Aspect Extraction and Sentiment Analysis of Google Reviews

¶

Part1: Aspect Extraction

In [77]:

- 1 import nltk
- 2 from nltk.tokenize import RegexpTokenizer
- 3 from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer,PorterStemmer
- 4 from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize, word_tokenize
- 5 **from** nltk.corpus **import** stopwords
- 6 **import** re
- 7 from nltk import FreqDist
- 8 lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
- 9 **import** pandas **as** pd
- 10 **from** textblob **import** TextBlob
- 11 import contractions

```
In [78]:
           1 from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
          2 from nltk.corpus import wordnet
          3 from nltk import word tokenize, pos tag
          4 from IPython.display import display, HTML
          5 df = pd.read csv("RGE NY sellenium.csv")
          6 df = df[df["Review"].notna()]
          7 df
             def get wordnet pos(tag):
          9
                 if tag.startswith('J'):
          10
                     return wordnet.ADJ
         11
                 elif tag.startswith('V'):
         12
                     return wordnet.VERB
         13
                 elif tag.startswith('N'):
          14
                     return wordnet.NOUN
                 elif tag.startswith('R'):
         15
         16
                     return wordnet.ADV
         17
                 else:
          18
                     return wordnet.NOUN
         19
             def lemmatize passage(text):
          21
                 words = word tokenize(text)
          22
                 pos tags = pos tag(words)
          23
                 lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
          24
                 lemmatized words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word, get wordnet pos(tag)) for word, tag in pos tags]
          25
                 lemmatized_sentence = ' '.join(lemmatized_words)
          26
                 return lemmatized sentence
          27
          28 df["Review"] = df["Review"].apply(lambda x:contractions.fix(x))
          29 df["Review"] = df["Review"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r"\brep\b", "representative", x))
          30 df["Review"] = df["Review"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r"\bbilling\b", "bill", x))
          31 df["Review"] = df["Review"].apply(lambda x: re.sub(r"\bcompany\b", "rg&e", x))
          32
          33
          34 df["Review"] = df["Review"].apply(lambda x: lemmatize passage(x))
          35 | replacers = { 'rge': 'RG&E', 'RGE': 'RG&E', 'rg & e': 'RG&E', 'RG & E': 'RG&E', 'Rge': 'RG&E'}
          36 df["Review"] = df["Review"].replace(replacers,regex=True)
          37 display(HTML('<h1>Customer reviews in tabular form</h1>'))
          38 #print("Customer reviews in tabular form")
          39 df.head(10)
```

Customer reviews in tabular form

Out[78]:								
		User	Date	Review	Likes	Response	Response_Date	Rating
	0	haru maru	2024-06- 25	Prices be high any time i ask why i be give th	Like	Hello. We're very sorry to hear about your exp	a week ago	1
	1	The Luxury Spa	2024-05- 09	service be horrible I have never see a Utility	3	Hello. We're very sorry to hear about your exp	2 months ago	1
	2	Sam Peachey	2024-06- 09	If you have the option of use RG&E do not . I	5	We're very sorry to hear about your experience	a month ago	1
	3	Ms M	2024-06- 09	They tell you to enter a meter read I do it	3	We're very sorry to hear about your experience	a month ago	2
	4	Phoebe Hernick	2024-05- 09	I schedule a meter reading , and the meter rea	2	Hi Phoebe. If you need assistance, please cont	2 months ago	1
	5	Rochelle Marie	2024-01- 09	This a ZERO star review . Worst RG&E ever . Ho	16	NaN	NaN	1
	6	Cakes Blue	2024-01- 09	First three month of living at my new place	7	NaN	NaN	1
	7	Nathan Scott	2024-03- 09	My bill have go from about \$ 80 a month to ove	2	Hi Nathan. We're very sorry to hear about your	4 months ago	1
	8	Kim Ganley	2024-06- 09	RG&E be terribly inefficient . I do not know $$h_{\cdots}$$	1	Hi Kim. We're very sorry to hear about your ex	a month ago	1
	9	MEHRI DALAI	2024-03- 09	0 star ! This dumb , scamming donkey behind RG	1	Hi Mehri. We're very sorry to hear about your	4 months ago	1

```
In [79]: 1 display(HTML('<h1>Customer reviews in tabular form</h1>'))
2 display(HTML('<img src="test.png">'))
```

