

Java Server Faces(JSF)

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Objective

Understand the basic concepts of Java Server[™] Faces[JSF] Technology.



Agenda

- What is and why JSF?
- Architecture Overview
- UI Component Model
- Development Steps



JavaServer[™] Faces (JSF) Framework Is...

A server side user interface component framework for Java™ technology-based web applications



What is JSF?

- A specification and reference implementation for a web application development framework
 - Components
 - Events
 - Validators & converters
 - Navigation
 - Back-end-data integration



Why JSF? (page 1)

- MVC for web applications
- Clean separation of roles
- Easy to use
- Extendable Component and Rendering architecture
- Support for client device independence
- Standard
- Huge vendor and industry support

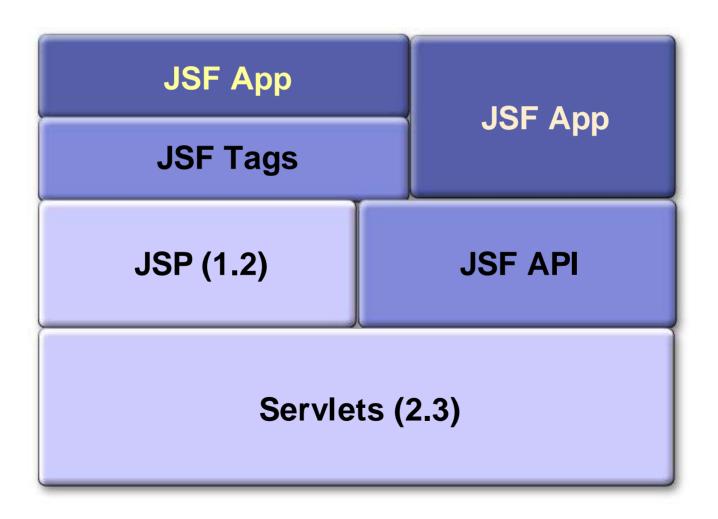


Why JSF? (page 2)

- JSP and Servlet
 - No built-in UI component model
- Struts (I am not saying you should not use Struts)
 - No built-in UI component model
 - No built-in event model for UI components
 - No built-in state management for UI components
 - No built-in support of multiple renderers
 - Not a standard (despite its popularity)
- Struts and JSF can be used together



How the JSF Specification Fits In



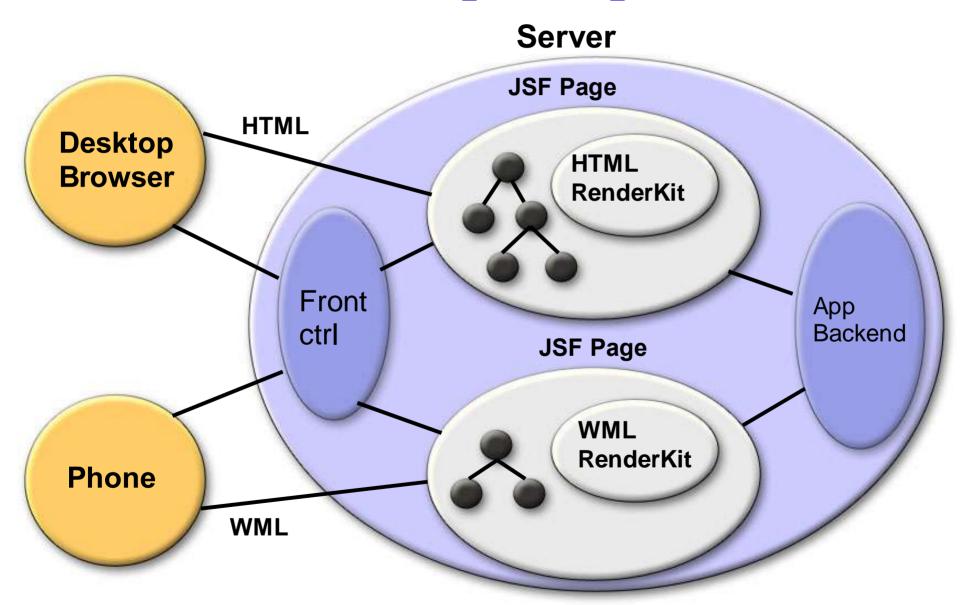


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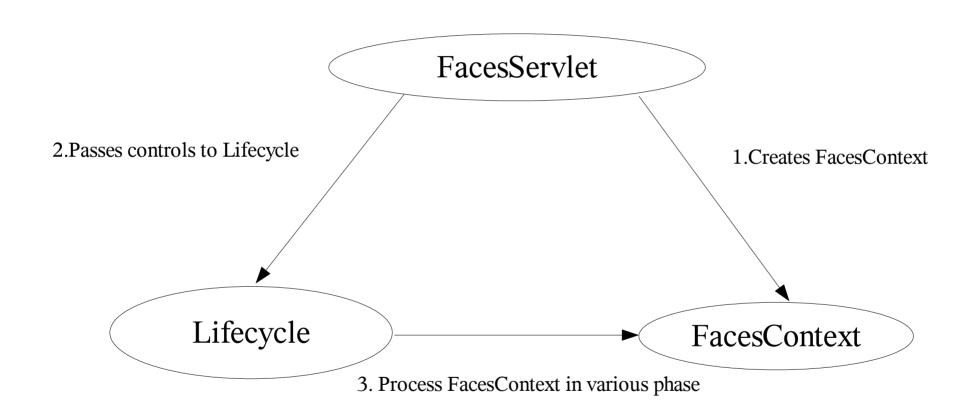


JSF Architecture [MVC]



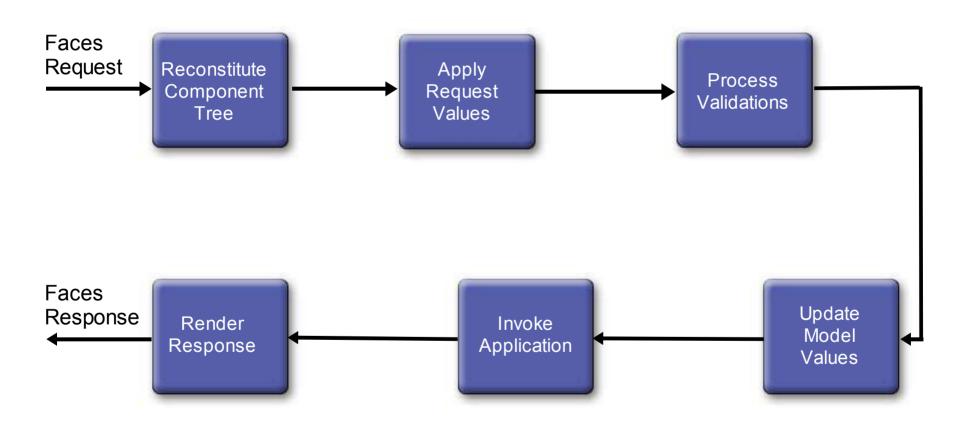


Request processing Lifecycle



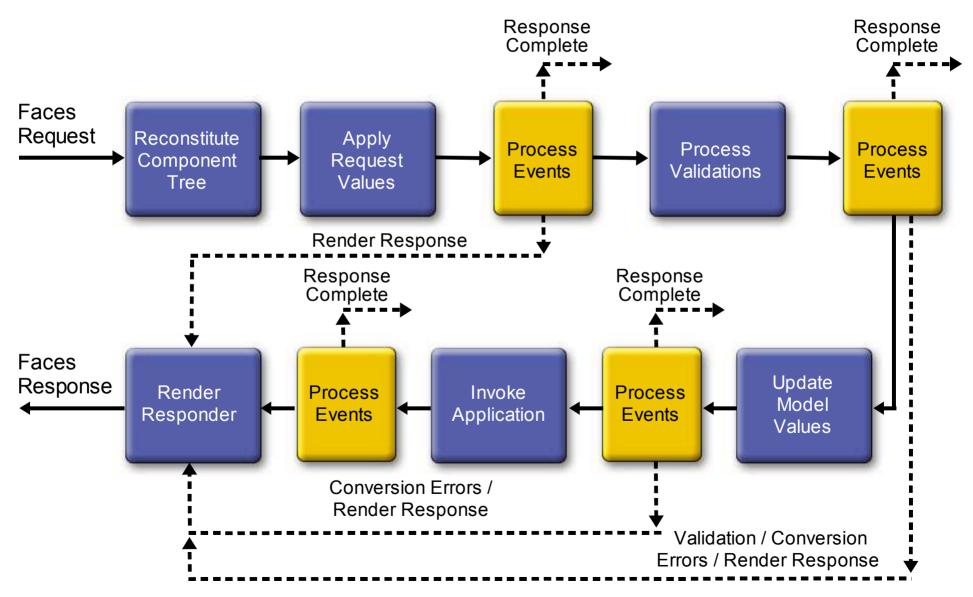


Request Processing Lifecycle Phases





Request Processing Lifecycle





Request Processing Lifecycle Phases

- 1.Reconstitute component tree phase
- 2. Apply request values phase
- 3. Process validations phase
- 4. Update model values phase
- 5.Invoke application phase
- 6.Render response phase



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User Interface Component Model

- UI components
- Event handling model
- Conversion and Validation model
- Rendering model
- Page navigation support



UI Components

- UIComponent/UIComponentBase
 - Base class for all user interface components
- Standard UIComponent Subclasses
 - UICommand, UIForm, UIOutput
 - UIGraphic, UIInput, UIPanel, UIParameter
 - UISelectBoolean, UISelectMany, UISelectOne

Example:

```
<h:inputText id="userNo"
     value="#{UserNumberBean.userNumber}"/>
```



Validators and Converters

- Validators—Perform correctness checks on UIInput values
 - Register one or more per component
 - Enqueue one or more messages on errors
 - Standard implementations for common cases
- Converters—Plug-in for conversions:
 - Output: Object to String
 - Input: String to Object
 - Standard implementations for common cases



Converters and Validators

Example:

Converters:

<h:input_text valueRef="testingBean.today"
convertor="DateTime"/>

Validators:

```
<h:input_text valueRef="testingBean.today"
```

<f:validator_length minimum="6" maximum='10" />



Rendering Model

- Renderers-Adapt components to a specific markup language
 - Decoding
 - Encoding
- RenderKits—Library of Renderers
 - Map component classes to component tags
 - Is a custom tag library
 - Basic HTML RenderKit

Tag	Rendered as
command_button	Login
command_hyperlink	hyperlink



Events and Listeners

- Follows JavaBeansTM Specification design and naming patterns
- Standard events and listeners
 - ActionEvent—UICommand component activated by the user
 - ValueChangedEvent—UIInput component whose value was just changed



Navigation Model

- Application developer responsibility
 - Defined in Application configuration file (Facesconfig.xml)

- Navigation rules
 - Determine which page to go.
 - Navigation case



Navigation Model

```
<navigation-rule>
    <from-tree-id>/login.jsp</from-tree-id>
<navigation-case>
      <from-outcome>success</from-outcome>
     <to-tree-id>/menu.jsp</to-tree-id>
</navigation-case>
 <navigation-case>
      <from-outcome>failed</from-outcome>
      <to-tree-id>/error.jsp</to-tree-id>
    </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
```



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Steps in Development Process

- 1. Develop model objects which hold the data
- 2. Add model objects (managed bean) declarations to Application Configuration File faces-config.xml
- 3. Create Pages using UI component and core tags
- 4. Define Page Navigation in faces-config.xml
- 5. Configure web.xml



Step1: Develop model Objects (Managed Bean)

- The model (M) in MVC
- A regular JavaBeans with read/write properties
- May contain application methods and event handlers
- Use to hold data from a UI (page)
- Creation and lifetime is managed by JSF runtime
 - application, session, request
- JSF keeps the bean's data in sync with the UI



Step 2. Managed Bean Declaration

(Faces-config.xml)

```
<managed-bean>
01
02
      <managed-bean-name>
03
        LoginFormBean
04
      </managed-bean-name>
05
        <managed-bean-class>
06
           myapp.LoginFormBean
07
        </managed-bean-class>
80
        <managed-bean-scope>
09
           request
10
        </managed-bean-scope>
    </managed-bean>
11
```



Step 3: Create JSF Pages

- Must include JSF tag library
 - HTML and core tags
- All JSF tags must enclosed between a set of view tag
- Use JSF form and form component tags
 - <h:input_text> not <input type="'text">
 - <h:command_button> not <input type="'submit">
- May include validators and event listeners on any form components



Sample JSF™ Page (login.jsp)

```
01
    <f:view>
02
      <f:form formName="logonForm">
0.3
        <h:panel grid columns="2">
04
          <h:output text value="Username:"/>
05
          <h:input_text id="username" length="16"
                  valueRef="logonBean.username"/>
06
07
          <h:output text value="Password:"/>
08
          <h:input_secret id="password" length="16"
09
                  valueRef="logonBean.password"/>
10
          <h:command_button type="submit"
11
                      label="Log On"
12
                 actionRef="logonBean.logon"/>
13
          <h:command_button type="reset"
14
                      label="Reset"/>
15
        </h:panel_grid>
16
      </f:form>
    </f:view>
17
```



Binding UI to Managed Bean

```
login.jsp
       <h:input text id="userName"
            valueRef="LoginFormBean.userName"/>
                            LoginFormBean. java
faces-config.xml
 <managed-bean>
                             public class LoginFormBean
    <managed-bean-name>
       LoginFormBean
                                publi
    </managed-bean-name>
                                       setUserName(...) {
    <managed-bean-class>
                                public String
      myapp.LoginFormBean
                                      getUserName(...) {
    </managed-bean-class>
```



Step 4: Define Page Navigation Rules

(Faces-config.xml)

```
<navigation-rule>
01
02
        <from-tree-id>/login.jsp</from-tree-id>
        <navigation-case>
03
04
          <from-outcome>success</from-outcome>
          <to-tree-id>/menu.jsp</to-tree-id>
05
        </navigation-case>
06
      </navigation-rule>
07
08
09
      <navigation-rule>
010
         <from-tree-id>/login.jsp</from-tree-id>
         <navigation-case>
011
012
           <from-outcome>failure</from-outcome>
           <to-tree-id>/error.jsp</to-tree-id>
013
         </navigation-case>
014
       </navigation-rule>
015
```



Step 5: Configure (web.xml)

```
01
      <context-param>
02
          <param-name>
03
           javax.faces.application.CONFIG FILES
04
          </param-name>
05
          <param-value>/WEB-INF/faces-config.xml
          </param-value>
06
      </context-param>
07
08
       <servlet>
09
          <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
10
          <servlet-class>
11
          javax.faces.webapp.FacesServlet</servlet-class>
12
          <load-on-startup> 1 </load-on-startup>
13
      </servlet>
14
      <!-- Faces Servlet Mapping -->
15
      <servlet-mapping>
16
          <servlet-name>Faces Servlet</servlet-name>
17
          <url-pattern>/faces/*</url-pattern>
18
      </servlet-mapping>
```



JSF Application directory structure

```
WEB-INF/web.xml
WEB-INF/faces-config.xml
WEB-INF/classes/LoginFormBean.class
login.jsp
```

Required Jars:

```
WEB-INF/lib/jsf-api.jar
WEB-INF/lib/jsf-ri.jar
WEB-INF/lib/jstl.jar
WEB-INF/lib/jsf-el.jar
WEB-INF/lib/standard.jar
WEB-INF/lib/commons-beanutils.jar
WEB-INF/lib/commons-digester.jar
WEB-INF/lib/commons-collections.jar
WEB-INF/lib/commons-logging.jar
```



Summary

- JSF: Server side UI component framework
- MVC
- Developing application in JSF



Reference

- http://www.jsfcentral.com/reading/index.html
- http://java.sun.com/j2ee/javaserverfaces/
- http://www.jcp.org/en/jsr/detail?id=127



Q&A

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