SOC 800: Geographic Redistiribution of Latin Americans in the United States

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Course Description

Historically Latin America, and particularly Mexico, has been a large source of the overall immigration that has occurred in the United States. The relatively young population of Latin American countries and the demand for low wage labor in the United States have acted as push and pull factors for migration respectively. Geographic distribution, however, has widely varied for immigration events. In addition to traditional immigrant hubs Latin American immigrants into the United States have founded large populations On the Southern Border region and Chicago, in the first wave of immigration events, and at the turn of century more towards South and South Eastern States.

Most recently, migration from Mexico, which has the largest single foreign born population in the United States, has come to a tapering off, while migration from other Latin American countries, such as Central American countries, have begun to pick up. Despite this, populations of foreign born Mexicans continue to migrate within the United States shifting the locations where traditional migrant hubs were found. The continued migration of the Mexican foreig born population has not well been theorized upon and, as this population ages, we would expect the push and pull factors for migration events to evolve from predominantly labor concerns, to potentially housing, affordability, and health concerns.

In addition, how changes in the foreign born Mexican population affect other racial and ethinic groups in recent years is less well studied. While traditionally, native Hispanic populations have grown alongside foreign born populations, more recent research shows these populations moving in different directions. In this Syllabus, we go over several of the historical factors that have led to large stocks of Latin Americans in the United States, how the historical pull factors may be shifting, and how this affects other racial/ethnic group dynamics such as segregation and migration.

Course Objectives

- 1. Read Through Breif History of Latin American Migration in the United States
- 2. Evaluate current litearture on studies involving new destinations and new realtionships between ethnic/racial groups.
- 3. Begin to bring in data sources that fill the gap on the current discussion.

Reading Schedule

Week 1: Historical Migration

Corwin, Arthur F. (1973). "Mexican-American History: An Assessment". In: *Pacific Historical Review* 42.3, pp. 269–308. ISSN: 00308684. DOI: 10.2307/3637678. http://phr.ucpress.edu/cgi/doi/10.2307/3637678.

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Week 2: New Destinations

Barcus, Holly R. (2007). "The Emergence of New Hispanic Settlement Patterns in Appalachia". In: *The Professional Geographer* 59.3, pp. 298–315. ISSN: 0033-0124. DOI: 10.1111/j.1467-9272.2007.00614.x. http://www.tandfonline.com/doi/abs/10.1111/j.1467-9272.2007.00614.x.

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Massey, Douglas S, Jacob S. Rugh, and Karen A. Pren (2010). "The Geography of Undocumented Mexican Migration". In: *Mexican Studies/Estudios Mexicanos* 26.1, pp. 129–152. ISSN: 0742-9797. DOI: 10.1525/msem.2010.26.1.129. http://msem.ucpress.edu/cgi/doi/10.1525/msem.2010.26.1.129.

Singer, Audrey (2004). *The Rise of New Immigrant Gateways*. Washington DC: Brookings. https://www.brookings.edu/research/the-rise-of-new-immigrant-gateways/.

Week 3: Mexican-American Demography

Gonzalez-Barrera, Ana and Mark Hugo Lopez (2013). *A Demographic Portrait of Mexican-Origin Hispanics in the United States*. Washington D.C.: Pew Hispanic, p. 22.

Jiménez, Tomás R (2008). "Mexican immigrant replenishment and the continuing significance of ethnicity and race.". In: *AJS; American journal of sociology* 113.6, pp. 1527–67. ISSN: 0002-9602. http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/19044142.

Johnson, Kenneth M. and Daniel T. Lichter (2008). "Natural Increase: A New Source of Population Growth in Emerging Hispanic Destinations in the United States". In: *Population and Development Review* 34.2, pp. 327–346. ISSN: 0098-7921. DOI: 10.1111/j.1728-4457.2008.00222.x. http://doi.wiley.com/10.1111/j.1728-4457.2008.00222.x.

—— (2016). "Diverging Demography: Hispanic and Non-Hispanic Contributions to U.S. Population Redistribution and Diversity". In: *Population Research and Policy Review* 35.5, pp. 705–725. ISSN: 0167-5923. DOI: 10.1007/s11113-016-9403-3. http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s11113-016-9403-3.

Krogstad, Jens Manuel and Mark Hugo Lopez (2014). *Hispanic Nativity Shift*. Washington D.C.: Pew Hispanic. https://www.pewhispanic.org/2014/04/29/hispanic-nativity-shift/.

Lichter, Daniel T, Kenneth M. Johnson, Richard N. Turner, and Allison Churilla (2012). "Hispanic Assimilation and Fertility in New U.S. Destinations". In: *International Migration Review* 46.4, pp. 767–791. DOI: 10.1111/imre.12000. http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1111/imre.12000.

Week 4: Health and Migration

Beltrán-Sánchez, Hiram, Alberto Palloni, Fernando Riosmena, and Rebeca Wong (2016). "SES Gradients Among Mexicans in the United States and in Mexico: A New Twist to the Hispanic Paradox?". In: *Demography* 53.5, pp. 1555–1581. ISSN: 0070-3370. DOI: 10.1007/s13524-016-0508-4. http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s13524-016-0508-4.

Crimmins, Eileen M. and Yuan S. Zhang (2019). "Aging Populations, Mortality, and Life Expectancy". In: *Annual Review of Sociology* 45.1, pp. annurev–soc–073117–041351. ISSN: 0360-0572. DOI: 10.1146/annurev-soc-073117-041351. https://www.annualreviews.org/doi/10.1146/annurev-soc-073117-041351.

