zenika Nantes
- Pour l'Institut Catholique de Vendée
- Application de gestion

Le projet



```
query getStudents {
   students {
    id, firstName, lastName
     grades {
      id, grade
      subject {
        id, name
      }
    }
}
```

```
type Query {
   students: [Students]!
}

type Student {
   id: ID!
   firstName: String!
   lastName: String!
   grades: [Grade!]!
}

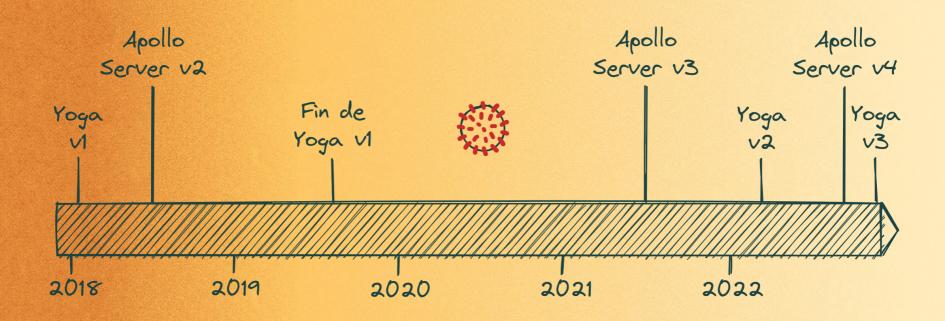
# ...
```

- Langage de requêtage + Schéma
- Environnement d'exécution
- Spécification opensource

L'API GraphQL du projet

- +100 queries, +100 mutations, +250 types
- Quelques subscriptions
- Uploads de fichiers
- D'abord Apollo Server v1 puis v2

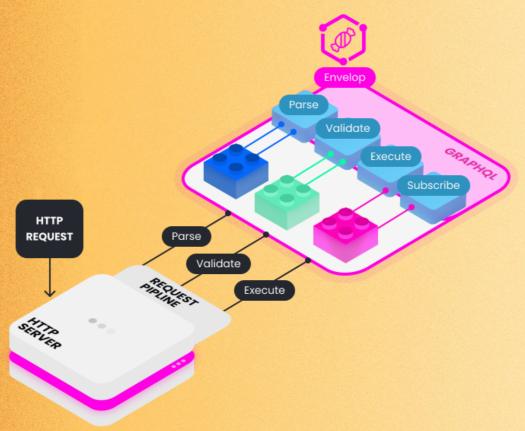
Historique de l'écosystème



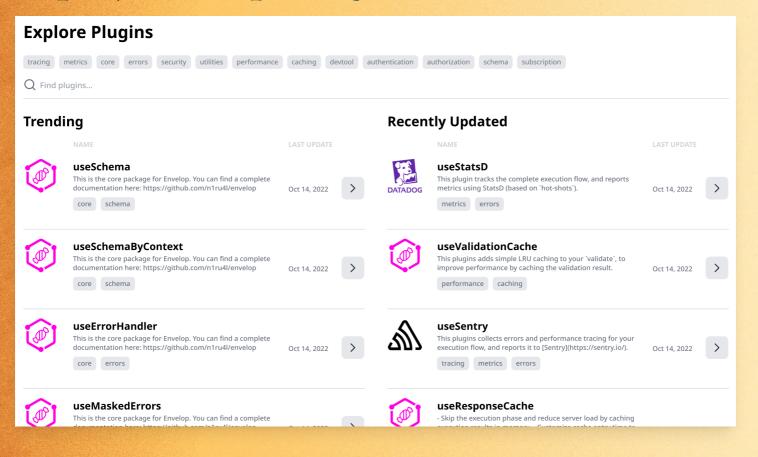
GraphQL Envelop

- Démarré début 2021
- Système de plugins pour GraphQL
- Framework agnostic

GraphQL Envelop



GraphQL Envelop - Plugins



GraphQL Envelop - Plugins

Cycle de vie Initialisation Pipeline de requête onPluginInit onContext — wseExtendedValidation, onSchemaChange onExecute onSubscribe

GraphQL Envelop - Construire un serveur

```
import * as GraphQLJS from 'graphql'
import { envelop, useEngine, useSchema } from '@envelop/core'
import { useParserCache } from '@envelop/parser-cache'
import { useValidationCache } from '@envelop/validation-cache'
import { schema } from './schema
export const getEnveloped = envelop({
  plugins: [
    useEngine(GraphQLJS),
    useSchema(schema),
    useParserCache(),
    useValidationCache()
```

GraphQL Envelop - Construire un serveur

```
import { createServer } from 'node:http'
import { GraphQLError } from 'graphql'
import { getEnveloped } from './envelop'
const httpServer = createServer(async (req, res) => {
  const initialContext = { req }
  const {
   parse,
   validate,
    contextFactory,
    execute,
    schema,
  } = getEnveloped(initialContext)
```

