Practice exercise 3 K-Means Image Segmentation Exercise

Problem: Segment a given image into K clusters using the K-means algorithm.

Dataset: You can use any image of your choice. For example, a natural image like a landscape or a portrait.

Task:

1. Load the Image:

- Read the image using OpenCV or PIL.
- Convert the image to a suitable color space (e.g., RGB, HSV, or LAB).

2. Preprocess the Image:

- Resize the image to a smaller size for faster processing.
- Flatten the image into a 2D array of pixels, where each pixel is represented as a feature vector (e.g., RGB values).

3. Apply K-Means Clustering:

- Initialize K random centroids, each representing the mean color of a cluster.
- Assign each pixel to the nearest centroid based on Euclidean distance.
- Update the centroids as the mean of the pixels assigned to each cluster.
- Repeat the assignment and update steps until convergence.

4. Segment the Image:

- Replace each pixel with the color of its assigned cluster centroid.
- Reshape the segmented image back to its original dimensions.

5. Visualize the Results:

• Display the original and segmented images side-by-side.

 $\frac{https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/image-segmentation-using-k-means-clustering-from-scrate}{h-1545c896e38e}$