

```
1 program problem
2
3     use iso_fortran_env, only: dp=>real64
4     use linspace_mod
5     use tdma
6
7     implicit none
8     !output utility
9     integer, parameter :: outfile = 16
10    integer, parameter :: outfile2 = 17
11
12    !enter problem you want to solve here
13    !problem 2
14    !added feature to check for error from actual solution
15    !we have a square of given side
16    !the phi function we are supposed to be getting is  $x^2 - y^2$ 
17    !boundary conditions are set accordingly
18
19    !declarations
20    integer :: i,j,n,m,count
21    real(dp), dimension(:, :), allocatable ::
22        phi, phi_dash, gmae, gmaw, gman, gmas, Del_x, Del_y, delxe, delxw, delyn, delys, sc, sp, phi_exp
23    real(dp), dimension(:), allocatable :: y
24    real(dp), dimension(:), allocatable :: x
25    real(dp) :: error, De
26    character(2) :: sweep
27
28    !side of the square
29    De = 1.0_dp
30
31    !input for grid size and sweep direction
32    write(*,*) "Enter number of rows"
33    read(*,*) n
34    write(*,*) "Enter number of columns"
35    read(*,*) m
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35  write(*,*) "Choose the sweep direction"
36  read(*,*) sweep
37
38  !allocate arrays
39  allocate(x(m),y(n),phi(n,m),phi_dash(n,m),phi_exp(n,m),gmae(n,m),gmaw(n,m),gman(n,m),gmas(n,m),Del_x  ➤
      (n,m),Del_y(n,m),delxe(n,m),delxw(n,m),delyn(n,m),delys(n,m),sc(n,m),sp(n,m))
40
41  !initialize count
42  count = 0
43
44  !problem defination
45  !initialize cell properties here
46  gmae = 1.0_dp
47  gmaw = 1.0_dp
48  gman = 1.0_dp
49  gmas = 1.0_dp
50  !>>cell dimensions
51  Del_x = De/(1.0_dp*(m-2))
52  Del_y = De/(1.0_dp*(n-2))
53  delxe = De/(1.0_dp*(m-2))
54  delxw = De/(1.0_dp*(m-2))
55  delyn = De/(1.0_dp*(n-2))
56  delys = De/(1.0_dp*(n-2))
57
58  !setting up cell dimensions for the boundary
59  do i = 1,m
60      !south boundary
61      delys(2,i) = 0.5_dp*delys(2,i)
62      !north boundary
63      delyn(n-1,i) = 0.5_dp*delyn(n-1,i)
64  end do
65  do i = 1,n
66      !west boundary
67      delxw(i,2) = 0.5_dp*delxw(i,2)
68      !east boundary
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69     delxe(i,m-1) = 0.5_dp*delxe(i,m-1)
70   end do
71
72   !initializing boundary conditions
73   !initialize the 2D array phi here.
74
75   x(1) = 0.0_dp
76   x(2:m-1) = linspace(0.0_dp+(Del_x(1,1)/2),1.0_dp-(Del_x(1,1)/2),m-2)
77   x(m) = 1.0_dp
78   y(1) = 0.0_dp
79   y(2:n-1) = linspace(0.0_dp+(Del_y(1,1)/2),1.0_dp-(Del_y(1,1)/2),n-2)
80   y(n) = 1.0_dp
81
82   phi = 0.0_dp
83   do i = 1,m
84     phi(1,i) = x(i)**2
85     phi(n,i) = x(i)**2-1.0_dp
86   end do
87   do i = 1,n
88     phi(i,1) = -1.0_dp*(y(i)**2)
89     phi(i,m) = 1.0_dp - (y(i)**2)
90   end do
91
92   !expected solution
93   do i = 1,n
94     do j = 1,m
95       phi_exp(i,j) = x(j)**2-y(i)**2
96     end do
97   end do
98
99
100  !print input
101  do i = 1,n
102    print*, phi(i,:)
103  end do
```

```
104
105     !main loop start
106     !source term incorporation
107     do while (.true.)
108         !initialize error for source term loop
109         error = 0.0_dp
110         !count to keep track of iterations
111         count = count +1
112         print*,count, 'outer'
113         !backup array
114         phi_dash = phi
115         !declare source term here
116         sc = 0.0_dp
117         sp = 0.0_dp
118         !call twodtdma solver to solve your problem
119         call twodtdma(n,m,phi,gmae,gmaw,gman,gmas,Del_x,Del_y,delxe,delxw,delyn,delys,sc,sp,sweep)
120         !error using eucledian distance
121         error = sqrt(sum((phi-phi_dash)**2))
122         !exit condition
123         if (error<1e-10) exit
124     end do
125
126     !print output
127     do i = 1,n
128         print*, phi(i,:)
129     end do
130
131     !print difference
132     print*,"difference from exact solution"
133     do i = 1,n
134         print*, phi_exp(i,)-phi(i,:)
135     end do
136
137     !deallocate all the arrays
138     deallocate(x,y,phi,gmae,gmaw,gman,gmas,Del_x,Del_y,delxe,delxw,delyn,delys,sc,sp,phi_dash,phi_exp)
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143 end program problem

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