



Sherlock and Anagrams ★

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Two strings are **anagrams** of each other if the letters of one string can be rearranged to form the other string. Given a string, find the number of pairs of substrings of the string that are anagrams of each other.

Example

$s = mom$

The list of all anagrammatic pairs is $[m, m]$, $[mo, om]$ at positions $[[0], [2]]$, $[[0, 1], [1, 2]]$ respectively.

Function Description

Complete the function `sherlockAndAnagrams` in the editor below.

`sherlockAndAnagrams` has the following parameter(s):

- string s : a string

Returns

- int: the number of unordered anagrammatic pairs of substrings in s

Input Format

The first line contains an integer q , the number of queries.

Each of the next q lines contains a string s to analyze.

Constraints

$$1 \leq q \leq 10$$

$$2 \leq \text{length of } s \leq 100$$

s contains only lowercase letters in the range `ascii[a-z]`.

Sample Input 0

```
2
abba
abcd
```

Sample Output 0

```
4
0
```

Explanation 0

The list of all anagrammatic pairs is $[a, a]$, $[ab, ba]$, $[b, b]$ and $[abb, bba]$ at positions $[[0], [3]]$, $[[0, 1], [2, 3]]$, $[[1], [2]]$ and $[[0, 1, 2], [1, 2, 3]]$ respectively.

No anagrammatic pairs exist in the second query as no character repeats.

Sample Input 1

```
2
ifailuhkqq
kkkk
```

Sample Output 1

```
3
10
```



Explanation 1

For the first query, we have anagram pairs $[i, i]$, $[q, q]$ and $[ifa, fai]$ at positions $[[0], [3]]$, $[[8], [9]]$ and $[[0, 1, 2], [1, 2, 3]]$ respectively.

For the second query:

There are 6 anagrams of the form $[k, k]$ at positions $[[0], [1]]$, $[[0], [2]]$, $[[0], [3]]$, $[[1], [2]]$, $[[1], [3]]$ and $[[2], [3]]$.

There are 3 anagrams of the form $[kk, kk]$ at positions $[[0, 1], [1, 2]]$, $[[0, 1], [2, 3]]$ and $[[1, 2], [2, 3]]$.

There is 1 anagram of the form $[kkk, kkk]$ at position $[[0, 1, 2], [1, 2, 3]]$.

Sample Input 2

```
1
cdcd
```

Sample Output 2

```
5
```

Explanation 2

There are two anagrammatic pairs of length 1: $[c, c]$ and $[d, d]$.

There are three anagrammatic pairs of length 2: $[cd, dc]$, $[cd, cd]$, $[dc, cd]$ at positions $[[0, 1], [1, 2]]$, $[[0, 1], [2, 3]]$, $[[1, 2], [2, 3]]$ respectively.

Change Theme
JavaScript (Node.js)

```

27 // Complete the sherlockAndAnagrams function below.
28 function sherlockAndAnagrams(s) {
29     let count = 0;
30
31     // Size of our sliding window
32     for (let i = 1; i < s.length; i++) {
33         let found = {};
34
35         // Starting index of our sliding window
36         for (let j = 0; j + i <= s.length; j++) {
37             let substr = s.substr(j, i);
38             substr = substr.split('').sort().join('');
39             if (found[substr]) {
40                 count += found[substr];
41                 found[substr]++;
42             } else {
43                 found[substr] = 1;
44             }
45         }
46     }
47
48     return count;
49 }

```

Line: 49 Col: 2

☒ Upload Code as File ☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

Congratulations!

You have passed the sample test cases. Click the submit button to run your code against all the test cases.

✓ Sample Test case 0

✓ Sample Test case 1

Input (stdin)

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✔ Sample Test case 1

✔ Sample Test case 2

Input (stdin)

1	2
2	abba
3	abcd

Your Output (stdout)

1	4
2	0

Expected Output

1	4
2	0

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