GraphQL Envelop - Construire un serveur

```
const { query, variables } = JSON.parse(req.body)
const document = parse(query)
const validationErrors = validate(schema, document)
if (validationErrors.length > 0) {
  return res.end(JSON.stringify({ errors: validationErrors }))
const contextValue = await contextFactory()
const result = await execute({
  document,
  schema,
  variableValues: variables,
  contextValue,
res.end(JSON.stringify(result))
```

GraphQL Yoga

- Démarré début 2022
- Serveur GraphQL fully featured
- Extensible
- Facile à mettre en place

(A) GraphQL Yoga

```
import { createServer } from 'node:http'
import { createYoga } from 'graphql-yoga'
import { useGraphQlJit } from '@envelop/graphql-jit'
import { schema } from './schema'
const yoga = createYoga({
  schema,
  plugins: [useGraphQlJit()],
const server = createServer(yoga)
server.listen(4000, () => {
  console.info('Server is running on http://localhost:4000/graphql')
```

Je largue Apollo Server!



La migration (sur le papier)

```
- import { ApolloServer } from 'apollo-server'
+ import { createServer } from 'node:http'
+ import { createYoga } from 'graphql-yoga'
+ import { useApolloServerErrors } from '@envelop/apollo-server-errors'
  import { schema } from './schema'
- const server = new ApolloServer({
+ const yoga = createYoga({
    schema,
   plugins: [useApolloServerErrors()],
  })
+ const server = createServer(yoga)
  server.listen(4000)
```

La vraie migration

- Directives customs?
- Subscriptions?
- Batching HTTP ?
- Resolvers génératrices ?!
- Directives customs?
- Subscriptions?
- Batching HTTP?
- Resolvers génératrices ?!

Directives customs - Authentification

```
type Query @permission(permissions: "base") {
    #...
    users(filter: UserFilter): [User!]! @permission(permissions: "admin")
    version: String! @public
    #...
}

directive @permission(
    permissions: [String!]!
) on OBJECT | FIELD_DEFINITION

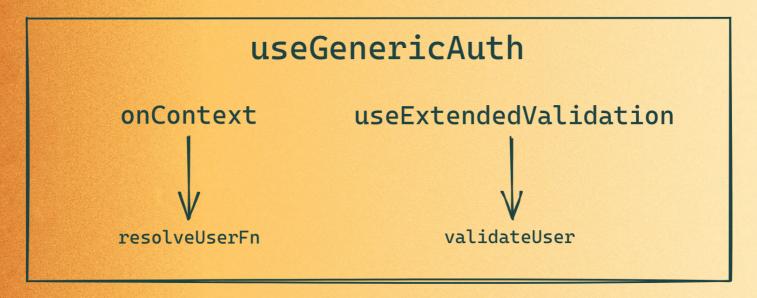
directive @public on FIELD_DEFINITION
```

Directives customs - Authentification

Implémentées grâce à mapSchema (anciennement SchemaDirectiveVisitor) de GraphQL Tools

```
mapSchema(schema, {
  [MapperKind.OBJECT_TYPE]: (type) => {
    const directive = getDirective(schema, type, 'permission')?.[0]
    // . . .
  [MapperKind.FIELD]: (field, fieldName) => {
    const directive = getDirective(schema, field, 'permissions')?.[0]
    if (!directive) return undefined
    const { permissions } = directive
    return { ...field, resolve: (parent, args, context, info) => {
      const user = context.user
      // Vérification des permissions...
      return field.resolve(parent, args, context, info)
```

Plugin envelop useGenericAuth

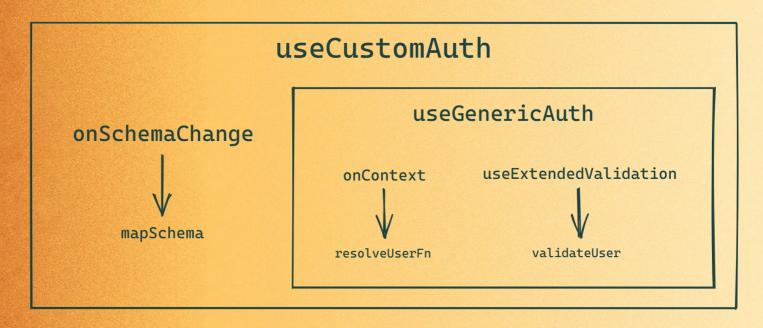


- resolveUserFn : Fonction de résolution de l'utilisateur
- validateUser: Fonction de validation custom

