HW4

Task 1:

Results on Validation and Test Data

```
Validation Data:
processed 51362 tokens with 5942 phrases; found: 5357 phrases; correct: 4468.
accuracy: 77.65%; (non-0)
accuracy: 95.89%; precision: 83.40%; recall: 75.19%; FB1:
             LOC: precision: 91.41%; recall:
                                               79.31%; FB1:
                                                             84.93
                                                                   1594
            MISC: precision: 87.94%; recall:
                                              73.54%; FB1:
                                                             80.09
                                                                   771
             ORG: precision: 73.06%; recall: 69.57%; FB1:
                                                             71.28 1277
             PER: precision: 81.63%; recall: 76.00%; FB1:
                                                            78.72 1715
Test Data:
processed 46435 tokens with 5648 phrases; found: 4877 phrases; correct: 3713.
accuracy: 70.77%; (non-0)
accuracy: 94.20%; precision: 76.13%; recall: 65.74%; FB1:
             LOC: precision: 87.30%; recall:
                                              71.70%; FB1:
                                                             78.74
                                                                   1370
            MISC: precision: 78.16%; recall: 64.25%; FB1:
                                                             70.52
                                                                    577
             ORG: precision:
                              67.09%; recall:
                                              61.11%; FB1:
                                                             63.96
                                                                  1513
             PER: precision: 74.17%; recall: 65.00%; FB1:
                                                            69.28 1417
```

Task 2:

Results on Validation and Test Data

```
Validation Data:
processed 51362 tokens with 5942 phrases; found: 5821 phrases; correct: 4762.
accuracy: 82.35%; (non-0)
           96.04%; precision: 81.81%; recall:
                                                 80.14%; FB1:
accuracy:
                                                               80.97
              LOC: precision: 89.02%; recall:
                                                 87.43%; FB1:
                                                               88.22
                                                                      1804
             MISC: precision: 76.76%; recall: ORG: precision: 74.33%; recall:
                                                 77.01%; FB1:
                                                                      925
                                                               76.88
                                                 72.56%; FB1:
                                                               73.43
                                                                      1309
              PER: precision: 82.61%; recall: 79.97%; FB1:
                                                               81.27
                                                                      1783
Test Data:
processed 46435 tokens with 5648 phrases; found: 5446 phrases; correct: 4001.
accuracy: 74.98%; (non-0)
           93.90%; precision: 73.47%; recall: 70.84%; FB1:
                                                              72.13
accuracy:
              LOC: precision: 81.76%; recall:
                                                 80.64%; FB1:
                                                              81.20
                                                                      1645
                                                                      692
             MISC: precision: 68.35%; recall:
                                                 67.38%; FB1:
                                                              67.86
              ORG: precision: 66.75%; recall:
                                                 65.98%; FB1:
                                                               66.36
                                                                      1642
              PER: precision: 74.10%; recall: 67.22%; FB1: 70.49 1467
```

Glove embeddings perform better because they were trained on large corpus of data which enables it to have better semantic and syntactic knowledge, and it encapsulates a variety of relationships between words which the model might not be able to get when trained from scratch on our local machines. Also I have added capitalization features in the glove embeddings, and the improved results can be attributed to the addition of these new features.

My Solution:

Hyper Parameters:

Layer hyperparam	value
Embedding dim	100
Num LSTM layers	1
LSTM hidden dim	256
LSTM Dropout	0.33
Linear output dim	128

These values are the same for both the tasks

Task 1:

Batch size = 64

Criterion = CrossEntropyLoss

Optimizer = Adam

Learning Rate = 0.01

Scheduler = ReduceLROnPlateau, mode = min, patience = 3

Task 2:

Batch size = 64
Embedding size = 100 with 3 new features = 103
Criterion = CrossEntropyLoss
Optimizer = Adam
Learning Rate = 0.01
Scheduler = ReduceLROnPlateau, mode = min, patience = 3

Architecture:

I load the dataset and separate them into Train, Validation and Test sets and I create dataloaders for each of them.