Customer reviews in tabular form

	User	Date	Review	Likes	Response	Response_Date	Rating
0	haru maru	2024-06- 25	Prices be high any time i ask why i be give th	Like	Hello. We're very sorry to hear about your exp	a week ago	1
1	The Luxury Spa	2024-05- 09	service be horrible I have never see a Utility	3	Hello. We're very sorry to hear about your exp	2 months ago	1
2	Sam Peachey	2024-06- 09	If you have the option of use RG&E do not . I	5	We're very sorry to hear about your experience	a month ago	1
3	Ms M	2024-06- 09	They tell you to enter a meter read I do it	3	We're very sorry to hear about your experience	a month ago	2
4	Phoebe Hernick	2024-05- 09	I schedule a meter reading , and the meter rea	2	Hi Phoebe. If you need assistance, please cont	2 months ago	1

```
In [81]:
           1 #!python -m spacy download en core web la
           2 import nltk
           3 #nltk.download('vader lexicon')
           5 import spacy
           6 nlp = spacy.load("en core web lg")
           8 from nltk.sentiment.vader import SentimentIntensityAnalyzer
           9 sid = SentimentIntensityAnalyzer()
          10
          11
          12 def find sentiment(doc):
          13
                  # find roots of all entities in the text
          14
                  ner heads = {ent.root.idx: ent for ent in doc.ents}
          15
                  #print("AA",doc)
          16
                  #print("CCC",doc.ents)
          17
                  #print("BB",ner heads)
          18
                  rule3 pairs = []
          19
                  for token in doc:
          20
                      children = token.children
          21
                     A = "999999"
          22
                     M = "9999999"
          23
                      add neg pfx = False
          24
                      for child in children:
                          if(child.dep_ == "nsubj" and not child.is_stop): # nsubj is nominal subject
          25
          26
                              if child.idx in ner heads:
          27
                                  A = ner heads[child.idx].text
          28
                              else:
          29
                                  A = child.text
          30
                          if(child.dep == "acomp" and not child.is stop): # acomp is adjectival complement
          31
                              M = child.text
          32
                          # example - 'this could have been better' -> (this, not better)
                          if(child.dep_ == "aux" and child.tag_ == "MD"): # MD is modal auxiliary
          33
          34
                              neg prefix = "not"
          35
                              add neg pfx = True
          36
                          if(child.dep == "neg"): # neg is negation
          37
                              neg prefix = child.text
          38
                              add neg pfx = True
                      if (add neg pfx and M != "999999"):
          39
                          M = neg_prefix + " " + M
          40
                      if(A != "999999" and M != "999999"):
          41
          42
                          #print("AA",doc)
          43
                          doc = str(doc)
```

```
phrase = doc[doc.find(A):doc.find(M)]+M
44
              #print("PPP",phrase)
45
              #print("MM1", sid.polarity_scores(phrase)['compound'], sid.polarity_scores(M)['compound'], get s
46
               #print("MM2",M,sid.polarity_scores(M)['compound'],get_sentiment_vader(M))
47
48
               #print(A,M)
              49
              if sid.polarity_scores(phrase)['compound']<0:</pre>
50
                  sentiment = sid.polarity_scores(phrase)['compound']
51
               if sid.polarity_scores(M)['compound']<0:</pre>
52
53
                  sentiment = sid.polarity_scores(M)['compound']
54
              if get_sentiment_vader(phrase)<0:</pre>
                  sentiment = get_sentiment_vader(phrase)
55
56
              if get_sentiment_vader(M)<0:</pre>
                  sentiment = get_sentiment_vader(M)
57
58
               else:
59
                  sentiment = sid.polarity_scores(phrase)['compound']
60
              rule3_pairs.append((A, M, sentiment))
       return rule3_pairs
61
62
```

```
1 | from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
In [98]:
           2 import numpy as np
           3 aspect data = {}
           4 for i in df["Review"]:
                  sent tok = sent tokenize(i)
           5
                 #print(sent tok)
           6
                 for j in sent tok:
           7
           8
                      aspect = find_sentiment(nlp(j))
                      if len(aspect)>0:
           9
          10
                          #print(aspect)
                          for i in range(len(aspect)):
          11
          12
                              if aspect[i][0].lower() in aspect_data:
          13
                                  aspect_data[aspect[i][0].lower()] +=[aspect[i][1].lower()]
          14
                              else:
          15
                                  aspect_data[aspect[i][0].lower()] =[aspect[i][1].lower()]
          16
          17
          18 #aspect_data
```

