# **Correlation Tests**

June 16, 2021

# 1 Testing correlation between employee counts and # facilities

```
[63]: import pandas as pd
    from pandas import read_csv
    import numpy as np
    from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
    from numpy import cov
    from scipy.stats import pearsonr
    from scipy.stats import spearmanr
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    import seaborn as sn

pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
    pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)
```

```
[200]: # Group A
      groupA=pd.read_csv("CompleteSet_GroupA.csv")
      groupA=groupA.drop("Unnamed: 0",axis=1)
      #Strip all leading whitespace in Area column
      groupA['Area'] = groupA['Area'].apply(lambda x: x.strip())
      #Filter only for 2006, 2013 and 2018
      groupA = groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2006) | (groupA['Year'] == 2013)|__
       #Remove total NZ row
      groupA = groupA.loc[(groupA['Area'] != "Total NZ by Regional Council/
       →Statistical Area")]
      #Remove total regions
      groupA = groupA.loc[(groupA['ParentArea'] != "NewZealand")]
      #Only a certain region
      #groupA = groupA.loc[(groupA['ParentArea'] == "AucklandRegion")] #Only Auckland
      groupA = groupA.loc[(groupA['ParentArea'] == "WaikatoRegion")] #Only Waikato
```

```
#fill in nans caused
groupA=groupA.fillna(0)
```

 $\label{lem:com/linear-regression-in-python/#simple-linear-regression-in-python/#simple-linear-regression-with-scikit-learn* $$ $$ https://machinelearningmastery.com/how-to-use-correlation-to-understand-the-relationship-between-variables/$ 

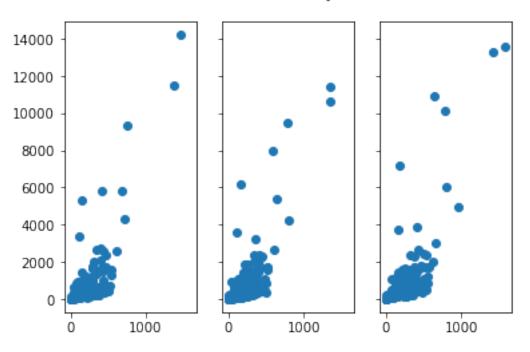
# 1.1 Total industry

## 1.1.1 Scatterplot

```
[201]: totInd_Fac_2006 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2006)].
       →TotInd GeogUnits.tolist())
       totInd_Emp_2006 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2006)].TotInd_EmpCo.
       →tolist())
       totInd_Fac_2013 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2013)].
       →TotInd_GeogUnits.tolist())
       totInd_Emp_2013 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2013)].TotInd_EmpCo.
       →tolist())
       totInd_Fac_2018 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2018)].
       →TotInd_GeogUnits.tolist())
       totInd_Emp_2018 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2018)].TotInd_EmpCo.
        →tolist())
[202]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
       fig.suptitle('Total industry')
       ax1.scatter(totInd_Fac_2006, totInd_Emp_2006)
       ax2.scatter(totInd_Fac_2013, totInd_Emp_2013)
       ax3.scatter(totInd_Fac_2018, totInd_Emp_2018)
```

[202]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x11f7d7bb0>

# Total industry



#### 1.1.2 Correlation tests

```
[203]: # Covariance

print("2006")
    covariance = np.cov([totInd_Fac_2006], [totInd_Emp_2006])
    print(covariance)

# Pearson's correlation
    corrP, _ = pearsonr(totInd_Fac_2006, totInd_Emp_2006)
    print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)

# Spearman's correlation
    corrS, _ = spearmanr(totInd_Fac_2006, totInd_Emp_2006)
    print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)

print("2013")
    covariance = np.cov([totInd_Fac_2013], [totInd_Emp_2013])
    print(covariance)

# Pearson's correlation
    corrP, _ = pearsonr(totInd_Fac_2013, totInd_Emp_2013)
```

```
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
       # Spearman's correlation
       corrS, _ = spearmanr(totInd_Fac_2013, totInd_Emp_2013)
       print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
       print("2018")
       covariance = np.cov([totInd_Fac_2018], [totInd_Emp_2018])
       print(covariance)
       # Pearson's correlation
       corrP, _ = pearsonr(totInd_Fac_2018, totInd_Emp_2018)
       print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
       # Spearman's correlation
       corrS, _ = spearmanr(totInd_Fac_2018, totInd_Emp_2018)
       print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
      2006
      [[ 31841.18795528 205865.68528669]
       [ 205865.68528669 2298884.26547061]]
      Pearsons correlation: 0.761
      Spearmans correlation: 0.699
      2013
      [[ 31034.03871259 189361.88276235]
       [ 189361.88276235 2090650.14460873]]
      Pearsons correlation: 0.743
      Spearmans correlation: 0.713
      2018
      [[ 37175.63887486 247486.71485756]
       [ 247486.71485756 2936158.30066715]]
      Pearsons correlation: 0.749
      Spearmans correlation: 0.699
      1.1.3 Linear regression
      regressor - # Facilities ; predictor - employee count
[204]: totInd Fac 2006 = totInd Fac 2006.reshape((-1, 1))
       totInd_Fac_2013 = totInd_Fac_2013.reshape((-1, 1))
       totInd_Fac_2018 = totInd_Fac_2018.reshape((-1, 1))
```

