

Fraudulent Activity Notifications ★

Problem

Submissions

Leaderboard

Editorial

HackerLand National Bank has a simple policy for warning clients about possible fraudulent account activity. If the amount spent by a client on a particular day is greater than or equal to $2 \times$ the client's **median** spending for a trailing number of days, they send the client a notification about potential fraud. The bank doesn't send the client any notifications until they have at least that trailing number of prior days' transaction data.

Given the number of trailing days d and a client's total daily expenditures for a period of n days, determine the number of times the client will receive a notification over all n days.

Example
 $expenditure = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]$
 $d = 3$

On the first three days, they just collect spending data. At day **4**, trailing expenditures are $[10, 20, 30]$. The median is **20** and the day's expenditure is **40**. Because $40 \geq 2 \times 20$, there will be a notice. The next day, trailing expenditures are $[20, 30, 40]$ and the expenditures are **50**. This is less than 2×30 so no notice will be sent. Over the period, there was one notice sent.

Note: The median of a list of numbers can be found by first sorting the numbers ascending. If there is an odd number of values, the middle one is picked. If there is an even number of values, the median is then defined to be the average of the two middle values. ([Wikipedia](#))

Function Description

Complete the function activityNotifications in the editor below.

activityNotifications has the following parameter(s):

- int expenditure[n]: daily expenditures
- int d: the lookback days for median spending

Returns

- int: the number of notices sent

Input Format

The first line contains two space-separated integers n and d , the number of days of transaction data, and the number of trailing days' data used to calculate median spending respectively.

The second line contains n space-separated non-negative integers where each integer i denotes $expenditure[i]$.

- Constraints**
- $1 \leq n \leq 2 \times 10^5$
 - $1 \leq d \leq n$
 - $0 \leq expenditure[i] \leq 200$

Output Format

Sample Input 0

STDIN	Function
9 5	expenditure[] size n =9, d = 5
2 3 4 2 3 6 8 4 5	expenditure = [2, 3, 4, 2, 3, 6, 8, 4, 5]

Sample Output 0

2

Explanation 0

because the bank has insufficient transaction data: **notifications = 0**.

On the sixth day, the bank has **d = 5** days of prior transaction data, **{2, 3, 4, 2, 3}**, and **median = 3** dollars. The client spends **6** dollars, which triggers a notification because **6 ≥ 2 × median: notifications = 0 + 1 = 1**.

On the seventh day, the bank has **d = 5** days of prior transaction data, **{3, 4, 2, 3, 6}**, and **median = 3** dollars. The client spends **8** dollars, which triggers a notification because **8 ≥ 2 × median: notifications = 1 + 1 = 2**.

On the eighth day, the bank has **d = 5** days of prior transaction data, **{4, 2, 3, 6, 8}**, and **median = 4** dollars. The client spends **4** dollars, which does not trigger a notification because **4 < 2 × median: notifications = 2**.

On the ninth day, the bank has **d = 5** days of prior transaction data, **{2, 3, 6, 8, 4}**, and a transaction median of **4** dollars. The client spends **5** dollars, which does not trigger a notification because **5 < 2 × median: notifications = 2**.

Sample Input 1

```
5 4
1 2 3 4 4
```

Sample Output 1

```
0
```

There are **4** days of data required so the first day a notice might go out is day **5**. Our trailing expenditures are **[1, 2, 3, 4]** with a median of **2.5**. The client spends **4** which is less than **2 × 2.5** so no notification is sent.

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JavaScript (Node.js)



```
25 }
26
27 // Complete the activityNotifications function below.
28 function activityNotifications(expenditure, d) {
29     let n = 0
30     let [ i1, i2 ] = [ Math.floor((d-1)/2), Math.ceil((d-1)/2) ]
31     let m1, m2, m
32     let cs = new Array(201).fill(0)
33     for (let i = d-1; i >= 0; i--) cs[expenditure[i]]++
34     for (let i = d, l = expenditure.length; i < l; i++) {
35         for (let j = 0, k = 0; k <= i1; k += cs[j], j++) m1 = j
36         for (let j = 0, k = 0; k <= i2; k += cs[j], j++) m2 = j
37         let m = (m1 + m2) / 2
38         if (expenditure[i] >= m * 2) n++
39         cs[expenditure[i-d]]--
40         cs[expenditure[i]]++
41     }
42     return n
43 }
44
45 function main() {
46     const ws = fs.createWriteStream(process.env.OUTPUT_PATH);
47
48     const nd = readline().split(' ').
```

Line: 42 Col: 13

☒ Upload Code as File
☐ Test against custom input

Run Code

Submit Code

Congratulations!

You have passed the sample test cases. Click the submit button to run your code against all the test cases.

☒ Sample Test case 0

 Input (stdin)

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- ✔ Sample Test case 1
- ✔ Sample Test case 2

input (stdin)	
1	9 5
2	2 3 4 2 3 6 8 4 5

Your Output (stdout)	
1	2

Expected Output		Download
1	2	