Top Aspect phrases used by customers in the review:

1. RGE

2. Service

3. Bill

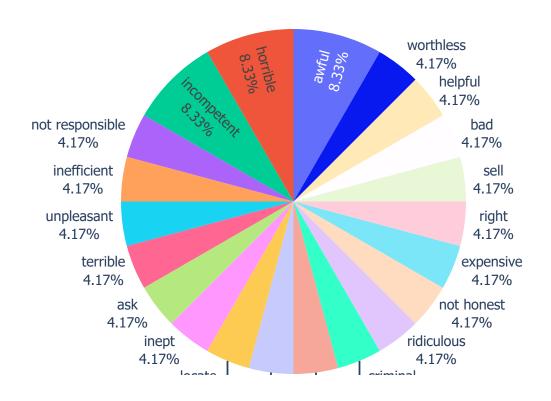
4. Representative

```
1 config = {
In [84]:
                'toImageButtonOptions': {
                  'format': 'svg', # one of png, svg, jpeg, webp
           3
                  'filename': 'custom_image',
           5
                  'height': 500,
                  'width': 700,
           6
           7
                  'scale': 5 # Multiply title/legend/axis/canvas sizes by this factor
           8
                },'modeBarButtonsToAdd': ['drawline',
           9
                                                      'drawopenpath',
          10
                                                      'drawclosedpath',
                                                      'drawcircle',
          11
          12
                                                      'drawrect',
          13
                                                      'eraseshape'
          14
                                                     ]}
          15
```

```
In [85]:
           1 import plotly.express as px
          2 import plotly graph objects as go
          3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          5 k = 0 #defines which index in the list to plot
          6 label = list(data[k].keys())
          7 #rep = representative = {'friendly': 2, 'unprofessional': 2, 'able': 1, 'rude': 3, 'not helpful': 2, 'hum
          8 val = list(data[k].values())
          9 #label = list(rep.keys())
          10 #val = list(rep.values())
          11
         12 #print(label)
         13 val
          14 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
         15 fig.update layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),
                               legend title text="Description of term "+'"'+aspect term[k].capitalize()+'"',
          16
                               title ="Descriptions of the term "+'"'+aspect term[k].capitalize()+'"')
          17
          18 fig.update layout(title x=0.5)
          19 fig.update layout(showlegend=False)
          20 fig.update layout(title text="Descriptions used for the term <span style='color:orangered'>%s </span>"%as
          21 fig.update layout(
                 font family="tahoma",
          22
          23
                 font size=14,
          24
                 legend title font color="green"
          25 )
          26 #fiq.write_image("name.svg")
          27 print("EXAMPLE")
          28 fig.show(config=config)
```

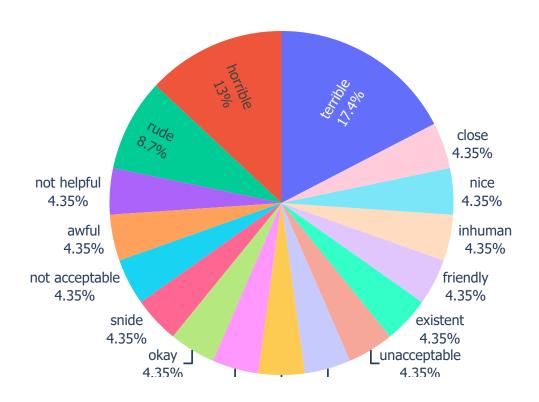
EXAMPLE

Descriptions used for the term RG&E



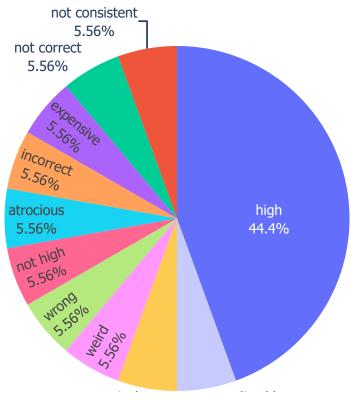
```
In [86]:
           1 k = 1 #defines which index in the list to plot
           2 label = list(data[k].keys())
           3 #rep = representative = {'friendly': 2, 'unprofessional': 2, 'able': 1, 'rude': 3, 'not helpful': 2, 'hum'
           4 val = list(data[k].values())
           5 #label = list(rep.keys())
           6 #val = list(rep.values())
           7
           8 #print(label)
           9 val
          10 fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='rad
          11 fig.update layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),
                               legend_title_text="Description of term "+'"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()+'"',
          12
                              title ="Descriptions of the term "+'"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()+'"')
          13
          14 fig.update layout(title x=0.5)
          15 fig.update layout(showlegend=False)
          16 fig.update layout(title text="Descriptions used for the term <span style='color:orangered'>%s </span>"%asp
          17 fig.update layout(
                font family="tahoma",
          18
                font_size=14,
          19
                legend title font color="green"
          20
          21
          22 #fig.write image("name.svg")
          23 fig.show(config=config)
```

