

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

## **Matrices and Matrix Calculations - Spring 2017**

### **Midterm Exam I, February 16, 2017**

In all multiple choice problems you don't have to show your work. In all non-multiple choice problems you are required to show all your work and provide the necessary explanations everywhere to get full credit.

This print-out should have 17 questions. Multiple-choice questions may continue on the next column or page – find all choices before answering.

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**FinM4a24**  
**001 10.0 points**

Pandit is an aging dog who has to be kept on a strict diet containing, among other things, 3.9 grams of protein and 2.7 grams of fat. Two dog foods are available to Pandit's owner.

Food  $A$  has 7% protein and 3% fat, while

Food  $B$  has 6% protein and 6% fat.

How many grams of food  $A$  should Pandit's owner use in his diet?

1. # grams food  $A$  = 30
2. # grams food  $A$  = 29
3. # grams food  $A$  = 31
4. # grams food  $A$  = 33
5. # grams food  $A$  = 32

is the unique parabola passing through the points

$$(1, 6), \quad (-1, 2), \quad (-3, 6),$$

determine  $b$ .

1.  $b = 5$
2.  $b = 3$
3.  $b = 4$
4.  $b = 1$
5.  $b = 2$

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**FitParabola01b**  
**002 10.0 points**

When the graph of the function

$$y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

1. TRUE

2. FALSE

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**LinearSystemT/F01a**  
003 10.0 points

Elementary row operations on an augmented matrix never change the solution set of the associated linear system.

True or False?

1. FALSE

2. TRUE

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**RowReduceMan02a**  
005 10.0 points

The augmented matrix of a linear system of equations has been reduced by row operations to

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

(a) *Continue row operations to write the matrix in reduced row echelon form.*

(b) *Then determine the solution set of the original system.*

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**LinSysUniqueTF02**  
004 10.0 points

If a system of linear equations has no free variables, then it has a unique solution.

True or False?

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**AxisIntersect01a**  
**006 10.0 points**

When  $P$  is the plane in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  given in vector form by

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} + s \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + t \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix},$$

determine where  $P$  intersects the  $z$ -axis.

1.  $z = -20$
2.  $z = -19$
3.  $z = -17$
4.  $z = -16$
5.  $z = 18$

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**M340LSpanM02**  
**007 10.0 points**

Given

$$\mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix},$$

determine all values of  $\lambda$  for which

$$\mathbf{w} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -3 \\ \lambda \end{bmatrix}$$

is a vector in  $\text{Span}\{\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3\}$ ?

1.  $\lambda = 2, -4$
2.  $\lambda = -4$
3.  $\lambda = -2, 2$
4.  $\lambda = -2$
5.  $\lambda = 2$
6.  $\lambda = -2, -4$

If  $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}$  are vectors in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ , when can  $\text{Span}\{\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v}\}$  be visualized as a plane through the origin in  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

True or False?

1. NEVER
2. ALWAYS
3. SOMETIMES

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### Consistent01d

**009 10.0 points**

Describe geometrically the conditions on a vector  $\mathbf{b}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  under which the equation

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ -12 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$$

has a solution in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ .

1. any  $\mathbf{b}$  not on line  $y + 4x = 0$
2. arbitrary  $\mathbf{b}$  in  $\mathbb{R}^2$
3.  $\mathbf{b}$  lies on line  $y - 4x = 0$
4.  $\mathbf{b}$  lies on line  $y + 4x = 0$
5. any  $\mathbf{b}$  not on line  $y - 4x = 0$

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**VectorEquTF01e**  
**008 10.0 points**

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**SolSetsLinSysTF03**
**011 10.0 points**

If the equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  has more than one solution, then so does the homogeneous equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{0}$ .

True or False?

1. TRUE
2. FALSE

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**MatEquTF02b**
**010 10.0 points**

If the matrix equation  $A\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{b}$  is consistent, then  $\mathbf{b}$  is in the set spanned by the columns of  $A$ .

True or False?

1. FALSE
2. TRUE

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**ThreePoints01a**
**012 10.0 points**

Determine the linear equation of the unique plane in  $\mathbb{R}^3$  containing the points

$$P(1, 1, 3), \quad Q(-2, -1, -4),$$

and

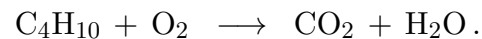
$$R(3, 5, 14).$$

1.  $6x - 19y - 8z = 1$
2.  $6x + 19y + 8z + 1 = 0$
3.  $6x + 19y - 8z + 1 = 0$
4.  $6x + 19y - 8z = 1$
5.  $6x - 19y + 8z = 1$
6.  $6x - 19y + 8z + 1 = 0$

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**BalChemEq01a****013 10.0 points**

When butane  $\text{C}_4\text{H}_{10}$  burns in the presence of oxygen  $\text{O}_2$  it produces carbon dioxide  $\text{CO}_2$  and water  $\text{H}_2\text{O}$ , represented chemically by



If 35 molecules of water were produced in one particular reaction, how many molecules of butane were burned in that reaction?

1. # molecules = 8
2. # molecules = 7
3. # molecules = 9
4. # molecules = 5
5. # molecules = 6

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**LinIndependMan01a**  
**014    10.0 points**

Find all values  $h$  for which the vectors

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ -6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}, \quad \begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ 2 \\ h \end{bmatrix}$$

are linearly independent.

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**LinIndepTF01c**  
**015    10.0 points**

The columns of any  $4 \times 5$  matrix are linearly dependent.

True or False?

1. FALSE
2. TRUE



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**LinTransform01e**
**016 10.0 points**

A transformation  $T : \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^m$  is linear if and only if

$$T(c_1 \mathbf{v}_1 + c_2 \mathbf{v}_2) = c_1 T(\mathbf{v}_1) + c_2 T(\mathbf{v}_2)$$

for all vectors  $\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2$  in  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and all scalars  $c_1, c_2$ .

True or False?

1. FALSE

2. TRUE

1.  $A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & -1 \\ 1 & \sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$

2.  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

3.  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 1 \\ -1 & \sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$

4.  $A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -\sqrt{3} \\ \sqrt{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

5.  $A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{3} & 1 \\ -1 & \sqrt{3} \end{bmatrix}$

6.  $A = \frac{1}{2} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \sqrt{3} \\ -\sqrt{3} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$

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**MatrixTrans01a**
**017 10.0 points**

Determine the Standard Matrix for the transformation rotating the plane counter-clockwise about the origin through  $60^\circ$ .