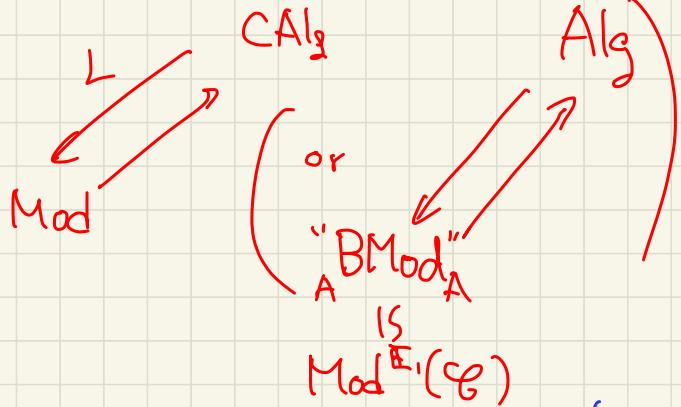
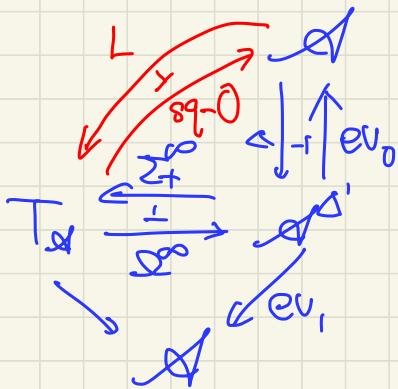


Deformation Theory

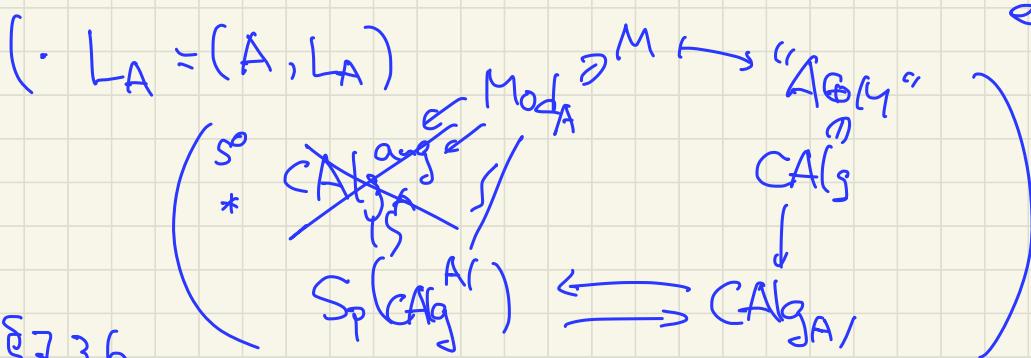
§ 7.4.1

Review \mathcal{A} : presentable ("cat of algebras")

$\text{Alg}_{\mathbb{E}_1}(\mathcal{C})$



- Denote $(A, M) \in T_{\mathcal{A}}$ the object $M \in \text{Sp}(\mathcal{A}^A)$
- $\text{ev}_0 \circ \Omega^{\infty}(A, M) =: A \oplus M$ Triv. sq-zero ext



§ 7.3.6

Packaged in $M^T(\mathcal{A})$ the tangent corr. to

- $M^T(\mathcal{A}) \longrightarrow \Delta' \times \mathcal{A}$ Categorical fib
 $P = (P_1, P_2)$

• $P_1 : M^T(\mathcal{A}) \rightarrow \Delta^1$ cart & cocart

$$\text{classifying } \mathcal{A} \xrightleftharpoons[\text{sq } \square]{\perp} T_{\mathcal{A}}$$

$p^{-1}(0) \qquad \qquad \qquad p^{-1}(1)$

i.e.

Mor in $M^T(\mathcal{A})$ are :

- Mor of alg $A \rightarrow B$
- \sim modules $(A, M) \rightarrow (B, N)$
- $\frac{A \rightarrow (B, N)}{f_! L_A \rightarrow N \text{ in } \text{Mod}_B}$
- $A \rightarrow B \oplus N \text{ in } \text{CAlg}_{/B}$

• $P_2 : M^T(\mathcal{A}) \rightarrow \mathcal{A}$

\uparrow \nearrow
 $\mathcal{A} \amalg T_{\mathcal{A}}$ underlying objects

$(\text{id}_A, \text{ev}_1, \text{ev}_0, \Delta^{\mathcal{A}})$

Classically (discrete case) \hookrightarrow in $CAlg^{\heartsuit}$, Mod_R^{\heartsuit} .

$$0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow \tilde{R} \xrightarrow{\sim} R \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{sq-zero ext}$$

- $\text{Aut}_R(R \otimes M)$ sq-zero ext is $\Leftrightarrow M^2 = 0$
- $\simeq \text{Alg}_R(R, R \otimes M)$ trivial \Leftrightarrow section $\Leftrightarrow (\tilde{R} \text{ mod str. on } M)$
- $\simeq \text{Der}(R, M)$ descends to $R \text{ mod}$
- $\simeq \text{Ext}_R^0(\Omega_R, M) \simeq \pi_1 \text{Hom}_R(S\Omega_R, M[1])$

$$\left[\pi_1 \text{Hom}_R(M, N) = \text{Ext}_R^1(M, N) \right] \xrightarrow{\text{mapping spectrum}}$$

is
 $\text{Hom}_R(M[1], N)$
 $N \in \mathbb{Z}$

- $\pi_1 \text{Hom}_R(\Omega_R, M[1]) \simeq \text{Ext}_R^1(\Omega_R, M) \rightarrow \{\text{sq zero ext}\}$ of R by M

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 P_2 & & & & & & \\
 \downarrow & & & & & & \\
 \cdots \rightarrow P_1 \rightarrow P_0 \rightarrow \Omega_R & & & & & & \\
 \downarrow & & & & & & \\
 0 \rightarrow M \rightarrow \tilde{M} & & & & & & \\
 \downarrow & & & & & & \\
 S\Omega_R \rightarrow M & & & & & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\left[\gamma: 0 \rightarrow M \xrightarrow{\sim} \tilde{M} \xrightarrow{f} \Omega_R \rightarrow 0 \right]$$

fib

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 (r, \tilde{m}) \in \tilde{R} & \xrightarrow{\sim} & R & & x \\
 \uparrow dr = f(\tilde{m}) & \downarrow & \downarrow d & & \downarrow dx \\
 \tilde{M} & \xrightarrow{f} & \Omega_R & & \\
 (r_1, \tilde{m}_1) \cdot (r_2, \tilde{m}_2) & & & & \\
 & & & & \\
 & & & &
 \end{array}$$

$$= (r_1 r_2, r_2 \tilde{m}_1 + r_1 \tilde{m}_2)$$

Def $\text{Der}(\mathcal{A})$: ∞ -cat of derivations

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \hookrightarrow \text{Der}(\mathcal{A}) & \hookleftarrow \text{Fun}(\Delta^1, M^T(\mathcal{A})) \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow p_* \\
 \mathcal{A} & \hookrightarrow \text{Fun}(\Delta^1, \Delta^1 \times \mathcal{A}) \\
 \Downarrow & A \longmapsto ((0, A) \xrightarrow{\text{id}_A} (1, A)) \\
 \underline{\text{objects}} \quad A \rightarrow (A, M) \text{ in } M^T(\mathcal{A}) \\
 \left(\begin{array}{c} \downarrow \\ (0, A) \rightarrow (1, A) \text{ in } \Delta^1 \times \mathcal{A} \end{array} \right)
 \end{array}$$

$L_A \rightarrow M$ derivation

Def $\widetilde{\text{Der}}(\mathcal{A})$: ∞ -cat of extended derivations

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \overset{\text{full}}{\square} & \longrightarrow & \text{Fun}(\Delta^1 \times \Delta^1, M^T(\mathcal{A})) \\
 \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow p_* \\
 \text{Fun}(\Delta^1, \mathcal{A}) & \hookrightarrow & \text{Fun}(\Delta^1 \times \Delta^1, \Delta^1 \times \mathcal{A}) \\
 \widehat{A} \xrightarrow[f]{\cdot} \cdot A & \mapsto & \left[\begin{array}{c} (0, \widehat{A}) \xrightarrow{f} (0, A) \\ f \downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \text{id}_A \\ (1, A) \xrightarrow[\text{id}_A]{} (1, A) \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

Objects of \mathbb{D} : $\overset{(0)}{\square} : (\Delta')^2 \rightarrow M^*(\mathcal{A})$ of the form