Elo, Irma T, Cassio M. Turra, Bert. Kestenbaum, and B. Renee. Ferguson (2004). "Mortality Among Elderly Hispanics in the United States: Past Evidence and New Results". In: *Demography* 41.1, pp. 109–128. ISSN: 1533-7790. DOI: 10.1353/dem.2004.0001. http://link.springer.com/10.1353/dem.2004.0001.

Hayward, Mark D, Robert A. Hummer, Chi-Tsun Chiu, César González-González, and Rebeca Wong (2014). "Does the Hispanic Paradox in U.S. Adult Mortality Extend to Disability?". In: *Population Research and Policy Review* 33.1, pp. 81–96. ISSN: 0167-5923. DOI: 10.1007/s11113-013-9312-7. http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s11113-013-9312-7.

Mehta, Neil K, Irma T. Elo, Michal Engelman, Diane S. Lauderdale, and Bert M. Kestenbaum (2016). "Life Expectancy Among U.S.-born and Foreign-born Older Adults in the United States: Estimates From Linked Social Security and Medicare Data". In: *Demography* 53.4, pp. 1109–1134. ISSN: 0070-3370. DOI: 10.1007/s13524-016-0488-4. http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s13524-016-0488-4.

Riosmena, Fernando, Rebeca Wong, and Alberto Palloni (2013). "Migration Selection, Protection, and Acculturation in Health: A Binational Perspective on Older Adults". In: *Demography* 50.3, pp. 1039–1064. ISSN: 0070-3370. DOI: 10.1007/s13524-012-0178-9. http://link.springer.com/10.1007/s13524-012-0178-9.

Week 5: Intergroup Relations

Crowley, Martha and Daniel T. Lichter (2010). "Social Disorganization in New Latino Destinations?*". In: *Rural Sociology* 74.4, pp. 573–604. ISSN: 00360112. DOI: 10.1111/j.1549-0831.2009.tb00705.x. http://doi.wiley.com/10.1111/j.1549-0831.2009.tb00705.x.

Hall, Matthew and Jacob Hibel (2017). "Latino Students and White Migration from School Districts, 1980-2010". In: *Social Problems* 64.4, pp. 457–475. ISSN: 0037-7791. DOI: 10.1093/socpro/spx029. http://academic.oup.com/socpro/article/64/4/457/4259432/Latino-Students-and-White-Migration-from-Sch

Lee, Barrett A, Michael J.R. Martin, and Matthew Hall (2017). "Solamente Mexicanos? Patterns and sources of Hispanic diversity in U.S. metropolitan areas". In: *Social Science Research* 68, pp. 117–131. ISSN: 0049-089X. DOI: 10.1016/J.SSRESEARCH.2017.08.006. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0049089X16305488.

Lichter, Daniel T. (2012). "Immigration and the New Racial Diversity in Rural America". In: *Rural Sociology* 77.1, pp. 3–35. DOI: 10.1111/j.1549-0831.2012.00070.x. http://doi.wiley.com/10.1111/j.1549-0831.2012.00070.x.

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Week 6: Economics, Mobility, and Migration in the United States

Calnan, Ray and Gary Painter (2017). "The response of Latino immigrants to the Great Recession: Occupational and residential (im)mobility". In: *Urban Studies* 54.11, pp. 2561–2591. ISSN: 0042-0980. DOI: 10.1177/0042098016650567. http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/0042098016650567.

Golash-Boza, Tanya (2009). "A Confluence of Interests in Immigration Enforcement: How Politicians, the Media, and Corporations Profit from Immigration Policies Destined to Fail". In: *Sociology Compass* 3.2, pp. 283–294. ISSN: 17519020. DOI: 10.1111/j.1751-9020.2008.00192.x. http://doi.wiley.com/10.1111/j.1751-9020.2008.00192.x.

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Parrado, Emilio A. and Chenoa A. Flippen (2016). "The Departed: Deportations and Out-Migration among Latino Immigrants in North Carolina after the Great Recession". In: *The ANNALS of the American Academy of Political and Social Science* 666.1. Ed. by Katharine M. Donato and Douglas S. Massey, pp. 131–147. DOI: 10.1177/0002716216646563. http://journals.sagepub.com/doi/10.1177/0002716216646563.

Week 7: Transnational Communities

Anguiano-Tellez, Maria Eugenia and Alma Paola Trejo-Pena (2007). "Vigilante and control at the U.S.-Mexico border region: The new routes of international flows.". In: *Papeles de Poblacion* 13.51, pp. 45–75.

Durand, Jorge (1986). "Circuitos migratorios en el occidente de Mexico". In: *Revue européenne des migrations internationales* 2.2, pp. 49–67. ISSN: 0765-0752. DOI: 10.3406/remi.1986.1098. https://www.persee.fr/doc/remi{}0765-0752{}1986{}num{}2{}2{}2{}1098.

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Levitt, Peggy and Nina Glick Schiller (2006). "Conceptualizing Simultaneity: A Transnational Social Field Perspective on Society1". In: *International Migration Review* 38.3, pp. 1002–1039. ISSN: 01979183. DOI: 10.1111/j.1747-7379.2004.tb00227.x. http://doi.wiley.com/10.1111/j.1747-7379. 2004.tb00227.x.

Tarrius, Alain (2000). "Leer, describir, interpretar las circulaciones migratorias: conveniencia de la noción de "territorio circulatorio". Los nuevos hábitos de la identidad". In: *Relaciones* 21.83, pp. 37–66. https://biblat.unam.mx/es/revista/relaciones-colmich-zamora/articulo/leer-describir-interpretar-la