# Homework 11 Solution

### 8.4

- (a)  $MSE = V(\hat{\theta})$
- (b)  $MSE > V(\hat{\theta})$

#### 8.6

- (a)  $E(\hat{\theta}_3) = aE(\hat{\theta}_1) + (1-a)E(\hat{\theta}_2) = \theta(a+1-a) = \theta$
- (b)  $V(\hat{\theta}_3) = V(a\hat{\theta}_1 + (1-a)\hat{\theta}_2) = a^2\sigma_1^2 + (1-a)^2\sigma_2^2 = (\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2)a^2 2\sigma_2^2a + \sigma_2^2$ Minimize:  $a = \frac{\sigma_2^2}{\sigma_1^2 + \sigma_2^2}$

## 8.8

- (a)  $\hat{\theta}_1, \hat{\theta}_2, \hat{\theta}_3, \hat{\theta}_5$  are unbiased.
- (b)  $V(\hat{\theta}_1) = \theta^2, V(\hat{\theta}_2) = \theta^2/2, V(\hat{\theta}_3) = 5\theta^2/9, V(\hat{\theta}_5) = \theta^2/3$ It's  $\hat{\theta}_5$

### 8.12

- (a)  $E(\bar{Y}) = \theta + 0.5$ :  $B(\bar{Y}) = E(\bar{Y}) \theta = 0.5$
- (b) Unbiased estimator is  $\bar{Y} 0.5$
- (c)  $V(\bar{Y}) = V(Y_1)/n = \frac{1}{12n}$ :  $MSE = \frac{1}{12n} + 0.25$

### 8.18

$$F_{(1)}(y) = P(Y_{(1)} < y) = 1 - P(Y_{(1)} > y)$$

$$= 1 - \prod_{1}^{n} P(Y_{i} > y)$$

$$= 1 - (1 - F(y))^{n}$$

$$= 1 - (1 - y/\theta)^{n}$$

$$f_{(1)}(y) = \frac{n}{\theta} (1 - y/\theta)^{n-1}, y \in [0, \theta]$$

$$E(Y_{(1)}) = \int_{0}^{\theta} y f_{(1)}(y) dy$$

$$= \frac{1}{n+1} \theta$$

So  $(n+1)Y_{(1)}$  is an unbiased estimator of  $\theta$ .

## 9.2

(a) 
$$E(Y_i) = \mu, \forall i = 1, 2, \dots, n$$
  
Thus  $E(\hat{\mu}_1) = E(\hat{\mu}_2) = E(\hat{\mu}_1) = \mu$ 

(b)

$$V(\hat{\mu}_1) = \sigma^2/2$$

$$V(\hat{\mu}_2) = (1/16 + 1/4(n-2) + 1/16)\sigma^2$$

$$V(\hat{\mu}_3) = \sigma^2/n$$

$$eff(\hat{\mu}_3, \hat{\mu}_1) = \frac{n}{2}$$

$$eff(\hat{\mu}_3, \hat{\mu}_2) = \frac{n^2}{8(n-2)}$$

## 9.3

(a) 
$$E(Y_i) = \theta + 0.5, E(Y_{(n)}) = \theta + \frac{1}{n+1}$$
:  $E(\hat{\theta}_1) = E(\hat{\theta}_2) = \theta$ 

(b)

$$F_{(n)}(y) = (y - \theta)^n$$

$$f_{(n)}(y) = n(y - \theta)^{n-1}$$

$$V(\hat{\theta}_1) = \frac{1}{12n}$$

$$V(\hat{\theta}_2) = E(Y_{(n)}^2) - E(Y_{(n)})^2$$

$$= \frac{n}{(n+2)(n+1)^2}$$

$$eff(\hat{\theta}_1, \hat{\theta}_2) = \frac{12n^2}{(n+2)(n+1)^2}$$

9.7

$$\begin{split} MSE(\hat{\theta}_1) &= V(\hat{\theta}_1) = \theta^2 \\ MSE(\hat{\theta}_2) &= V(\hat{\theta}_2) = \theta^2/n \\ eff(\hat{\theta}_1, \hat{\theta}_2) &= \frac{1}{n} \end{split}$$