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TRƯỜNG ĐẠI HỌC BÁCH KHOA  
KHOA KHOA HỌC & KỸ THUẬT MÁY TÍNH



**MẠNG MÁY TÍNH (CO3094)**

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**Báo cáo Lab 2\_4a: Wireshark Lab – IP**

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Tp. Hồ Chí Minh, Tháng 10/2021

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protc	Len	Info
10	4.018875	2402:800:20...	2402:800:611b:...	DNS	150	Standard query response
11	4.322828	2402:800:20...	2402:800:611b:...	DNS	113	Standard query response
12	4.675250	2402:800:20...	2402:800:611b:...	DNS	150	Standard query response
13	4.796615	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	ICMP	70	Echo (ping) request id:

  

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.92, Dst: 128.119.245.12

0100 .... = Version: 4

.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)

> Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)

Total Length: 56

Identification: 0xc057 (49239)

> Flags: 0x00

Fragment Offset: 0

Time to Live: 255

Protocol: ICMP (1)

Header Checksum: 0xc3e4 [validation disabled]

[Header checksum status: Unverified]

Source Address: 192.168.1.92

Destination Address: 128.119.245.12

  

0000	84 a9 c4 62 14 70 b8 08	cf bf 77 e1 08 00 45 00	...b.p...w...E..
0010	00 38 c0 57 00 00 ff 01	c3 e4 c0 a8 01 5c 80 77	..8.W....\w...
0020	f5 0c 08 00 36 3a 00 01	00 03 20 20 20 20 20 20	...6:...
0030	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	

  

Internet...20 byte: Packets: 2706 · Displayed: 2706 (100.0%) · Dropped: 0 (0.0%) Profile: Default

- Select the first ICMP Echo Request message sent by your computer, and expand the Internet Protocol part of the packet in the packet details window. What is the IP address of your computer?  
*The IP address of my computer is 192.168.1.92*
- Within the IP packet header, what is the value in the upper layer protocol field?  
*Within the header, the value in the upper layer protocol field is ICMP (0x01)*
- How many bytes are in the IP header? How many bytes are in the payload of the IP datagram? Explain how you determined the number of payload bytes  
*There are 20 bytes in the IP header, and 56 bytes total length, this gives 36 bytes in the payload of the IP datagram*
- Has this IP datagram been fragmented? Explain how you determined whether or not the datagram has been fragmented.  
*The more fragments bit = 0, so the data is not fragmented.*
- Which fields in the IP datagram always change from one datagram to the next within this series of ICMP messages sent by your computer?  
*Identification, Time to live and Header checksum always change*
- Which fields stay constant? Which of the fields must stay constant? Which fields must change? Why?
  - The fields that stay constant across the IP datagrams are:*
    - Version (since we are using IPv4 for all packets)*
    - header length (since these are ICMP packets)*
    - source IP (since we are sending from the same source)*
    - destination IP (since we are sending to the same dest)*
    - Differentiated Services (since all packets are ICMP they use the same Type of Service class)*
    - Upper Layer Protocol (since these are ICMP packets)*
  - The fields that must stay constant are:*

- Version (since we are using IPv4 for all packets)
  - header length (since these are ICMP packets)
  - source IP (since we are sending from the same source)
  - destination IP (since we are sending to the same dest)
  - Differentiated Services (since all packets are ICMP they use the same Type of Service class)
  - Upper Layer Protocol (since these are ICMP packets)
  - The fields that must change are:
    - Identification (IP packets must have different ids)
    - Time to live (traceroute increments each subsequent packet)
    - Header checksum (since header changes, so must checksum)
7. Describe the pattern you see in the values in the Identification field of the IP datagram  
The pattern is that the IP header Identification fields increment with each ICMP Echo (ping) request
8. What is the value in the Identification field and the TTL field?  
Identification: 49239; TTL: 255

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Prot:	Len:	Info
10	4.018875	2402:800:20...	2402:800:611b:...	DNS	150	Standard query response
11	4.322828	2402:800:20...	2402:800:611b:...	DNS	113	Standard query response
12	4.675250	2402:800:20...	2402:800:611b:...	DNS	150	Standard query response
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Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.92, Dst: 128.119.245.12	
0100 .... = Version: 4	
.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)	
> Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)	
Total Length: 56	
Identification: 0xc057 (49239)	
> Flags: 0x00	
Fragment Offset: 0	
Time to Live: 255	
Protocol: ICMP (1)	
Header Checksum: 0xc3e4 [validation disabled]	
[Header checksum status: Unverified]	
Source Address: 192.168.1.92	
Destination Address: 128.119.245.12	

9. Do these values remain unchanged for all of the ICMP TTL-exceeded replies sent to your computer by the nearest (first hop) router? Why?  
The identification field changes for all the ICMP TTL-exceeded replies because the identification field is a unique value. When two or more IP datagrams have the same identification value, then it means that these IP datagrams are fragments of a single large IP datagram. The TTL field remains unchanged because the TTL for the first hop router is always the same.
- The identification field changes for all the ICMP TTL-exceeded replies because the identification field is a unique value. When two or more IP datagrams have the same identification value, then it means that these IP datagrams are fragments of a single large IP datagram. The TTL field remains unchanged because the TTL for the first hop router is always the same.

