WHAT JAVA CAN LEARN FROM HASKELL AND VICE VERSA

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1 WHAT JAVA CAN LEARN FROM HASKELL 1.1 HASKELL IS A BIG LANGUAGE

- 1. Expressive (though terse) syntax
- 2. Immutable data structures
- 3. Pure functions with currying
- 4. No nulls
- 5. Algebraic Data Types and pattern matching
- 6. Type classes
- 7. Concurrency
- 8. Tools: GHCI, stack

1.2 THE MOST IMPACT IS DONE BY

- 1. Syntax, type inference
- 2. ADT & pattern matching
- 3. Type classes
- 4. Pure functions and explicit side effects

2 WHAT HASKELL CAN LEARN FROM JAVA 2.1 ANYONE KNOWS JAVA

- Much lower learning curve.
- The first time it is really hard to get even simple things.
- Haskell forces to control side effects even when it is not needed.
- Forces to spend much more time on resolving compiler errors.
- Sometimes errors are hard to comprehend
- Advanced types (type families and higher kinded types)
 appear even in ordinary things (like running REST server)
- Haskell compiler implements a lot of extensions
- Stackoverflow
- However it is hard to get it done right
- cow.eat(grass),grass.beEatenBy(cow) or field.interact(cow, grass)
- subtype polymorphism impossible to

2.2 CONVENIENT TOOLING

- Developer experience is good
- Intellij Idea
- Although not always good from the long-term perspective

3 TO USE OR NOT TO USE?

- 1. Use in the domains when it is really shine: compiler construction, provable correct code.
- 2. There are a lot of compilers written in Haskell: GHC, Corrode, Elm, Agda, Kaleidoscope, Purescript, Pandoc.
- 3. Many libraries to support compiler constructions.
- 4. It is good for small teams with eagerness to use FP.
- 5.

4 TO LEARN OR NOT TO LEARN?

- 1. Yes!
- 2. Many FP concepts are here is the most explicit way.
- 3. It is very different.
- 4. Get used to type systems other to Java.
- 5. Concurrency and parallelism.
- 6. Monads.

5 QUESTIONS?