Plugin envelop useGenericAuth

```
export function addAuthExtension(schema) {
  return mapSchema(schema, {
    [MapperKind.OBJECT_TYPE]: (type) => {
     // ...
    [MapperKind.OBJECT_FIELD]: (field, fieldName, typeName) => {
      const directive = getDirective(schema, field, 'permission')?.[0]
      const publicDirective = getDirective(schema, field, 'public')?.[0]
      if (!directive && !publicDirective) return undefined
      if (publicDirective) {
       const { permissions, ...extensions } = field.extensions
       return { ...field, extensions }
      return {
       ...field,
        extensions: { ...field.extensions, permissions: directive.permissions },
```

Plugin envelop useGenericAuth



La vraie migration

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Directives customs - CRUD

```
type Query {
 # ...
 pathway(id: Int!): Pathway @crud(name: "pathways", operation: "get", args: ":id")
 # . . .
type Pathway {
 # . . .
 units: [Unit!]! @crud(name: "units", operation: "find", args: "{ pathwayId: ':parent.id' }")
 # . . .
directive @crud(
  name: String!
  operation: String!
  args: [String!]
 on FIELD_DEFINITION
```

Directives customs - CRUD

```
export function addCrudResolvers(schema) {
   return mapSchema(schema, {
      [MapperKind.OBJECT_FIELD]: (field, fieldName) => {
       const directive = getDirective(schema, field, 'crud')?.[0]
      if (!directive) return undefined

      const { name, operation, args: crudArgs } = directive
      return { ...field, resolve: (parent, args, context) => {
            // implémentation...
      } }
    }
},
```

```
const yoga = createYoga({
   schema: addCrudResolvers(addAuthExtension(schema)),
   plugins: [
    useCustomAuth(),
   ],
})
```

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Subscriptions - Quel protocole?

- WebSockets
- Server-Sent Events (SSE)

Subscriptions - Yoga

- Uniquement SSE par défaut (http/2 recommandé)
- Web Sockets possible avec graphql-ws

Subscriptions - PubSub

```
Mutation {
                                          Subscription {
  generateBill
                                             billGenerated
                                               pubSub.subscribe(...)
      pubSub.publish(...)
         { generatedBill: {
                                                  { generatedBill: {
          id: 123, ...
                                                    id: 123, ...
```

PubSub

Subscriptions - PubSub

```
- import { PubSub } from 'apollo-server'
+ import { createPubSub } from 'graphql-yoga'
- export const pubSub = new PubSub()
+ export const pubSub = createPubSub()
```

```
const Mutation = {
    //...
    async generateBill(parent, { id }, context) {
        // Ça prend du temps...
        pubSub.publish('GENERATED_BILL', { generatedBill: { id } })
        },
        //...
}
```

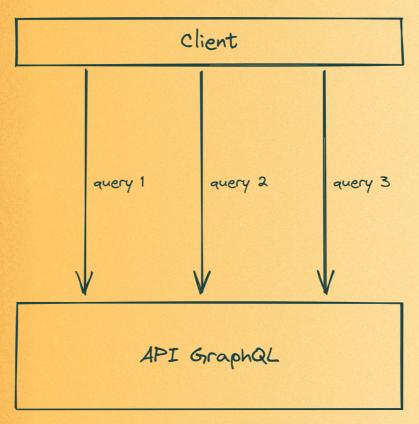
Subscriptions - PubSub

```
- import { withFilter } from 'apollo-server'
+ import { pipe, filter } from 'graphql-yoga'
 const Subscription = {
    generatedBill: {
      subscribe: withFilter(
        () => pubSub.asyncIterator('GENERATED_BILL'),
        (payload, variables) => payload.generatedBill.id === variables.id,
      subscribe: pipe(
        pubSub.subscribe('GENERATED_BILL'),
       filter(
          (payload, variables) => payload.generatedBill.id === variables.id,
```

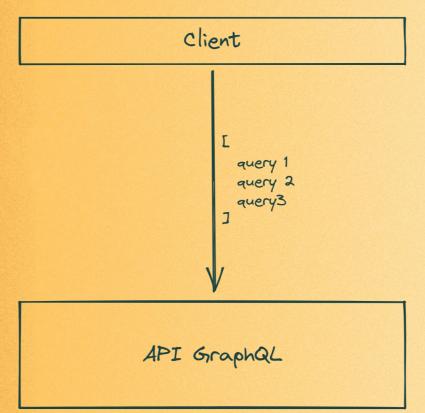
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Batching HTTP



Batching HTTP



Batching HTTP Yoga

- À partir de Yoga v3
- Compatible avec le Batching HTTP Link de Apollo Client

```
const yoga = createYoga({
   schema: addCrudResolvers(addAuthExtension(schema)),
   plugins: [
    useCustomAuth(),
   ],
   batching: true,
})
```

