

# Disease Mapping

## Why Disease mapping?

- Can be simple descriptive stats
- Can have hypothesis
- Background variability (RR)
- Data comparability is difficult
- Mortality is more sure
- Morbidity is more interesting

## Whats the scale

- small scale means you risk bias and migration problems
- large scale means you are smoothing over small scale variability
- whatever the scale consider presentation
  - choropleth or isopleth
  - color
  - what are the cut points?

## Smoothing models

- estimates of SMR are often highly variable
- how can we use all our geographical data to smooth out these estimates
- the basic poisson model has no smoothing
- RE effects model
  - Poisson-Gamma
  - Poisson-lognormal
  - Poisson-lognormal-spatial

- all of these models take the form of  

$$Y_i \theta_i \approx \text{Poisson}(E_i \theta_i)$$

$$\theta_i = \exp(\beta \times X) \delta_i \eta_i$$
- sprinkle in covariates
- what are the estimation techniques
- remember that smoothing introduces bias