For Bidirectional LSTM Task1 I have created the model as per the design given in the assignment.

```
class BLSTM(nn.Module):
    def init (self, num embeddings, embedding dim, 1stm hidden dim, 1
 →lstm_out_neurons, num_classes):
        super().__init__()
        self.lstm_hidden_dim = lstm_hidden_dim
        self.embedding = nn.Embedding(num_embeddings, embedding_dim,_
 →padding_idx=0)
        self.lstm = nn.LSTM(embedding_dim, lstm_hidden_dim, num_layers=1,__
 ⇒batch_first=True, bidirectional=True)
        self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.33)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(lstm_hidden_dim*2, lstm_out_neurons)
        self.elu = nn.ELU()
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(lstm out neurons,num classes)
    def forward(self, x, lengths):
        embed = self.embedding(x)
        lstm_out, _ = self.lstm(embed)
        drop_out = self.dropout(lstm_out)
        fc1_out = self.fc1(drop_out)
        elu_out = self.elu(fc1_out)
        fc2_out = self.fc2(elu_out)
        return fc2_out
```

For initialization I give the hidden dimension size, then give the embedding dimension, which then the next layer is the LSTM layer then we give a dropout of 0.33 then give a Linear layer, followed by ELU activation and finally another Linear layer.

For Forward I have done similarly embedding, then LSTM, Dropout, Linear, ELU and Linear.

For Glove Embeddings

```
vocab_list = vocab_npa.tolist()
glove_embedding_features = []

for word, i in word2idx.items():
    is_title = 1.0 if word.istitle() else 0.0
    is_upper = 1.0 if word.isupper() else 0.0
    is_lower = 1.0 if word.islower() else 0.0

lower = word.lower()
    if lower in vocab_list:
        idx = vocab_list.index(lower)
```

5

```
embedding_1 = embs_npa[idx]
else:
    embedding_1 = np.zeros((embs_npa.shape[1]))

embedding_feature = np.concatenate([embedding_1, np.array([is_title,usis_upper, is_lower])])
    glove_embedding_features.append(embedding_feature)

glove_embedding_features = np.array(glove_embedding_features)
```

I have gotten the Glove embeddings from the link given in the assignment, additionally to that I have added 3 new features to capture the capitalized words, to improve the scores.

Next for defining the LSTM with Glove Embeddings we just add the embeddings in the nn.Embedding layer, and the rest is the same as the previous Bidirectional LSTM without Glove Embedding.

```
class BLSTM_Glove(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, num_embeddings, embedding_dim, lstm_hidden_dim,_
 ⇔lstm_out_neurons, num_classes):
        super(). init ()
        self.lstm_hidden_dim = lstm_hidden_dim
        self.embedding = nn.Embedding(num_embeddings,__
 →embedding_dim=embedding_dim, padding_idx=0).from_pretrained(torch.

¬from_numpy(glove_embedding_features).float(), freeze=False)

        self.lstm = nn.LSTM(embedding_dim, lstm_hidden_dim, num_layers=1,__
 ⇔batch_first=True, bidirectional=True)
        self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.33)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(lstm_hidden_dim*2, lstm_out_neurons)
        self.elu = nn.ELU()
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(lstm_out_neurons,num_classes)
   def forward(self, x, lengths):
        embed = self.embedding(x)
        lstm_out, _ = self.lstm(embed)
        drop_out = self.dropout(lstm_out)
        fc1 out = self.fc1(drop out)
        elu_out = self.elu(fc1_out)
        fc2_out = self.fc2(elu_out)
        return fc2_out
```

For the train loop we use train and validation dataloaders, along with the num of epochs and other hyperparameters.

While training I basically get the output then compute the loss and do loss.backward and optimizer.step. Additionally I give dynamic padding to the features and the labels, due to which my training time is reduced by a lot. For the features I pad with 0s and for the labels I do with 9s.

Similarly I do for validation except that I don't train on it, it is used to calculate the best model and whenever I get a better model I save it.

Finally I return the best model.