Descriptions used for the term **SERVICE**



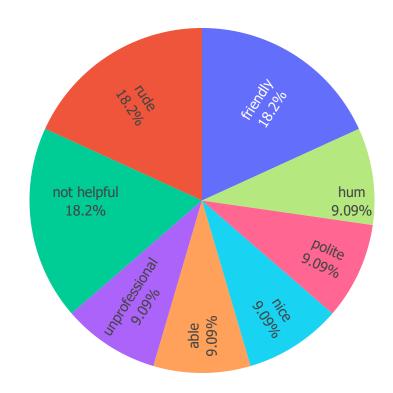
```
In [87]:
           1 k = 2 #defines which index in the list to plot
          2 label = list(data[k].keys())
          3 #rep = representative = {'friendly': 2, 'unprofessional': 2, 'able': 1, 'rude': 3, 'not helpful': 2, 'hum
          4 val = list(data[k].values())
          5 #label = list(rep.keys())
          6 #val = list(rep.values())
          7
          8 #print(label)
          9 val
          10 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
          fig.update layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),
                               legend title text="Description of term "+'"'+aspect term[k].capitalize()+'"',
          12
                               title ="Descriptions of the term "+'"'+aspect term[k].capitalize()+'"')
          13
          14 fig.update layout(title x=0.5)
         15 fig.update_layout(showlegend=False)
          16 | fig.update layout(title text="Descriptions used for the term <span style='color:Orangered'>%s </span>"%as
         17 fig.update layout(
                 font family="tahoma",
          18
          19
                 font size=14,
                 legend title font color="green"
          20
          21 )
          22 #fig.write image("name.svg")
          23 fig.show(config=config)
```

Descriptions used for the term **BILL**



```
In [100]:
            1 k = 3 #defines which index in the list to plot
           2 label = list(data[k].keys())
           3 #rep = representative = {'friendly': 2, 'unprofessional': 2, 'able': 1, 'rude': 3, 'not helpful': 2, 'hum
           4 val = list(data[k].values())
           5 #label = list(rep.keys())
           6 #val = list(rep.values())
           7
           8 #print(label)
           9 val
           10 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
           fig.update layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),
                                legend title text="Description of term "+'"'+aspect term[k].capitalize()+'"',
           12
                                title ="Descriptions of the term "+'"'+aspect term[k].capitalize()+'"')
           13
           14 fig.update layout(title x=0.5)
          15 fig.update_layout(showlegend=False)
           16 | fig.update layout(title text="Descriptions used for the term <span style='color:orangered'>%s </span>"%as
          17 fig.update layout(
                  font family="tahoma",
           18
           19
                  font size=14,
                  legend title font color="green"
           20
           21 )
           22 #fig.write image("name.svg")
           23 fig.show(config=config)
```

Descriptions used for the term REPRESENTATIVE



Summary: the descriptions used for each term shows that customers are unhappy.