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{A} & \xrightarrow{f} & A \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ (A, N) & \xrightarrow{\quad} & (A, M) \\ & \downarrow & \\ & N \rightarrow M \text{ in } \text{Mod}_A & \end{array}$$

derivation



$\sigma \in \widetilde{\text{Der}}(\mathcal{A})$ if further

- (1) $N = 0$ (in $\text{Sp}(\mathcal{A}^{(A)})_{\text{Mod}_A}$)
- (2) pullback in $M^*(\mathcal{A})$

(1) $\Leftrightarrow (A, N) : p\text{-initial in } M^*(\mathcal{A})$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \square & \xrightarrow{\quad} & M^*(\mathcal{A}) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow p \\ \square & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \Delta' \times \mathcal{A} \\ \downarrow & \nearrow & \downarrow \\ 0 & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \end{array}$$

p -Kan ext

$\widetilde{\text{Der}}(\mathcal{A}) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Der}(\mathcal{A})$ trivial Kan fib

F. HTT 4.3.2.15

JS : section

Def $\Phi: \text{Der}(\mathbb{A}) \xrightarrow{s} \widetilde{\text{Der}}(\mathbb{A}) \longrightarrow \text{Fun}(\Delta^1, \mathbb{A})$

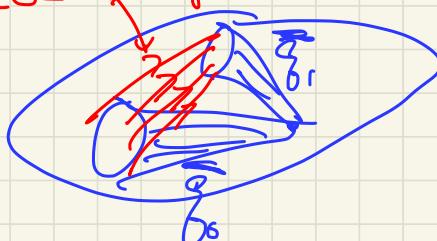
$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 L_A & A^\gamma \xrightarrow{\quad} A & \square \\
 \downarrow \eta & \downarrow & \downarrow \\
 M & (A, 0) \xrightarrow{\quad} (A, M) & A^\gamma \xrightarrow{\quad} A \\
 \text{Ker } \eta & & \uparrow \\
 & A^\gamma & \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{square-zero ext} \\ \text{of } A \text{ by } M[-1] \\ \text{associated to } \gamma \end{array} \right]
 \end{array}$$

$\tilde{A} \xrightarrow{f} A$ is a sq-zero ext if

it lies in the ess.im.

HTT 4.3.1.9 relative colimit can be "pushed" along cocart edges

cocart edges



$\overline{g}_1 : P\text{-colim}$

$\Leftrightarrow \overline{g}_0 : P\text{-colim}$

inv.fib of
 ∞ -cats

S

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \text{Rmk 7.4.1.7} & A^\gamma \xrightarrow{f} A & M^*(\mathbb{A}) \\
 & \downarrow & \downarrow p_1 \\
 & \downarrow \gamma & \downarrow p_1 \\
 (A, 0) \xrightarrow{\quad} (A, M) & & \Delta' \\
 & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \downarrow p_1' \\
 & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \downarrow \text{id}
 \end{array}$$

$0 \rightarrow 0$
 $\uparrow \rightarrow \downarrow$
 $i \rightarrow i$
pull back
 $\Leftrightarrow p_1'$ -pull back

$(P, 0)$ -pullback iff \overline{g}_1^* -pullback

pullback \hookrightarrow p_1 - pullback

$$\hookrightarrow A^\eta \xrightarrow{f} A$$

$$f \downarrow \quad \downarrow d_\eta$$

$$A \longrightarrow A \oplus M$$

$$d_0$$

$$[L_A \xrightarrow{\eta} M]$$

~~p_1 -pullback~~

$$\underline{\alpha} \subset M^T(\underline{\alpha})$$

$$\downarrow \text{coart}$$

$$\{\alpha\} \subset \Delta'$$

HTT 4.3.1.16

ex 7.4.1.9 $M \in \mathcal{S}_p(\mathbb{A}^{(A)})$

$$\eta: L_A \xrightarrow{\eta} M$$

$$\rightsquigarrow (A, M[-1]) \rightarrow (A, 0)$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \downarrow & \rightarrow & \downarrow \\ (A, 0) & \rightarrow & (A, M) \end{array} \quad \text{lift in } \mathcal{S}_p(\mathbb{A}^{(A)})$$

$$\downarrow \Omega^\infty$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \begin{array}{ccc} A \oplus M[-1] & \rightarrow & A \\ \downarrow & \rightarrow & \downarrow d_0 \\ A & \longrightarrow & A \oplus M \\ & & \downarrow d_0 \end{array}$$

$$(\text{if } M=0 \quad A^\eta \simeq A)$$

Warning: Φ fails to be faithful (sq-zero ext
 $f: \tilde{A} \rightarrow A$ does not

- No obvious intrinsic characterization of sq-zero ext

Lurie says: determine $\eta \in M$
A-mod str. $\xrightarrow{\eta}$ fib
can't be recovered

Want to identify ∞ -class of sq-zero ext with
intrinsic characterization on which Φ is invertible.

(Sp)

n-small ext

symmetric

\mathcal{C} : presentable monoidal closed stable ∞ -cat

w/ t-str. compatible w/ \otimes $\left(\begin{array}{l} 1 \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0}, \\ \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0} \text{ closed under } \otimes \end{array} \right)$

$\mathcal{A}^{(1)} = \text{Alg}(\mathcal{C})$ assoc alg

$f: A \rightarrow B$ in $\mathcal{A}^{(1)}$, $I := \text{fib}(f)$

Note I have the mult given by

$$I \underset{A}{\otimes} I \rightarrow I \underset{A}{\otimes} A \simeq I$$

$$\begin{cases} \text{Sp}^{\text{cn}} \xleftarrow{\cong} \text{Sp} & \text{Sym monoidal} \\ \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0}^{\text{cn}} \xleftarrow{\cong} \mathcal{C} & \text{Alg}^{\text{cn}} \xleftarrow{\cong} \text{Alg} \\ x, y & x, y \\ x \otimes y \mapsto x \otimes y \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0} & \end{cases}$$

(In fact, I: nonunital alg in the category $A\text{BMod}_A(\mathcal{C})$)

O : initial alg
 $\begin{array}{ccc} I & \xrightarrow{\quad} & A \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ O & \rightarrow & B \end{array}$ limits are computed in
 the cat of non-unital alg
 by underlying objects

Def (Assoc case) $n \geq 0$, $f: A \rightarrow B$ in $\mathcal{A}^{(1)} := \text{Alg}_{\mathbb{1}}$

- $f: \underline{n\text{-connective ext}} \Leftrightarrow A \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0}, I = \text{fib}(f) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}$
- $f: \underline{n\text{-small}} \Leftrightarrow \text{n-conn. \&} I \in \mathcal{C}_{\leq 2n}, I \underset{A}{\otimes} I \rightarrow I : \text{null.}$ [in $A\text{BMod}_A(\mathcal{C})$]

$$\text{Fun}_{n-\text{sm}}(\Delta^1, \mathcal{A}^{(1)}) \subset \underset{\text{full}}{\text{Fun}_{n-\text{con}}}(\Delta^1, \mathcal{A}^{(1)}) \subset \underset{\text{full}}{\text{Fun}}(\Delta^1, \mathcal{A}^{(1)})$$

$$\text{Der}^{(1)} := \text{Der}(\mathcal{A}^{(1)}) \ni (A, M, \eta: L_A^{(1)} \rightarrow M[1])$$

\cup full

$$\mathcal{A}^{(1)} \xrightarrow{\quad \eta \quad} \text{ABMod}_A(\mathcal{G})$$

map of
A-A
bimod.

$$\text{Der}_{n-\text{con}}^{(1)} : A \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0}, M \in \mathcal{C}_{\leq n}$$

\cup full

$$\text{Der}_{n-\text{sm}}^{(1)} : M \in \mathcal{C}_{\leq 2n}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} L_{B/A} \rightarrow B \otimes_A B \xrightarrow{m} B \\ (\Sigma_{B/A} \rightarrow I \otimes_A I \xrightarrow{m} I) \end{bmatrix}$$

For E_k ($1 \leq k \leq \infty$)

forget

$$\mathcal{A}^{(k)} := \text{Alg}_{\overline{E}_k}(\mathcal{G}) = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \text{operad map} \\ \mathcal{C}^0 \xrightarrow{\quad \eta \quad} \mathcal{C}^0 \\ \mathcal{E}_k \xrightarrow{\quad \text{forget} \quad} \mathcal{E}_\infty \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\mathcal{A}^{(1)} := \text{Alg}_{\overline{E}_1}(\mathcal{G})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & \text{Fin}^* & \xrightarrow{\quad \eta \quad} \mathcal{C}^0 \\ & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{E}_k & \xrightarrow{\quad \text{forget} \quad} & \mathcal{E}_\infty \end{array}$$

$\mathcal{A} = \mathcal{A}^{(\infty)}$ only write this

- $f: h\text{-small} \cap \mathcal{A} \iff \partial(f) \in h\text{-small}$

Same def of

$$\text{Der}_{n-\text{sm}} \text{ w/ } L_A^{(1)} \text{ replaced by } L_A \\ (\text{ABMod}_A \rightsquigarrow \text{Mod}_A)$$

Thm(7.4.1, 23)

26

$\Phi : \text{Der}(\mathcal{A}) \rightarrow \text{Fun}(\Delta^1, \mathcal{A})$

$\Phi_{n\text{-sm}} : \text{Der}_{n\text{-sm}} \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Fun}_{n\text{-sm}}(\Delta^1, \mathcal{A})$

restricts to this
because $I \rightarrow A^I \xrightarrow{f} A$
 $I \otimes I \xrightarrow{A^I} I : \text{null}$
 7.4.1. 12v18?