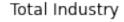
#### 1.1.4 Create model

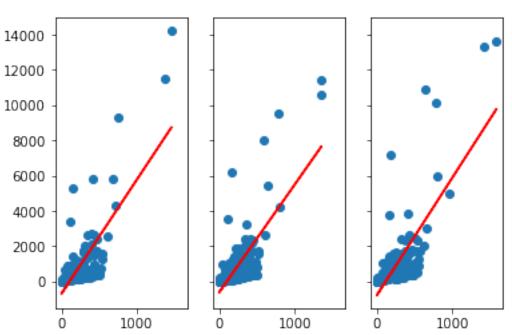
```
[205]: model 2006 = LinearRegression().fit(totInd Fac 2006, totInd Emp 2006)
       model_2013 = LinearRegression().fit(totInd_Fac_2013, totInd_Emp_2013)
       model_2018 = LinearRegression().fit(totInd Fac_2018, totInd_Emp_2018)
[206]: print("2006")
       r_sq = model_2006.score(totInd_Fac_2006, totInd_Emp_2006)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2006.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2006.coef_)
       print("2013")
       r_sq = model_2013.score(totInd_Fac_2013, totInd_Emp_2013)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2013.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2013.coef_)
       print("2018")
       r_sq = model_2018.score(totInd_Fac_2018, totInd_Emp_2018)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2018.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2018.coef_)
      2006
      coefficient of determination: 0.5789773237110525
      intercept: -685.8496636982453
      slope: [6.46538959]
      2013
      coefficient of determination: 0.5526694588315046
      intercept: -610.4072182158287
      slope: [6.10174797]
      2018
      coefficient of determination: 0.5611330831336114
      intercept: -765.849120622487
      slope: [6.65722829]
[207]: | fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
       fig.suptitle('Total Industry')
       ax1.scatter(totInd Fac 2006, totInd Emp 2006)
       ax1.plot(totInd_Fac_2006,model_2006.coef_*totInd_Fac_2006+model_2006.
       →intercept ,'r')
       ax2.scatter(totInd_Fac_2013, totInd_Emp_2013)
       ax2.plot(totInd_Fac_2013,model_2013.coef_*totInd_Fac_2013+model_2013.
       →intercept_,'r')
       ax3.scatter(totInd_Fac_2018, totInd_Emp_2018)
```

```
ax3.plot(totInd_Fac_2018,model_2018.coef_*totInd_Fac_2018+model_2018.

→intercept_,'r')
```

[207]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x11f86fe20>]



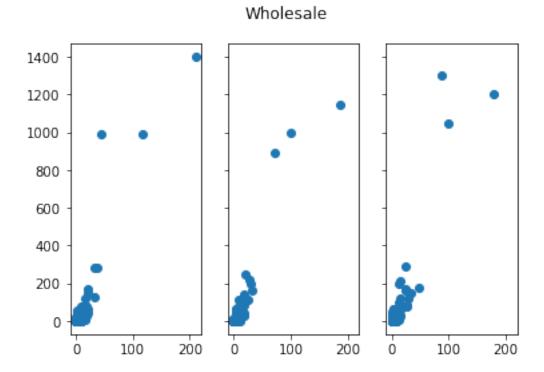


# 1.2 Wholesale (F)

# 1.2.1 Scatterplot

```
[209]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
  fig.suptitle('Wholesale')
  ax1.scatter(whole_Fac_2006, whole_Emp_2006)
  ax2.scatter(whole_Fac_2013, whole_Emp_2013)
  ax3.scatter(whole_Fac_2018, whole_Emp_2018)
```

