

K vs TC

$(R, (p))$ henselian, (+ some conditions)

$$\rightsquigarrow K(R)/p^r \longrightarrow TC(R)/p^r$$

6.3 • equivalence if the domain is
"étale - Postnikov sheafified"

6.5 • $\mathrm{TR}_{\geq d}$ - equiv., d depending on the "p-dim" of
the local rings of R

→ 6.6 K & étale sheafified K agree in $\deg \geq d$.

("Lichtenbaum - Quillen type" statement)

Strategy

use descent [étale], reduce to [strictly henselian (local)]
[Nisnevich] [henselian local rings]

use rigidity to reduce to [separably closed fields]
(Thm 4.36) [fields (\mathbb{F}_p)]

use 4.29 : explicit formula for K, TC .

main references [hyperdescent] Hyperdescent and étale K -thy

[Descent] Descent in Alg K -thy and a conjecture of
Ausoni - Roques

Topologies X : scheme ,

finer $X_{\text{ét}} \xrightarrow{\quad} X_{\text{Nis}} \xrightarrow{\quad} X_{\text{zar}}$ sites & "continuous" maps

• X_{zar} : category of $U \rightarrow X$ open imm.

+ coverings = open cov.

• $X_{\text{ét}}$: category of $U \rightarrow X$ étale maps ($\subset \text{Sch}_X$)

+ coverings : contain $\{U_i \rightarrow X\}_{1 \leq i \leq n}$

s.t. $\bigsqcup U_i \rightarrow X$: surj

• X_{Nis} : category of $U \rightarrow X$ étale maps ($\subset \text{Sch}_X$)

+ coverings : contain $\{U_i \rightarrow X\}_{1 \leq i \leq n}$

"Norms in motivic homotopy theory"
Appendix A

s.t. $\bigsqcup U_i \rightarrow X$

\nwarrow \nearrow
 $\uparrow x$
Spec k

($\forall x, \forall k$: field)

$\leadsto \text{Shv}(X_{\text{ét}}) \xrightarrow[\text{Ab}]{} \text{Shv}(X_{\text{Nis}}) \xleftarrow[\text{Ab}]{} \text{Shv}(X_{\text{zar}})$ geom mor

have enough points: $\{x^*: \text{Shv}(X_T) \rightarrow \text{Ab}\}$

{ • jointly conservative
• reflects exact sequence

• X_{zar} : a point of the underlying space

stalk of \mathcal{O}_X : $\mathcal{O}_{X,x}$

$X_{\text{ét}} : \text{a geometric point } \bar{x} : \text{Spec } \underline{k} \xrightarrow{*} \underline{\bar{x}}$

$\underset{\substack{\text{étale} \\ \text{wbd}}} {\text{Colim}} \mathcal{O}_X(v)$

$$\mathcal{O}_{X, \bar{x}} \cong \mathcal{O}_{X, \bar{x}}^{\text{sh}}$$

\underline{k} : separably closed field.

$$\underline{k}(\bar{x}) \hookrightarrow \underline{k}(\bar{x})^{\text{sep}} \hookrightarrow \underline{k}$$

$X_{\text{Nis}} : \text{Spec } \underline{k} \longrightarrow X$ classifying a finite
separable ext
 $\underline{k}(\bar{x}) \hookrightarrow \underline{k}$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{or } Y \in \text{Et}_X, y \in Y \\ \underline{k} = \underline{k}(y) \longrightarrow Y \\ \downarrow \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\ \underline{k}(\bar{x}) \longrightarrow X \end{array} \right)$$

$$(\mathcal{O}_X)_{(Y, y)} \cong \mathcal{O}_{Y, y}^h,$$

||

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \underset{\substack{\text{ét wbd} \\ (\text{w/ res. field})}} {\text{Colim}} \mathcal{O}_X(v) \\ \underline{k} \end{array} \right)$$

Point: TC satisfies étale descent

K satisfies Nisnevich descent finite Galois descent
but not étale descent

Thm 6.3 X : proper scheme / R $(R, (p))$ henselian.

$$\hat{K}^{\text{ét}}(-) := \varprojlim_n (K(-)_{\leq n})^{\text{ét}}$$

$$\left((-)^{\text{ét}} : \text{PShv}(X_{\text{ét}}) \rightarrow \text{Shv}(X_{\text{ét}}) \right)$$

(Thm 5.3 [Hyperdescent]) says under some mild conditions
 $\widehat{K}^{\text{ét}}(-) = (K(-))^{\text{ét}}$

$$\hookrightarrow \widehat{K}^{\text{ét}}(X)/p^r \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{TC}(X)/p^r$$

