id of id? (annotations in blue) The identity
 Shortion as a
 map. M, Z, Strings what is the domain/ (A, A) $\langle (i), i \rangle$: $i \in \mathbb{R}^n$ " ?" needs to be the same if we want id to apply to itself > - Terms

 $V = \{ \checkmark, , \checkmark_2, \ldots, \}$

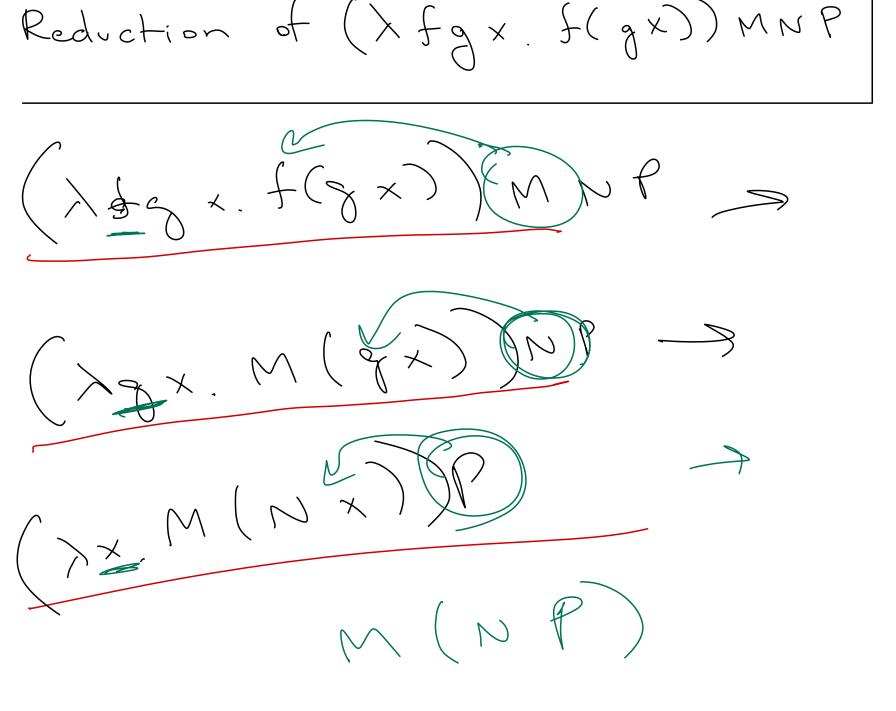
Detit A-temes

MEN VIEV, XX. MEN

 $M, N \in \Lambda \Rightarrow (MN) \in \Lambda$

Ex. Vio 1 V201 (V20VIO) not particularly meaningful
examples

st A-tems a non-example, omphasizing the definition of 1 is injective



 $(\lambda y.y)[\lambda g.g./y] = ?$ gisen 1, cern the id func. $(\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \lambda_{3})(\lambda_{2}, \lambda_{3}) \rightarrow (\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}, \lambda_{3})$ this hould be the result of B-reducing if we used the vaire definition

λy. z [y/z] = ?

Calculating FV (x(xx,xy))

 $\mathbb{P}(\times () \times . \times) =$ $F(X) \cup F(X \times XY) =$ $\{x\} \cup (\{x,y\} - \{x\}) =$ $\{\chi^{3} \cup \{Y^{5} = \{\chi, Y^{5}\}$

Capture Avoiding Substitution

Practice Poblems

) 2. 22 (YX)

Reducing (XX.(Xy.yx)Z)V

Reducing (> x. xx) (> x. xx)

B-Equivalence

Practice Problem

hallenge Poblem b A 7 B