分析部分代码——包含超参数调节,与决策树和 Sklearn\_AdaBoost 在真实数据上进行比较,并对分析结果 可视化。 #!/usr/bin/env python # coding: utf-8 # In[151]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import sklearn.ensemble from AdaBoost import AdaBoostClassifier from sklearn.model\_selection import train\_test\_split from sklearn.model\_selection import GridSearchCV, RepeatedKFold from sklearn.datasets.samples generator import make classification from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report, confusion\_matrix from scipy.stats import mode from sklearn.metrics import accuracy\_score, recall\_score, precision\_score, roc\_auc\_score, confusion\_matrix ##1. Grid Search and Tuning Hyperparameters on Synthetic Dataset # In[152]: # Load the synthetic data.csv we have created in the 'Creating synthetic data.pyid' data = pd.read\_csv('C:/Users/nasie/OneDrive/Desktop/QBUS6850/GA/synthetic\_data.csv',index\_col=0) data.head() # In[153]: y = data['y'].values X = data[data.columns.difference(['y'])].values # In[154]: # Randomly split the dataset to training and test set

# ## 1.1. Analyse the impact of the number of base estimators

X\_train, X\_test, y\_train, y\_test = train\_test\_split(X, y, test\_size=0.3, random\_state=1)

```
# In[76]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all results validation = []
# The range of iterations
n estimators = np.arange(1, 20, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs trains = []
  accs_validations = []
  for e in n estimators:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=e)
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc validation = cla.score(X test,y test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(n_estimators, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(n_estimators, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('n_estimators')
plt.show()
# ## 1.2. Analyse the impact of number of sample trees
# In[77]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
n_{\text{trees}} = np.arange(1, 20, 1)
```

```
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for t in n trees:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train, n_trees=t)
    acc train = cla.score(X train,y train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs trains.append(acc train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all results validation.append(accs validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean accuracy validation = np.mean(all results validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(n_trees, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(n trees, mean accuracy validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('n_trees')
plt.show()
# ## 1.3. Analyse the impact of number of boostrapped sample size
# In[78]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all_results_validation = []
# Proportion of dataset size
ratios = np.arange(0.1, 1.1, 0.1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs_validations = []
  for r in ratios:
    # Convert proportion to sample size
    s = int(r * X_train.shape[0])
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train, sample_size=s)
```

```
acc train = cla.score(X train,y train)
    acc validation = cla.score(X test,y test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs validations.append(acc validation)
  all results train.append(accs trains)
  all results validation.append(accs validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(ratios, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(ratios, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('ratios')
plt.show()
# ## 1.4. Analyse the impact of depth of trees
# In[156]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all results train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
max_depth = np.arange(1, 20, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for d in max_depth:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train, max_depth=d)
    acc train = cla.score(X train,y train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all results validation.append(accs validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
```

```
plt.plot(max depth, mean accuracy train)
plt.plot(max depth, mean accuracy validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('max depth')
plt.show()
# ## 1.5. Analyse the impact of number of features
# In[71]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all results train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
max_features = np.arange(1, X_train.shape[1]+1, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs_validations = []
  for f in max_features:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train, max_features=f)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean accuracy train = np.mean(all results train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(max features, mean accuracy train)
plt.plot(max_features, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('max_features')
plt.show()
# ## 1.6. Analyse the impact of changing min_samples_split
# In[10]:
```

```
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all results train = []
all results validation = []
# The range of iterations
min samples split = np.arange(2, 20, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs_validations = []
  for p in min samples split:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X train, y train, min samples split=p)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs validations.append(acc validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(min_samples_split, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(min_samples_split, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('min_samples_split')
plt.show()