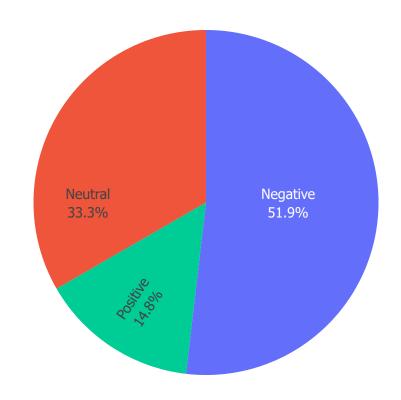
Aspect Sentiment analyzer

```
In [89]:
           1 | from nltk.tokenize import sent tokenize
           2 import numpy as np
           3 | aspect sentiment = {}
           4 for i in df["Review"]:
                  sent_tok = sent_tokenize(i)
                  #print(sent tok)
           6
                  for j in sent tok:
           7
                      aspect = find_sentiment(nlp(j))
           8
                      if len(aspect)>0:
           9
                          #print(aspect)
          10
                          for i in range(len(aspect)):
          11
          12
                               #print(aspect[i][2])
                               if aspect[i][0].lower() in aspect_sentiment:
          13
                                   #print("HERE1")
          14
                                   #print(aspect[i][2])
          15
                                   if float(aspect[i][2])>0:
          16
          17
                                       #print("HERE2")
          18
                                       aspect sentiment[aspect[i][0].lower()] +=["Positive"]
          19
                                   if float(aspect[i][2])<0:</pre>
          20
                                       aspect_sentiment[aspect[i][0].lower()] +=["Negative"]
          21
                                   else:
          22
                                       aspect_sentiment[aspect[i][0].lower()] +=["Neutral"]
          23
                               else:
          24
                                   if float(aspect[i][2])>0:
          25
                                       aspect_sentiment[aspect[i][0].lower()] =["Positive"]
          26
                                   if float(aspect[i][2])<0:</pre>
                                       aspect_sentiment[aspect[i][0].lower()] =["Negative"]
          27
          28
                                   else:
                                       aspect_sentiment[aspect[i][0].lower()] =["Neutral"]
          29
          30
          31
          32 #aspect sentiment
```

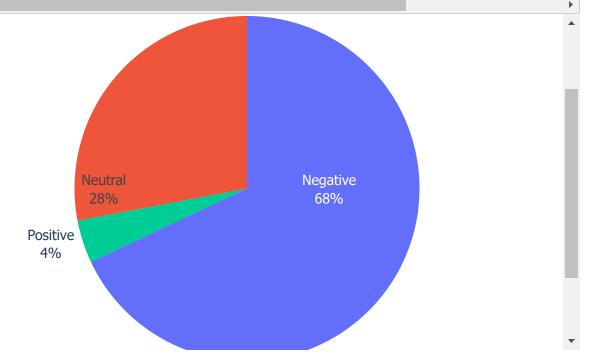
```
In [90]:
         1 aspect_datas = sorted(aspect_sentiment.items(), key= lambda x: len(x[1]), reverse=True)
         2 #print(aspect_datas)
         3 data = []
         4 aspect_term =[]
         5 from collections import Counter
         6 for i in aspect_datas:
         7
               #print(i[0])
               aspect_term.append(i[0])
               data.append(Counter(i[1]))
         9
               #print(Counter(i[1]))
        10
               11
        12
```

```
In [91]:
           1 k = 0 #defines which index in the list to plot
          2 label = list(data[k].keys())
           3 val = list(data[k].values())
           4 #print(label)
           5 val
           6 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
           7 fig.update_layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),legend_title_text='"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()
           8 fig.update_layout(title_x=0.5)
          9 fig.update_layout(showlegend=False)
          10 fig.update_layout(title_text="Sentiments associated with the term <span style='color:orangered'>%s </span
          11 fig.update layout(
                 font_family="tahoma",
          12
                 font_size=14,
          13
                 legend_title_font_color="green"
          14
          15 )
          16 #fig.write_image("name.svg")
          17 fig.show(config=config)
```

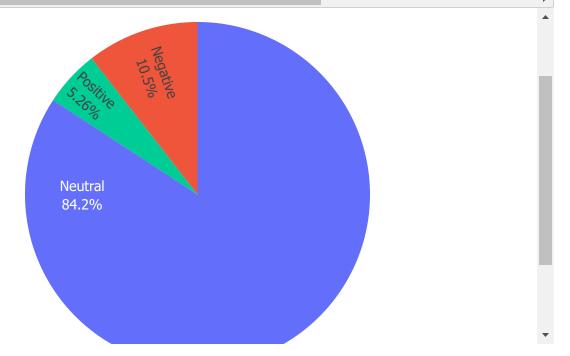
Sentiments associated with the term **SERVICE**



```
In [92]:
           1 k = 1 #defines which index in the list to plot
           2 label = list(data[k].keys())
           3 val = list(data[k].values())
           4 #print(label)
           5 val
           6 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
           7 fig.update_layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),legend_title_text='"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()
           8 fig.update_layout(title_x=0.5)
          9 fig.update_layout(showlegend=False)
          10 fig.update_layout(title_text="Sentiments associated with the term <span style='color:orangered'>%s </span
          11 fig.update layout(
                 font_family="tahoma",
          12
                 font size=14,
          13
                 legend_title_font_color="green"
          14
          15 )
          16 #fig.write_image("name.svg")
          17 fig.show(config=config)
```

