

ArcTan Distribution

$$f(x) = \frac{a}{\arctan(ab) + \pi/2)(1 + a^2(x - b)^2} \quad x, a, b > 0$$

Transformation	General PDF	Example: ArcTan(2,2)										Support	Comment
x^2	✓	✓		✓	✓	∞	✓	∂	∂	UBT		$0, \infty$	
\sqrt{x}	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∞	∂	∂	UBT		$0, \infty$	
x^{-1}	✓	✓	✓	∞	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	UBT		$0, \infty$	
$\arctan(x)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	IFR		$0, \pi/2$	HF has a peak
e^x	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∞	✓	∞	∂	UBT		$1, \infty$	Min and Max in HF
$\ln(x)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	UBT		$-\infty, \infty$	
e^{-x}	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	BT		$0, 1$	1 Max 2 Min in HF
$-\ln(x)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	DFR		$-\infty, \infty$	
$\ln(x + 1)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	∂	UBT		$0, \infty$	
$1/\ln(x + 2)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	∂	BT		$0, 1/\ln(2)$	HF has peak
$\tanh(x)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	∂	IFR		$0, 1$	
$\sinh(x)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∞	✓	∞	∂	UBT		$0, \infty$	
$\operatorname{arcsinh}(x)$	✓	✓	✓	✓				∂	∂	UBT		$0, \infty$	
$\operatorname{csch}(x + 1)$	✓	✓										$0, 2/(-e + e^{-1})$	
$\operatorname{arccsch}(x + 1)$	✓									BT		$0, \ln(1 + \sqrt{2})$	HF has peak
$1/\tanh(x + 1)$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	∂			$1, (e + e^{-1})/(e - e^{-1})$	
$1/\sinh(x + 1)$	✓	✓										$2, 2/(e - e^{-1})$	
$1/\operatorname{arcsinh}(x + 1)$	✓	✓	✓	✓		∂	∂	∂	∂	BT		$0, 1/\ln(1 + \sqrt{2})$	HF has peak
$1/\operatorname{csch}(x) + 1$	✓	✓	∂	∂		∂	∂	∂	∂	UBT		$1, \infty$	
$\tanh(x^{-1})$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	∂	BT		$0, 1$	HF has peak
$\operatorname{csch}(x^{-1})$	✓	✓	∂	∂		∂	∂	∂	∂			$1, \infty$	
$\operatorname{arccsch}(x^{-1})$	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	∂	∂	∂	∂	UBT		$0, \infty$	

Legend

Symbol	Meaning
✓	Exists, Closed Form
∂	Exists, Not Closed Form
\emptyset	Not Possible
	Not Calculated