

# Lab #11

CS-2050

April 19, 2024

## 1 Requirements

In this lab, you are tasked with implementing functions for the purpose of sorting and efficiently searching an array of structs for a car dealership database.

You **may not** use standard library implementations of sorting algorithms or search algorithms for this lab. You must write the implementations of these features yourself.

Note the **complexity requirement** specified on each function. If your implementation of a function does not meet the complexity requirement specified, you cannot get credit for that function. (Yes, you are free to implement a faster than  $O(n^2)$  sorting algorithm if you so desire).

### 1.1 makeDatabase

```
// O(n^2)
```

```
Database * makeDatabase(Car *cars, int size)
```



**Info:** This function takes an array of Cars, and the size of the array. It creates a Database from the given array, which can be efficiently searched by *both* **price** and **SKU**. You may assume that there will be no duplicates. It returns a pointer to the database on success, or NULL on failure.

### 1.2 printSKU\_Sorted

```
// O(n)
```

```
void printSKU_Sorted(Database *db)
```



**Info:** This function takes a database, and prints the SKUs of all the cars in ascending order (from smallest to largest). The SKUs must be all on one line, separated by commas, and followed by a newline.

Example:

```
Database = { 10057, 10081, 20099 }
```

```
// output of printSKU_Sorted
```

```
"SKUs: 10057, 10081, 20099"
```

### 1.3 printPriceSorted

```
// O(n)

void printPriceSorted(Database *db)
```



**Info:** This function takes a database, and prints the prices of all the cars in ascending order (from smallest to largest). The prices must be all on one line, preceded by a \$, separated by commas, and followed by a newline.

Example:

```
Database = { 23185.99, 54899.00, 101233.50 }
// output of printSKU_Sorted
"prices: $23185.99, $54899.00, $101233.50"
```

### 1.4 getPN\_FromSKU

```
// O(log(n))

unsigned long long getPN_FromSKU(Database *db, int SKU)
```



**Info:** This function takes a Car Database, and returns the OEM\_PN associated with the car that has the provided SKU. If the car is not found, it returns -1 (which is the same as ULONG\_MAX, the compiler will understand what you mean when you return -1 from a function returning unsigned).

### 1.5 getSKU\_FromPrice

```
// O(log(n))

int getSKU_FromPrice(Database *db, double price)
```



**Info:** This function takes a Car Database, and returns the SKU associated with the car that has the provided price. If the car is not found, it returns -1.

### 1.6 destroy

```
// O(1)

void destroy(Database *db)
```



**Info:** This function takes a Database, and frees all memory allocated to it.



**Grading: 33 points**

1. Write required *makeDatabase* function
  - \* 20 points
2. Write required *printSKU\_Sorted* function
  - \* 1 points
3. Write required *printPriceSorted* function
  - \* 1 points
4. Write required *getPN\_FromSKU* function
  - \* 5 points
5. Write required *getSKU\_FromPrice* function
  - \* 5 points
6. Write required *destroy* function
  - \* 1 points



**Notice:**

1. All of your lab submissions **must** include documentation to receive full points.
2. All of your lab submissions must compile under GCC using the *-Wall*, *-Werror*, and *-Wpedantic* flags to be considered for a grade.
3. You are expected to provide proper documentation in every lab submission, in the form of code comments. For an example of proper lab documentation and a clear description of our expectations, see the lab intro PDF.