# ## 1.7. Analyse the impact of changing min_samples_leaf
# In[11]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all results train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
min_samples_leaf = np.arange(1, 20, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
```

```
accs trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for I in min_samples_leaf:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X train, y train, min samples leaf=I)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs trains.append(acc train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all results train.append(accs trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean accuracy validation = np.mean(all results validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(min_samples_leaf, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(min_samples_leaf, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('min samples leaf')
plt.show()
# ## 1.8. Analyse the impact of changing min_weight_fraction_leaf
# In[12]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all results validation = []
# The range of iterations
min_weight_fraction_leaf = np.arange(0, 0.51, 0.01)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs trains = []
  accs_validations = []
  for f in min_weight_fraction_leaf:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train, min_weight_fraction_leaf=f)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all results train.append(accs trains)
```

```
all results validation.append(accs validations)
mean accuracy train = np.mean(all results train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(min_weight_fraction_leaf, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(min_weight_fraction_leaf, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('min_weight_fraction_leaf')
plt.show()
# ## 1.9. Analyse the impact of changing max leaf nodes
# In[13]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
max_leaf_nodes = np.arange(2, 20, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for In in max_leaf_nodes:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier()
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train)
    acc train = cla.score(X train,y train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs validations.append(acc validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all results validation.append(accs validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(max_leaf_nodes, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(max_leaf_nodes, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('max_leaf_nodes')
plt.show()
```

```
## 2. Comparison to Sklearn AdaBoost on Real Dataset and Decision Tree Classifier
# In[106]:
# Load the synthetic_data.csv we have created in the 'Creating synthetic data.pyid'
data =
pd.read_csv('C:/Users/nasie/OneDrive/Desktop/QBUS6850/GA/Submission/datasets_376751_731448_london_me
rged.csv')
data.head()
# In[107]:
data.info()
# In[108]:
y = data['is_weekend'].values
X_raw = data[data.columns.difference(['is_weekend'])]
X_not_dum = X_raw[['cnt', 't1', 't2', 'hum', 'wind_speed']]
X_dum = X_raw[['am', 'day', 'is_holiday', 'month', 'season', 'time', 'weather_code', 'year']]
X_dum = pd.get_dummies(X_dum.astype(str), drop_first=True)
X = pd.concat([X_not_dum, X_dum], axis=1).values
# In[109]:
index = (y==0)
y[index] = -1
# In[110]:
# Randomly split the dataset to training and test set
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=1)
# ## 2.1. Tuning the parameters on real dataset
# ### 2.1.1. Tuning the hyper-parameters for AdaBoost
```

```
##### (1). Tuning n estimators
# In[30]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all results train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
n_estimators = np.arange(1, 30, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for e in n_estimators:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=e)
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train, max_depth=30)
    acc train = cla.score(X train,y train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(n_estimators, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(n_estimators, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('n_estimators')
plt.show()
# #### (2). Tuning max depth
# In[33]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
```

```
max depth = np.arange(1, 30, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for d in max depth:
    cla = AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=6)
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train, max_depth=d)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc validation = cla.score(X test,y test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all results train.append(accs trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean accuracy train = np.mean(all results train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(max depth, mean accuracy train)
plt.plot(max_depth, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('max_depth')
plt.show()
# ### 2.1.2. Tuning the hyper-parameters for sklearn AdaBoost
##### (1). Tuning n_estimators
# In[37]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all results validation = []
# The range of iterations
n_estimators = np.arange(1, 30, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs trains = []
  accs_validations = []
  for e in n_estimators:
    cla = sklearn.ensemble.AdaBoostClassifier(DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=30), n_estimators=e,)
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
acc train = cla.score(X train,y train)
    acc validation = cla.score(X test,y test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs validations.append(acc validation)
  all results train.append(accs trains)
  all results validation.append(accs validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(n_estimators, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(n_estimators, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('n_estimators')