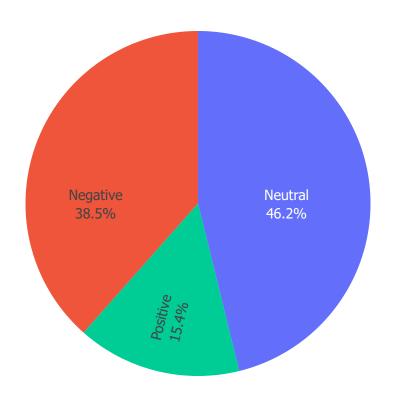


```
In [93]:
           1 k = 2 #defines which index in the list to plot
           2 label = list(data[k].keys())
           3 val = list(data[k].values())
           4 #print(label)
           5 val
           6 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
           7 fig.update_layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),
                               legend_title_text="Description of term "+'"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()+'"',
                               title ="Descriptions of the term "+'"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()+'"')
          10 fig.update layout(title x=0.5)
          11 fig.update layout(showlegend=False)
          12 | fig.update layout(title text="Distribution of the sentiments used for the term | <span style='color:orange
         13 fig.update layout(
          14
                 font family="tahoma",
          15
                 font size=14,
                 legend_title_font_color="green"
          16
         17 )
          18 #fig.write image("name.svg")
          19 fig.show(config=config)
```



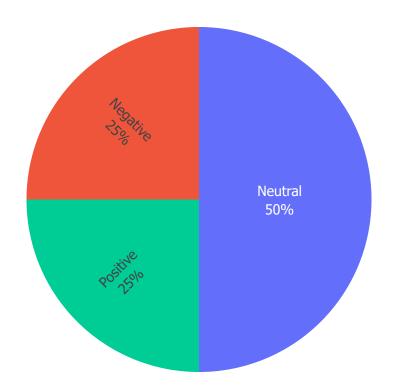
```
In [94]:
           1 k = 3 #defines which index in the list to plot
          2 label = list(data[k].keys())
           3 val = list(data[k].values())
           4 #print(label)
           5 val
           6 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
           7 fig.update_layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),legend_title_text='"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()
           8 fig.update_layout(title_x=0.5)
          9 fig.update_layout(showlegend=False)
          10 fig.update_layout(title_text="Sentiments associated with the term <span style='color:orangered'>%s </span
          11 fig.update layout(
                 font_family="tahoma",
          12
                 font_size=14,
          13
                 legend_title_font_color="green"
          14
          15 )
          16 #fig.write_image("name.svg")
          17 fig.show(config=config)
```

Sentiments associated with the term **REPRESENTATIVE**



```
In [95]:
           1 k = 4 #defines which index in the list to plot
          2 label = list(data[k].keys())
           3 val = list(data[k].values())
           4 #print(label)
           5 val
           6 | fig = go.Figure(data=[go.Pie(labels=label, values=val, textinfo='label+percent',insidetextorientation='ra
           7 fig.update_layout(legend=dict({'traceorder': 'normal'}),legend_title_text='"'+aspect_term[k].capitalize()
           8 fig.update_layout(title_x=0.5)
          9 fig.update_layout(showlegend=False)
          10 fig.update_layout(title_text="Sentiments associated with the term <span style='color:orangered'>%s </span
          11 fig.update layout(
                 font_family="tahoma",
          12
                 font_size=14,
          13
                 legend_title_font_color="green"
          14
          15 )
          16 #fig.write_image("name.svg")
          17 fig.show(config=config)
```

Sentiments associated with the term **PEOPLE**



Summary:

Sentiments associated with each aspect shows that there are more negative sentiments than positive sentiments for

In [96]:

1 | !jupyter nbconvert --to slides --no-input Aspect_based_sentiment_analyzer_using_multi_approach.ipynb

[NbConvertApp] Converting notebook Aspect_based_sentiment_analyzer_using_multi_approach.ipynb to slides [NbConvertApp] Writing 665030 bytes to Aspect_based_sentiment_analyzer_using_multi_approach.slides.html