

Lab 5: Spark

CPrE/SE 419: SOFTWARE TOOLS FOR LARGE-SCALE DATA ANALYSIS, SPRING 2023

Purpose

The goal of this lab is to introduce you to Apache Spark, a fast and general engine for big data processing. Spark provides a basic data abstraction called RDD (Resilient Distributed Dataset) which is a collection of elements, stored in a distributed manner across a cluster. Using RDD transformations, Spark is well suited for data processing in pipelines. Spark also provides rich APIs for RDDs so that users can easily operate data in parallel. In addition, users can optionally have the RDDs persist in memory, which will speed up computing when reusing the data from partial computations.

During this lab, you will learn:

- The Spark platform and usage of its API's (in Java)
- Write program with pipelined jobs to analyze network logs

Submission

Create a single zip archive with the following and hand it in through canvas:

- Write-up report with screenshots of each expeirments
- Commented Code for your program. Include all source files needed for compilation.

Examples

The temple code, "wordcount_spark.java", contain some Spark API usages. We have already seen "WordCount" in Hadoop and Pig, the problem is to count the number of occurrences for each distinct word. In Spark, we first use flatMap() method to split each line of text into words and each word is as one element in the RDD. Then we use mapToPair() method to transform RDD into PairRDD, that converts each element into <key, value> pair where key is the word and value is one. Finally, we use reduceByKey() method to sum all the ones to get the number of counts for each word. Note that the function in reduceByKey() method is applied in associative manner, like the Combiner in Hadoop.

For all the API's on RDD and PairRDD, check the links to their javadocs:

https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/api/java/index.html

https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/api/java/org/apache/spark/api/java/JavaRDDLike.html

https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/api/java/org/apache/spark/api/java/JavaPairRDD.html



Compile Program

To compile your Java program, you will need to link Spark libraries and also Hadoop libraries to include them in your class path. The **recommended option** to add the libraries to your program is using Maven. The following dependencies for Spark library are needed to be added into the pom.xml file in maven project, and you can find a working template, "pom_spark.xml", under "~/Downloads" folder in VM instance:

```
<dependencies>
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.apache.spark</groupId>
           <artifactId>spark-core 2.11</artifactId>
           <version>2.4.5
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
           <groupId>org.apache.hadoop</groupId>
           <artifactId>hadoop-common</artifactId>
           <version>3.1.3
           <scope>provided</scope>
       </dependency>
       <dependency>
           <groupId>jdk.tools
           <artifactId>jdk.tools</artifactId>
           <version>1.8.0 242
           <scope>system</scope>
           <systemPath>/usr/lib/jvm/java-8-openjdk-amd64/lib/tools.jar</systemPath>
       </dependency>
</dependencies>
properties>
           <maven.compiler.source>1.8</maven.compiler.source>
           <maven.compiler.target>1.8</maven.compiler.target>
</properties>
```



Execute Spark Program

1. Start Virtual Machine, and start all

```
cpre419@cpre419-VirtualBox: ~/hadoop/sbin

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

cpre419@cpre419-VirtualBox: ~$ cd $HADOOP_HOME/sbin

cpre419@cpre419-VirtualBox: ~/hadoop/sbin$ ./start-all.sh

WARNING: Attempting to start all Apache Hadoop daemons as cpre419 in 10 seconds.

WARNING: This is not a recommended production deployment configuration.

WARNING: Use CTRL-C to abort.

Starting namenodes on [localhost]

Starting datanodes

Starting secondary namenodes [cpre419-VirtualBox]

Starting resourcemanager

Starting nodemanagers

cpre419@cpre419-VirtualBox: ~/hadoop/sbin$
```

- 2. Create Maven project (ref: check Lab 2 document). Ensure JRE System Library is [java-8-openjdk-amd64] and also modify pom.xml as shown above. Then, finish your own code (Note: Eclipse is pre-installed in VM, and you can finish your code directly in VM)
- 3. Export your .jar file and submit to Spark.

