

# Why Your Healthcare Practice May Not Be HIPAA Compliant (Even If You Think It Is)

HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act) is designed to protect patient data, but many healthcare providers mistakenly assume they are fully compliant when they aren't. Below, we'll break down common misconceptions and mistakes that can leave your practice vulnerable—even if your Electronic Medical Records (EMR) system claims to be HIPAA compliant.



## 1. HIPAA Compliance Goes Beyond Your EMR System

Your EMR system might be HIPAA compliant, but that doesn't automatically make your practice compliant. HIPAA covers more than just how you store medical records—it includes how you handle, transmit, and protect patient data in all areas of your practice.



### What Does This Mean?

Even with a HIPAA-compliant EMR system, you can still violate HIPAA if:

- Staff members share patient information improperly (e.g., discussing cases in public areas or taking photos of patient records on personal devices).
- You fail to properly train employees on handling sensitive data.
- You don't have physical safeguards (e.g., locking file cabinets, restricting access).
- You send emails or texts with patient information without encryption.
- You use non-compliant third-party vendors who access patient data.
- You don't have documented procedures (such as a Written Information Security Plan or WISP) for handling technology issues.

**Remember:** Your EMR is just one piece of the puzzle. Achieving HIPAA compliance requires a full system of policies, procedures, and safeguards.



## 2. Common Mistakes That Make Your Practice Non-Compliant



### Lack of Employee Training

- HIPAA requires ongoing staff training, yet many offices only do it once (or not at all).
- If your employees don't understand what is and isn't allowed, they could be violating HIPAA without realizing it.



#### Solution:

- Conduct annual training sessions and keep documentation of employee participation.
- 



### Improper Handling of Patient Information

- Leaving charts or paperwork in open areas.
- Sharing passwords or not logging out of computers.
- Sending unencrypted emails or text messages containing patient data.
- Discussing patient cases where others can hear (waiting rooms, elevators, hallways).



#### Solution:

- Use encrypted communication tools and reinforce privacy rules with staff to prevent accidental disclosures
- 



### Weak or Missing Business Associate Agreements (BAAs)

- Any third-party service (billing companies, cloud storage providers, IT services, etc.) that handles Protected Health Information (PHI) must sign a BAA confirming they follow HIPAA regulations.
- Many practices assume vendors are compliant without verifying



#### Solution:

- Ensure you have a signed BAA with every third-party vendor that handles patient data.



## Poor Password & Access Controls

- Using weak passwords or sharing logins.
- Not limiting access to only necessary staff members.
- Failing to remove access for former employees.



### Solution:

- Enforce strong password policies and regularly update user access permissions.
- 



## Failing to Conduct Regular Risk Assessments

- HIPAA requires practices to perform a Security Risk Assessment (SRA) at least once a year to identify vulnerabilities.
- Many practices skip this step, leaving them exposed to cyber threats.



### Solution:

- Schedule an annual HIPAA risk assessment and document your findings and remediation steps.
- 



## Insecure Data Disposal

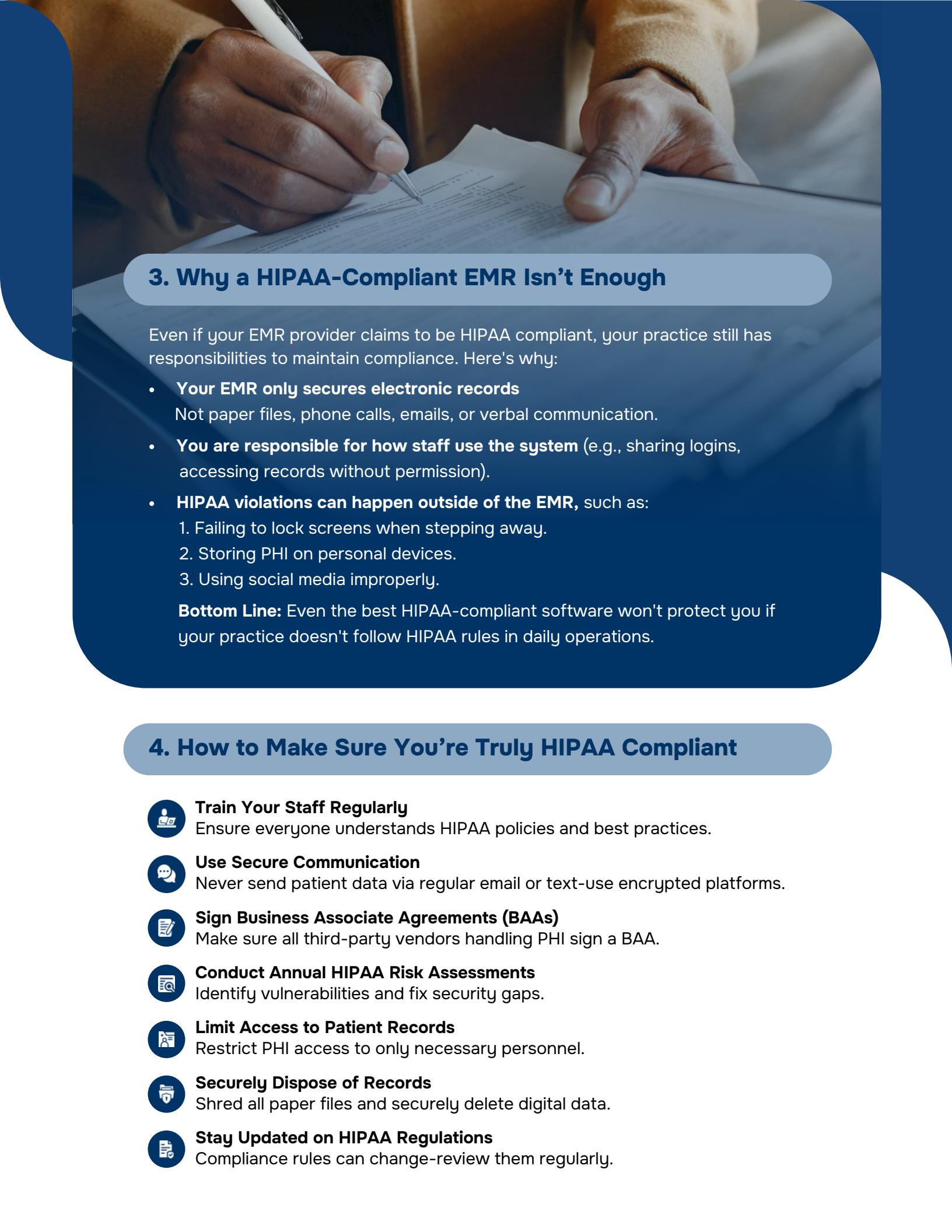
- Throwing away patient records, billing information, or labels with PHI in the trash is a major HIPAA violation.



### Solution:

- Use shredding services for physical records and secure deletion software for digital files.





### 3. Why a HIPAA-Compliant EMR Isn't Enough

Even if your EMR provider claims to be HIPAA compliant, your practice still has responsibilities to maintain compliance. Here's why:

- **Your EMR only secures electronic records**  
Not paper files, phone calls, emails, or verbal communication.
- **You are responsible for how staff use the system** (e.g., sharing logins, accessing records without permission).
- **HIPAA violations can happen outside of the EMR**, such as:
  1. Failing to lock screens when stepping away.
  2. Storing PHI on personal devices.
  3. Using social media improperly.

**Bottom Line:** Even the best HIPAA-compliant software won't protect you if your practice doesn't follow HIPAA rules in daily operations.

### 4. How to Make Sure You're Truly HIPAA Compliant

- **Train Your Staff Regularly**  
Ensure everyone understands HIPAA policies and best practices.
- **Use Secure Communication**  
Never send patient data via regular email or text-use encrypted platforms.
- **Sign Business Associate Agreements (BAAs)**  
Make sure all third-party vendors handling PHI sign a BAA.
- **Conduct Annual HIPAA Risk Assessments**  
Identify vulnerabilities and fix security gaps.
- **Limit Access to Patient Records**  
Restrict PHI access to only necessary personnel.
- **Securely Dispose of Records**  
Shred all paper files and securely delete digital data.
- **Stay Updated on HIPAA Regulations**  
Compliance rules can change-review them regularly.

## FINAL THOUGHTS

Many healthcare providers think they're HIPAA compliant, but without a comprehensive program, they aren't. A HIPAA-compliant EMR system is a solid start, but it doesn't replace staff training, security policies, and risk management.

By addressing the common mistakes listed here and taking proactive steps, you can protect your patients, your practice, and avoid costly violations.

## PROTECT YOUR PRACTICE TODAY

Ready to take the next step toward real HIPAA compliance? Contact Borderland IT Solutions to schedule a no-obligation consultation and learn how we can help safeguard your practice from HIPAA violations.



915-229-8787



info@borderland-it.com



borderland-it.com