[209]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x11f9ca790>



#### 1.2.2 Correlation tests

```
[210]: # Covariance

print("2006")
    covariance = np.cov([whole_Fac_2006], [whole_Emp_2006])
    print(covariance)

# Pearson's correlation
    corrP, _ = pearsonr(whole_Fac_2006, whole_Emp_2006)
    print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)

# Spearman's correlation
    corrS, _ = spearmanr(whole_Fac_2006, whole_Emp_2006)
```

```
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
print("2013")
covariance = np.cov([whole_Fac_2013], [whole_Emp_2013])
print(covariance)
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, _ = pearsonr(whole_Fac_2013, whole_Emp_2013)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(whole_Fac_2013, whole_Emp_2013)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
print("2018")
covariance = np.cov([whole_Fac_2018], [whole_Emp_2018])
print(covariance)
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, _ = pearsonr(whole_Fac_2018, whole_Emp_2018)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(whole_Fac_2018, whole_Emp_2018)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
2006
[[ 268.02408943 1963.02452218]
[ 1963.02452218 17256.03844212]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.913
Spearmans correlation: 0.615
2013
[[ 220.93896502 1632.59053372]
 [ 1632.59053372 13809.68285251]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.935
Spearmans correlation: 0.650
2018
[[ 231.74675442 1889.68101334]
 [ 1889.68101334 18725.43142806]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.907
Spearmans correlation: 0.657
```

#### 1.2.3 Linear regression

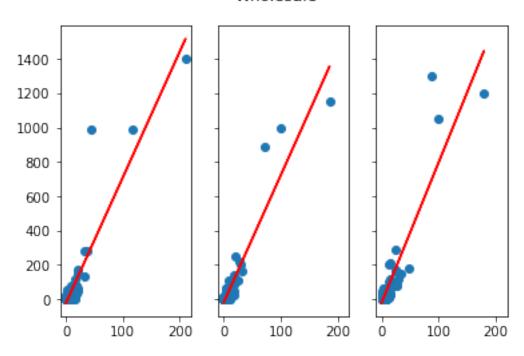
regressor - # Facilities ; predictor - employee count

#### 1.2.4 Create model

```
[211]: whole Fac 2006 = whole Fac 2006 reshape((-1, 1))
       whole_Fac_2013 = whole_Fac_2013.reshape((-1, 1))
       whole_Fac_2018 = whole_Fac_2018.reshape((-1, 1))
[212]: model 2006 = LinearRegression().fit(whole Fac 2006, whole Emp 2006)
       model_2013 = LinearRegression().fit(whole Fac_2013, whole_Emp_2013)
       model_2018 = LinearRegression().fit(whole_Fac_2018, whole_Emp_2018)
[213]: print("2006")
       r_sq = model_2006.score(whole_Fac_2006, whole_Emp_2006)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2006.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2006.coef_)
       print("2013")
       r_sq = model_2013.score(whole_Fac_2013, whole_Emp_2013)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r sq)
       print('intercept:', model 2013.intercept )
       print('slope:', model_2013.coef_)
       print("2018")
       r_sq = model_2018.score(whole_Fac_2018, whole_Emp_2018)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2018.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2018.coef_)
      2006
      coefficient of determination: 0.8331755577222226
      intercept: -22.470242621807394
      slope: [7.32406004]
      coefficient of determination: 0.8735716428349292
      intercept: -18.63468150351642
      slope: [7.38932824]
      2018
      coefficient of determination: 0.8228705242147732
      intercept: -22.521397685695792
      slope: [8.15407758]
[214]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
       fig.suptitle('Wholesale')
       ax1.scatter(whole_Fac_2006, whole_Emp_2006)
```

[214]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x11f321790>]

## Wholesale

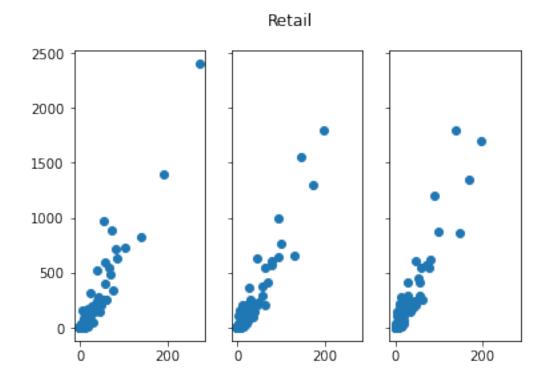


# 1.3 Retail (G)

# 1.3.1 Scatterplot

```
[216]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
fig.suptitle('Retail')
ax1.scatter(retail_Fac_2006, retail_Emp_2006)
ax2.scatter(retail_Fac_2013, retail_Emp_2013)
ax3.scatter(retail_Fac_2018, retail_Emp_2018)
```

[216]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x11fb76460>



## 1.3.2 Correlation tests

```
[217]: # Covariance

print("2006")
covariance = np.cov([retail_Fac_2006], [retail_Emp_2006])
```

```
print(covariance)
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, = pearsonr(retail_Fac_2006, retail_Emp_2006)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(retail_Fac_2006, retail_Emp_2006)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
print("2013")
covariance = np.cov([retail_Fac_2013], [retail_Emp_2013])
print(covariance)
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, _ = pearsonr(retail_Fac_2013, retail_Emp_2013)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(retail_Fac_2013, retail_Emp_2013)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
print("2018")
covariance = np.cov([retail_Fac_2018], [retail_Emp_2018])
print(covariance)
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, _ = pearsonr(retail_Fac_2018, retail_Emp_2018)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(retail_Fac_2018, retail_Emp_2018)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
2006
[[ 772.3841868 6125.39334656]
 [ 6125.39334656 53487.70968265]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.953
Spearmans correlation: 0.799
2013
[[ 656.53377209 5315.5134872 ]
[ 5315.5134872 47357.20800577]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.953
Spearmans correlation: 0.792
2018
[[ 635.89965741 5497.13487198]
[ 5497.13487198 53569.65510278]]
```

Pearsons correlation: 0.942 Spearmans correlation: 0.827

#### 1.3.3 Linear regression

regressor - # Facilities ; predictor - employee count

#### 1.3.4 Create model

```
[218]: retail_Fac_2006 = retail_Fac_2006.reshape((-1, 1))
       retail_Fac_2013 = retail_Fac_2013.reshape((-1, 1))
       retail_Fac_2018 = retail_Fac_2018.reshape((-1, 1))
[219]: model_2006 = LinearRegression().fit(retail_Fac_2006, retail_Emp_2006)
       model_2013 = LinearRegression().fit(retail_Fac_2013, retail_Emp_2013)
       model_2018 = LinearRegression().fit(retail_Fac_2018, retail_Emp_2018)
[220]: print("2006")
       r_sq = model_2006.score(retail_Fac_2006, retail_Emp_2006)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2006.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2006.coef_)
       print("2013")
       r_sq = model_2013.score(retail_Fac_2013, retail_Emp_2013)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2013.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2013.coef_)
       print("2018")
       r_sq = model_2018.score(retail_Fac_2018, retail_Emp_2018)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2018.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2018.coef_)
      2006
      coefficient of determination: 0.9081981002675357
      intercept: -28.105392823729233
      slope: [7.93050072]
      2013
      coefficient of determination: 0.9087559922825942
      intercept: -31.096373513949487
      slope: [8.0963291]
      2018
```

coefficient of determination: 0.8870852206556968

intercept: -35.94444508243468

slope: [8.6446577]

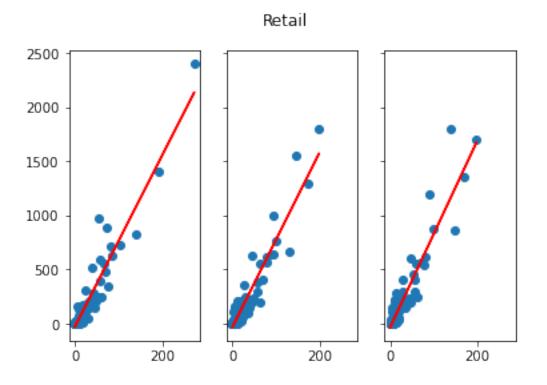
```
fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
fig.suptitle('Retail')
ax1.scatter(retail_Fac_2006, retail_Emp_2006)
ax1.plot(retail_Fac_2006,model_2006.coef_*retail_Fac_2006+model_2006.

intercept_,'r')
ax2.scatter(retail_Fac_2013, retail_Emp_2013)
ax2.plot(retail_Fac_2013,model_2013.coef_*retail_Fac_2013+model_2013.

intercept_,'r')
ax3.scatter(retail_Fac_2018, retail_Emp_2018)
ax3.plot(retail_Fac_2018,model_2018.coef_*retail_Fac_2018+model_2018.

intercept_,'r')
```

[221]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1201e6cd0>]



### 1.4 TransPostWare

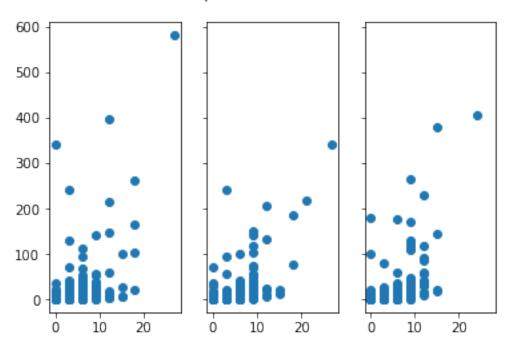
```
[222]: groupA['TransPostWare_GeogUnits']=groupA['I461_GeogUnits']+groupA['I471_GeogUnits']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I471_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+gr
```

#### 1.4.1 Scatterplot

```
[223]: | tpw_Fac_2006 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2006)].
       →TransPostWare_GeogUnits.tolist())
       tpw_Emp_2006 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2006)].
       →TransPostWare EmpCo.tolist())
       tpw_Fac_2013 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2013)].
       →TransPostWare_GeogUnits.tolist())
       tpw_Emp_2013 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2013)].
       →TransPostWare_EmpCo.tolist())
       tpw_Fac_2018 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2018)].
        →TransPostWare_GeogUnits.tolist())
       tpw_Emp_2018 = np.array(groupA.loc[(groupA['Year'] == 2018)].
        →TransPostWare_EmpCo.tolist())
[224]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
       fig.suptitle('Transport Post Warehouse')
       ax1.scatter(tpw_Fac_2006, tpw_Emp_2006)
       ax2.scatter(tpw_Fac_2013, tpw_Emp_2013)
       ax3.scatter(tpw_Fac_2018, tpw_Emp_2018)
```

[224]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x12034dd30>

# Transport Post Warehouse



#### 1.4.2 Correlation tests

Pearsons correlation: 0.475 Spearmans correlation: 0.625

```
[225]: # Covariance
       print("2006")
       covariance = np.cov([tpw_Fac_2006], [tpw_Emp_2006])
       print(covariance)
       # Pearson's correlation
       corrP, _ = pearsonr(tpw_Fac_2006, tpw_Emp_2006)
       print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
       # Spearman's correlation
       corrS, _ = spearmanr(tpw_Fac_2006, tpw_Emp_2006)
       print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
       print("2013")
       covariance = np.cov([tpw_Fac_2013], [tpw_Emp_2013])
       print(covariance)
       # Pearson's correlation
       corrP, _ = pearsonr(tpw_Fac_2013, tpw_Emp_2013)
       print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
       # Spearman's correlation
       corrS, _ = spearmanr(tpw_Fac_2013, tpw_Emp_2013)
       print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
       print("2018")
       covariance = np.cov([tpw_Fac_2018], [tpw_Emp_2018])
       print(covariance)
       # Pearson's correlation
       corrP, _ = pearsonr(tpw_Fac_2018, tpw_Emp_2018)
       print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
       # Spearman's correlation
       corrS, _ = spearmanr(tpw_Fac_2018, tpw_Emp_2018)
       print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
      2006
      [[ 18.87500902 124.89931482]
       [ 124.89931482 3664.7924991 ]]
```

```
2013
[[ 17.41254959 100.73909124]
  [ 100.73909124 1694.22652362]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.587
Spearmans correlation: 0.618
2018
[[ 15.76444284 108.73869455]
  [ 108.73869455 2541.60714028]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.543
Spearmans correlation: 0.660
```

## 1.4.3 Linear regression

regressor - # Facilities ; predictor - employee count

#### 1.4.4 Create model

```
[226]: tpw Fac 2006 = tpw Fac 2006.reshape((-1, 1))
       tpw_Fac_2013 = tpw_Fac_2013.reshape((-1, 1))
       tpw_Fac_2018 = tpw_Fac_2018.reshape((-1, 1))
[227]: model_2006 = LinearRegression().fit(tpw_Fac_2006, tpw_Emp_2006)
       model_2013 = LinearRegression().fit(tpw_Fac_2013, tpw_Emp_2013)
       model_2018 = LinearRegression().fit(tpw_Fac_2018, tpw_Emp_2018)
[228]: print("2006")
       r_sq = model_2006.score(tpw_Fac_2006, tpw_Emp_2006)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2006.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2006.coef_)
       print("2013")
       r_sq = model_2013.score(tpw_Fac_2013, tpw_Emp_2013)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2013.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2013.coef_)
       print("2018")
       r_sq = model_2018.score(tpw_Fac_2018, tpw_Emp_2018)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2018.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2018.coef_)
```

#### 2006

coefficient of determination: 0.22551921658323792

intercept: -8.47599559804663

slope: [6.61717908]

2013

coefficient of determination: 0.34400298806816354

intercept: -7.439515377446401

slope: [5.78543026]

2018

coefficient of determination: 0.2951081350482555

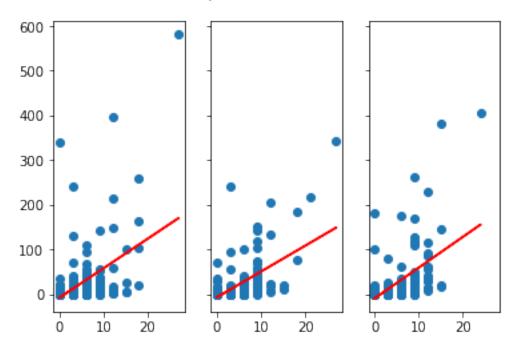
intercept: -10.080087293090664

slope: [6.89771885]

```
[229]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
fig.suptitle('Transport Post Warehouse')
ax1.scatter(tpw_Fac_2006, tpw_Emp_2006)
ax1.plot(tpw_Fac_2006,model_2006.coef_*tpw_Fac_2006+model_2006.intercept_,'r')
ax2.scatter(tpw_Fac_2013, tpw_Emp_2013)
ax2.plot(tpw_Fac_2013,model_2013.coef_*tpw_Fac_2013+model_2013.intercept_,'r')
ax3.scatter(tpw_Fac_2018, tpw_Emp_2018)
ax3.plot(tpw_Fac_2018,model_2018.coef_*tpw_Fac_2018+model_2018.intercept_,'r')
```

[229]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1204d5280>]

# Transport Post Warehouse



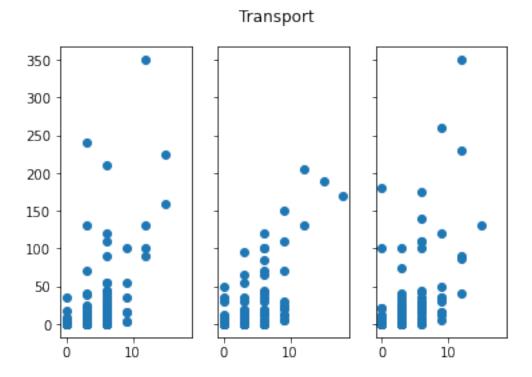
## 1.5 Transport

```
[230]: groupA['Transport_GeogUnits']=groupA['I461_GeogUnits']+groupA['I471_GeogUnits']+groupA['I481_GeogUnits']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']+groupA['I471_EmpCo']+groupA['I481_EmpCo']
```

# 1.5.1 Scatterplot

```
[232]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
fig.suptitle('Transport')
ax1.scatter(trans_Fac_2006, trans_Emp_2006)
ax2.scatter(trans_Fac_2013, trans_Emp_2013)
ax3.scatter(trans_Fac_2018, trans_Emp_2018)
```

[232]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x120636f70>



#### 1.5.2 Correlation tests

```
[233]: # Covariance

print("2006")
    covariance = np.cov([trans_Fac_2006], [trans_Emp_2006])
    print(covariance)

# Pearson's correlation
    corrP, _ = pearsonr(trans_Fac_2006, trans_Emp_2006)
    print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)

# Spearman's correlation
    corrS, _ = spearmanr(trans_Fac_2006, trans_Emp_2006)
    print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)

print("2013")
    covariance = np.cov([trans_Fac_2013], [trans_Emp_2013])
    print(covariance)

# Pearson's correlation
    corrP, _ = pearsonr(trans_Fac_2013, trans_Emp_2013)
```

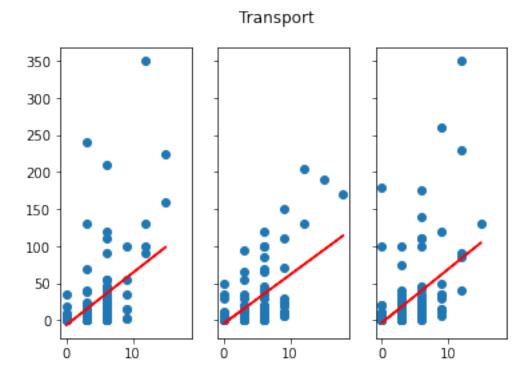
```
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
       # Spearman's correlation
       corrS, _ = spearmanr(trans_Fac_2013, trans_Emp_2013)
       print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
       print("2018")
       covariance = np.cov([trans_Fac_2018], [trans_Emp_2018])
       print(covariance)
       # Pearson's correlation
       corrP, _ = pearsonr(trans_Fac_2018, trans_Emp_2018)
       print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
       # Spearman's correlation
       corrS, _ = spearmanr(trans_Fac_2018, trans_Emp_2018)
       print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
      2006
      9.34208439
                        65.6743599 ]
       [ 65.6743599 1638.28589975]]
      Pearsons correlation: 0.531
      Spearmans correlation: 0.671
      2013
      [[ 9.05842048 59.7077894 ]
       [ 59.7077894 928.67614497]]
      Pearsons correlation: 0.651
      Spearmans correlation: 0.626
      2018
      ΓΓ
           9.16990624 66.283393447
       [ 66.28339344 1725.67578435]]
      Pearsons correlation: 0.527
      Spearmans correlation: 0.703
      1.5.3 Linear regression
      regressor - # Facilities; predictor - employee count
      1.5.4 Create model
[234]: trans_Fac_2006 = trans_Fac_2006.reshape((-1, 1))
       trans_Fac_2013 = trans_Fac_2013.reshape((-1, 1))
       trans_Fac_2018 = trans_Fac_2018.reshape((-1, 1))
```

```
[235]: model_2006 = LinearRegression().fit(trans Fac_2006, trans_Emp_2006)
       model_2013 = LinearRegression().fit(trans_Fac_2013, trans_Emp_2013)
       model_2018 = LinearRegression().fit(trans Fac_2018, trans_Emp_2018)
[236]: print("2006")
       r_sq = model_2006.score(trans_Fac_2006, trans_Emp_2006)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2006.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2006.coef_)
       print("2013")
       r_sq = model_2013.score(trans_Fac_2013, trans_Emp_2013)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2013.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2013.coef_)
       print("2018")
       r_sq = model_2018.score(trans_Fac_2018, trans_Emp_2018)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2018.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2018.coef_)
      2006
      coefficient of determination: 0.28181117965296165
      intercept: -6.359505280711513
      slope: [7.02994719]
      2013
      coefficient of determination: 0.4237846464444991
      intercept: -4.276280902902183
      slope: [6.59141287]
      2018
      coefficient of determination: 0.277642130836118
      intercept: -3.6686959137805797
      slope: [7.22836109]
[237]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
       fig.suptitle('Transport')
       ax1.scatter(trans Fac 2006, trans Emp 2006)
       ax1.plot(trans_Fac_2006,model_2006.coef_*trans_Fac_2006+model_2006.
       →intercept ,'r')
       ax2.scatter(trans_Fac_2013, trans_Emp_2013)
       ax2.plot(trans_Fac_2013,model_2013.coef_*trans_Fac_2013+model_2013.
       →intercept_,'r')
       ax3.scatter(trans_Fac_2018, trans_Emp_2018)
```

```
ax3.plot(trans_Fac_2018,model_2018.coef_*trans_Fac_2018+model_2018.

→intercept_,'r')
```

[237]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1207ce4c0>]



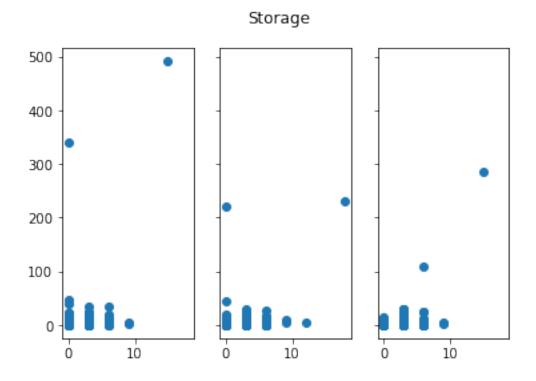
# 1.6 Post and storage

```
[238]: groupA['Storage_GeogUnits']=groupA['I51_GeogUnits']+groupA['I53_GeogUnits']
groupA['Storage_EmpCo']=groupA['I51_EmpCo']+groupA['I53_EmpCo']
```

# 1.6.1 Scatterplot

```
[240]: fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
fig.suptitle('Storage')
ax1.scatter(stor_Fac_2006, stor_Emp_2006)
ax2.scatter(stor_Fac_2013, stor_Emp_2013)
ax3.scatter(stor_Fac_2018, stor_Emp_2018)
```