plt.show()
# #### (2). Tuning max_depth
# In[39]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all results train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
max_depth = np.arange(1, 30, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for d in max_depth:
    cla = sklearn.ensemble.AdaBoostClassifier(DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=d))
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train)
    acc train = cla.score(X train,y train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs_trains.append(acc_train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all results validation.append(accs validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
```

```
plt.plot(max_depth, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(max depth, mean accuracy validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('max depth')
plt.show()
# ### 2.1.3 Tuning the hyper-parameters for Decision Tree
# #### (1). Tuning max_depth
# In[40]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
max depth = np.arange(1, 30, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs_validations = []
  for d in max_depth:
    cla = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=d)
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs trains.append(acc train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all results train.append(accs trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(max_depth, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(max_depth, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('max depth')
plt.show()
##### (2). Tuning min_samples_leaf
```

```
# In[41]:
np.random.seed(0)
# Number of times to repeat the experiment
repeats = 10
all_results_train = []
all_results_validation = []
# The range of iterations
min_samples_leaf = np.arange(1, 30, 1)
for i in range(repeats):
  accs_trains = []
  accs validations = []
  for I in min_samples_leaf:
    cla= DecisionTreeClassifier(min samples leaf = I)
    cla.fit(X_train, y_train)
    acc_train = cla.score(X_train,y_train)
    acc_validation = cla.score(X_test,y_test)
    accs trains.append(acc train)
    accs_validations.append(acc_validation)
  all_results_train.append(accs_trains)
  all_results_validation.append(accs_validations)
mean_accuracy_train = np.mean(all_results_train, axis=0)
mean_accuracy_validation = np.mean(all_results_validation, axis=0)
#Plot
plt.figure()
plt.plot(min_samples_leaf, mean_accuracy_train)
plt.plot(min_samples_leaf, mean_accuracy_validation)
plt.legend(['train accuracy','validation accuracy'])
plt.xlabel('min_samples_leaf')
plt.show()
# ## 2.2. Make comparison to sklearn AdaBoost and Decison Tree
### 2.2.1. AdaBoostClassifier()
# In[138]:
import datetime
start = time.time()
# AdaBoost
cla_ada = AdaBoostClassifier(n_estimators=6)
cla_ada.fit(X_train, y_train, max_depth=23)
```

```
y_pred = cla_ada.predict(X_test)
y_{test} = y_{test.reshape}(-1, 1)
# We use confusion matrix, confusion, error_rate, sensitivity, specificity, precision to validate our models
confusion = confusion matrix(y test, y pred)
error_rate = (1 - cla_ada.score(X_test, y_pred)).round(3)
sensitivity = (confusion[1,1]/np.sum(confusion[1,:])).round(3)
specificity = (confusion[0,0]/np.sum(confusion[0,:])).round(3)
precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred).round(3)
end = time.time()
print('AdaBoost')
print(")
print({'confusion': confusion})
print({'validation_error': error_rate})
print({'sensitivity': sensitivity})
print({'specificity': specificity})
print({'precision': precision})
Ada time = end- start
### 2.2.2. sklearn.AdaBoostClassifier()
# In[139]:
start = time.time()
# Sklearn.AdaBoost
cla_skl_ada = sklearn.ensemble.AdaBoostClassifier( DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=30), n_estimators=30)
cla_skl_ada.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = cla_skl_ada.predict(X_test)
y_test = y_test.reshape(-1, 1)
# We use confusion matrix, confusion, error_rate, sensitivity, specificity, precision to validate our models
confusion = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
error_rate = (1 - accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)).round(3)
sensitivity = (confusion[1,1]/np.sum(confusion[1,:])).round(3)
specificity = (confusion[0,0]/np.sum(confusion[0,:])).round(3)
precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred).round(3)
end = time.time()
print('sklearn AdaBoost')
print(")
print({'confusion': confusion})
print({'validation_error': error_rate})
print({'sensitivity': sensitivity})
```

```
print({'specificity': specificity})
print({'precision': precision})
skl_ada_time = end-start
# ## 2.2.3. Decision Tree()
# In[146]:
start = time.time()
# Decision Tree
dt = DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth = 15, min_samples_leaf = 10)
dt.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = dt.predict(X_test)
y_test = y_test.reshape(-1, 1)
# We use confusion matrix, auc, confusion, error_rate, sensitivity, specificity, precision to validate our models
confusion = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
error_rate = (1 - accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)).round(3)
sensitivity = (confusion[1,1]/np.sum(confusion[1,:])).round(3)
specificity = (confusion[0,0]/np.sum(confusion[0,:])).round(3)
precision = precision_score(y_test, y_pred).round(3)
end = time.time()
print('sklearn sklearn decision tree')
print(")
print({'confusion': confusion})
print({'validation_error': error_rate})
print({'sensitivity': sensitivity})
print({'specificity': specificity})
print({'precision': precision})
dt_time = end - start
# In[147]:
print({'AdaBoost: ': Ada_time})
print({'sklearn AdaBoost: ': skl_ada_time})
print({'sklern DecisionTree: ': dt_time})
# In[148]:
```

print({'AdaBoost: ': Ada\_time})
print({'sklern DecisionTree: ': dt\_time})

# In[ ]: