

Moment of Inertia (mass)

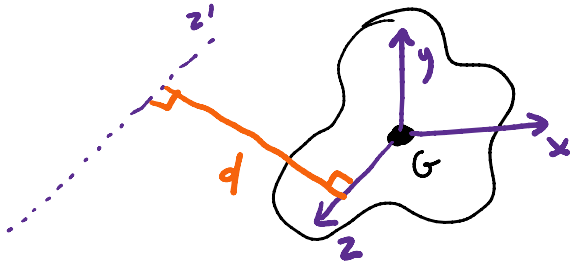
Tuesday, October 25, 2022 3:28 PM

$$\sum \vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$\sum \vec{M} = I\vec{\alpha}$$

We can figure out MoI about any point

Parallel-axis theorem

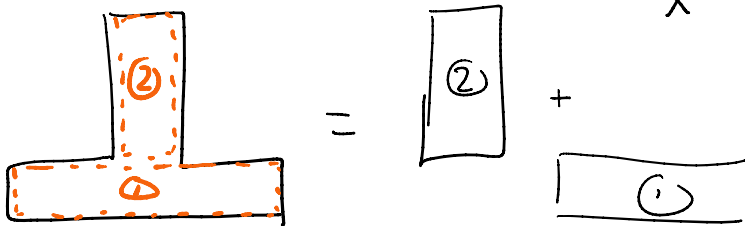


$$I_{2'} = I_G + \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{mass}}}{m} \underset{\substack{\nwarrow \\ \text{distance}}}{d^2}$$

$$\underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{density}}}{\rho} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{Volume}} = \frac{[Kg]}{[m^3]}$$

$$K \quad \text{radius of gyration} \quad I = mK^2 \quad K = \sqrt{\frac{I}{m}}$$

$$\bar{X} = \frac{\sum \tilde{X}m}{\sum m} \leftarrow \text{coordinate of each particle}$$



$$I = \sum (I_G + md^2)$$

$$\pi r^2 h$$



$$I_o = I_G + md^2$$

$$\rho = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$m_A = \left(\frac{8000 \text{ Kg}}{\text{m}^3} \right) \left(\pi (0.25 \text{ m})^2 (0.01 \text{ m}) \right)$$

$$= 15.71 \text{ Kg}$$

$$m_B = (8000) \left(\pi (0.125)^2 (0.01) \right)$$

$$= 3.93 \text{ Kg}$$

$$I_{oA} = I_G + md^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} mr^2 + md^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (15.71) (0.25)^2 + (15.71) (0.25)^2$$

$$= 1.473 \text{ Kg m}^2$$

$$B: I_{oB} = I_G + md^2$$

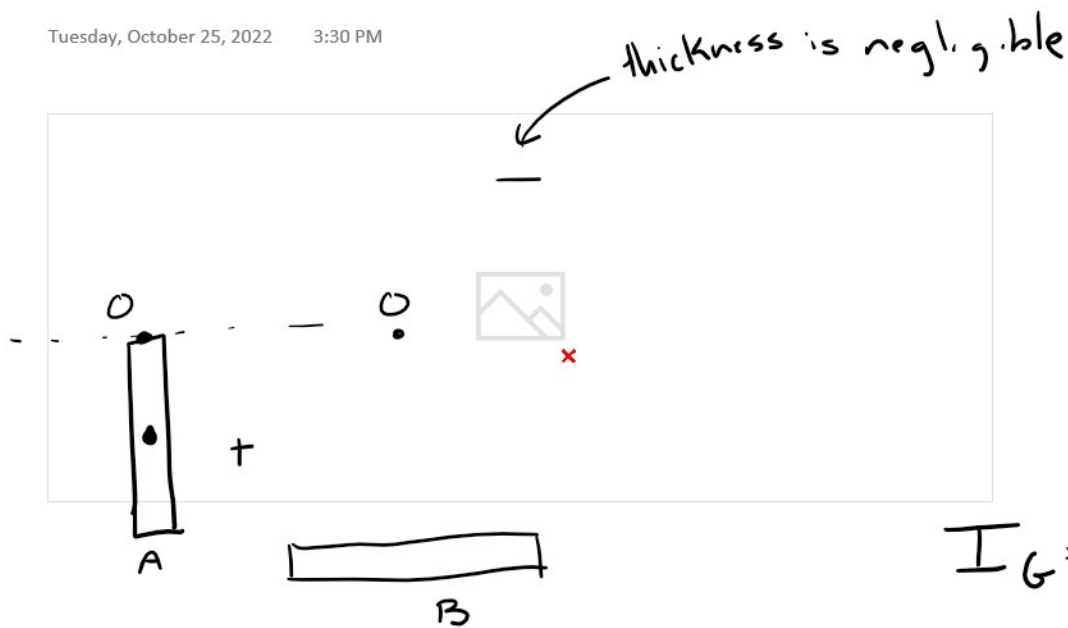
$$= \frac{1}{2} mr^2 + md^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} (3.93) (0.125)^2 + (3.93) (0.25)^2$$

$$= 0.276 \text{ Kg m}^2$$

$$I_o = I_{oA} - I_{oB}$$

$$= 1.473 - 0.276 = 1.197 \text{ Kg m}^2$$



$$I_G = \frac{1}{12} mL^2$$

$$I_{OA} = \frac{1}{12} mL^2 + md^2$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{10}{32.2} \right) (2)^2 + \left(\frac{10}{32.2} \right) (1)^2 = 0.414 \text{ slug} \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$I_{OB} = \frac{1}{12} mL^2 + md^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{12} \left(\frac{10}{32.2} \right) (2)^2 + \left(\frac{10}{32.2} \right) (2)^2 = 1.346 \text{ slug} \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$I_O = I_{OA} + I_{OB} = 0.414 + 1.346 = 1.76 \text{ slug} \cdot \text{ft}^2$$

$$\bar{y} = \frac{\sum \tilde{y}_m}{\sum m} = \frac{(1) \left(\frac{10}{32.2} \right) + (2) \left(\frac{10}{32.2} \right)}{\frac{10}{32.2} + \frac{10}{32.2}} = 1.5 \text{ ft}$$



$$K = \sqrt{\frac{I_0}{m}}$$

$$c \vdots$$

0.75

$$I_0 = I_A + I_B + I_C$$

$$I_0 = 11.68 + 0.73 + 1$$

$$= 13.41 \text{ Kg m}^2$$

$$I_A: I_G + md^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}mr^2 + md^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(8)(0.2)^2 + (8)(1.2)^2 = 11.68$$

$$K = \sqrt{\frac{13.41 \text{ Kg m}^2}{14 \text{ Kg}}}$$

$$\leftarrow 2+4+8$$

$$K = 0.979 \text{ m}$$

$$I_B: \frac{1}{2}mr^2 + md^2$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(2)(0.1)^2 + (2)(0.6)^2 = 0.73$$

$$I = mK^2$$

$$=$$

$$I_C: I_G + md^2$$

$$\frac{1}{12}ml^2 + md^2$$

$$\frac{1}{12}(4)(1.5) + (4)(0.25)^2 = 1$$