[240]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1209521f0>



# 1.6.2 Correlation tests

```
[241]: # Covariance

print("2006")
covariance = np.cov([stor_Fac_2006], [stor_Emp_2006])
print(covariance)
```

```
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, _ = pearsonr(stor_Fac_2006, stor_Emp_2006)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(stor_Fac_2006, stor_Emp_2006)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
print("2013")
covariance = np.cov([stor_Fac_2013], [stor_Emp_2013])
print(covariance)
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, _ = pearsonr(stor_Fac_2013, stor_Emp_2013)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(stor_Fac_2013, stor_Emp_2013)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
print("2018")
covariance = np.cov([stor_Fac_2018], [stor_Emp_2018])
print(covariance)
# Pearson's correlation
corrP, _ = pearsonr(stor_Fac_2018, stor_Emp_2018)
print('Pearsons correlation: %.3f' % corrP)
# Spearman's correlation
corrS, _ = spearmanr(stor_Fac_2018, stor_Emp_2018)
print('Spearmans correlation: %.3f' % corrS)
2006
5.01637216 29.39805265]
 [ 29.39805265 1532.43245582]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.335
Spearmans correlation: 0.522
[[ 5.46036783 17.96646232]
[ 17.96646232 453.76047602]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.361
Spearmans correlation: 0.474
2018
[[ 5.30376848 22.34264335]
[ 22.34264335 416.96507393]]
Pearsons correlation: 0.475
Spearmans correlation: 0.492
```

#### 1.6.3 Linear regression

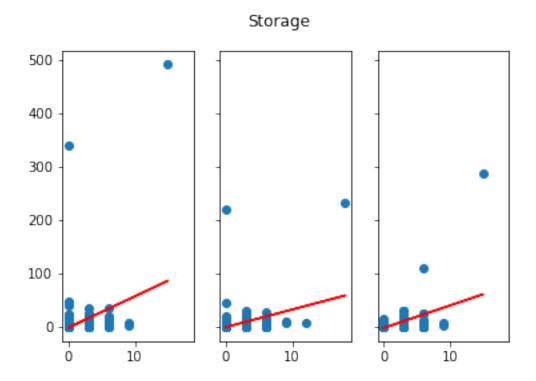
regressor - # Facilities ; predictor - employee count

#### 1.6.4 Create model

```
[242]: stor_Fac_2006 = stor_Fac_2006.reshape((-1, 1))
       stor Fac 2013 = stor Fac 2013.reshape((-1, 1))
       stor_Fac_2018 = stor_Fac_2018.reshape((-1, 1))
[243]: model 2006 = LinearRegression().fit(stor_Fac_2006, stor_Emp_2006)
       model_2013 = LinearRegression().fit(stor_Fac_2013, stor_Emp_2013)
       model_2018 = LinearRegression().fit(stor_Fac_2018, stor_Emp_2018)
[244]: print("2006")
       r_sq = model_2006.score(stor_Fac_2006, stor_Emp_2006)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2006.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2006.coef_)
       print("2013")
       r_sq = model_2013.score(stor_Fac_2013, stor_Emp_2013)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model 2013.intercept )
       print('slope:', model_2013.coef_)
       print("2018")
       r_sq = model_2018.score(stor_Fac_2018, stor_Emp_2018)
       print('coefficient of determination:', r_sq)
       print('intercept:', model_2018.intercept_)
       print('slope:', model_2018.coef_)
      2006
      coefficient of determination: 0.11242581287632247
      intercept: -2.2179089026915104
      slope: [5.86042098]
      2013
      coefficient of determination: 0.1302796482478844
      intercept: -1.091060389919165
      slope: [3.2903392]
      2018
      coefficient of determination: 0.22572770648585505
      intercept: -2.8782853471223584
      slope: [4.21259778]
```

```
fig, (ax1, ax2,ax3) = plt.subplots(1, 3,sharex=True,sharey=True)
fig.suptitle('Storage')
ax1.scatter(stor_Fac_2006, stor_Emp_2006)
ax1.plot(stor_Fac_2006,model_2006.coef_*stor_Fac_2006+model_2006.intercept_,'r')
ax2.scatter(stor_Fac_2013, stor_Emp_2013)
ax2.plot(stor_Fac_2013,model_2013.coef_*stor_Fac_2013+model_2013.intercept_,'r')
ax3.scatter(stor_Fac_2018, stor_Emp_2018)
ax3.plot(stor_Fac_2018,model_2018.coef_*stor_Fac_2018+model_2018.intercept_,'r')
```

[245]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x11f832b20>]



[]: