

Assessment of US Gun Control Laws by States: A 5-Point Likert Scale
from Laxest to Strictest and Its Impact on Firearm Mortality.

Author: Nnaemeka Newman Okereafor

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Ranking:

I categorized the gun control laws by states in the United States as thus:

1 - Most Lax/laxest

2 - Lax

3 - Moderate

4 – Strict

5 – Strictest

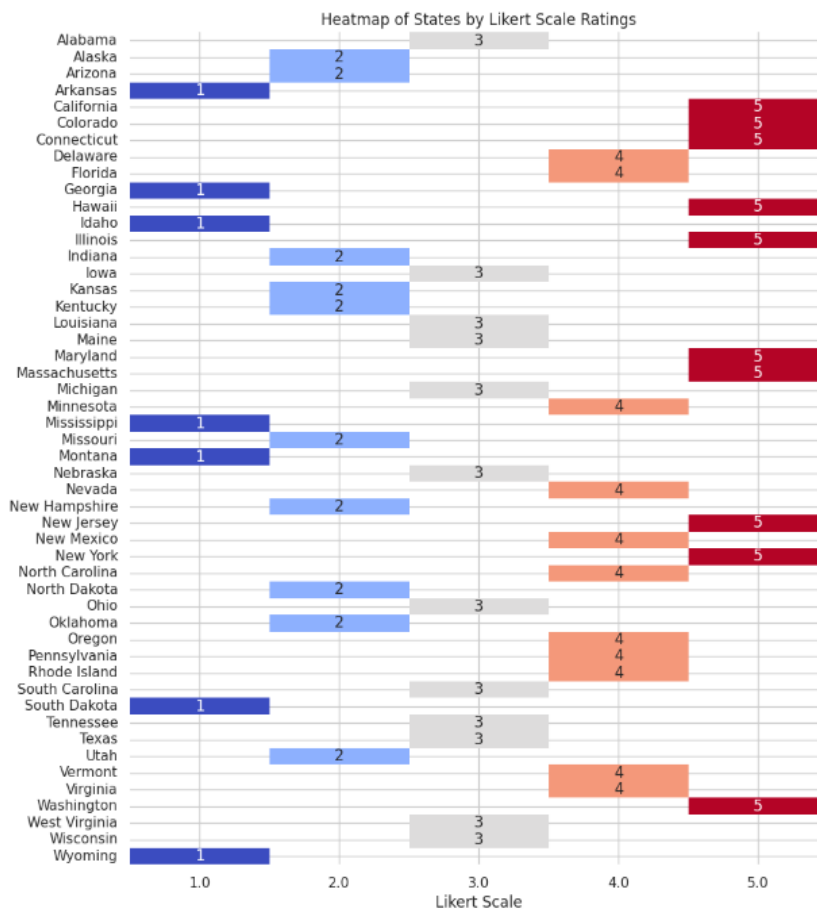
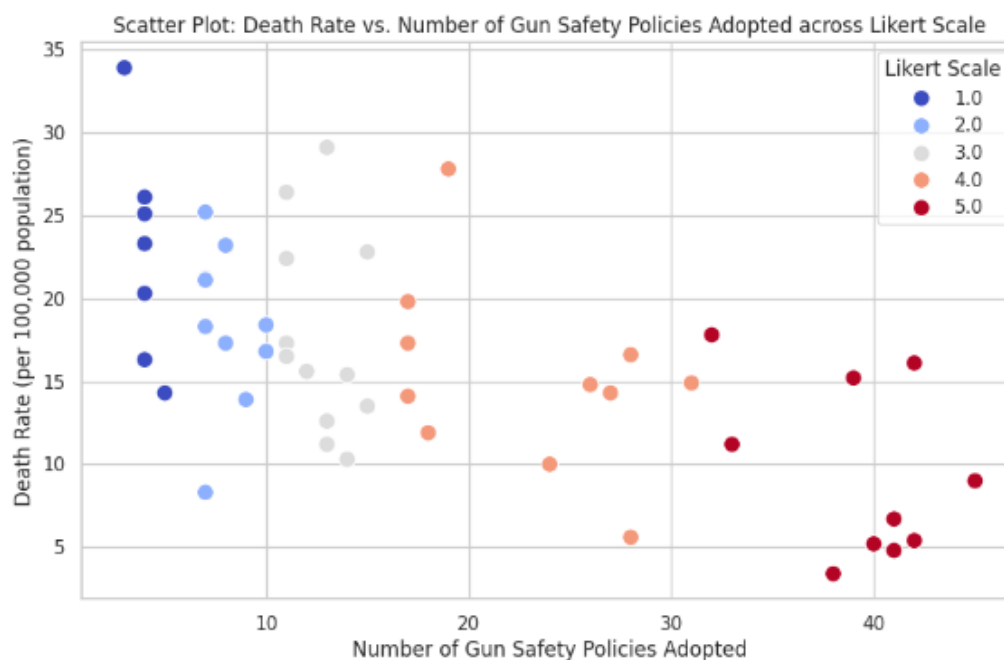


Figure 1: Here is the heatmap visualizing the states by their Likert scale ratings. Each state is represented on the y-axis, and the Likert scale ratings are on the x-axis. The color intensity indicates the Likert scale rating for each state, providing a clear visualization of how each state is rated according to the dataset provided.

This heatmap above (Figure 1) allows for an at-a-glance understanding of how different states compare based on the Likert scale ratings. States with higher ratings are immediately noticeable due to their red color, which signifies states with strictest gun policy. Conversely, states with lower ratings are identifiable by their lighter color, indicating areas that may require attention or improvement based on the strictness of their gun policy. It's important to note that this visualization is best suited for showcasing the distribution and comparison of ratings across states, rather than providing detailed insights into why states received their specific ratings or the factors contributing to those ratings. Further analysis is as shown below.



From the visualization, we can observe a trend where states with a higher number of gun safety policies adopted (which are also categorized as having stricter gun control laws) tend to have fewer firearm deaths. This suggests that stricter firearm control laws may be associated with a reduction in firearm mortality. However, it's important to note that this is a correlation and does not necessarily imply causation. Factors such as socioeconomic conditions, law enforcement practices, and cultural attitudes towards firearms also play a significant role in firearm mortality rates and should be considered in a comprehensive analysis. Meanwhile, the following implies:

1. The correlation coefficient between the number of gun safety policies adopted and the death rate is approximately -0.63, indicating a moderate to strong negative relationship. This suggests that states with a higher number of gun safety policies tend to have lower firearm death rates, implying that stricter firearm control laws might be associated with reduced firearm mortality.
2. The correlation coefficient between the number of gun safety policies adopted and the number of deaths is approximately 0.08, indicating a very weak positive relationship. This correlation is so weak that it suggests there is little to no linear relationship between the number of gun safety policies and the total number of deaths due to firearms in this dataset.
3. The negative correlation with the death rate supports the hypothesis that stricter firearm control laws may help reduce firearm mortality rates. However, the very weak correlation with the total number of deaths suggests that the effectiveness of these policies might not straightforwardly translate into fewer overall deaths, potentially due to the influence of other variables not accounted for in this analysis.
4. However, it's important to interpret these findings with caution as correlation does not imply causation, and the observed relationships could be influenced by other factors not captured in the dataset. A comprehensive analysis, possibly including multivariate statistical methods and consideration of confounding factors, would be necessary to understand the impact of firearm control laws more definitively on firearm mortality.

Reference:

1. CDC Firearm mortality by state
https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/pressroom/sosmap/firearm_mortality/firearm.htm
2. <https://wonder.cdc.gov/controller/datarequest/D158;jsessionid=F60BFBEA1D226153879EFB2A6F80#API>
3. <https://sightmark.com/blogs/news/states-ranked-by-how-strict-their-gun-laws-are>
4. Everytown Gun Law Rankings: <https://everytownresearch.org/rankings/>