La vraie migration

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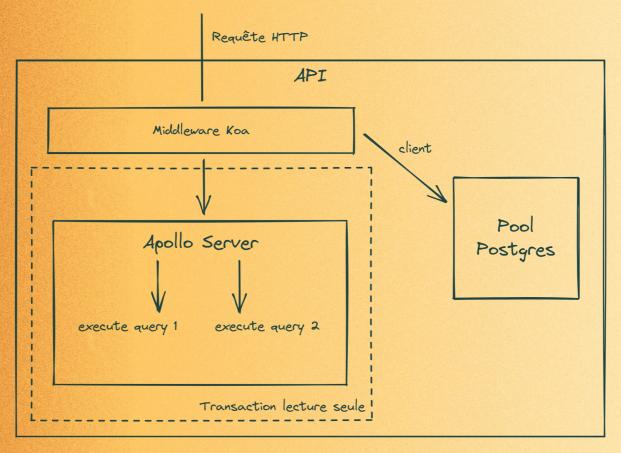
Resolvers génératrices?!

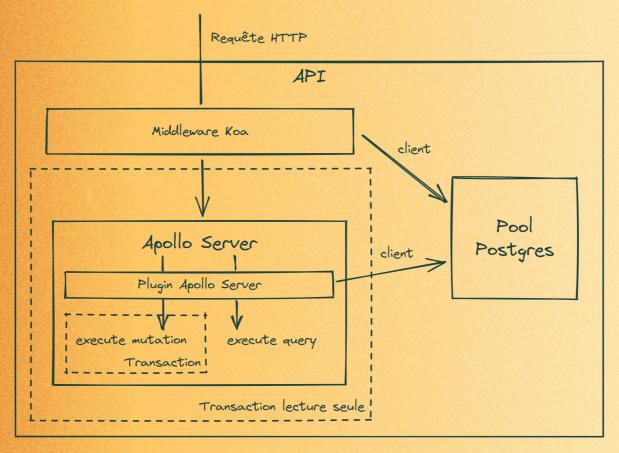
```
const Query = {
  // ...
  * student(_, { id }) {
   return yield crud.students.get(id)
const Mutation = {
 // ...
  * updateStudent(_, { studentInput }) {
    return yield crud.students.update(studentInput)
```

Resolvers génératrices?!

- Déduplication
- Batching
- Gestion du pool et des transactions Postgres

```
const yoga = createYoga({
   schema: wrapGeneratorResolvers(addCrudResolvers(addAuthExtension(schema))),
   plugins: [
    useCustomAuth(),
     ],
   batching: true,
})
```

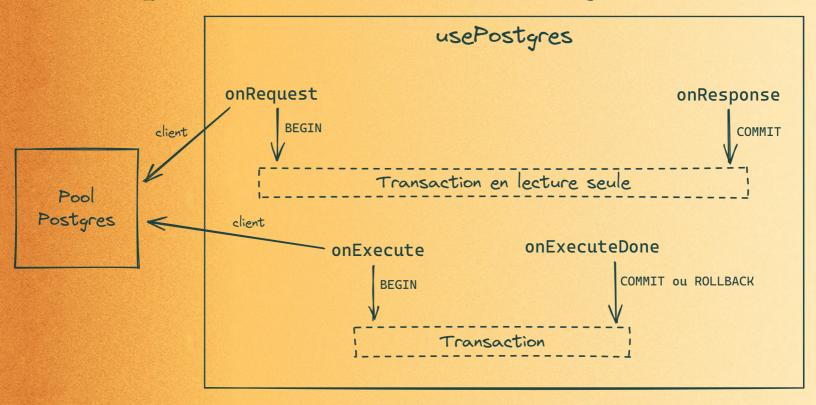




Plugins Yoga

```
export type Plugin = EnvelopPlugin & {
    /**
    * Use this hook with your own risk. It is still experimental and may change in the future.
    * @internal
    */
    onRequest?: OnRequestHook<TServerContext>

    /**
    * Use this hook with your own risk. It is still experimental and may change in the future.
    * @internal
    */
    onResponse?: OnResponseHook<TServerContext>
}
```



```
const yoga = createYoga({
   schema: wrapGeneratorResolvers(addCrudResolvers(addAuthExtension(schema))),
   plugins: [
    useCustomAuth(),
    usePostgres(),
   ],
   batching: true,
})
```

Migration réussie?



What's next?

- Support de @defer et @stream
- Support officiel de Bun!

The Guild

The Ecosystem

Our advanced, modular solutions can be adopted gradually as individual open source libraries or as a complete unified API platform. Explore our suite of sustainable, open source API tools that covers everything you need to scale your API infrastructure:

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Envelop

Inspector

Code Generator

Mesh

Tools















Modules

ESLint

Config

Scalars

_

Shield

Swif



CLI



Stencil



Angular



WhatsApp



KitQL

Merci!



