SỞ GIÁO DỤC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO HÀ NỘI

KỲ THI TUYỂN SINH LỚP 10 THPT THEO CHƯƠNG TRÌNH GDPT 2018

Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH

Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

ĐỀ MINH HỌA

(Đề thi gồm 0	4 trang)				
			e underlined part differs from t		
	nciation in each of the follow		e unucrimeu part agjers from a		
1. A. show	B. post		D. note		
2. A. fa <u>c</u> ility					
		-	- , •		
	C, or D on your answer snee tress in each of the following		differs from the other three in t		
3. A. hotel	B. suburb	1			
4. A. arrival	B. emotion	C. mechanic	D. engineer		
Mark the letter A, B	, C, or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the correct	t answer to each of the following		
questions.			3		
5. Our tour guide gav	re us a list of local tourist	, including museums, i	parks, and historical sites.		
A. attractions	B. buildings	C. situations	D. schedules		
	her friends at the festival whe				
A was danced	R danced	C was dancing	D dancing		
7. Nam thinks going	hiking in the mountains is	than swimming in a i	oool.		
A. more tiring	B. so tiring	C. most tiring	D. as tiring		
	ewable energy sources, we				
A. used - reducing		B. will use - reduce			
C. are using - reducing		D. use - will reduce			
	Amelia her good news.	Diaso will reads			
	peen recognized to be the best	student of the month!"			
· Amelia: "	con recognized to co the cost	station of the mention.			
A. Thanks for your advice.		B. No worries. Ever	B. No worries. Everything will be alright.		
C. My pleasure.			D. How cool! Congratulations!		
10. Da Nang.	is famous for its internation		ts thousands of visitors every year		
A. where	B. that	C. what	D. which		
	when she saw the beautiful s		2000		
A. kind	B. amazed		D. helpless		
	of fruit juice is a good way t		20 11014 1002		
A. many	B. few	C. a lot	D. no		
•			your answer sheet to indicate the		
•	est fits each of the numbered	•	our answer sneet to thatcate th		
correct option that be	est fus each of the numbered	vianks from 13 to 10.			
	WHAT TO DO	DURING DISASTERS			
1. Stay (13)	_ your house and away from v	vindows.			
2. Don't drive or wa					
3. Move to high gro	und far from (14) sea	a.			
4. Get under a desk					
5. (15) to 1	ocal news reports and leave if	they tell you to leave.			
	cy services if you are in (16)_				
13. A. over	B. into	C. inside	D. away		
14 A v (no article)		C the	D. away		

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C. Read

C. dangerously

D. Wait

D. danger

B. Listen

B. endangered

15. A. Watch

16. A. dangerous

Mark the letter A , B , C , or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 17 to 18.
17. Put the sentences (a-c) in the correct order, then fill in the blank to make a logical text. We had an unforgettable holiday in Singapore last week. Things didn't go on as smoothly as we had expected before
a. Upon our arrival at the safari park two hours later, we realized that it was closed for maintenance. b. It all started when my parents decided to visit the safari park. c. We were so excited about the trip, but the moment that we left the hotel, it started raining.
A. $b - c - a$ B. $a - c - b$ C. $c - b - a$ D. $b - a - c$
 18. Choose the sentence that can end the text (in Question 17) most appropriately. A. Then we asked a local man who lived nearby how to get to the park. B. First, this park is really a must-visit for all nature lovers. C. We finally got back to the hotel with sadness and disappointment. D. To begin with, we had a lot of fun exploring the different animal exhibits here.
Mark the letter A , B , C , or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 19 to 24.
Living in the mountains can be very hard. First, there is (19) to grow crops or raise livestock. (20) houses is also difficult because the land is not flat. The air in the mountains is (21) The higher we get, the thinner the air becomes. This means there is less oxygen, which makes breathing harder.
Despite these challenges, people around the world have lived and worked in mountainous areas for centuries
There are many health benefits of living in the mountains. Being on the mountaintops (22) you to live far from pollution. The air you breathe is fresher. There are places where you cannot drive a car or a motorbike.
you have to walk. Travelling up and down hills and mountains on foot helps keep (24)

, ,	1	J F	
19. A. enough not land	B. land not enough	C. not enough land	D. land enough not
20. A. Build	B. Building	C. Builds	D. Buildings
21. A. another problem	B. many problem	C. others problem	D. any problem
22. A. lets	B. allow	C. let	D. allows
23. A. because	B. although	C. so	D. since
24. A. you are active	B. active you	C. active you are	D. you active

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to the original sentence in each of the following questions.

- 25. "I'm busy with my work all day today," his dad said.
 - **A.** His dad said he was busy with his work all that day.
 - **B.** His dad said he is busy with his work all day that day.
 - C. His dad said he were busy with his work all day today.
 - **D.** His dad said I was busy with my work all day that day.
- **26.** Let's drink some warm water after eating spicy food.
 - A. What about we drink some warm water after eating spicy food?

Finally, mountain people are quite simple and friendly. They live a peaceful life.

- **B.** How about to drink some warm water after eating spicy food?
- C. Why don't we drink some warm water after eating spicy food?
- **D.** Why not drinking some warm water after we eating spicy food?

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is made from the given cues in each of the following questions.

- 27. Lucy and I/ different opinions/ but/ we/ still/ get/ each other.
 - **A.** Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still get along each other.
 - **B.** Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still get with each other.
 - C. Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still get well with each other.
 - **D.** Lucy and I have different opinions, but we still get on with each other.
- 28. Laura/ suggested/ go skiing/ the/ Alps/ Christmas.
 - **A.** Laura suggested going skiing in the Alps at Christmas.
 - **B.** Laura suggested we going skiing in the Alps in the Christmas.

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- C. Laura suggested we going skiing into the Alps at Christmas.
- **D.** Laura suggested go skiing outside the Alps on the Christmas.

Read the following sign or notice and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

29. What does the sign say?



- **A.** You don't need to wear a hard hat in this area.
- **B.** There is a hard hat in this area.
- **C.** This area provides hard hats.
- **D.** You must wear a hard hat in this area.

30. What does the notice say?

Keep your bus ticket. Transport officers may request to see it at any time.

- **A.** There may be ticket checks during your bus journey.
- **B.** Transport officers request you to buy a bus ticket.
- C. Transport officers have to keep your bus ticket.
- **D.** You can get your bus ticket from the transport officers.

D difficult

D. small

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions from 31 to 36.

British English and American English are two variations of the English language that share many similarities, but also some **notable** differences in pronunciation, vocabulary and grammar.

The pronunciation of American English is one of the biggest differences. One of the most noticeable differences is the pronunciation of R. The British tend to pronounce R in the middle and end of words very softly, but Americans like to stress it. Spelling is another difference. Americans often spell many verbs ending with a *-t* sound by using *-ed* as in *burnt* (BE) and *burned* (AE). In both of these cases, the *-t* is pronounced. British prefer to spell *-ise* with a S but American prefer to spell it as it is pronounced with a Z.

There are even differences in vocabulary. Americans use the word "pants" for "trousers" and "apartment" for the word "flat".

Grammar is another area of difference. The British are more likely to use formal speech, such as "shall", while Americans prefer the more informal version, "will". You may hear the British say "needn't" but Americans would almost always use "don't need to". In spite of these differences, the <u>vast</u> majority of language points are the same in both variations.

31. What is the main idea of the reading passage?

A. large

- **A.** British and American English are identical in all aspects.
- **B.** British and American English have key differences but many similarities.
- C. There are different ways to pronounce British and American English.
- **D.** There are different variations of the English language around the world.
- 32. The word <u>notable</u> in paragraph 1 is CLOSEST in meaning to _____.

 A important ______. C unimportant

B. unlimited

ra, important	D. Casy	C. unimportant	D. difficult
33. What does the writ	er use to give more explana	tions to each point?	
A. numbers	B. symbols	C. examples	D. quotes
34. Which example is 1	NOT mentioned in the text?	·	
A. pronunciation of	R B. fluency	C. spelling of -ed	D. apartment vs. flat
35. What final commer	nt does the author make abo	out differences between Americ	an and British English?
A. There are no diffe	erences in vocabulary and g	rammar.	_
B. There is only a sli	ight difference in pronuncia	tion.	
C. Most language po	oints are the same.		
D. Differences are m	ore important than similari	ties.	
36. The word <u>vast</u> in p	aragraph 3 is OPPOSITE in	n meaning to .	

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C. huge

Four phrases/sentences have been removed from the text below. For each question, mark the letter A, B, C, or					
D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct option that best fits each of the numbered blanks from 37 to 40.					
England's traditions have been around for hundreds, even thousands of years. English cuisine is (37)					
hat English people are proud to keep alive.					
Typical English cuisine has developed over many centuries, and people say that fish and chips is the most English dish of all. It is believed that fish and chips appeared in England in the 19th century. (38) Since hen, people have considered fish and chips to be England's national dish, and it is now a common takeaway in he United Kingdom.					
The basic ingredients of the dish are fried fish served with chips. (39) Fish and chips is served hot as the main dish in England. Although there is oil and carbohydrates in fish and chips, it is healthier than other akeaway dishes.					
Now there are fish and chip shops in many countries, and it is (40) in other countries, too. Preserving and promoting fish and chips is the way English people keep themselves associated with the past. A. becoming more and more popular B. among the deep-rooted traditions C. The earliest fish and chip shop opened in London during the 1860s. D. People in different places may add peas, vinegar, lemon, or ketchup.					
37 38 39 40					

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ĐÁP ÁN ĐỀ MINH HỌA

- 1. C
- 2. B
- 3. A
- 4. D
- 5. A
- 6. C
- 7. A
- 8. D
- 9. D
- 10. D
- 11. B
- 12. C
- 13. C
- 14. C
- 15. B
- 16. D
- 17. A
- 18. C
- 19. C
- 20. B
- 21. A 22. D
- 23. C
- 24. D
- 25. A
- 26. C
- 27. D
- 28. A
- 29. D
- 30. A
- 31. B
- 32. A
- 33. C
- 34. B
- 35. C
- 36. D
- 37. B
- 38. C
- 39. D
- 40. A