

# Services in PHP

# Web Services

- Web based applications
- HTTP is the interface
- Data is transmitted in XML or JSON
- Generally intended for machine to machine communication
- Required for mashups (generally)

# HTTP

- GET
  - Requests data from a server
- POST
  - Sends data to a server
- PUT
  - Pushes a file onto a server
- DELETE
  - Asks server to delete a resource
- HEAD
  - Gets http header back from server, not whole resource

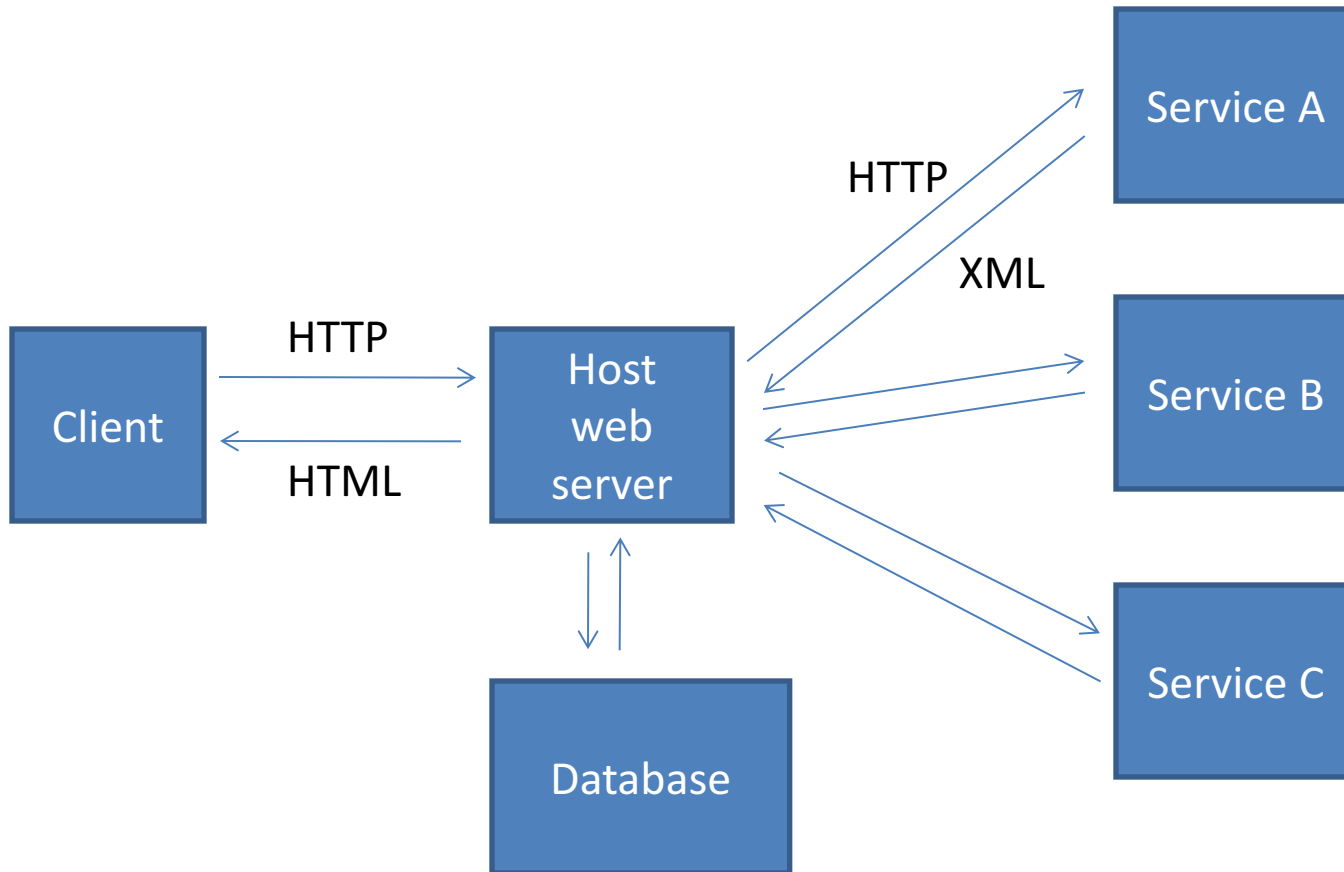
# HTTP Responses

- 2xx = things are good
  - 200: OK, 201: created, 204: returning no content
- 3xx = redirect
  - Head('location ... causes 300 class HTTP response from your server

