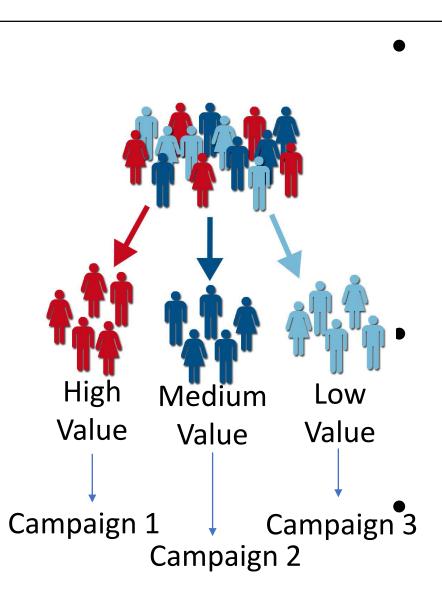


Customer Analytics in Retail Supermarket Chain Akanksha Sharma & Namrita Gupta



Introduction



- Retail industry is customer centric so Customer Relationship Management (CRM) is crucial for its growth.
- Customer segmentation is one of the techniques to improve customer relations. Machine learning clustering technique helps in customer profiling.

Background

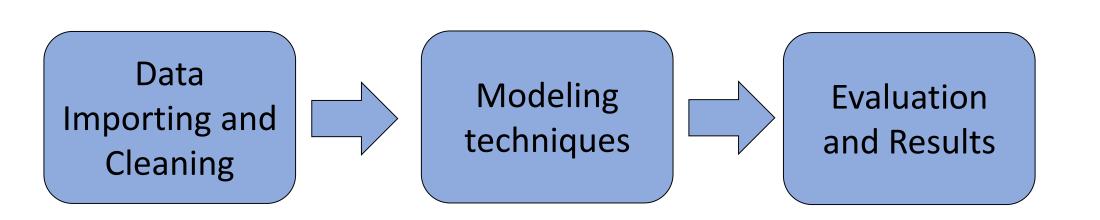
Insights from previous studies:

- Significant features affecting customers purchase behaviour was selected using Structural Equation Model (SEM) model.
- Integrated clustering technique included (Self Organized Map) SOM and K-means for segmenting customers.
- Evaluation of Clusters based on following matrices:

Fit indices		Recommended criteria	Model
Absolute fit indices	Chi-square/df	≤5.00 (Hayduk, 1987)	1.892
	GFI	≥0.90 (Jöreskog & Sörbom, 1993)	0.871
	RMSR	<0.08 (Jöreskog & Sörbom, 1993)	0.049
	RMSEA	0.05~0.08 (Jöreskog & Sörbom, 1993)	0.068

The integrated model iterated the results till it fulfilled the above mentioned criteria

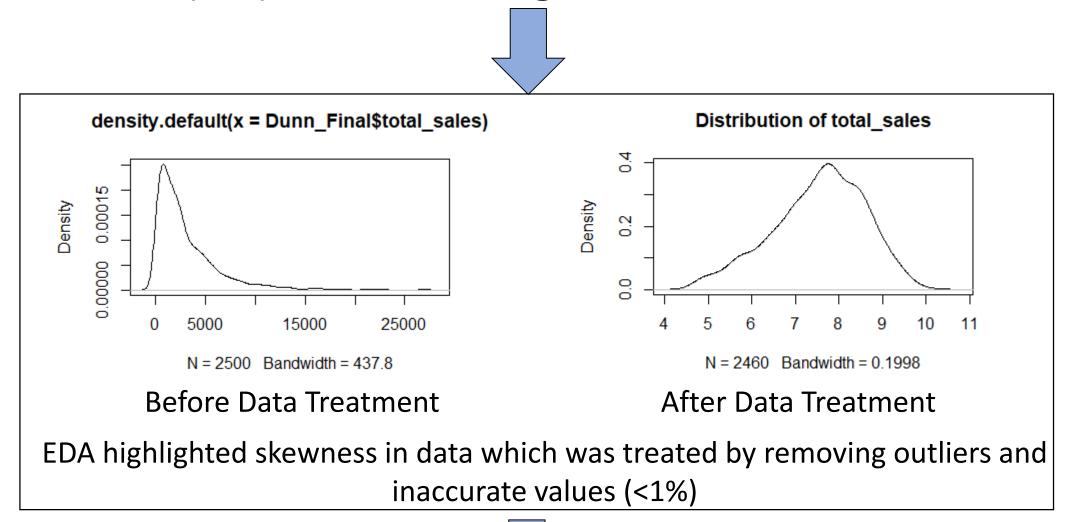
Approach

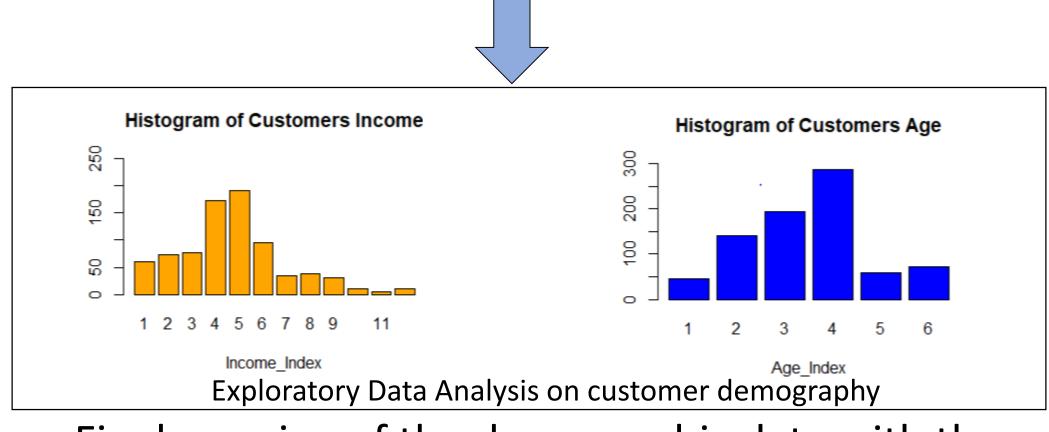


Data Preparation

Merging of Transactional data (2.5 Million) with product data (90K) to get product details.

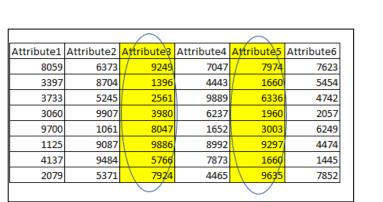
Computation of additional features like weekend visit, recency, product brand and data rollup at house hold (HH) level resulting into 2500 distinct HH.





Final merging of the demographic data with the above treated data

Modeling & Evaluation



Feature selection using linear regression classifier in Weka

Customer Segments based on customer purchase behaviour using K-means and Expectation Maximization algorithms





Classification via clusters to predict sales using 1R&Naïve Bayes classifiers

Class to cluster evaluation method using "Customer spend" as class



Preliminary Results

- Clusters formed in initial stages gave performance accuracy of ~50% using class to cluster evaluation.
- Clusters predicted the customer spend giving the following accuracies across 1R and Naïve Bayes