This is an equiv of categories

Cor $n\text{-small} \Rightarrow \text{square-zero}$

Cof $A \in \mathbf{CAlg}^{\text{cn}}$

[$\Sigma g\text{-zero}$ extension]

$\rightarrow \dots \rightarrow \tau_{\leq 3} A \rightarrow \tau_{\leq 2} A \rightarrow \tau_{\leq 1} A \rightarrow \tau_{\leq 0} A$

$I = (\pi_n A)[n] \xrightarrow{\sim} \tau_{\leq n} A \quad \leftarrow (\pi_n A) \otimes (\pi_n A)$

\uparrow \downarrow $\rightarrow \pi_{2n}(\pi_n A[n])$
 n-small $\tau_{\leq n} A$ " 0

(Note) $I \otimes I \xrightarrow{m} I$ is null iff $\pi_{2n}(n) = 0$

$\Leftrightarrow [\pi_n I \otimes \pi_n I \rightarrow \pi_n I \text{ is } 0]$

$\tau_{\leq n+1} I \rightarrow I \rightarrow (\pi_n I)[n]$

I. Relative Cotangent Complex (first 1/3 of § 7.3.3)

II. Connectivity estimate (1st half of § 7.4.3)

(III. Proof of Thm 7.4.1.26) \mathbb{E}_{co} -case (after DAG §3.2)

for connectivity est.

$$E_1 : L_{B/A} \xrightarrow{\cong} B \otimes_A B \xrightarrow{in} B$$

$$E_{\text{co}} : \otimes \text{ is coproduct of alg}$$

\mathbb{E}_{co} -case (after DAG §3.2)

↑ avoid operadic difficulty
allows us to reuse
§ 7.4.3

Throughout

\mathcal{C} : presentable Sym monoidal closed stable

$$\underbrace{\text{w/ t-str. compatible w/ } \otimes}_{\mathcal{C} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0} \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Convention} \\ \text{CAlg}(\mathcal{C}) &= \text{CAlg} \\ \text{Mod}(\mathcal{C}) &= \text{Mod} \end{aligned}$$

e.g. Sp 7.1.1.7

$$\underline{\text{I. } A \xrightarrow{f} B \rightsquigarrow L_{B/A} \in \text{Mod}_B}$$

in CAlg

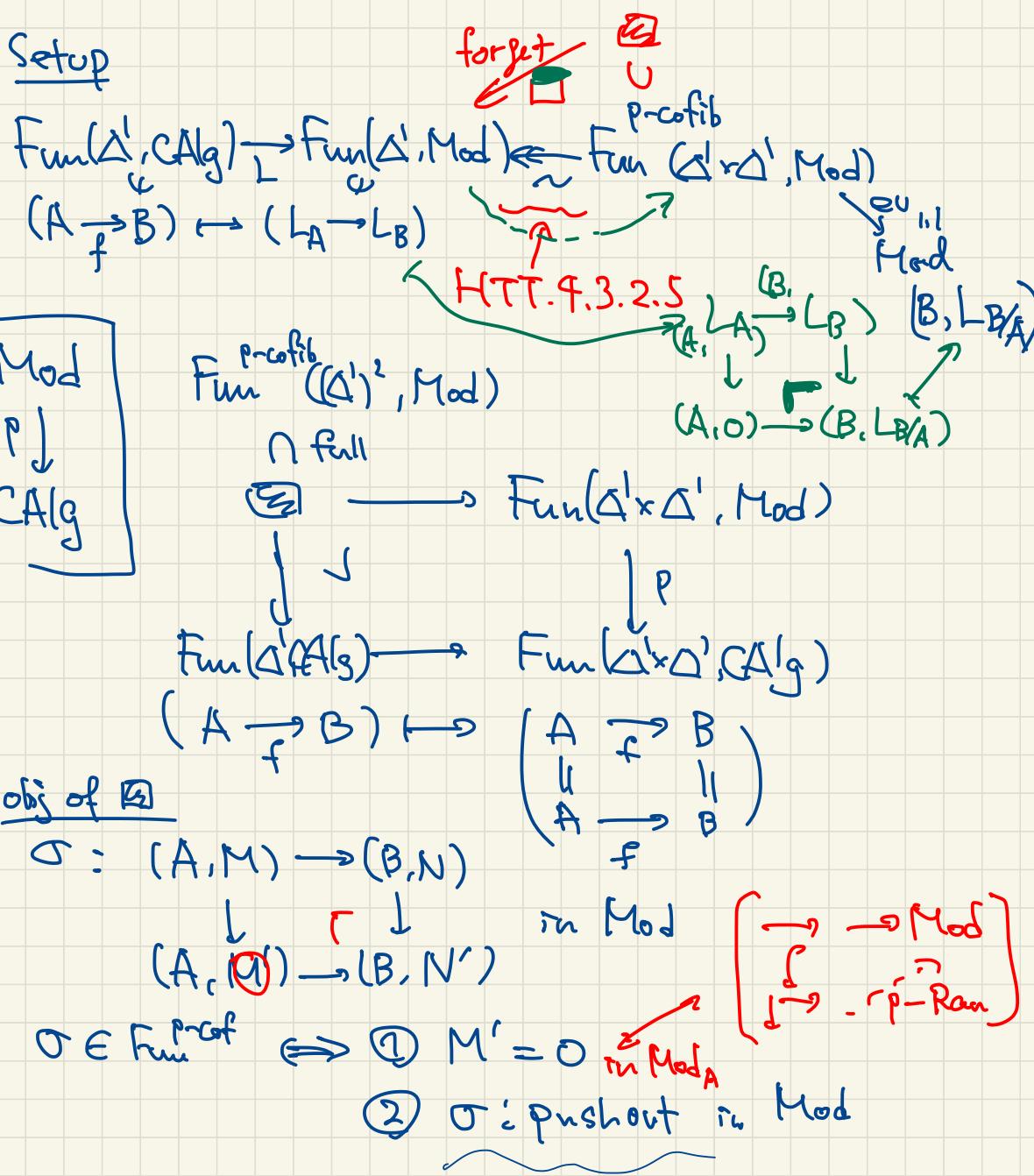
$$\text{Define } L_{(-)/(-)} : \text{Fun}(\Delta^1, \text{CAlg}) \longrightarrow \text{Mod}$$

$$(A \xrightarrow{f} B) \longmapsto L_{B/A} \in \text{Mod}_B$$

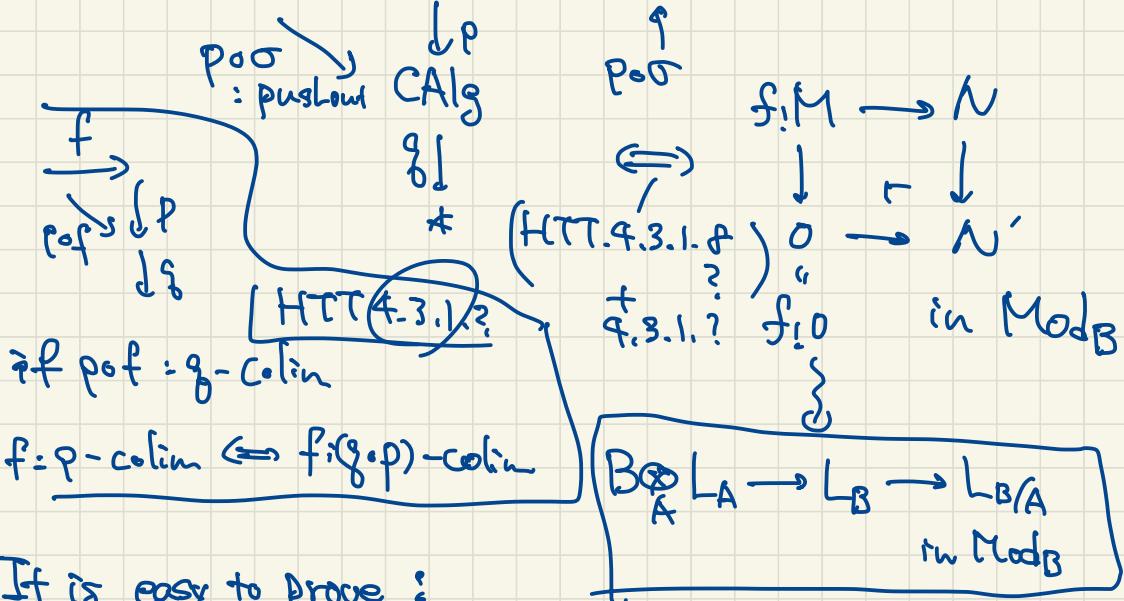
which fits into cofib. seq.

$$B \otimes_L A \longrightarrow L_B \longrightarrow L_{B/A} \text{ in } \text{Mod}_B$$

Setup



Since $\Delta' \times \Delta' \xrightarrow{\sigma} \text{Mod}$ ② $\Leftrightarrow \sigma : p\text{-pushout}$



If it is easy to prove :

for $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 (B, L_{B/A}) & \rightarrow & (C, L_{C/A}) \\
 \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \\
 (B, L_{B/B}) & \rightarrow & (C, L_{C/B})
 \end{array}
 \Leftrightarrow
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 C \otimes_B L_{B/A} & \rightarrow & L_{C/A} \\
 \text{cet. b seg} & & \\
 & \rightarrow & L_{C/B}
 \end{array}$$

in Mod

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 A & \rightarrow & B \\
 \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow f \\
 A' & \rightarrow & B'
 \end{array}
 \text{ in } \text{CAlg} \rightsquigarrow (B, L_{B/A}) \rightarrow (B', L'_{B'/A'}) \\
 \text{: p-colim in } \text{Mod}$$

$$(\Leftrightarrow B' \otimes_B L_{B/A} \xrightarrow{\sim} L'_{B'/A'})$$

II If $A \xrightarrow{f} B$: equiv $\Rightarrow L_{B/A} \simeq 0$
 in $CAlg(\mathcal{C})$ $\text{cofib}(f) \simeq 0$

measure failure of f : equiv.

exists natural Comparison map

$$\varepsilon_f : B \otimes_A \text{cofib}(f) \longrightarrow L_{B/A} \text{ in } \text{Mod}_B$$

Thm 7.4.3.12 If $f: A \rightarrow B$ in $CAlg(\mathcal{C}_{\geq 0})$

(PAG Thm 2.4) $\text{cofib}(f) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}$

IV

$$\Rightarrow p_{fb}(\varepsilon_f) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 2n}$$

Construction of ε_f

$$\begin{array}{ccc} (A, L_A) & \longrightarrow & (B, L_B) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow f \\ (A, 0) & \longrightarrow & (B, L_{B/A}) \end{array}$$

in $T_{\mathcal{C}} \simeq \text{Mod}(\mathcal{C})$

forgetful \cong

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{f} & B \\ \downarrow f' & \nearrow f'' & \downarrow \eta \\ (A, 0) & \longrightarrow & (B, L_{B/A}) \\ & \searrow & \swarrow \\ & (B, 0) & \end{array}$$

classifies

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{in } M^T(\mathcal{C}) \\ \xrightarrow{\quad \rho \quad} (\mathcal{C} \times \Delta') \\ \downarrow \quad \uparrow \\ (\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{\quad \sqcup \quad} T_{\mathcal{C}}) \\ \uparrow \text{sq-zero ext} \quad \downarrow \text{ext} \\ \mathcal{C}^{(0)} \quad \mathcal{C}^{(1)} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & \text{cof}(f^{\text{op}}) \simeq L_{B/A} \in \text{Mod}_B & \\
 A \xrightarrow{f} B & \xrightarrow{\quad \text{cof}(f) \quad} & \text{in } \text{Mod}_A \\
 \downarrow B \xrightarrow{f''} & & \\
 L_{B/A}(E_f) & \rightsquigarrow B \underset{A}{\otimes} \text{cof}(f) \xrightarrow{\varepsilon_f} L_{B/A} & \text{in } \text{Mod}_B
 \end{array}$$

Outline of proof of Thm

We say $A \xrightarrow{f} B$ in $\text{CAlg}(\mathcal{C})$ is n-good, if $f_*(E_f) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 2n}$

Step 1 Stability properties of n-good morphisms

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \text{(a)} \quad
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 & B & \\
 f \nearrow & \searrow g & \\
 A & \xrightarrow{h} & C
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{in } \text{CAlg}(\mathcal{C}_{\geq 0}) \quad
 \begin{cases}
 - f, g : n\text{-good} \\
 - \text{cofib}(f), \text{cofib}(g) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}
 \end{cases}$$

$$\Rightarrow h : n\text{-good}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \text{(b)} \quad
 \begin{array}{ccc}
 A & \xrightarrow{f} & B \\
 \downarrow & \uparrow & \downarrow \\
 A' & \xrightarrow{f'} & B'
 \end{array}
 \quad \text{in } \text{CAlg}(\mathcal{C}) \quad
 \begin{aligned}
 & \bullet B, B' : \text{connective} \\
 & - f : h\text{-good} \\
 & \Rightarrow f' : n\text{-good}
 \end{aligned}$$

Step 2 by "killing homotopy" argument (Lem 7.4.3.15)

$$A = A_n \xrightarrow{g_n} A_{n+1} \xrightarrow{g_{n+1}} A_{n+2} \rightarrow \dots \xrightarrow{g_{2n}} A_{2n+1}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 f = f_n & \nearrow & \downarrow & \swarrow & f_{2n+1} \\
 B & & & & \text{in } \text{CAlg}(\mathcal{C}_{\geq 0})
 \end{array}$$

which satisfies :

| Sym*: $\mathcal{C} \xrightarrow{\cong} \text{CAlg}(e)$

(i) $\text{cofib}(f_m) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq m} \subset \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}$

(ii) $\forall m \in \{n, \dots, 2n\} \quad \exists M_m \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq m-1} \quad g_m$ is given by

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Sym}^* M_m & \xrightarrow{\Phi_m} & \text{Sym}^* O \simeq \mathbb{1} \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ A_m & \xrightarrow{g_m} & A_{\text{max}} \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} (\text{initial alg}) \\ \text{e.g. } \mathbb{S} \end{array}$$

$$(\phi_m : \text{Sym}^k(M_m \xrightarrow{\sigma} 0))$$

By step 1 we are reduced to proving

$$g_m \leftarrow \phi_m \cdot f_{2n+1} \quad (n \leq m \leq 2n)$$

:= n-good

are n-good

Step 3 $\phi_m: n\text{-good}$ reduces to :

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \underline{\text{Lem(d)}} \quad M \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n-1} \quad \phi : \text{Sym}^* M \longrightarrow \text{Sym}^* O \cong \mathbb{I}$$

$\Rightarrow \phi : n\text{-good}$

(proven by explicit computation)

Step 4 f_{2n+1} : n-good

Note that $T_{\Sigma n \text{ fact}_1}$: equivalence

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{Diagram showing } T_{\sum f_i x_i} \text{ and } T_{\sum f_i d x_i} \\
 & \text{with arrows from } T_{\sum f_i x_i} \text{ to } T_{\sum f_i d x_i} \text{ and } T_{\sum f_i d x_i} \text{ to } T_{\sum f_i x_i} \\
 & \text{Below, } T_{\sum f_i x_i} \text{ is shown as } T_{\sum f_i x_i} \xrightarrow{\sim} T_{\sum f_i x_i} \\
 & \text{and } T_{\sum f_i d x_i} \text{ is shown as } T_{\sum f_i d x_i} \xrightarrow{\sim} T_{\sum f_i d x_i} \\
 & \text{Bottom row: } T_{\sum f_i x_i} \xrightarrow{\sim} T_{\sum f_i d x_i} \xrightarrow{\sim} T_{\sum f_i x_i} = 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$L_{B/A}[-1] \rightarrow \text{fib}(E_{f_{2n+1}}) \rightarrow B \otimes \text{Cofib}(f_{2n+1}) \xrightarrow{\sim} L_{BA}$$

Want to show

$$\text{Cofib}(f_{2n+1}) \in \mathcal{G}_{\geq 2n}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} B \otimes \text{Cofib}(f_{2n+1}) \\ \sim \sim \quad \sim \sim \\ \downarrow \pi \quad \uparrow \rho \\ \mathcal{G}_{2n} \end{array} \xrightarrow{\sim} \mathcal{G}_{\geq 2n+1}$$

$$L_{B/A}[-1] \in \mathcal{G}_{\geq 2n}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow L_{B/A} \in \mathcal{G}_{\geq 2n+1}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow T_{\leq 2n} L_{B/A} = 0$$

→ reduced to proving

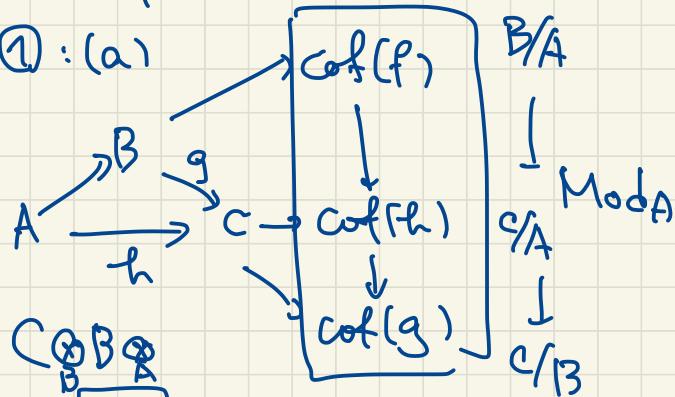
Lem 7.4.3.17, For $A \xrightarrow{f} B$ in $CAlg(\mathcal{C}_{2n})$

(5)

$$T_{\leq n} f : \text{equiv} \Rightarrow T_{\leq n} L_{B/A} \simeq 0$$

Let's prove $\text{D} - \text{S}$ one by one

① : (a)



$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 C \otimes_A \text{cof}(f) & \longrightarrow & C \otimes_A \text{cof}(h) & \longrightarrow & C \otimes_A \text{cof}(g) \\
 \downarrow C \otimes_B \varepsilon_f & & \downarrow \varepsilon_h & & \downarrow \varepsilon_g \\
 C \otimes_B \varepsilon_f & \longrightarrow & C \otimes_A \varepsilon_h & \longrightarrow & C \otimes_B \varepsilon_g \\
 \downarrow C \otimes_B \varepsilon_f & & \downarrow \varepsilon_h & & \downarrow \varepsilon_g \\
 B/A & \longrightarrow & C/A & \longrightarrow & C/B
 \end{array}$$

cof seq. } ε' } ε'' } wcf-seq.

$$\cdot \text{fib}(C \otimes_B \varepsilon_f) = C \otimes_B \text{fib}(\varepsilon_f) \in \mathcal{G}_{\geq 2n}.$$

$\left[\begin{array}{c} \text{Mod}_B \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Mod}_A (\text{Mod}) \\ \downarrow \\ B \rightarrow C \text{ CAAlg} \end{array} \right]$

\uparrow 2n-connective
connective

$\cdot \exists \text{fib seq}$

$\mathcal{T}_{\geq 2n}$

$$\text{fib } \varepsilon' \rightarrow \text{fib } \varepsilon'' \rightarrow \text{fib } \varepsilon_g$$

enough to show: $\text{fib } \varepsilon' \in \mathcal{G}_{\geq 2n} \Leftrightarrow \text{cof } \varepsilon' \in \mathcal{T}_{\geq 2n+1}$

$\cdot \text{cof}(g) \in \mathcal{T}_{\geq 2n}$

(next by lem for $\text{cof}(A \rightarrow B) \in \mathcal{T}_{\geq 2n}$
we get $\Rightarrow 1$ connectivity)

In general $\xrightarrow{\text{Lem}} A \xrightarrow{f} B$ in $\mathbf{CAlg}(\mathcal{C}_{\geq 0})$ with
 $\text{cofib}(f) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}$

$\rightsquigarrow M, N \in \text{Mod}_B^{\text{en}}$

$$C = \text{cofib}(M \underset{A}{\otimes} N \rightarrow M \underset{B}{\otimes} N) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n+1}$$

IS IS

$$\begin{array}{ccc} |M \otimes A^{\otimes n} \otimes N| & \xrightarrow{\quad} & |M \otimes B^{\otimes n} \otimes N| \\ M \otimes A^{\otimes n} \otimes N \rightarrow M \otimes B^{\otimes n} \otimes N \rightarrow C_n \end{array}$$

$$C_* : \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \text{ s.t. } C = |C_*|.$$

$$\underline{n=0} \quad M \otimes N \xrightarrow{\quad} M \otimes N \rightarrow C_0 = 0$$

$$\underline{n>0} \quad M \otimes A^{\otimes n} \otimes N \rightarrow M \otimes B^{\otimes n} \otimes N \rightarrow C_n \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}$$

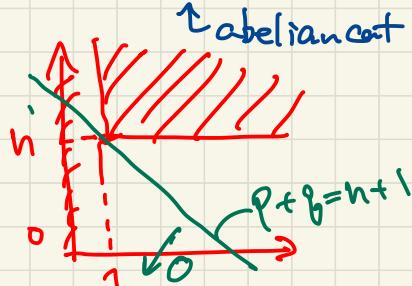
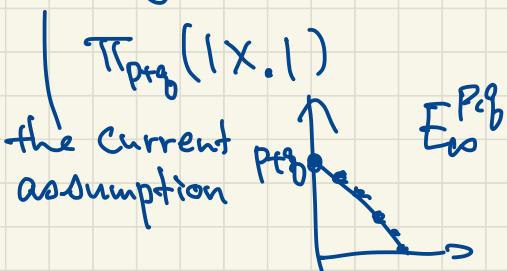
HA 1.2.4.5 SS for simplicial object 

$$X_* : \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C} \quad \text{sk}_n X \rightarrow \text{sk}_n X$$

MOPAON
↓
MOAOBN
↓
MOBOBN

$$\rightsquigarrow D(n) = |\text{sk}_n X| \quad D(0) \hookrightarrow D(1) \hookrightarrow \dots$$

at least $E^{p,b}_*$: p-th term of normalized chain cpx assoc.
 under \Downarrow to $\text{Tr}_q X_* : \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}^b$



④ (d) First we prove:

Prop 7.4.3, 14

$M \in \mathcal{C}$, $A = \text{Sym}^* M \in \text{CAlg}(\mathcal{C})$

$L_A \simeq A \otimes M$ in Mod_A

(classically
 $M = k \oplus n \rightsquigarrow S_{k,n} = k[x_1, \dots, x_n]$
 $A = \bigoplus_{n \geq 0} S_{k,n}$
 $L_A = A \otimes M \simeq A \otimes n$)

Proof $\text{Map}_{\text{Mod}_A}(L_A, N) \simeq \text{Map}_{\text{CAlg}/A}(A, A \otimes N)$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & N & \\ M & \xrightarrow{\quad} & \uparrow \\ & A \otimes N & \\ \downarrow & \nearrow & \downarrow \\ \text{Sym}^* M & \xrightarrow{\quad} & A \end{array}$$

$\simeq \text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}/A}(M, A \otimes N)$
 $\simeq \text{Map}_{\mathcal{C}}(M, N)$
 $\simeq \text{Map}_{\text{Mod}_A}(A \otimes M, N)$ \square

Now we prove (d): $M \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n-1}$, $\phi: \text{Sym}^* M \rightarrow \text{Sym}^* 0 \simeq \mathbb{1}$
 $\Rightarrow \phi: n\text{-good}$.

(fib(Σ_ϕ): $\geq n$ -conn.)

Claim $\Sigma_\phi: \mathbb{1} \otimes_{\text{Sym}^* M} \text{cofib}(\phi) \rightarrow L_{\mathbb{1}/\text{Sym}^* M}$

IS ①

IS ②

$$\text{fib}(\Sigma_\phi) \rightarrow \bigoplus_{m \geq 1} \text{Sym}^m(M[1]) \rightarrow M[1]$$

$$\bigoplus_{m \geq 1} \text{Sym}^m(M[1])$$

$$\underbrace{\bigoplus_{m \geq 1} \mathcal{C}_{\geq m}}_{\mathcal{C}_{\geq n}}$$

$$\left(\text{Sym}^m(M) = M^{\otimes m} / \sum_m \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq m} \right)$$

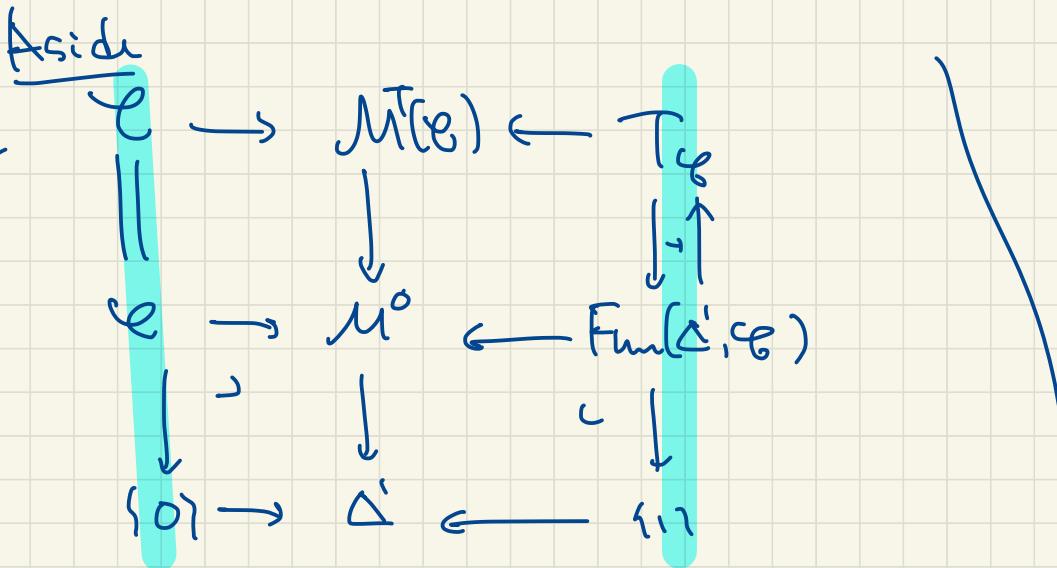
$$\text{if } M \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}$$

done

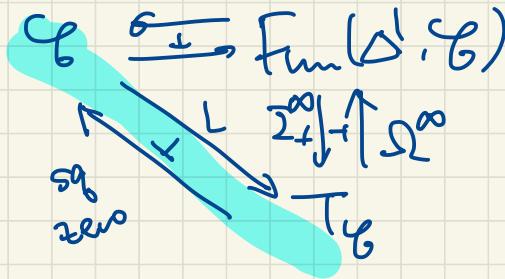
$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 1 \otimes \underbrace{\text{Sym}^k M}_{\text{IS}} & \longrightarrow & L_1 & \longrightarrow & L_{1/\text{Sym}^k M} \\
 & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 (\text{Sym}^k M) \otimes M & \xrightarrow{\text{IS}} & \text{Sym}^k(\mathcal{O}) \otimes \mathcal{O} & & \text{IS} \\
 & \underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{\text{IS}} & \downarrow & & \text{M}[1] \\
 & & 0 & &
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \textcircled{1} \quad M \rightarrow 0 \\
 \downarrow \quad \downarrow \\
 0 \xrightarrow{\Gamma} M[1] \\
 \hline
 \text{in } \mathcal{C}
 \end{array}
 \rightsquigarrow
 \begin{array}{ccccc}
 \text{Sym}^* M & \xrightarrow{\phi} & 1 & \longrightarrow & \text{Cofib}(\phi) \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \otimes 1 \\
 1 & \xrightarrow{\Gamma} & \text{Sym}^*(M[1]) & \longrightarrow & \text{Cofib}(\phi) \\
 \uparrow & & \text{CAlg} & & \text{exact} \\
 \text{Sym}^* M & & & & \text{S}
 \end{array}$$

Diagram illustrating the construction of a complex manifold $M[1]$ over S^2 . The complex plane P_1 is mapped to $M[1]$ via a map $M[1]$. The complex plane P_0 is mapped to $M[1]$ via a map $M[1] * S^2$. The intersection of these two mappings is shaded and labeled $M[1] / S^2$.



classifying



③ Lem 7.3.f.15 ($n \geq 0$)

$A \xrightarrow{f} B$ in $\mathcal{CAlg}_{\geq 0}$, assume $\text{cof}(f) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n}$

$\Rightarrow \exists M \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n-1} \quad \exists M \xrightarrow{\phi} A$ s.t.

$$\text{Sym}^* M \longrightarrow \text{Sym}^* O \simeq \mathbb{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \phi & \sim & \downarrow \\ A & \longrightarrow & A' \\ & f & \searrow \begin{matrix} \Gamma \\ \vdash f' \\ \downarrow \end{matrix} \\ & & B \end{array}$$

in \mathcal{CAlg}

- $A' \in \mathcal{CAlg}_{\geq 0}$
- $\text{cof}(f') \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n+1}$

Proof $M = \text{fib}(f) \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n-1}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} M & \longrightarrow & O \\ \phi \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow \\ A & \xrightarrow{f} & B \end{array}$$

in \mathcal{C}

$$\text{Sym}^* M \longrightarrow \text{Sym}^* O$$

$$\text{Sym}^* M \longrightarrow \text{Sym}^* O \quad \text{Sym}^* A \longrightarrow \text{Sym}^* B$$

Counit

$$\begin{array}{ccc} & & \text{Counit} \\ & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ A & \xrightarrow{\Gamma} & A' \xrightarrow{f'} B \\ & f & \searrow \begin{matrix} \Gamma \\ \vdash f' \\ \downarrow \end{matrix} \\ & & B \end{array}$$

in \mathcal{CAlg}

$$\mathcal{C} \xrightleftharpoons[\cup]{\text{Free}} \mathcal{CAlg}(\mathcal{C})$$

$$\boxed{\begin{array}{c} (\uparrow) \\ F \cup \rightarrow \text{id} \\ \text{Counit} \end{array}}$$

$A' \in \mathcal{CAlg}_{\geq 0}$

is
 $A \otimes \text{Sym}^* B \quad (\simeq A \otimes \frac{\mathbb{1}}{\text{Sym}^* M})$

It remains to prove $\text{cof}(f'') \in \mathcal{G}_{\geq n+1}$.

(i) $n=0$ $\text{cofib}(f') \in \mathcal{G}_{\geq 1}$

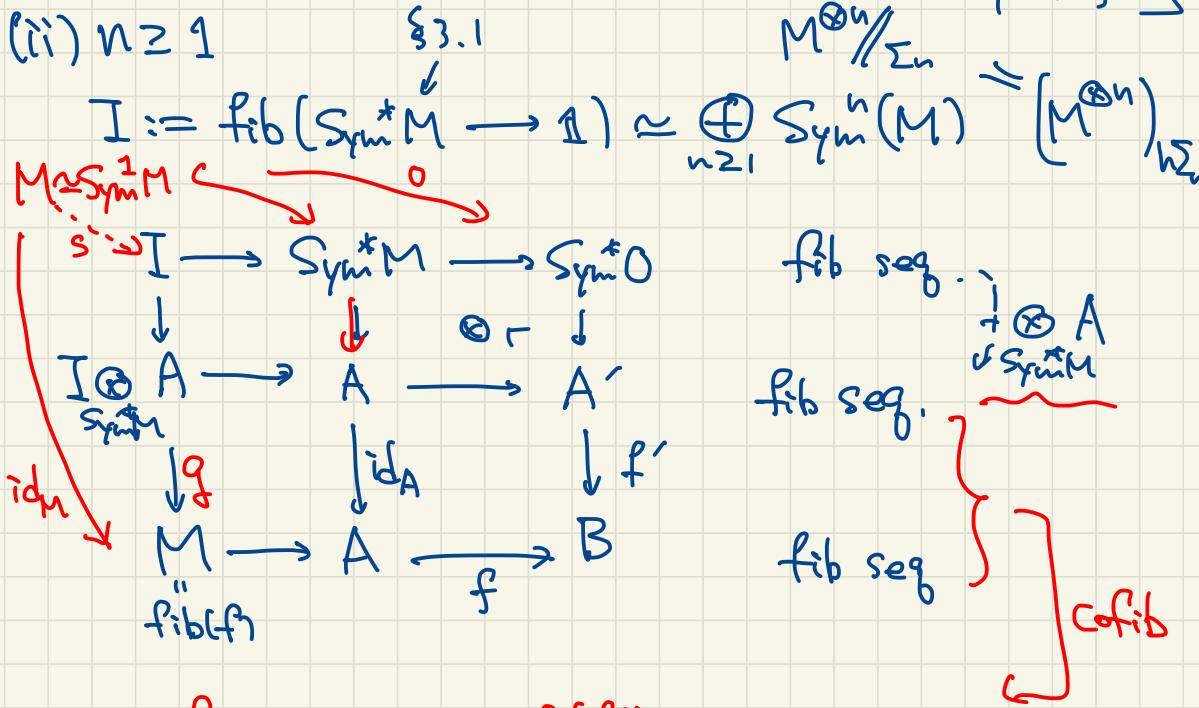
$A' \rightarrow B \rightarrow \text{cofib}(f')$ fib seq.

$\rightsquigarrow \pi_0 A' \rightarrow \pi_0 B \rightarrow \pi_0 \text{cofib}(f') \rightarrow 0$

↑
Surjective iff if
.. 0 (in \mathcal{G}^0)

true because $\text{Sym}^* B \xrightarrow{\quad} B$ proj onto
a summand
 $\text{Sym}^1(B)$

(ii) $n \geq 1$ §3.1



$\rightsquigarrow \text{cof}(g) \rightarrow 0 \rightarrow \text{cof}(f') : \text{fib}$

$\rightsquigarrow \text{cof}(g)[1] \simeq \text{fib}(g)[2]$

$$\text{cof}(f') \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq n+1} \iff \text{fib}(g) \in \mathcal{C}_{\leq n-1}$$

$$M \rightarrow I \otimes_A M \xrightarrow{\text{Sym}_A} M$$

$\downarrow \mathcal{C}_{\geq n-1}$

$\downarrow g$

$\downarrow \text{id}_M$

$\left\{ \begin{matrix} \mathcal{O}(n) \\ \cup \\ \Sigma_n \end{matrix} \right\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$

Set $\xrightarrow{\exists} \text{Alg}$
 \Downarrow
 $X \mapsto \coprod_{n \geq 0} X^n \times \mathcal{O}(n)$
 $= \text{Free}_{\mathcal{O}}(X)$

⑤

Lem 7.4.3.17 $f: A \rightarrow B \in \text{CAlg}^{ch}$. $T_{\leq n} f: \text{equiv}$
 $\Rightarrow T_{\leq n} L_{B/A} = 0$

Proof $B \otimes_A L_A \rightarrow L_B \rightarrow L_{B/A}$ fib seq.

$$T_{\leq n}(B \otimes_A L_A) \rightarrow T_{\leq n} L_B \rightarrow T_{\leq n} L_{B/A} : \text{fib seq.}$$

equiv \Leftrightarrow " in $(\text{Mod}_B)_{\leq n}$

take any M \Downarrow

$$\text{Map}_{(\text{Mod}_B)_{\leq n}}(T_{\leq n} L_B, M) \xrightarrow{\sim} \text{Map}_{(\text{Mod}_B)_{\leq n}}(T_{\leq n}(B \otimes_A L_A), M)$$

IS

$$\text{Map}_{\text{Mod}_B}(L_B, M)$$

IS

$$\text{Map}_{\text{CAlg}_B}(B, B \otimes M)$$

* IS

$$\text{Map}_{\text{CAlg}/T_{\leq n} B}(B, f(T_{\leq n} B) \otimes M)$$

$$\text{Map}_{\text{Mod}_B}(B \otimes_A L_A, M)$$

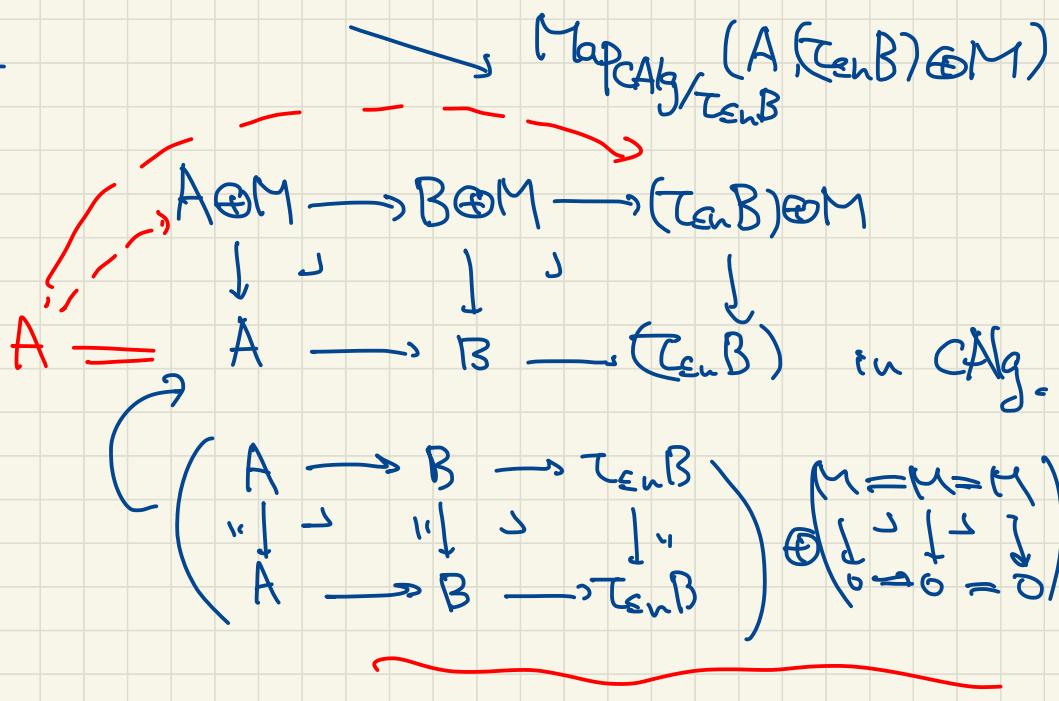
IS

$$\text{Map}_{\text{Mod}_A}(L_A, M)$$

IS

$$\text{Map}_{\text{CAlg}/A}(A, A \otimes M)$$

IS *



$$\text{Map}_{\text{CAlg}/\mathcal{T}_{\leq n} B}(B, \mathcal{T}_{\leq n} B \otimes M) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{T}_{20}} \text{Map}_{\text{CAlg}/\mathcal{T}_{\leq n} B}(A, \mathcal{T}_{\leq n} B \otimes M)$$

\mathcal{T}_{20} : right adj \rightsquigarrow we may replace M by $\mathcal{T}_{20}M$

and assume $M \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0} \cap \mathcal{C}_{\leq n}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 \mathcal{T}_{\leq n} A & \longrightarrow & (\mathcal{T}_{\geq 0} B) \otimes M \\
 \downarrow \sim & \nearrow \rightsquigarrow & \downarrow \\
 \mathcal{T}_{\leq n} B & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{T}_{\leq n} B
 \end{array}$$

$\in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 0} \cap \mathcal{C}_{\leq n}$

$(\text{CAlg}_{\leq n} \rightleftarrows \text{CAlg})$

$$\begin{array}{c} \textcircled{\text{C}}_{\text{cur}} \\ \text{S} \leq_n \xrightarrow{\perp} \text{S}^{\otimes} \end{array}$$

H.A
2.2.1.10

$$G^{\otimes, \text{ch}} \subset G^{\otimes}$$

stable \otimes w/ t-str.
 $G^{\text{ch}} \xrightarrow{\text{t-sr}} (G^{\text{ch}}) \leq_n$ compatible \otimes

Can be promoted to

(T_{2n} : monoidal)
 incl: lax mon

$$T_{\leq n}(- \otimes -) = - \otimes -$$

Recall $\text{Der} = (\underline{A \rightarrow (A, M[\cdot])} \text{ in } M^T)$

$$\text{Fun}(\Delta^1, \text{CAlg}) \ni A^? \longrightarrow A$$

Observation $\exists \Psi : \text{Fun}(\mathcal{G}, \text{CAlg}) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}\text{er}$ left adj to Φ

$$\tilde{A} \xrightarrow{\Psi} A \mapsto (A \rightarrow (A, L_{A(\tilde{A})}))$$

Proof

$$\text{Der} = \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \cdots A \\ \vdots \\ \cdots (A, M[i]) \end{array} \right\} \xleftrightarrow{\sim} \left\{ \begin{array}{c} A \\ \downarrow \\ ((A, 0) \rightarrow (A, M[i])) \end{array} \right\}$$

in M^T

forget \uparrow - formation of pb.

$\tilde{A} \xrightarrow{\quad} A$

$A \xrightarrow{\quad} A$

$\tilde{A} \xrightarrow{\quad} A$

\downarrow

$((A, 0) \rightarrow (A, M[i]))$

$\xrightarrow{\sim}$ Der

$\xrightarrow{\sim}$ pullback

$$f_!(\tilde{X}, \tilde{o}) \xrightarrow{\quad A \longrightarrow A \quad} \\ = \xrightarrow{\quad \downarrow \quad \quad \textcolor{red}{T} \quad \downarrow \quad \quad } \\ (\tilde{A}, \tilde{o}) \xrightarrow{\quad (A, L_{\tilde{A}/A}) \quad }$$

Def of $\tilde{L}_{\bar{A}/A}$:

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{A} & \longrightarrow & A \\ \downarrow & \lrcorner & \downarrow p-p.o. \text{ for } C_{\text{Mod}} \\ (\tilde{A}, 0) & \longrightarrow & (A, L_{\tilde{A}/A}) \text{ catls} \end{array}$$

P.O. ↑ T ↴ forget

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} \tilde{A} \rightarrow A \\ \downarrow \\ (A, \mathcal{D}) \end{array} \right\} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{c} \leftarrow \tilde{I} \\ \rightarrow \end{array} \right\}$$

$\text{Fun}(\Delta^1, \mathbf{CAlg})$

$$\tilde{A} \rightarrow A \}$$

Φ, Ψ restrict to diagrams with A : connective
 $(\text{Der}', \text{Fun}'')$

$$\rightsquigarrow \text{Der}' \xrightleftharpoons[\Phi']{\perp} \text{Fun}'(\Delta', \text{CAlg})$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tau \dashv & \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \text{Der}'' \end{matrix} & \nearrow F \\ \downarrow & \begin{matrix} \downarrow \\ \text{A : conn} \end{matrix} & \nearrow G \leftarrow \text{res of } \Phi \end{array}$$

M : 2n-truncated

$$\boxed{L_A \xrightarrow{\eta} M[1] \quad \tau(\eta) \rightarrow (\tau_{\leq 2n} M)[1]}$$

$n \geq 0$

Now we have $A : \text{conn}_n$, $M : 2n$ -tr., $A : \text{conn}$

$$\text{Der}'' \xrightleftharpoons[\perp]{F, G} \text{Fun}'(\Delta', \text{CAlg})$$

in $\text{Mod}_{\tilde{A}}$
 $I = \text{fib}(\tilde{A} \rightarrow A)$

$$\rightsquigarrow I \in \mathcal{G}_{\leq n}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Der}_{n-\text{sm}} & \xleftarrow{\quad \dashv \quad} & \text{Fun}_{n-\text{sm}}(\Delta', \text{CAlg}) \\ \text{U} & & \text{U} \end{array}$$

$M : n\text{-conn}$

$$\begin{array}{c} I \otimes I \rightarrow I \\ \text{A} \quad \text{null} \\ \downarrow \\ \tilde{A} \otimes I \\ \tilde{A} \end{array}$$

It remains to prove:

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \eta : A \rightarrow M[1] \text{ } n\text{-sm.} \Rightarrow G\eta : A^2 \rightarrow A : n\text{-sm.}$$

② $\dots \Rightarrow F \circ G(\eta) \rightarrow \eta$ is an counit equiv.

③ $\tilde{A} \xrightarrow{f} A$: n-small $\Rightarrow Ff$: n-sm.

④ $\dots \Rightarrow f \xrightarrow{\text{unit}} GFf$: equiv.

① Let $I = \text{fib}(A' \rightarrow A)$ $M \simeq I$ as A' -mod. \hookrightarrow

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 I \otimes_{A'} I & \rightarrow & A' \otimes_{A'} I & \xrightarrow{\cong} & I \\
 \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \uparrow \sim \\
 (I \otimes_{A'} I) \otimes_{A'} I & \rightarrow & A' \otimes_{A'} I & \rightarrow & A \otimes M \\
 \text{(fib seq)} \otimes I & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 & & M & \xrightarrow{\text{forget}} & I
 \end{array}$$

$\left[\begin{array}{c} \text{A'-mod} \\ \text{A'-mod} \end{array} \right]$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 I & \rightarrow & A' & \rightarrow & A & \rightarrow & A' \\
 \uparrow \cong & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 M & \rightarrow & A & \rightarrow & A \otimes M & \rightarrow & A' \otimes_{A'} A \\
 \uparrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 A' \otimes_{A'} I & \rightarrow & A' \otimes_{A'} A' & \rightarrow & A' \otimes_{A'} A & \rightarrow & A' \\
 \uparrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 A \otimes M & \rightarrow & A' \otimes_{A'} M & \rightarrow & A' \otimes_{A'} A & \rightarrow & A' \\
 \uparrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\
 & & & & & & \in A' \text{-mod.}
 \end{array}$$

② by adjunction $GFG\eta \xrightarrow{\sim} G\eta$ it suffices to prove G : conservative.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc}
 A' & \xrightarrow{\quad} & A & \xrightarrow{\quad \eta \quad} & M[1] \\
 \approx \downarrow & & \approx \downarrow & & \approx \downarrow \\
 B' & \xrightarrow{\quad} & B & \xrightarrow{\quad \eta' \quad} & N[1]
 \end{array}$$

f ↓ in Der
fib seg.
 $\sim \underline{\eta \simeq \eta'}$

Gf : equiv.

③ ④

$$\begin{array}{c}
 F \left[\begin{array}{l} (\tilde{A} \rightarrow A) \\ \downarrow \Psi' \\ (A \rightarrow (A \sqcup_{A/\tilde{A}})) \\ \downarrow \tau \\ (A \xrightarrow{\eta} (A, \underbrace{\sqcup_{\leq 2n} ([\tilde{A}/A]_1)}_{M'' \in \mathcal{G}_{\leq 2n}})_1) \end{array} \right] \\
 G \downarrow \\
 (\tilde{A}' \rightarrow A)
 \end{array}$$

$\sim \underline{\text{unit } I = \text{fibf}} \rightarrow \tilde{A} \xrightarrow{f} A$

$M \xrightarrow{Gf} A' \xrightarrow{g} A$

To prove

$\boxed{\begin{array}{l} \text{③ } M \in \mathcal{G}_{\leq n} \\ \text{④ } g: \text{equiv} \end{array}}$

It suffices to prove
 g : equiv.

Since $f \in \mathcal{F}_1$, $M \in \mathcal{C}_{\leq 2n}$,

$$g = T_{\leq 2n} g$$

claim g is the composition

$$\begin{array}{ccc} I & \xrightarrow{\textcircled{1}} & I \otimes A \\ " & \nearrow \text{id}_{\otimes} & \downarrow E_f[1] \\ I \otimes \tilde{A} & & \end{array}$$

$$L_{A/\tilde{A}[1]} \longrightarrow T_{\leq 2n}(L_{A/\tilde{A}[1]}) = M$$

First Assume the claim. \leadsto done.

• the first map

• the second map

by Thm 7.4.3.12

$$I \otimes - : I \longrightarrow \tilde{A} \longrightarrow A$$

$$I \otimes I \xrightarrow{\text{null}} I \otimes \tilde{A} \xrightarrow{\textcircled{1}} I \otimes A$$

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \rightsquigarrow & \pi_k(I \otimes I) & \xrightarrow{\circ} & \pi_k(I \otimes \tilde{A}) & \xrightarrow{\textcircled{1}} \pi_k(I \otimes A) \\ & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow & \downarrow \\ & 0 & \xrightarrow{\circ} & 0 & \xrightarrow{\textcircled{1}} 0 = \pi_{k-1}(I \otimes I) \end{array}$$

$0 \in \mathcal{C}^0$ $k \leq 2n$ $0 \in \mathcal{C}_{\geq 2n}$

$$I \longrightarrow I \underset{\tilde{A}}{\otimes} A$$

$\downarrow \Sigma_p[-1]$

$$\mathbb{L}_{A/\tilde{A}[-1]}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
I \xleftarrow{\text{fib}} \tilde{A} \longrightarrow A \\
\downarrow \qquad \downarrow \gamma' \\
\mathbb{L}_{A/\tilde{A}} \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \gamma' \\
\mathbb{L}_{A/\tilde{A}[-1]} \qquad \qquad \qquad \mathbb{L}_{A/\tilde{A}} \\
\downarrow \qquad \qquad \qquad \downarrow \\
\mathbb{L}_{S_{2n}}(L_{A/\tilde{A}[-1]}) \qquad \qquad \qquad \mathbb{L}_{S_{2n+1}}(A/\tilde{A})
\end{array}$$

Ψ'
 $G = \tau \Psi'$

Other Applications of Thm 7.4.3.12

(Cor 7.4.3.2 ~ Prop 7.4.3.9)

(important but easy to follow)