Proof TC/p is an étale Postnikov sheaf [Thm 5.16 of [hyperdescent]]

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \hookrightarrow \widehat{K}^{\text{ét}}(X) & \longrightarrow & \text{TC}/p \\ \downarrow & & \nearrow \text{induced by cyc. trace.} \\ \widehat{K}^{\text{ét}}(X)/p & & \end{array}$$

- Gabber's "affine analog of the proper basechange thm"

$$\begin{array}{c} (\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{I}) \\ \text{henselian} \end{array} \quad H^j_{\text{ét}}(\text{Spec } R, \mathcal{F}) \xrightarrow[A]{\sim} H^j_{\text{ét}}(\text{Spec } (R/(p)), i^* \mathcal{F})$$

for any \mathcal{F}_p : torsion

- Proper bc then

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \overset{i^*}{\curvearrowleft} & \\ R_{P_k} & \downarrow & R_{P_k} \\ & \curvearrowleft \curvearrowright & \\ & \overset{i}{\curvearrowleft} & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} i^* \mathcal{F} & \xrightarrow{\lambda} & \mathcal{F} \\ X_{\mathbb{F}_p} & \xrightarrow{p} & X \\ p \downarrow & \nearrow & \downarrow p: \text{proper} \\ \text{Spec } R/(p) & \xrightarrow{i} & \text{Spec } R \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Spec } \mathbb{F}_p & \xrightarrow{i} & \text{Spec } \mathbb{Z} \end{array}$$

$$H^j_{\text{ét}}(X_{\mathbb{F}_p}, i^* \mathcal{F}) \leftarrow \textcircled{=} H^j_{\text{ét}}(X, \mathcal{F})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \uparrow & \uparrow \\ H^j_{\text{ét}}(\text{Spec } R/p, R_{P_p} i^* \mathcal{F}) & \cong & H^j_{\text{ét}}(\text{Spec } R, R_{P_p} \mathcal{F}) \\ \text{S} \leftarrow \text{proper bc} & & \end{array}$$

$$H_{\text{ét}}^s(\text{Spec } R/\mathfrak{p}, [\tilde{i}^* R_{\mathfrak{p}}, \mathbb{F}_\ell]) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Gäbler's}$$

$$(E_2^{\tilde{a}'} = R^{\tilde{a}} R_{\mathfrak{p}} \circ R^{\tilde{a}'}_{\mathfrak{p}} \Rightarrow R^{\tilde{a}''}) \quad X \xrightarrow{f} Y \\ \downarrow g \quad \downarrow$$

$X_{\text{ét}}$ has finite \mathfrak{p} -cohomological dimension

$\exists n \text{ s.t. } \exists \mathbb{F}_{\ell} \text{ p-power tor } H^n(X; \mathbb{F}_{\ell}) \neq 0$

$$\text{X} = \bigcup_{i=1}^n U_i \text{ affine open } (U_i \cap U_j \text{ affine})$$

induction on n $H^{>n}(X, \mathbb{F}_{\ell}) = 0$
 \uparrow
 (p-power torsion)

$n=1$ case Artin-Schreier seq

- $0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z} \rightarrow G_a \rightarrow G_a \rightarrow 0 \text{ over } \mathbb{F}_p$
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $x \mapsto x - x^p \quad (\text{of étale sheaves})$
- $H_{\text{ét}}^*(X, G_a) \cong H_{\text{zar}}^*(X, \mathcal{O}_X) = 0 \text{ if } * \geq 1$
 \uparrow
 $(\text{Zariski vs étale qcoh sheaves}) \quad X: \text{affine}$

$$H_{\text{ét}}^*(X, \mathbb{Z}/p\mathbb{Z}) = 0 \text{ if } * \geq 2$$

How to upgrade this?

$$0 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/\mathfrak{p} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/p^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{Z}/p \rightarrow 0$$

induction step: by MV seg.

$$\text{Ext}^P(h_x, \mathbb{T}_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{et}})$$

(2)

} (hyperdescent ex. 2.11) / ??
Specializing Prop 2.13 ?

$$E_{p,q}^2 = H_{\text{et}}^p(X; \mathbb{T}_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{et}} \otimes_{\mathbb{F}}) \Rightarrow \mathbb{T}_{\mathbb{F}-p} \widehat{\mathcal{F}}^{\text{et}}(X) \quad \begin{matrix} \text{for} \\ \mathbb{F} = k(-)/p \end{matrix}$$

$$\pi_g^{\text{et}} : \text{Sh}_{v_{\mathbb{F}}}^{\text{et}}(X) \rightarrow (\text{Sh}_{v_{\mathbb{F}}}^{\text{et}}(X))^{\heartsuit} \cong \text{Sh}_{v_{\mathbb{A}_f}}^{\text{et}}(X)$$

π_g ↓ ↓ sheafify

$$\text{PSh}_{v_{\mathbb{A}_f}}(X)$$

• $\widehat{\mathbb{T}C(-)/p}^{\text{et}} = \mathbb{T}C(-)/p$

→ show $\widehat{k}^{\text{et}}/p \rightarrow \mathbb{T}C/p$ equiv.

ETS

$$H_{\text{et}}^p(X; \mathbb{T}_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{et}}(k(-)/p)) \xrightarrow{\cong} H_{\text{et}}^p(X; \mathbb{T}_{\mathbb{F}}^{\text{et}}(\mathbb{T}C(-)/p))$$

||| |||

$$H_{\text{et}}^p(X_{\mathbb{F}_p}; i^* \longrightarrow) \quad H_{\text{et}}^p(X_{\mathbb{F}_p}; i^* \longrightarrow)$$

ETS $i^* \pi_g^{\text{et}}(k(-)/p) \xrightarrow{\cong} i^* \pi_g^{\text{et}}(\mathbb{T}C(-)/p)$

i^* fully faithful \simeq

$$i^* i_* i^*(\pi_g^{\text{et}} k(-)/p)$$

ex. $i_* = \begin{pmatrix} \mathcal{F}_{\bar{x}} & = 0 \\ \text{for } \bar{x} \in X_{\mathbb{F}_p} \end{pmatrix}$

$i_* i^* \pi_g^{\text{et}} k(-)/p \xrightarrow{\cong} \pi_g^{\text{et}}(\mathbb{T}C(-)/p)$

↑↑ of $\text{Sh}_{v_{\mathbb{A}_f}}^{\text{et}}(X)$

Taking stalks of $\bar{x} \in X$

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$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \checkmark \left(\pi_{\bar{x}} (\mathrm{TC}(-)/p) \right)_{\bar{x}} = 0 \text{ for } \bar{x} \notin X_{\mathbb{F}_p} \\ \text{Up invertible} \\ \hookrightarrow \left(\pi_{\bar{x}} K(-)/p \right)_{\bar{x}} \xrightarrow{\cong} \left(\pi_{\bar{x}} \mathrm{TC}(-)/p \right)_{\bar{x}} \\ (i_* g)_x = g_{\bar{x}} \end{array} \right.$$

(so p is invertible here)

$\begin{cases} \text{Colim} \\ (\mathcal{U}, u) \\ \text{étale} \end{cases} \quad \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{U}) \simeq \mathcal{F}(\mathcal{O}_{X, \bar{x}})$

\uparrow commute with filtered colim

Reduced to proving

local

Thm 6.1 R strictly henselian, residue char = p

$$\text{then } K(R)/p \xrightarrow{\cong} \mathrm{TC}(R)/p$$

• $\mathbb{F}_p/\mathbb{F}_p$: ind-smooth

4.29
 $(1)(2)(3)$

$$\tilde{U}^{n+1}(R) \simeq \pi_{n-1}^0(K^n(R)/p)$$

true for $n \geq 0$

8/17 Thm 6.1 $R = \text{stgen}^{\text{loc}}$, residue char = p
 $\text{then } k(R)/p \xrightarrow{\sim} TC(R)/p$.

Proof by Thm 4.36

$$\begin{array}{ccc} k(R)/p & \longrightarrow & k(k)/p \\ \simeq \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \simeq \\ TC(R)/p & \longrightarrow & TC(k)/p \end{array}$$

Reduced to the case $R = \text{sep. closed field of char } p$.
 (General)

Lemma If F : perfect field, E/F : field ext
 $\Rightarrow E$: ind-smooth F -algebra.

Apply for
 k/k_{fp}

proof $E = \varprojlim^{\text{fitt}} (\text{fin gen ext})$

[stacks] $\cup_{n \geq 0} k(x^{1/p^n})$
 $\oplus \dots \oplus$

\Rightarrow may assume E/F fin gen.

\exists separating transcendence basis

$E / F(x_1, \dots, x_n) / F$

finite separable

\Downarrow
 Etale

purely trans.