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Prot:	Len:	Info
818	34.307...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol
820	34.357...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol
823	34.407...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol

  

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.92, Dst: 128.119.245.12	
0100 .... = Version: 4	
.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)	
> Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)	
Total Length: 1500	
Identification: 0xc1a8 (49576)	
> Flags: 0x20, More fragments	
Fragment Offset: 0	
> Time to Live: 1	
Protocol: ICMP (1)	
Header Checksum: 0x9af0 [validation disabled]	
[Header checksum status: Unverified]	
Source Address: 192.168.1.92	
Destination Address: 128.119.245.12	
Reassembled IPv4 in frame: 8211	
> Data (1480 bytes)	

10. Find the first ICMP Echo Request message that was sent by your computer after you changed the Packet Size in pingplotter to be 2000. Has that message been fragmented across more than one IP datagram?

*Yes, this packet has been fragmented across more than one IP datagram*

11. Print out the first fragment of the fragmented IP datagram. What information in the IP header indicates that the datagram been fragmented? What information in the IP header indicates whether this is the first fragment versus a latter fragment? How long is this IP datagram?

*The Flags bit for more fragments is set, indicating that the datagram has been fragmented. Since the fragment offset is 0, we know that this is the first fragment. This first datagram has a total length of 1500, including the header.*

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Prot	Len	Info
820	34.357...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol
821	34.357...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	ICMP	534	Echo (ping) request

  

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.92, Dst: 128.119.245.12
0100 .... = Version: 4
.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
Total Length: 520
Identification: 0xc1a8 (49576)
Flags: 0x00
0... .... = Reserved bit: Not set
.0... .... = Don't fragment: Not set
..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
Fragment Offset: 1480
Time to Live: 1
Protocol: ICMP (1)
Header Checksum: 0xbe0b [validation disabled]
[Header checksum status: Unverified]
Source Address: 192.168.1.92
Destination Address: 128.119.245.12
[2 IPv4 Fragments (1980 bytes): #820(1480), #821(500)]

12. Print out the second fragment of the fragmented IP datagram. What information in the IP header indicates that this is not the first datagram fragment? Are there more fragments? How can you tell?

*We can tell that this is not the first fragment, since the fragment offset is 1480. It is the last fragment, since the more fragments flag is not set.*

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Prot	Len	Info
820	34.357...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmented IP protocol
821	34.357...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	ICMP	534	Echo (ping) request

  

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.92, Dst: 128.119.245.12
0100 .... = Version: 4
.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
Total Length: 520
Identification: 0xc1a8 (49576)
Flags: 0x00
0... .... = Reserved bit: Not set
.0... .... = Don't fragment: Not set
..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
Fragment Offset: 1480
Time to Live: 1
Protocol: ICMP (1)
Header Checksum: 0xbe0b [validation disabled]
[Header checksum status: Unverified]
Source Address: 192.168.1.92
Destination Address: 128.119.245.12
[2 IPv4 Fragments (1980 bytes): #820(1480), #821(500)]

13. What fields change in the IP header between the first and second fragment?

*The IP header fields that changed between the fragments are: total length, flags, fragment offset, and checksum.*

14. How many fragments were created from the original datagram?

*After switching to 3500, there are 3 packets created from the original datagram.*

15. What fields change in the IP header among the fragments?

*The IP header fields that changed between all of the packets are: fragment offset, and checksum. Between the first two packets and the last packet, we see a change in total length, and also in the flags. The first two packets have a total length of 1500, with the more fragments bit set to 1, and the last packet has a total length of 540, with the more fragments bit set to 0.*



No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1490	70.225...	192.168.1.92	192.168.1.2	TCP	54	65242 → 80
1492	74.341...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmentec
1493	74.341...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmentec
1494	74.341...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	ICMP	554	Echo (ping)
1496	74.387...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmentec

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.92, Dst: 128.119.245.12

0100 .... = Version: 4

.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)

> Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)

Total Length: 1500

Identification: 0xc2af (49839)

Flags: 0x20, More fragments

0... .... = Reserved bit: Not set

.0... .... = Don't fragment: Not set

..1. .... = More fragments: Set

Fragment Offset: 0

Time to Live: 255

Protocol: ICMP (1)

Header Checksum: 0x9be8 [validation disabled]

[Header checksum status: Unverified]

Source Address: 192.168.1.92

Destination Address: 128.119.245.12

[\[Reassembled IPv4 in frame: 1494\]](#)

Data (1480 bytes)

No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
1490	70.225...	192.168.1.92	192.168.1.2	TCP	54	65242 → 80
1492	74.341...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmentec
1493	74.341...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmentec
1494	74.341...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	ICMP	554	Echo (ping)
1496	74.387...	192.168.1.92	128.119.245.12	IPv4	1514	Fragmentec

Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 192.168.1.92, Dst: 128.119.245.12

0100 .... = Version: 4

.... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)

> Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)

Total Length: 540

Identification: 0xc2af (49839)

Flags: 0x01

0... .... = Reserved bit: Not set

.0... .... = Don't fragment: Not set

..0. .... = More fragments: Not set

Fragment Offset: 2960

Time to Live: 255

Protocol: ICMP (1)

Header Checksum: 0xbe36 [validation disabled]

[Header checksum status: Unverified]

Source Address: 192.168.1.92

Destination Address: 128.119.245.12

> [\[ 3 IPv4 Fragments \(3480 bytes\): #1492\(1480\), #1493\(1480\), #1494\(520\) \]](#)