HW4_report

November 10, 2023

```
[]: import datasets
     import itertools
     from collections import Counter
     import torch
     from torch.nn.utils.rnn import pad_sequence
     from torch.utils.data import TensorDataset, DataLoader
     from torch.optim import Adam
     import numpy as np
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     import gzip
     import shutil
     from torch.nn.utils.rnn import pack_padded_sequence, pad_packed_sequence
     device = torch.device('cuda' if torch.cuda.is_available() else 'cpu')
     dataset = datasets.load_dataset("conl12003")
     train data = dataset['train']
     valid_data = dataset['validation']
     test_data = dataset['test']
     word_frequency = Counter(itertools.chain(*dataset['train']['tokens']))
     word_frequency = {
         word: frequency
         for word, frequency in word_frequency.items()
         if frequency >= 3
     }
     word2idx = {
         word: index
         for index, word in enumerate(word_frequency.keys(), start=2)
     }
```

```
word2idx['[PAD]'] = 0
word2idx['[UNK]'] = 1
def convert_word_to_id(sample):
   return {
        'input_ids': [word2idx.get(token, word2idx['[UNK]']) for token in_

¬sample['tokens']],
        'labels': sample['ner_tags']
   }
dataset = dataset.map(convert_word_to_id)
for split in dataset.keys():
    columns_to_remove = set(dataset[split].column_names) - {'input_ids',__
 dataset[split] = dataset[split].remove_columns(list(columns_to_remove))
X_train = [torch.tensor(s['input_ids']) for s in dataset['train']]
y_train = [torch.tensor(s['labels']) for s in dataset['train']]
lengths_train = [len(s['input_ids']) for s in dataset['train']]
X valid = [torch.tensor(s['input ids']) for s in dataset['validation']]
y_valid = [torch.tensor(s['labels']) for s in dataset['validation']]
lengths_valid = [len(s['input_ids']) for s in dataset['validation']]
X test = [torch.tensor(s['input ids']) for s in dataset['test']]
y_test = [torch.tensor(s['labels']) for s in dataset['test']]
lengths_test = [len(s['input_ids']) for s in dataset['test']]
X_train_padded = pad_sequence(X_train, batch_first=True,_
 →padding_value=word2idx['[PAD]'])
y_train_padded = pad_sequence(y_train, batch_first=True, padding_value=9)
X_valid_padded = pad_sequence(X_valid, batch_first=True,__
 →padding_value=word2idx['[PAD]'])
y_valid_padded = pad_sequence(y_valid, batch_first=True, padding_value=9)
X_test_padded = pad_sequence(X_test, batch_first=True,_
 →padding_value=word2idx['[PAD]'])
y_test_padded = pad_sequence(y_test, batch_first=True, padding_value=9)
lengths_train = torch.tensor(lengths_train)
lengths_valid = torch.tensor(lengths_valid)
lengths_test = torch.tensor(lengths_test)
train_dataset = TensorDataset(X_train_padded, y_train_padded, lengths_train)
```

```
valid_dataset = TensorDataset(X_valid_padded, y_valid_padded, lengths_valid)
     test_dataset = TensorDataset(X_test_padded, y_test_padded, lengths_test)
     train_dataloader = DataLoader(train_dataset, batch_size=64, shuffle=True)
     valid_dataloader = DataLoader(valid_dataset, batch_size=64, shuffle=False)
     test_dataloader = DataLoader(test_dataset, batch_size=64, shuffle=False)
[]: len(word2idx)
[]: 8128
[]: class BLSTM(nn.Module):
         def __init__(self, num_embeddings, embedding_dim, lstm_hidden_dim,_
      ⇔lstm_out_neurons, num_classes):
             super().__init__()
             self.lstm_hidden_dim = lstm_hidden_dim
             self.embedding = nn.Embedding(num_embeddings, embedding_dim,_
      →padding_idx=0)
             self.lstm = nn.LSTM(embedding_dim, lstm_hidden_dim, num_layers=1,_
      ⇔batch first=True, bidirectional=True)
             self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.33)
             self.fc1 = nn.Linear(lstm_hidden_dim*2, lstm_out_neurons)
             self.elu = nn.ELU()
             self.fc2 = nn.Linear(lstm_out_neurons,num_classes)
         def forward(self, x, lengths):
             embed = self.embedding(x)
            lstm_out, _ = self.lstm(embed)
             drop_out = self.dropout(lstm_out)
            fc1_out = self.fc1(drop_out)
             elu_out = self.elu(fc1_out)
             fc2_out = self.fc2(elu_out)
            return fc2_out
     model1 = BLSTM(len(word2idx), 100, 256, 128, 9)
     criterion1 = nn.CrossEntropyLoss(ignore_index=9)
     optimizer1 = torch.optim.Adam(model1.parameters(), lr=0.01)
     scheduler1 = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.
      →ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer1,mode='min',patience=3)
```

```
model.train()
      for X, y, length in train_dataloader:
          optimizer.zero_grad()
          pack_seq = pack_padded_sequence(X, length, batch_first=True,__
⇔enforce_sorted=False)