\Downarrow

smooth (check the lifting property)

$\text{Spec } E \rightarrow \text{Spec } F$
 smooth

$(A \rightarrow A/I \xrightarrow{\text{square - zero}} A^x \rightarrow (A/I)^x \text{ surj})$



\mathbb{F} : ind-smooth \mathbb{F}_p -algebra. by Thm 4.29

$\forall E/F$: separable $\Leftrightarrow E/F$ algebraic \Rightarrow separable
 (in a general sense)
 (\Rightarrow) Frobenius is isom]

4.29

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 R: \text{local} & \xrightarrow{(3)} & \mathrm{Tr}_{n-1}(K^{\mathrm{inv}}(R)/p) & & n \geq 0 \\
 \cong & & \uparrow & & \\
 0 \rightarrow \tilde{V}^{n+1}(R) \rightarrow \mathrm{Tr}_n(TC(R)/p) \rightarrow V^n(R) \rightarrow 0 & & & & (2) \text{ exact} \\
 & & \uparrow & \nearrow (1) \cong \text{if } R: \text{local} & \\
 & & \mathrm{Tr}_n(K(R)/p) & &
 \end{array}$$

In particular 4.29 (3) in the paper :

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{EIS} & \tilde{V}^{n+2}(R) & \cong \mathrm{Tr}_n(K^{\mathrm{inv}}(R)/p) \quad \text{is actually true} \\
 & \Downarrow & \Downarrow \\
 & \textcircled{1} & \textcircled{0}
 \end{array}}
 \quad \text{for } n \geq 1$$

$$\tilde{V}^n(R) = \mathrm{coker} \left(\Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^n \xrightarrow{1-C^{-1}} \Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^n / d\Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^{n-1} \right) \quad R = k$$

$$\text{recall } C^{-1} : \Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^n \rightarrow H^n(\Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^*) \hookrightarrow \Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^n / d\Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^n$$

characterized by • graded alg hom

- $C^{-1}a = a^p$
- $C^{-1}(da) = a^{p-1} da = \frac{d(a^p)}{p}$

We prove $\eta - \zeta^{-1} : \Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^n \rightarrow \Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^n / d\Omega_{\mathbb{F}}^{n-1} = \text{Surj.}$

$$\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ \longmapsto [\omega] \end{array}$$

$$\omega = a \cdot dx_1 \cdots dx_n \quad (x_i \in \mathbb{F})$$

If $u \in \mathbb{F}$, then

$$\begin{aligned} (\eta - \zeta^{-1})(u\omega) &= u\omega - (ua)^p x_1^{p-1} \cdots x_n^{p-1} dx_1 \cdots dx_n \\ &= \underbrace{(u - u^p (ax_1 \cdots x_n)^{p-1})}_{\substack{\parallel \\ 1}} \underbrace{adx_1 \cdots dx_n}_{\substack{\parallel \\ \omega}} \end{aligned}$$

\exists solution to $0 = u - \boxed{u^p}$ in \mathbb{F} $\stackrel{\text{rep. el.}}{\Leftrightarrow}$ separable polynomial.

§ 6.2 Asymptotic comparison

- $(R, (p))$ henselian pair
- $R/(p)$ has finite Krull dim

Thm 6.5 $d := \max \left\{ 1, \sup_{X \in \text{Spec } R/p} \log_p [k(x) : k(x)^p] \right\}$

the map $K(R)/p^r \rightarrow TC(R)/p^r : \pi_{2d} - \text{equiv } (\text{tr})$

Proof • by rigidity (4.36) we may assume $R = R/(p)$
 (i.e. R is \mathbb{F}_p -algebra)

$$K(R)/p^r \rightarrow K(R)/p^r \rightarrow TC(R)/p^r$$

↑
equiv in deg ≥ 0

↑ equiv in deg ≥ 1

→ we may replace K by \mathbb{K} .

- [Descent A.15] Any "weakly localizing" invariant satisfies

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Cat}_{\infty}^{\text{ex}} & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \mathcal{D} \\ \left[\begin{matrix} \text{Verdier} \\ \text{Quotient} \end{matrix} \right] & \mapsto & \left[\begin{matrix} \text{Cofiber} \\ \text{seq} \end{matrix} \right] \\ & & \cdot \begin{cases} K(-)/pr \\ TC(-)/pr \end{cases} \end{array} \quad \begin{matrix} \uparrow \\ \text{Nisnevich} \\ \text{descent} \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{weakly} \\ \text{locali} \end{matrix}$$

- $\dim R < \infty \implies (\text{Spec } R)_{\text{Nis}}$ has homotopy dim $< \infty$

$$\begin{array}{l} S \\ \text{hdim } 0 \\ S/S^n \\ \text{hdim } n \end{array} \quad \left(\begin{array}{l} \cdot [\text{hyperdescent : 3.17}] \\ \cdot \text{When } R: \text{noeth : [SAG Chap 3]} \end{array} \right)$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \mathcal{X} \text{ has hdim } \leq n \\ \Leftrightarrow \forall X \in \mathcal{X}_{\geq n} \exists \begin{pmatrix} X \\ * \end{pmatrix} \downarrow \end{array} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow (\text{Spec } R)_{\text{Nis}}: \text{loc. of hdim } < \infty \quad \begin{array}{l} (\text{the topos is gen by affine Etale}) \\ \dim A = \dim R \end{array}$$

- $\{X_i\}$ generates \mathcal{X} s.t. \mathcal{X}/X_i of hdim $\leq n$ under colim
- (locally of hdim $< \infty \Rightarrow$ Postnikov complete.)

$\sim (\text{Spec } A)_{\text{Nis}}: \text{hdim} \leq n$

for some fixed n

Descent SS

$$H_{\text{Nis}}^{\mathcal{S}}(X; \pi_+^{\text{Nis}}(K(-)/pr)) \xrightarrow{\text{UR}} \pi_{t-s}^{\mathcal{S}}(K(-)/pr)$$

$$H_{\text{ét}}^S(X; \pi_t^{\text{Nis}}(\text{TC}(-)/\text{pr})) \Rightarrow \tilde{\pi}_{t-s} \text{TC}(-)/\text{pr}$$

$\downarrow \text{deg} \geq d \text{ equiv?}$

enough to show equiv in $t-s \geq d$ ($\Rightarrow t \geq d$)

Taking stalks (@ $Y \in \text{Et}/X$, $y \in Y$) ETS:

$$\pi_g(\mathbb{K}(-)/\text{pr})_y \rightarrow \pi_g(\text{TC}(-)/\text{pr})_y : \cong \text{when } g \geq d$$

$X \text{ is } \downarrow x^*$

$\in \text{Set}$

$\begin{cases} F_{(x,y)} = & \begin{array}{l} \uparrow \\ \text{folien} \\ \cup \rightarrow X \text{ étale} \\ \downarrow \\ x' \rightarrow x \\ k(x') = k(y) \end{array} \end{cases}$

Spec $k \xrightarrow{\text{fin sep}} \text{Spec } k(x) \xrightarrow{x} X = \text{Spec } R$

$$\pi_g(\mathbb{K}(\mathcal{O}_{x,y}^h)/\text{pr}) \rightarrow \pi_g(\text{TC}(\mathcal{O}_{x,y}^h)/\text{pr}) : g \geq d/2$$

\hookrightarrow

$\pi_g(\mathbb{K}(\mathcal{O}_{x,y}^h)/\text{pr})$ A : henselian local, residue field of A :

$(\mathbb{K}(\mathcal{O}_{x,y}^h) \cong k(\mathcal{O}_{x,y}))$ fin sep ext of $k(x)$

$\uparrow \text{fin sep}$

$\mathbb{K}(x)$

A : henselian local with res field k

by rigidity we may assume $A = k$

$$K(k)/\text{pr} \rightarrow \text{TC}(k)/\text{pr} \quad \text{TC}_d - \text{equiv}$$

If $\text{char } k = p$, $d \geq \log_p [k : k^p]$

Remark $k/k(x)$ fin sep. (étale) $(\log_p [k(x):k(x)]) \leq d$

$\left| \begin{array}{l} \log_p [k:k^p] = \dim_k \Omega_{k/F_p}^1 = \dim_{k(x)} \Omega_{k(x)/F_p}^1 \\ \text{(theory of } p\text{-basis [07P2])} \\ X_i: p\text{-basis} \Leftrightarrow dx_i: \text{basis of } \Omega^1 \\ \in \Pi x_i^{(c_i)}: \text{basis} \\ \Leftrightarrow \tilde{V}^{>d}(k) = 0 \end{array} \right.$

by 4.29

$$\log_p [k:k^p] = \dim \Omega_{k^p}^1 \leq d$$

\Downarrow

$$\Omega_{k^p}^n = 0 \quad \text{for } n > d.$$

$$1 - C^{-1}: 0 \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{in deg } n > d.$$

$$\hookrightarrow \tilde{V}^{>d}(k) = 0.$$

□