There is already an executable example .iar file under " \sim /Downloads" folder. run it by

```
cpre419@cpre419-VirtualBox:~/hadoop/sbin$ spark-submit --class WordCount -/Downloads/WordCount_spark.jar /data/shakespeare /labSpark/output

2021-03-21 21:16:43,987 WARN util.Utils: Set SPARK_LOCAL_IP if you need to bind to another address

2021-03-21 21:16:45,976 INFO client.RMProxy: Connecting to ResourceManager at /0.0.0.0:8032

2021-03-21 21:16:46,213 INFO yarn.Client: Requesting a new application from cluster with 1 NodeManagers

2021-03-21 21:16:46,399 INFO yarn.Client: Verifying our application has not requested more than the maximum memory capability of the cluster

2021-03-21 21:16:46,390 INFO yarn.Client: Will allocate AM container, with 5632 MB memory including 512 MB overhead

2021-03-21 21:16:46,393 INFO yarn.Client: Setting up container launch context for our AM

2021-03-21 21:16:46,393 INFO yarn.Client: Setting up the launch environment for our AM container

2021-03-21 21:16:46,413 INFO yarn.Client: Preparing resources for our AM container

2021-03-21 21:16:46,609 WARN yarn.Client: Neither spark.yarn.jars nor spark.yarn.archive is set, falling back to uploading libraries under SP
```

spark-submit --class <class_name> <path_to_jar_file> <optional argument(s) depends on your code, such as input and output>

e.g. spark-submit --class WordCount \sim /Downloads/WordCount_spark.jar /data/shakespeare /labSpark/output

Waiting for a while, after "state: FINISHED", you can check output

```
2021-03-21 21:17:45,979 INFO yarn.Client:
          client token: N/A
          diagnostics: N/A
          ApplicationMaster host: 10.0.2.15
          ApplicationMaster RPC port: 45525
          queue: default
          start time: 1616379414653
          final status: SUCCEEDED
          tracking URL: http://cpre419-VirtualBox:8088/proxy/application_1616379125228_0001/
          user: cpre419
2021-03-21 21:17:46,001 INFO util.ShutdownHookManager: Shutdown hook called
2021-03-21 21:17:46,002 INFO util.ShutdownHookManager: Deleting directory /tmp/spark-0e622042
cpre419@cpre419-VirtualBox:~/hadoop/sbin$ hadoop fs -ls /labSpark/output
Found 3 items
                                        0 2021-03-21 21:17 /labSpark/output/_SUCCESS
211651 2021-03-21 21:17 /labSpark/output/part-00000
211777 2021-03-21 21:17 /labSpark/output/part-00001
 ------
              1 cpre419 supergroup
              1 cpre419 supergroup
 ------
               1 cpre419 supergroup
```

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Experiment 1 (40 points)

In this experiment we will modify the word count example, so that the output is sorted by the number of counts in descending order. We use the Shakespeare dataset, as the testing input to your program. The dataset can be found in Cybox. Include the source code and the snapshot of first 10 lines of your output file in your submission.

Hint: To achieve sorting, you can use the **sortByKey()** method. However, key is the word but we want to sort by the counts. You can use the **mapToPair()** method to swap the key and value.

Experiment 2 (60 points)

We will redo the firewall example in last Pig lab, except here we will write pipelined jobs in Spark.

Given two input files:

ip_trace – An IP trace file having information about connections received from different source IP addresses, along with a connection ID and time.

The format of IP trace file is:

<Time> <Connection ID> <Source IP> ">" <Destination IP> <protocol> <protocol dependent data>

raw_block - A file containing the connection IDs that were blocked

The format of raw block file is:

<Connection ID> <Action Taken>

Your task is to regenerate the log file by combining information from others logs that are available. The lost firewall log should contain details of all blocked connections and should be in the following format.

<Time> <Connection ID> <Source IP> <Destination IP> "Blocked"

- A. (30pts) Regenerate the firewall file containing details of all blocked connections. You only need to submit your source code and the snapshot of first 10 lines your generated firewall log.
- B. (30pts) Based on the previous program, generate a list of all unique source IP addresses that were blocked and the number of times that they were blocked. This list should be sorted (by the script) by the number of times that each IP was blocked in descending order. Submit your code and the snapshot of first 10 lines of your output file.

You need to finish part A and part B in the same program.