          X, _ = pad_packed_sequence(pack_seq, batch_first=True)
          output = model(X,length)
          y_packed = pack_padded_sequence(y, length, batch_first=True,_
⇔enforce_sorted=False)
          y, _ = pad_packed_sequence(y_packed, batch_first=True)
          padding_mask = (y == 0) & (torch.arange(y.size(1))[None, :] >=__
→length[:, None])
          y[padding_mask] = 9
          loss = criterion(torch.permute(output,(0,2,1)), (y.type(torch.
loss.backward()
          optimizer.step()
      model.eval()
      dev_loss = 0
      with torch.no_grad():
          for X, y, length in dev_dataloader:
              pack_seq = pack_padded_sequence(X, length, batch_first=True,__
→enforce_sorted=False)
              X, _ = pad_packed_sequence(pack_seq, batch_first=True)
              output = model(X, length)
              y_packed = pack_padded_sequence(y, length,__
→batch_first=True,enforce_sorted=False)
              y, _ = pad_packed_sequence(y_packed, batch_first=True)
              padding_mask = (y == 0) & (torch.arange(y.size(1))[None, :] >=__
→length[:, None])
              y[padding_mask] = 9
              dev_loss = criterion(torch.permute(output,(0,2,1)), (y.
→type(torch.LongTensor)))
              dev_loss += loss.item()*torch.sum(length)
      scheduler.step(dev_loss)
      dev_loss /= dev_len
```

```
if dev_loss <= min_loss:</pre>
                 torch.save(model.state_dict(), saved_model)
                 min_loss = dev_loss
         model.load_state_dict(torch.load(saved_model))
         return model
[]: model1 = train_model(model1, train_dataloader, valid_dataloader,__
      sum(lengths_valid), 30, criterion1, optimizer1, scheduler1, 'model1.pt')
[]: with gzip.open('glove.6B.100d.gz', 'rb') as f_in:
         with open('glove.6B.100d.txt', 'wb') as f_out:
             shutil.copyfileobj(f_in, f_out)
     vocab_glove,embeddings_glove = [],[]
     with open('glove.6B.100d.txt','rt') as fi:
         full_content = fi.read().strip().split('\n')
     for i in range(len(full content)):
         i_word = full_content[i].split(' ')[0]
         i_embeddings = [float(val) for val in full_content[i].split(' ')[1:]]
         vocab_glove.append(i_word)
         embeddings_glove.append(i_embeddings)
     vocab_npa = np.array(vocab_glove)
     embs_npa = np.array(embeddings_glove)
     vocab_npa = np.insert(vocab_npa, 0, '[PAD]')
     vocab_npa = np.insert(vocab_npa, 1, '[UNK]')
     pad_emb_npa = np.zeros((1,embs_npa.shape[1]))
     unk_emb_npa = np.mean(embs_npa,axis=0,keepdims=True)
     embs_npa = np.vstack((pad_emb_npa,unk_emb_npa,embs_npa))
[ ]: vocab_list = vocab_npa.tolist()
     glove_embedding_features = []
     for word, i in word2idx.items():
         is_title = 1.0 if word.istitle() else 0.0
         is_upper = 1.0 if word.isupper() else 0.0
         is_lower = 1.0 if word.islower() else 0.0
         lower = word.lower()
         if lower in vocab list:
             idx = vocab_list.index(lower)
```

```
embedding_l = embs_npa[idx]
else:
    embedding_l = np.zeros((embs_npa.shape[1]))

embedding_feature = np.concatenate([embedding_l, np.array([is_title,u]]))
    is_upper, is_lower])])
    glove_embedding_features.append(embedding_feature)

glove_embedding_features = np.array(glove_embedding_features)

[]: class BLSTM_Glove(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, num_embeddings, embedding_dim, lstm_hidden_dim,u_lstm_out_neurons, num_classes):
    super().__init__()
    self.lstm_hidden_dim = lstm_hidden_dim
    self.embedding = nn_Embedding(num_embeddings_n)
```

```
self.embedding = nn.Embedding(num_embeddings,__
 embedding_dim=embedding_dim, padding_idx=0).from_pretrained(torch.
 from_numpy(glove_embedding_features).float(), freeze=False)
        self.lstm = nn.LSTM(embedding dim, lstm hidden dim, num layers=1, ...
 →batch_first=True, bidirectional=True)
        self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.33)
        self.fc1 = nn.Linear(lstm_hidden_dim*2, lstm_out_neurons)
        self.elu = nn.ELU()
        self.fc2 = nn.Linear(lstm_out_neurons,num_classes)
    def forward(self, x, lengths):
        embed = self.embedding(x)
        lstm_out, _ = self.lstm(embed)
        drop_out = self.dropout(lstm_out)
        fc1_out = self.fc1(drop_out)
        elu_out = self.elu(fc1_out)
        fc2_out = self.fc2(elu_out)
        return fc2_out
model2 = BLSTM_Glove(len(word2idx), 103, 256, 128, 9)
criterion2 = nn.CrossEntropyLoss(ignore_index=9)
optimizer2 = torch.optim.Adam(model2.parameters(), lr=0.01)
scheduler2 = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.ReduceLROnPlateau(optimizer2, mode='min', __
 →patience=3)
```

```
[]: model2 = train_model(model2, train_dataloader, valid_dataloader, u sum(lengths_valid), 30, criterion2, optimizer2, scheduler2, 'model2.pt')
```