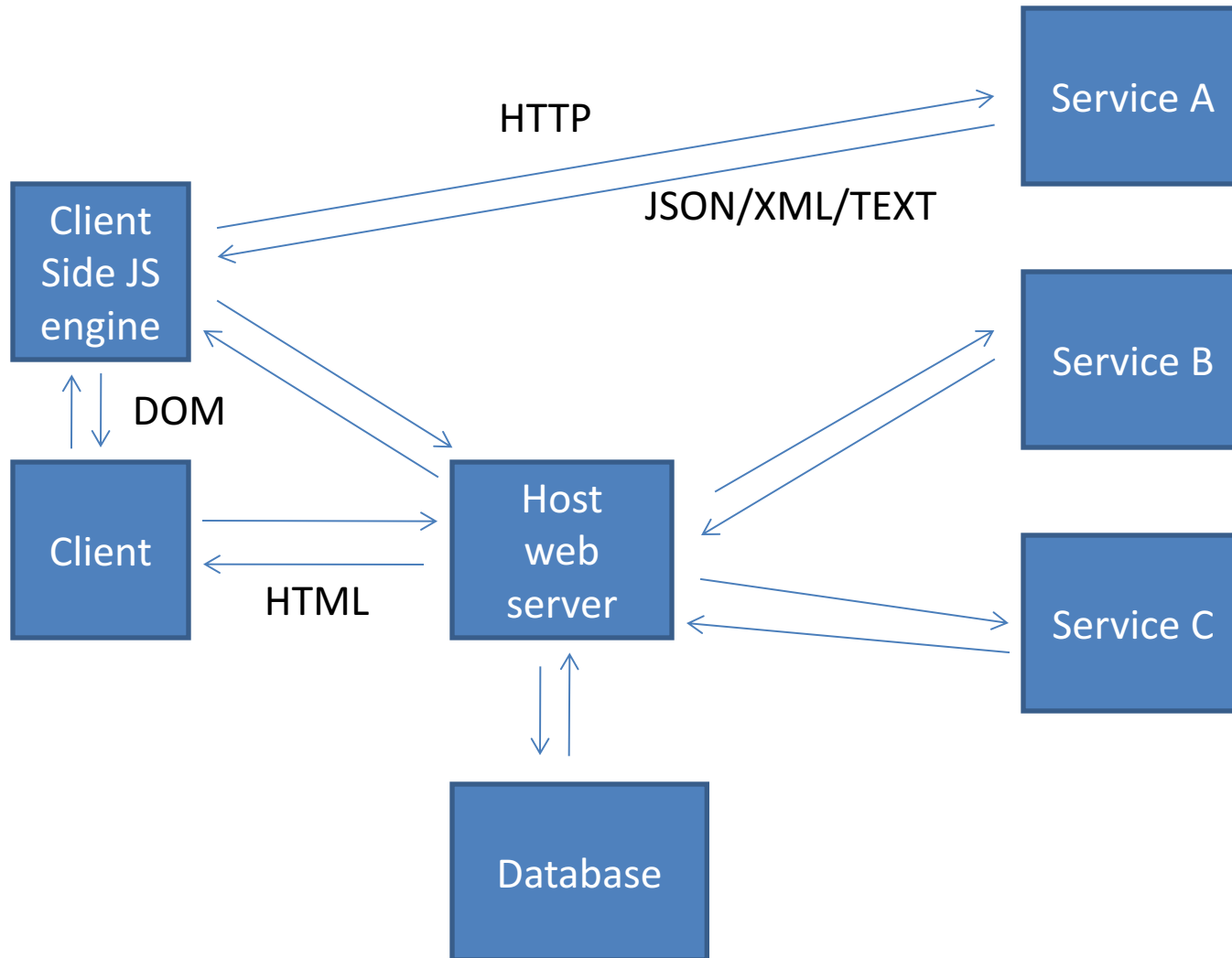
# HTTP Responses

- 4xx = client error
  - 401: unauthorized, 403: forbidden, 404: not found, 411: length required
- 5xx = server error
  - 500: error, 501: not implemented, 503: Service Unavailable

# Web Services...



# AJAX Web Services...



# An example

- Load up this URL in your browser (add an address)
- You could load this with `simplexml_load_file()`

`http://maps.google.com/maps/geo?q=<<your  
address here>>&output=xml&sensor=false`



# Web Service Flavors

- SOAP
  - XML wrapper for HTTP data transfer
  - Can define any method (beyond Get, Post &c)
  - Lots of overhead
- REST
  - Lighter than SOAP
  - Only supports HTTP methods

# REST

- Client gets a URL like  
example.com/products
- Server sends back XML  
<products>  
    <product id='1234'>A Chair</product>  
    <product id='4958'>A Table</product>  
</products>

# REST

- Client gets a URL like  
example.com/products/1234

- Server sends back XML

....

<product id='1234'>

<cost units='us dollars'>45.00</cost>

<color>green</color>

</product>

# REST

- Imagine the whole data structure is in XML
  - (but really, we are just getting data out of any database)
- Subfolders in the URL move in the complete pretend XML model like XPATH
- Snippets of XML are returned
- Examples:

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/blahblahblah/4355665120/>

<http://www.flickr.com/photos/96592303@N00/4387898659/sizes/l/>

# GET / POST Examples

- Generate your own HTTP requests from PHP to other servers/services:
- Easy to use Basic HTTP auth between services

<http://php.net/manual/en/function.fsockopen.php>

# Listen for GET or POST

- Apache/PHP Already does that!
- Requests don't have to come from web browsers
- Get data via `$_GET['varname']` and `$_POST['varname']`
- Output XML or JSON (or anything...but structure makes it easiest for the people using your web service)

# JSON

Java Script Object Notation


# JSON is

- A lightweight data interchange format
- A replacement for XML
- Human readable
- Supports both hierarchical and unordered data
- Supported by most programming languages
- Supported by many modern web services
  - Flickr, Blogger, &c



# Declaring a JSON object

```
var mydata = {};
```



```
var mydata = new object{}
```

# Name Value Pairs (unordered)

```
var js =
```

```
  {"runs" : "client",
```

```
  "released" : 1995,
```

```
  "type" : "scripting"};
```

# Adding Depth

```
var lang = {  
  js : {"runs" : "client",  
        "released" : 1995,  
        "type" : "scripting"},  
  php: {"runs" : "server",  
        "released" : 1994,  
        "type" : "scripting"}  
};
```

# Arrays (ordered data)

```
var employers =
```

```
{
```

```
  colleges : ["Sage", "HVCC", "RPI"]
```

```
};
```

# Nesting

- Can nest
  - arrays in arrays
  - arrays in the value part of name/value pairs
  - blocks of name/value pairs inside the value part of name/value pairs
  - blocks of name/value pairs inside arrays

# Access JSON Data

- As an object

```
var blah = lang.js.released;
```

```
// blah = 1995
```

```
var blah = employers.colleges[1];
```

```
// blah = hvcc
```

# Access JSON Data

- As an associative array

```
var blah = lang["js"]["released"];
```

```
// blah = 1995
```

```
var blah = employers["colleges"][1];
```

```
// blah = hvcc
```

# Getting JSON Data

- XmlHttpRequest GET
  - For JSON resources on your service
- Call it from a script tag (within the src)
  - Used to get data from 3<sup>rd</sup> party services
  - Rewrite/reload script tag to get new data
  - Call backs.....



# Callback Functions

- Returns a json object as the first argument of a function call
- You write a function on your page to process json data
- You request a json object and specify a callback function name
- Service returns: `callback_name(json_object)`
- Once script loads, function automatically runs

# Callback Functions

`src = http://json.site.dom?callback=go`

Response would be:

`go({"blah" : ["blah", blahblah, "blahblahblah"]});`

PHP

json\_encode

json\_decode